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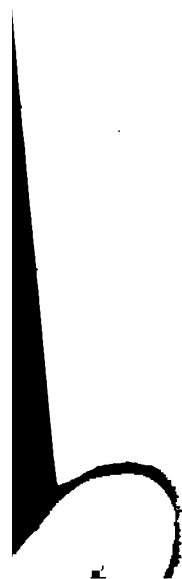
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THE JEST BOOK.

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SECOND THOUSAND.





THE JEST BOOK

THE CHOICEST ANECDOTES AND SAYINGS

SELECTED AND ARRANGED BY

MARK LEMON.



London and Cambridge
MACMILLAN AND CO.

1864



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PREFACE.

THE Compiler of this new JEST BOOK is desirous to make known that it is composed mainly of old jokes—some older than Joe Miller himself—with a liberal sprinkling of new jests gathered from books and hearsay. In the course of his researches he has been surprised to find how many Jest, Impromptus, and Repartees have passed current, century after century, until their original utterer is lost in the “mist of ages ;” a Good Joke being transferred from one reputed Wit to another, thus resembling certain rare Wines which are continually being rebottled but are never consumed. Dr. Darwin and Sir Charles Lyell, when they have satisfied themselves as to the *Origin of Species* and the *Antiquity of Man*, could not better employ their speculative minds than in determining the origin and antiquity of the venerable “joes” which have been in circulation beyond the remembrance of that mythical personage, “the Oldest Inhabitant.”

A true Briton loves a good joke, and regards it like “a thing of beauty,” “a joy for ever,” therefore we may opine that Yorick’s “flashes of merriment, which were wont to set the table in a roar,” when Hamlet was king in Denmark, were transported hither by our Danish invaders, and descended to Wamba, Will Somers, Killigrew, and other accredited jesters, until Mr. Joseph Miller reiterated many

of them over his pipe and tankard, when seated with his delighted auditory at the *Black Jack* in Clare Market.

Modern Research has been busy with honest Joe's fame, decreeing the collection of his jests to Captain Motley, who wrote short-lived plays in the time of the First and Second Georges ; but the same false Medium has affected to discover that Dick Whittington did not come to London City at the tail of a road waggon, neither was he beladled by a cross cook, and driven forth to Highgate, when Bow Bells invited him to return and make venture of his Cat, marry Fitzalwyn's daughter, and be thrice Lord Mayor of London, albeit it is written in City chronicles, that Whittington's statue and the effigy of his gold-compelling Grimalkin long stood over the door of New Gate prison house. We would not have destroyed the faith of the Rising Generation and those who are to succeed it in that Golden Legend, to have been thought as wise as the Ptolemies, or to have been made president of all the Dryasdusts in Europe. No. Let us not part with our old belief in honest Joe Miller, but trust rather to Mr. Morley, the historian of Bartlemy Fair, and visit the Great Theatrical Booth over against the Hospital gate of St. Bartholomew, where Joe, probably, is to dance "the English Maggot dance," and after the appearance of "two Harlequins, conclude with a Grand Dance and Chorus, accompanied with Kettledrums and Trumpets." And when the Fair is over, and we are no longer invited to "walk up," let us march in the train of the great Mime, until he takes his ease in his inn—the *Black Jack* aforesaid—and laugh at his jibes and flashes of merriment, before the Mad Wag shall be silenced by the great kill-joy, Death, and the jester's boon companions shall lay him in the graveyard in Portugal Fields, placing over him a friendly record of his social virtues.

Joe Miller was a fact, and Modern Research shall not rob us of that conviction !

The compiler of this volume has felt the importance of

his task, and diligently sought how to distinguish true wit from false—the pure gold from Brummagem brass. He has carefully perused the Eight learned chapters on “Thoughts on Jest,” by Frederick Meier, Professor of Philosophy at Halle, and Member of the Royal Academy of Berlin,” wherein it is declared that a jest “is an extreme fine Thought, the result of a great Wit and Acumen, which are eminent Perfections of the Soul.” “Hypocrites, with the appearance but without the reality of virtue, condemn from the teeth outwardly the Laughter and Jestings which they sincerely approve in their hearts; and many sincere virtuous Persons also account them criminal, either from Temperament, Melancholy, or erroneous Principles of Morality. As the Censure of such Persons gives me pain, so their Approbation would give me great pleasure. But as long as they consider the suggestions of their Temperament, deep Melancholy, and erroneous Principles as so many Dictates of real Virtue, so long they must not take it amiss if, while I revere their Virtue, I despise their Judgment.”

Nor has he disregarded Mr. Locke, who asserts that “Wit lies in an assemblage of ideas, and putting them together with quickness and vivacity, whenever can be found any resemblance and congruity whereby to make up pleasant pictures and agreeable visions of fancy.”

Neither has Mr. Addison been overlooked, who limits his definition by observing that “an assemblage of Ideas productive merely of pleasure does not constitute Wit, but of those only which to delight add surprise.”

Nor has he forgotten Mr. Pope, who declares Wit “to consist in a quick conception of Thought and an easy Delivery;” nor the many other definitions by Inferior hands, “too numerous to mention.”

The result of an anxious consideration of these various Opinions, was a conviction that to define Wit was like the attempt to define Beauty, “which,” said the Philosopher,

"was the question of a Blind man;" and despairing, therefore, of finding a Standard of value, the Compiler of the following pages has gathered from every available source the Odd sayings of all Times, carefully eschewing, however, the Coarse and the Irreverent, so that of the Seventeen Hundred Jests here collected, not one need be excluded from Family utterance. Of course, every one will miss some pet Jest from this Collection, and, as a consequence, declare it to be miserably incomplete. The Compiler mentions this probability to show that he has not been among the Critics for nothing.

**"The grabest beast is an ass; the grabest bird is an owl;
The grabest fish is an oyster; and the grabest man is a fool!"**

says honest Joe Miller; and with that Apophthegm the Compiler doffs his Cap and Bells, and leaves you, Gentle Reader, in the Merry Company he has brought together.

M. L.

THE JEST BOOK.

I.—THE RISING SON.

POPE dining once with Frederic, Prince of Wales, paid the prince many compliments. "I wonder, Pope," said the prince, "that you, who are so severe on kings, should be so complaisant to me."—"It is," said the wily bard, "because I like the lion before his claws are grown."

II.—SOMETHING FOR DR. DARWIN.

SIR WATKIN WILLIAMS WYNNE talking to a friend about the antiquity of his family, which he carried up to Noah, was told that he was a mere mushroom of yesterday. "How so, pray?" said the baronet.—"Why," continued the other, "when I was in Wales, a pedigree of a particular family was shown to me : it filled five large skins of parchment, and near the middle of it was a note in the margin :—*About this time the world was created.*"

III.—A BAD EXAMPLE.

A CERTAIN noble lord being in his early years much addicted to dissipation, his mother advised him to take example by a gentleman, whose food was herbs and his drink water. "What! madam," said he, "would you have me to imitate a man who *eats like a beast, and drinks like a fish?*"

IV.—A CONFIRMED INVALID.

A POOR woman, who had attended several confirmations, was at length recognised by the bishop. "Pray, have I not seen you here before?" said his lordship. "Yes," replied the woman, "I get me conform'd as often as I can; they tell me it is *good for the rheumatis.*"

V.—COMPARISONS ARE ODIUS.

LORD CHANCELLOR HARDWICK's bailiff, having been ordered by his lady to procure a sow of a particular description, came one day into the dining-room when full of company, proclaiming with a burst of joy he could not suppress, "I have been at Royston fair, my lady, and I have got a sow exactly of *your ladyship's size*."

VI.—AN INSCRIPTION ON INSCRIPTIONS.

THE following lines were written on seeing a farrago of rhymes that had been scribbled with a diamond on the window of an inn:—

"Ye who on windows thus prolong your shames,
And to such arrant nonsense sign your names,
The diamond quit—with me the pencil take,
So shall *your shame* but short duration make;
For lo, the housemaid comes, in dreadful pet,
With red right hand, and with a dishclout wet,
Dashes out all, nor leaves a wreck to tell
Who 'twas that *wrote so ill!*—and *lov'd so well!*"

VII.—NO HARM DONE.

A MAN of sagacity being informed of a serious quarrel between two of his female relations, asked the persons if in their quarrels either had called the other ugly? On receiving an answer in the negative, "O, then, I shall soon make up the quarrel."

VIII.—BEARDING A BARBER.

A HIGHLANDER, who sold brooms, went into a barber's shop in Glasgow to get shaved. The barber bought one of his brooms, and, after having shaved him, asked the price of it. "Tippence," said the Highlander.—"No, no," says the shaver; "I'll give you a penny, and if that does not satisfy you, take your broom again."—The Highlander took it, and asked what he had to pay.—"A penny," says Strap.—"I'll gie ye a baubee," says Duncan, "and if that dinna satisfy ye, *pit on* my beard again."

IX.—CHANGING HIS COAT.

A WEALTHY merchant of Fenchurch-street, lamenting to a confidential friend that his daughter had eloped with one of

his footmen, concluded, by saying—"Yet I wish to forgive the girl, and receive her husband, as it is now too late to part them. But then his condition; how can I introduce him?"—"Nonsense," replied his companion; introduce him as a *Liveryman* of the city of London. *What is more honourable?*"

X.—GOOD ADVICE.

LADY — spoke to the butler to be saving of an excellent cask of small beer, and asked him how it might be best preserved? "I know no method so effectual, my lady," replied the butler, "as placing a barrel of *good ale* by it."

XI.—NEW RELATIONSHIP.

A STRANGER to law courts hearing a judge call a serjeant "brother," expressed his surprise. "Oh," said one present, they are brothers—*brothers-in-law*."

XII.—A SMALL INHERITANCE.

IT was the habit of Lord Eldon, when Attorney-General, to close his speeches with some remarks justifying his own character. At the trial of Horne Tooke, speaking of his own reputation, he said: "It is the little inheritance I have to leave my children, and, by God's help, I will leave it unimpaired." Here he shed tears, and, to the astonishment of those present, Mitford, the Solicitor-General, began to weep. "Just look at Mitford," said a bystander to Horne Tooke; "what on earth is he crying for?" Tooke replied, "He is crying to think what a *small* inheritance Eldon's children are likely to get."

XIII.—A DIFFERENCE.

JERROLD one day met a Scotch gentleman, whose name was Leitch, and who explained that he was not the popular caricaturist, John Leech. "I'm aware of that—you're the Scotchman with the *i-i-c-h* in your name," said Jerrold.

XIV.—THE LIGHT SUBJECT.

THE Government, having threatened to proceed rigorously against those who refused to pay the assessed taxes, offered to them a remission of *one-fourth*. "This at least," said a sufferer, "may be called, giving them some *quarter*."

XV.—COMPLIMENTARY.

LORD NORTH, who was very corpulent before a severe sickness, said to his physician after it, "Sir, I am obliged to you for introducing me to some old acquaintances." "Who are they, my lord?" inquired the doctor. "*My ribs*," replied his lordship, "which I have not felt for many years until now."

XVI.—A FAIR SUBSTITUTE.

WHEN Lord Sandwich was to present Admiral Campbell, he told him, that, probably, the king would knight him. The admiral did not much relish the honour. "Well, but," said Lord S., "perhaps Mrs. Campbell will like it."—"Then let the king *knight her*," answered the rough seaman.

XVII.—A CONSTITUTIONAL PUN.

DANIEL PURCELL, the famous punster, was desired to make a pun extempore. "Upon what subject?" said Daniel.—"The king," answered the other.—"Oh! sir," said he, "the *king* is no *subject*."

XVIII.—A CONVERT.

A NOTORIOUS miser having heard a very eloquent charity sermon, exclaimed—"This sermon strongly *proves* the necessity of alms. I *have* almost a mind to turn *beggar*."

XIX.—INCREDIBLE.

SHERIDAN made his appearance one day in a pair of new boots; these attracting the notice of some of his friends, "Now guess," said he, "how I came by these boots?" Many *probable* guesses then took place. "No!" said Sheridan, "no, you've not hit it, nor ever will—I bought them, and paid for them!"

XX.—ALL THE DIFFERENCE.

IN a large party, one evening, the conversation turned upon young men's allowance at college. Tom Sheridan lamented the ill-judging parsimony of many parents in that respect. "I am sure, Tom," said his father, "you need not complain; I always allowed you eight hundred a year."—"Yes, father, I must confess you *allowed* it; but then it was never paid."

XXI.—SPIRITUAL AND SPIRITUOUS.

DR. PITCAIRN had one Sunday stumbled into a Presbyterian church, probably to beguile a few idle moments (for few will accuse that gentleman of having been a warm admirer of *Calvinism*), and seeing the parson apparently overwhelmed by the importance of his subject :—"What makes the man *greet*?" said Pitcairn to a fellow that stood near him.—"By my faith, sir," answered the other, "you would perhaps greet, too, if you were in his place, *and had as little to say.*"—"Come along with me, friend, and let's have a glass together; you are too good a fellow to be here," said Pitcairn, delighted with the man's repartee.

XXII.—A WONDERFUL WOMAN.

WHEN a late Duchess of Bedford was last at Buxton, and then in her eighty-fifth year, it was the medical farce of the day for the faculty to resolve every complaint of whim and caprice into "a shock of the nervous system." Her grace, after inquiring of many of her friends in the rooms what brought them there, and being generally answered for a nervous complaint, was asked in her turn, "What brought her to Buxton?"—"I came only for pleasure," answered the healthy duchess; "for, thank God, I was born before *nerves came into fashion.*"

XXIII.—A WISE SON WHO KNEW HIS OWN FATHER.

SHERIDAN was very desirous that his son Tom should marry a young woman of large fortune, but knew that Miss Callander had won his son's heart. Sheridan expatiating on the folly of his son, at length exclaimed—"Tom, if you marry Caroline Callander, I'll cut you off with a shilling!" Tom could not resist the opportunity of replying, and looking archly at his father said, "Then, sir, you must *borrow* it." Sheridan was tickled at the wit, and dropped the subject.

XXIV.—A WRITTEN CHARACTER.

GEORGE III. having purchased a horse, the dealer put into his hands a large sheet of paper, completely written over. "What's this?" said his majesty. "The pedigree of the horse, sire, which you have just bought," was the answer. "Take it back, take it back," said the king, laughing; "it will do very well for the *next horse you sell.*"

XXV.—WELL MATCHED.

DR. BUSBY, whose figure was beneath the common size, was one day accosted in a public coffee-room, by an Irish baronet of colossal stature, with, "May I pass to my seat, O Giant?" When the doctor politely making way, replied, "Pass, O Pigmy!"—"Oh! sir, said the baronet, "my expression alluded to the *size of your intellect*."—"And my expression, sir," said the doctor, "to the *size of yours*."

XXVI.—A PARDONABLE MISTAKE.

A BUTCHER of some eminence was lately in company with several ladies at a game of whist, where, having lost two or three rubbers, one of the ladies addressing him, asked, "Pray, sir, what are the stakes now?" To which, ever mindful of his occupation, he immediately replied, "Madam, the best rump I cannot *sell* lower than tenpence halfpenny a *pound*."

XXVII.—THREE CAUSES.

THREE gentlemen being in a coffee-house, one called for a dram, *because he was hot*. "Bring me another," says his companion, "*because I am cold*." The third, who sat by and heard them, very quietly called out, "Here, boy, bring me a glass, *because I like it*."

XXVIII.—THE CONNOISSEUR.

A PERSON to whom the curiosities, buildings, &c., in Oxford were shown one very hot day, was asked by his companion if he would see the remainder of the University. "My dear sir," replied the connoisseur, "I am *stone blind* already."

XXIX.—A SYMBOL.

A SATIRIC poet underwent a severe drubbing, and was observed to walk ever afterwards with a stick. "Mr. P. reminds me," says a wag, "of some of the saints, who are always painted with *the symbols* of their martyrdom."

XXX.—THE ONE THING WANTING.

IN a small party, the subject turning on matrimony, a lady said to her sister, "I wonder, my dear, you have never made a *match*; I think you want the *brimstone*;"—she replied, "No, not the *brimstone*, only the *spark*."

XXXI.—A HORSE LAUGH.

A COACHMAN, extolling the sagacity of one of his horses, observed, that "if anybody was to go for to use him ill, he would *bear malice* like a *Christian*."

XXXII.—ONE GOOD TURN DESERVES ANOTHER.

DR. A., physician at Newcastle, being summoned to a vestry, in order to reprimand the sexton for drunkenness, he dwelt so long on the sexton's misconduct, as to draw from him this expression :—"Sir, I thought you would have been the last man alive to appear against me, as *I have covered so many blunders of yours!*"

XXXIII.—A NOVEL COMPLAINT.

A RICH man sent to call a physician for a slight disorder. The physician felt his pulse, and said, "Do you eat well?"—"Yes," said the patient.—"Do you sleep well?"—"I do."—"Then," said the physician, "I shall give you something to take away *all that!*"

XXXIV.—A CONJUGAL CAUTION.

SIR GEORGE ETHEREGE, having run up a score at Lockett's, absented himself from the ordinary. In consequence of this, Mrs. Lockett was sent to dun him and threaten him with an action. He told the messenger that he would certainly kiss her if she stirred a step in it! On this, the message being brought, she called for her hood and scarf, and told her husband, who interposed, "that she should see if there was any fellow alive that had the impudence!"—"Pr'ythee, my dear, don't be so rash," replied the good man; "you don't know what a man may do *in a passion*."

XXXV.—A PORTRAIT CAPITALLY EXECUTED.

IN a bookseller's catalogue lately appeared the following article :—"Memoirs of Charles the First—with a *head capitally executed*."

XXXVI.—MATTER IN HIS MADNESS.

A LUNATIC in Bedlam was asked how he came there? he answered, "By a dispute."—"What dispute?" The bedlamite replied, "The world said I was *mad*; I said the world was *mad*, and they *outwitted me*."

XXXVII.—PLEASANT INVITATION.

SOME years ago, says Richardson, in his anecdotes of painting, a gentleman came to me to invite me to his house. "I have," says he, "a picture of Rubens, and it is a rare good one. Little H. the other day came to see it, and says it is a *copy*. If any one says so again, I'll *break his head*. Pray, Mr. Richardson, will you do me the favour to come, and give me *your real opinion of it?*"

XXXVIII.—WELL-BRED HORSE.

"How does your new-purchased horse *answer?*" said the late Duke of Cumberland to George Selwyn. "I really don't know," replied George, "for I never *asked him a question*."

XXXIX.—"ONE FOR HIS NOB."

A BARRISTER entered the hall with his wig very much awry, of which he was not at all apprised, but was obliged to endure from almost every observer some remark on its appearance, till at last, addressing himself to Mr. Curran, he asked him, "Do you see anything ridiculous in this wig?" "Nothing but *the head*," was the answer.

XL.—SOUND AND FURY.

A LADY, after performing, with the most brilliant execution, a sonata on the pianoforte, in the presence of Dr. Johnson, turning to the philosopher, took the liberty of asking him if he was fond of music?—"No, madam," replied the doctor; "but of all *noises*, I think music is the least disagreeable."

XLI.—COME OF AGE.

A YOUNG man met a rival who was somewhat advanced in years, and wishing to annoy him, inquired how old he was? "I can't exactly tell," replied the other; "but I can inform you that *an ass* is older at twenty, than a man at sixty!"

XLII.—A STRIKING NOTICE.

THE following admonition was addressed by a Quaker to a man who was pouring forth a volley of ill language against him—"Have a care, friend, thou mayest run *thy face* against *my fist*."

XLIII.—UP IN THE WORLD.

A FELLOW boasting in company of his family, declared even his own father died in an exalted situation. Some of the company looking incredulous, another observed—"I can bear testimony to the gentleman's veracity, as my father was sheriff for the county when his was *hanged* for horse-stealing."

XLIV.—REVERSE OF CIRCUMSTANCES.

WHEN General V—— was quartered in a small town in Ireland, he and his lady were regularly besieged as they got into their carriage by an old beggar-woman, who kept her post at the door, assailing them daily with fresh importunities. One morning, as Mrs. V. stepped into the carriage, the woman began—"Oh, my lady! success to your ladyship, and success to your honour's honour: for sure I did not *dream* last night that her ladyship gave me a pound of tea, and your honour gave me a pound of tobacco."—"My good woman," said the general, "dreams go by the rule of contrary?"—"Do they so?" rejoined the old woman; "then it must mean, that your honour will give me *the tea*, and her ladyship *the tobacco*."

XLV.—A DOGGED ANSWER.

BOSWELL dining one day with Dr. Johnson, asked him if he did not think that a good cook was more essential to the community than a good poet. "I don't suppose," said the doctor, "that there's a *dog* in the town but what thinks so."

XLVI.—VISIBLE DARKNESS.

A GENTLEMAN at an inn, seeing that the lights were so dim as only to render the darkness visible, called out, "Here, waiter, let me have a couple of *decent* candles, to *see* how these others *burn*."

XLVII.—HIC-CUPPING.

A GENTLEMAN, at whose house Swift was dining in Ireland, after dinner introduced remarkably small hock glasses, and at length turning to Swift addressed him,—“Mr. Dean, I shall be happy to take a glass of hic, hæc, hoc, with you.”—“Sir,” rejoined the doctor, “I shall be happy to comply, but it must be out of a *hujus* glass.”

XLVIII.—WORDS THAT BURN.

DR. ROBERTSON observed, that Johnson's jokes were the rebukes of the righteous, described in Scripture as being like excellent oil. "Yes, exclaimed Burke, "*oil of vitriol!*"

XLIX.—PASSING THE BOTTLE.

FOOTE being in company, and the wine producing more riot than concord, he observed one gentleman so far gone in debate as to throw the bottle at his antagonist's head, upon which, catching the missile in his hand, he restored the harmony of the company by observing, that "*if the bottle was passed so quickly*, not one of them would be able to stand out the evening."

L.—"JUNIUS" DISCOVERED.

MR. ROGERS was requested by Lady Holland to ask Sir Philip Francis whether he was the author of Junius. The poet approached the knight, "Will you, Sir Philip,—will your kindness excuse my addressing to you a single question?"—"At your peril, sir!" was the harsh and the laconic answer. The intimidated bard retreated to his friends, who eagerly asked him the result of his application. "I don't know," he answered, "whether he is *Junius*; but, if he be, he is certainly *Junius Brutus*."

LI.—A WEAK WOMAN.

A LOVING husband once waited on a physician to request him to prescribe for his wife's eyes, which were very sore. "Let her wash them," said the doctor, "every morning with a small glass of brandy." A few weeks after, the doctor chanced to meet the husband. "Well, my friend, has your wife followed my advice?"—"She has done everything in her power to do it, doctor," said the spouse, "but she never could get the glass *higher than her mouth*."

LII.—TOO MANY COOKS.

ELWES, the noted miser, used to say, "If you keep one servant, your work is done; if you keep two, it is half done; and if you keep three, you may *do it yourself*."

LIII.—LOOK IN HIS FACE.

ADMIRAL LORD HOWE, when a captain, was once hastily awakened in the middle of the night by the lieutenant of the watch, who informed him with great agitation that the ship was on fire near the magazine. "If that be the case," said he, rising leisurely to put on his clothes, "we shall soon know it." The lieutenant flew back to the scene of danger, and almost instantly returning exclaimed, "You need not, sir, be afraid, the fire is extinguished."—"Afraid!" exclaimed Howe, "what do you mean by that, sir? I never was afraid in my life;" and looking the lieutenant full in the face, he added, "Pray, how does a man feel, sir, when he is afraid? *I need not ask how he looks.*"

LIV.—NOTHING BUT THE "BILL."

JOHN HORNE TOOKE'S opinion upon the subject of law was admirable. "Law," he said, "ought to be, not a luxury for the rich, but a remedy, to be easily, cheaply, and speedily obtained by the poor." A person observed to him, how excellent are the English laws, because they are impartial, and our courts of justice are open to all persons without distinction. "And so," said Tooke, "is the *London Tavern*, to such as can afford to *pay for their entertainment.*"

LV.—AN EXTINGUISHER.

WHILE Commodore Anson's ship, the Centurion, was engaged in close fight with the rich Spanish galleon, which he afterwards took, a sailor came running to him, and cried out, "Sir, our ship is on fire very near the powder magazine."—"Then pray, friend," said the commodore, not in the least degree discomposed, "*run back and assist in pulling it out.*"

LVI.—A BAD SHOT.

A COCKNEY being out one day amusing himself with shooting, happened to fire through a hedge, on the other side of which was a man standing. The shot passed through the man's hat, but missed the bird. "Did you fire at me, sir?" he hastily asked. "O! no, sir," said the shrewd sportsman, "*I never hit what I fire at.*"

LVII.—WISE PRECAUTION.

IT is related of the great Dr. Clarke, that when in one of his leisure hours he was unbending himself with a few friends in the most playful and frolicsome manner, he observed Beau Nash approaching; upon which he suddenly stopped:—"My boys," said he, "let us be *grave*: here comes a *fool*."

LVIII.—A TRUMP CARD.

AT one of the Holland-house Sunday dinner-parties, a year or two ago, Crockford's Club, then forming, was talked of; and the noble hostess observed, that the female passion for diamonds was surely less ruinous than the rage for play among men. "In short, you think," said Mr. Rogers, "that *clubs* are worse than *diamonds*." This joke excited a laugh, and when it had subsided, Sydney Smith wrote the following *impromptu* sermonet—most appropriately *on a card*:—

Thoughtless that "all that's brightest fades,"
 Unmindful of that *Knave of Spades*,
 The Sexton and his Subs:
 How foolishly we play our parts!
 Our *wives* on *diamonds* set their *hearts*,
We set our *hearts* on *clubs*!

LIX.—MISTAKEN IDENTITY.

A PHYSICIAN attending a lady several times, had received a couple of guineas each visit; at last, when he was going away, she gave him but one; at which he was surprised, and looking on the floor. "I believe, madam," said he, "I have *dropt a guinea*."—"No, sir," replied the lady, "it is I that have *dropt it*."

LX.—ALONE IN HIS GLORY.

A FACETIOUS fellow having unwittingly offended a conceited puppy, the latter told him he was no "gentleman."—"Are *you* a gentleman?" asked the droll one.—"Yes, sir," bounced the fop.—"Then, I am very glad *I am not*," replied the other.

LXI.—A CAPITAL LETTER.

DR. LLOYD, Bishop of Worcester, so eminent for his prophecies, when by his solicitations and compliance at court he

got removed from a poor Welsh bishopric to a rich English one, a reverend dean of the church said, that he found his brother Lloyd spelt *Prophet* with an F.

LXII.—A GOOD PARSON.

DR. HICKRINGAL, who was one of King Charles the Second's chaplains, whenever he preached before his Majesty, was sure to tell him of his faults from the pulpit. One day his Majesty met the doctor in the Mall, and said to him, "Doctor, what have I done to you that you are always quarrelling with me?"—"I hope your majesty is not angry with me," quoth the doctor, "for telling the truth."—"No, no," says the king, "but I would have us for the future be friends."—"Well, well," quoth the doctor; "I will make it up with your majesty on these terms, as *you mend I'll mend.*"

LXIII.—SUBTRACTION AND ADDITION.

A CHIMNEY-sweeper's boy went into a baker's shop for a two-penny loaf, and conceiving it to be diminutive in size, remarked to the baker that he did not believe it was weight. "Never mind that," said the man of dough, "you will have *the less to carry.*" True," replied the lad, and throwing three half-pence on the counter left the shop. The baker called after him that he had not left money enough. "Never mind that," said young sooty, "you will have *the less to count.*"

LXIV.—THE DOCTRINE OF CHANCES.

LORD KAMES used to relate a story of a man who claimed the honour of his acquaintance on rather singular grounds. His lordship, when one of the justiciary judges, returning from the north circuit to Perth, happened one night to sleep at Dunkeld. The next morning, walking towards the ferry, but apprehending he had missed his way, he asked a man whom he met to conduct him. The other answered with much cordiality—"That I will do, with all my heart, my lord; does not your lordship remember me? My name's John —; I have had the honour to be before your lordship for stealing sheep!"—"Oh, John, I remember you well; and how is your wife? she had the honour to be before me, too, for receiving them, knowing them to be stolen."—"At your lordship's service. We were very lucky, we got

off for want of evidence ; and I am still going on in the butcher trade.”—“Then,” replied his lordship, “we may have the honour of *meeting again*.”

LXV.—A LATE EDITION.

It was with as much delicacy as satire that Porson returned, with the manuscript of a friend, the answer, “That it would be read when Homer and Virgil were forgotten, *but not till then*.”

LXVI.—VERSES WRITTEN ON A WINDOW IN THE HIGHLANDS OF SCOTLAND.

SCOTLAND ! thy weather's like a modish wife,
Thy winds and rains for ever are at strife ;
So termagant awhile her thunder tries,
And when she can no longer scold, she cries.

LXVII.—THREE TOUCHSTONES.

AN ancient sage uttered the following apothegm :—“The goodness of gold is tried by fire, the goodness of women by gold, and the goodness of men by the ordeal of women.”

LXVIII.—A DIALOGUE.

Pope.

SINCE my old friend is grown so great,
As to be minister of state,
I'm told (but 'tis not true I hope)
That Craggs will be ashamed of Pope.

Craggs.

ALAS ! if I am such a creature,
To grow the worse for growing greater,
Why, faith, in spite of all my brags,
'Tis Pope must be ashamed of Craggs.

LXIX.—BEAR AND VAN.

THE facetious Mr. Bearcroft told his friend Mr. Vansittart, “Your name is such a long one, I shall drop the *sittart*, and call you *Van*, for the future.”—“With all my heart,” said he : “by the same rule, I shall drop *croft*, and call you *Bear* !”

LXX.—EPITAPH FOR SIR JOHN VANBRUGH.

LIE heavy on him, Earth ! for he
Laid many heavy loads on thee !

LXXI.—PROVING THEIR METAL.

WHEN the Prince of Orange, afterwards William the Third, came over to this country, five of the seven bishops who were sent to the Tower declared for his highness ; but the other two would not come into the measures. Upon which Dryden said, that "the seven golden candlesticks were sent to be assayed in the Tower, and five of them proved *prince's metal*."

LXXII.—A DISTANT PROSPECT.

THROUGH an avenue of trees, at the back of Trinity College, a church may be seen at a considerable distance, the approach to which affords no very pleasing scenery. Porson, walking that way with a friend, and observing the church, remarked, "That it put him in mind of a *fellowship*, which was a long dreary walk, with a church *at the end of it*."

LXXIII.—SOUND SLEEPER.

A MAN meeting his friend, said, "I spoke to you last night in a dream."—"Pardon me," replied the other, "I did not *hear you*."

LXXIV.—A CHEAP CURE.

"PRAY, Mr. Abernethy, what is the cure for gout?" asked an indolent and luxurious citizen.—"Live upon sixpence a day, and *earn it*!" was the pithy answer.

LXXV.—EPIGRAM.

YOU say, without reward or fee,
Your uncle cur'd me of a dang'rous ill ;
I say he never did prescribe for me,
The proof is plain—*I'm living still*.

LXXVI.—A GRAMMATICAL DISTINCTION.

SEVERAL young gentlemen once got up a play at Cambrige. On the day of representation one of the performers took it into his head to make an excuse, and his part was

obliged to be read. Hobhouse came forward to apologise to the audience, and told them that a Mr. — had declined to perform his part. The gentleman was highly indignant at the "*a*," and had a great inclination to pick a quarrel with Scrope Davies, who replied that he supposed Mr. — wanted to be called *the* Mr. So-and-so. He ever afterwards went by the name of the "*Definite Article*."

LXVII.—A BANKER'S CHECK.

ROGERS, when a certain M.P., in a review of his poems, said "he wrote very well for a banker," wrote, in return, the following:—

"They say he has no heart, and I deny it:
He has a heart, and—*gets his speeches by it.*"

LXVIII.—A FILLIP FOR HIM.

THE present Lord Chancellor remarked of a young barrister who had just made a speech of more poetry than law, "Poor young man, he has studied the *wrong Phillips*."

LXXIX.—BLACK OILS.

"WHAT's the matter?" inquired a passer-by, observing a crowd collected around a black fellow, whom an officer was attempting to secure, to put on board an outward-bound whale ship, from which he had deserted. "Matter! matter enough," exclaimed the delinquent, "pressing a poor negro *to get oil.*"

LXXX.—A BAD CROP.

A SEEDSMAN being lately held to bail for using inflammatory language respecting the Reform Bill, a wag observed, it was probably in the line of his profession—to promote business, he wished to *sow sedition*.

LXXXI.—A GRAVE DOCTOR.

COUNSELLOR CRIPS being on a party at Castle-Martyr, one of the company, a physician, strolled out before dinner into the churchyard. Dinner being served, and the doctor not returned, some one expressed his surprise where he could be gone to. "Oh," says the counsellor, "he is but just stept out to pay a visit to some of his *old patients*."

LXXXII.—WASTE POWDER.

DR. JOHNSON being asked his opinion of the title of a very small volume remarkable for its pomposity, replied, "That it was similar to placing an eight-and-forty pounder at the door of a pigsty."

LXXXIII.—THE SADDLE ON THE RIGHT HORSE.

As a man who, deeply involved in debt, was walking in the street with a very melancholy air, one of his acquaintance asked him why he was so sorrowful. "Alas!" said he, "I am in a state of insolvency."—"Well," said his friend, "if that is the case, it is not you, but your *creditors*, who ought to wear a woeful countenance."

LXXXIV.—BLACK AND WHITE.

DURING the short time that Lord Byron was in parliament, a petition, setting forth the wretched condition of the Irish peasantry, was one evening presented, and very coldly received by the "hereditary legislative wisdom."—"Ah," said Lord Byron, "what a misfortune it was for the Irish that they were not *born black*! They would then have had plenty of friends in both houses."

LXXXV.—HOME IS HOME.

"I LIVE in Julia's eyes," said an affected dandy in Colman's hearing. "I don't wonder at it," replied George; "since I observed she had a *sty* in them when I saw her last."

LXXXVI.—A LIGHT STUDY.

As a worthy City baronet was gazing one evening at the gas lights in front of the Mansion-house, an old acquaintance came up to him and said, "Well, Sir William, are you studying astronomy?"—"No, sir," replied the alderman, "I am studying *gas-tronomy*."

LXXXVII.—A CLIMAX.

A VERY volatile young lord, whose conquests in the female world were numberless, at last married. "Now, my lord," said the countess, "I hope you'll mend."—"Madam," says he, "you may depend on it this is *my last folly*."

LXXXVIII.—SIMPLE DIVISION.

WHEN the Earl of Bradford was brought before the Lord Chancellor, to be examined upon application for a statute of lunacy against him, the chancellor asked him, "How many legs has a sheep?"—"Does your lordship mean," answered Lord Bradford, "a live sheep or a dead sheep?"—"Is it not the same thing?" said the chancellor.—"No, my lord," said Lord Bradford, "there is much difference; a live sheep may have four legs; a dead sheep has only two: the two fore legs are shoulders; but there are but *two legs of mutton*."

LXXXIX.—HERO-PHOBIA.

WHEN George II. was once expressing his admiration of General Wolfe, some one observed that the general was mad. "Oh! he is mad, is he!" said the king, with great quickness, "then I wish he would *bite* some other of my generals."

XC.—LYING CONSISTENTLY.

TWO old ladies who were known to be of the same age, had the same desire to keep the real number concealed; one therefore used upon a New-year's-day to go to the other, and say, "Madam, I am come to know how *old* we are to be this year."

XCI.—NOT RIGHT.

A PRISONER being called on to plead to an indictment for larceny, was told by the clerk to hold up his right hand. The man immediately held up his left hand. "Hold up your *right* hand," said the clerk.—"Please your honour," said the culprit, still keeping up his left hand, "I am *left-handed*."

XCII.—LIGHT-HEADED.

DR. BURNEY, who wrote the celebrated anagram on Lord Nelson, after his victory of the Nile, "Honor est a Nilo" (Horatio Nelson), was shortly after on a visit to his lordship, at his beautiful villa at Merton. From his usual absence of mind, he neglected to put a night-cap into his portmanteau, and consequently borrowed one from his lordship. Before retiring to rest, he sat down to study, as was his common practice, having first put on the cap, and was shortly after

alarmed by finding it in flames ; he immediately collected the burnt remains, and returned them with the following lines :—

Take your night-cap again, my good lord, I desire,
I would not retain it a minute ;
What belongs to a Nelson, wherever there's *fire*,
Is sure to be instantly *in it*.

XCIII.—“HE LIES LIKE TRUTH.”

A PERSON who had resided for some time on the coast of Africa, was asked if he thought it possible to civilise the natives. “As a proof of the possibility of it,” said he, “I have known some negroes that thought as little of a *lie* or an *oath* as any European.”

XCIV.—HAND AND GLOVE.

A DYER, in a court of justice, being ordered to hold up his hand, that was all black ; “Take off your *glove*, friend,” said the judge to him.—“Put on your *spectacles*, my lord,” answered the dyer.

XCV.—VAST DOMAIN.

A GENTLEMAN having a servant with a very thick skull, used often to call him the king of fools. “I wish,” said the fellow one day, “you could make your words good, I should then be the *greatest* monarch in the world.”

XCVI.—MONEY RETURNED.

A LAWYER being sick, made his last will, and gave all his estate to fools and madmen : being asked the reason for so doing ; “From such,” said he, “I *had* it, and to such I *give* it again.”

XCVII.—CHEESE AND DESSERT.

Two city ladies meeting at a visit, one a grocer's wife, and the other a cheesemonger's, when they had risen up and took their departure, the cheesemonger's wife was going out of the room first, upon which the grocer's lady, pulling her back by the tail of her gown, and stepping before her, said, “No, madam, nothing comes after *cheese*.”

XCVIII.—VERY POINTED.

SIR JOHN HAMILTON, who had severely suffered from the persecutions of the law, used to say, that an attorney was like a hedge-hog, it was impossible to touch him anywhere without *pricking* one's fingers.

XCIX.—“THE MIXTURE AS BEFORE.”

A GENTLEMAN who had an Irish servant, having stopped at an inn for several days, desired to have a bill, and found a large quantity of port placed to his servant's account, and questioned him about it. “Please your honour,” cried Pat, do read how many they charge me.”—The gentleman began, “One bottle *port*, one *ditto*, one *ditto*, one *ditto*.”—“Stop, stop, stop, master,” exclaimed Paddy, “they are cheating you. I know I had some bottles of their *port*, but I did not taste a drop of their *ditto*.”

C.—COMPUTATION.

AN Irish counsellor having lost his cause, which had been tried before three judges, one of whom was esteemed a very able lawyer, and the other two but indifferent, some of the other barristers were very merry on the occasion. “Well, now,” says he, “I have lost. But who could help it, when there were an hundred judges on the bench?—*one and two ciphers*.”

CL.—PRIMOGENITURE.

AN Irish clergyman having gone to visit the portraits of the Scottish kings in Holyrood House, observed one of the monarchs of a very youthful appearance, while *his son* was depicted with a long beard, and wore the traits of extreme old age. “*Sancta Maria*,” exclaimed the good Hibernian, “is it possible that this gentleman was an *old man* when his father *was born*!?”

CII.—CHECK TO THE KING.

ONE day James the Second, in the middle of his courtiers, made use of this assertion: “I never knew a modest man make his way at court.” To this observation one of the gentlemen present boldly replied: “And, please your majesty, *whose fault is that*?” The king was struck, and remained silent.

CIII.—A FALL IN MITRES.

ONE of the wooden *mitres*, carved by Grinly Gibbons over a prebend's stall in the cathedral church of Canterbury, happening to become loose, Jessy White, the surveyor of that edifice, inquired of the dean whether he should make it fast—"for, perhaps," said Jessy, "it may fall on your reverence's head."—"Well! Jessy," answered the humorous Cantab, "suppose it does fall on my head, I don't know that a *mitre falling on my head* would hurt it."

CIV.—FALSE DELICACY.

A PERSON disputing with Peter Pindar, said, in great heat, that he did not like to be thought a scoundrel.—"I wish," replied Peter, "that you had as great a dislike to *being a scoundrel*."

CV.—A BAD HARVEST.

THERE was much sound palpable argument in the speech of a country lad to an idler, who boasted his ancient family: "So much the worse for you," said the peasant; "as we ploughmen say, *'the older the seed the worse the crop.'*"

CVI.—PROOF IMPRESSION.

MR. BETHEL, an Irish barrister, when the question of the Union was in debate, like all the junior barristers published pamphlets upon the subject. Mr. Lysaght met this pamphleteer in the hall of the Four Courts, and in a friendly way, said, "Zounds! Bethel, I wonder you never told me you had published a pamphlet on the Union. The one I saw contained some of the best things I have yet seen in any pamphlet upon the subject."—"I'm very proud you think so," said the other, rubbing his hands with satisfaction; "and, pray, what are the things that pleased you so much?"—"Why," replied Lysaght, "as I passed by a pastry-cook's shop this morning, I saw a girl come out with three *hot mince-pies* wrapped up in one of your works."

CVII.—NECK OR NOTHING.

A RIGHT reverend prelate, himself a man of extreme good-nature, was frequently much vexed in the spirit by the proud, froward, perverse, and untractable temper of his next vicar. The latter, after an absence much longer than usual, one day

paid a visit to the bishop, who kindly inquired the cause of his absence, and was answered by the vicar, that he had been confined to his house for some time past by an obstinate *stiffness* in his *knee*. "I am glad of that," replied the prelate, "'tis a good symptom that the disorder has changed place, for I had a long time thought it *immovably settled* in your NECK."

CVIII.—ARCADIA.

A FARM was lately advertised in a newspaper, in which all the beauty of the situation, fertility of the soil, and salubrity of the air were detailed in the richest flow of rural description, which was further enhanced with this—N.B. There is not *an attorney* within fifteen miles of the neighbourhood.

CIX.—QUITE PERFECTION.

A PAINTER in the Waterloo Road had the following announcement displayed on the front of his house:—"The Acme of Stencil!" A "learned Theban" in the same line in an adjoining street, in order to outdo the "old original" stenciller, thus set forth his pretensions: "Stencilling in all its branches performed in the very height of *acme*!"

CX.—THE LATE MR. COLLINS.

COLLINS the poet, coming into a town the day after a young lady, of whom he was fond, had left it, said, how unlucky he was that he had come *a day after the fair*.

CXI.—A FAMILY PARTY.

A CERTAIN lodging-house was very much infested by vermin. A gentleman who slept there one night, told the landlady so in the morning, when she said, "La, sir, we haven't a *single bug* in the house."—"No, ma'am," said he, "they're all *married*, and have large families too."

CXII.—CALF'S HEAD SURPRISED.

A STUPID person one day seeing a man of learning enjoying the pleasures of the table, said—"So, sir, philosophers, I see, can indulge in the greatest delicacies."—"Why not," replied the other, "do you think Providence intended all the *good things* for fools?"

CXIII.—POPPING THE QUESTION.

A GIRL forced by her parents into a disagreeable match with an old man, whom she detested, when the clergyman came to that part of the service where the bride is asked if she consents to take the bridegroom for her husband, said, with great simplicity—"Oh dear, no, sir; but you are the first person who has asked *my opinion* about the matter."

CXIV.—SCANDALOUS.

IT was said of a great calumniator, and a frequenter of other persons' tables, that he never *opened his mouth* but at another man's expense.

CXV.—THE PRINCE OF ORANGE AND JUDGE JEFFERIES.

WHEN Jefferies was told that the Prince of Orange would very soon land, and that a manifesto, stating his inducements, objects, &c., was already written, "Pray, my Lord Chief Justice," said a gentleman present, "what do you think will be the heads of this manifesto?"—"Mine will be one," replied he.

CXVI.—MODEST REQUEST.

A GENTLEMAN travelling, was accosted by a man walking along the road, who begged the favour of him to put his great coat, which he found very heavy, into his carriage. "With all my heart," said the gentleman, "but if we should not be travelling to the same place, how will you get your coat?" "Monsieur," answered the man with great *naïveté*, "*I shall be in it.*"

CXVII.—CAP THIS.

SIR THOMAS MORE, the famous Chancellor, who preserved his humour and wit to the last moment, when he came to be executed on Tower-hill, the headsman demanded his upper garment as his fee; "Ah! friend," said he, taking off his cap, "that, I think, is my *upper garment*."

CXVIII.—A PRETTY METAPHOR.

A YOUNG lady marrying a man she loved, and leaving many friends in town, to retire with him into the country, Mrs. D. said prettily, "She has turned one-and-twenty shillings into a guinea."

CXIX.—ON A STONE THROWN AT A VERY GREAT MAN,
BUT WHICH MISSED HIM.

TALK no more of the lucky escape of the *head*
From a flint so unluckily thrown ;
I think very diff'rent, with thousands indeed,
'Twas a lucky escape for the *stone*.

CXX.—A MAN OF LETTERS.

WHEN Mr. Wilkes was in the meridian of his popularity, a man in a porter-house, classing himself as an eminent literary character, was asked by one of his companions what right he had to assume such a title. "Sir," says he, "I'd have you know, I had the honour of *chalking* number 45 upon every door between Temple Bar and Hyde Park-corner."

CXXI.—A WELSH WIG-GING.

AN Englishman and a Welshman disputing in whose country was the best living, said the Welshman, "There is such noble housekeeping in Wales, that I have known above a dozen cooks employed at one wedding dinner."—"Ay," answered the Englishman, "that was because every man *toasted* his own cheese."

CXXII.—A SPRIG OF SHILLALAH.

A FELLOW on ~~the~~ quay, thinking to *quiz* a poor Irishman, asked him, "How do the potatoes eat now, Pat?" The Irish lad, who happened to have a *shillalah* in his hand, answered, "O! they eat very well, my jewel, would you like to taste the *stalk*?" and knocking the inquirer down, coolly walked off.

CXXIII.—DOG-MATIC.

IN the great dispute between South and Sherlock, the latter, who was a great courtier, said, "His adversary reasoned well, but he barked like a *cur*." To which the other replied, "That *fawning* was the property of a *cur* as well as barking."

CXXIV.—FALSE QUANTITY.

A LEARNED counsel in the Exchequer spoke of a *nolle prosequi*. "Consider, sir," said Baron Alderson, "that this is the last day of term, and don't make things *unnecessarily long*."

CXXV.—IN SUSPENSE.

THE sloth, in its wild state, spends its life in trees, and never leaves them but from force or accident. The eagle to the sky, the mole to the ground, the sloth to the tree; but what is most extraordinary, he lives not *upon* the branches, but *under* them. He moves suspended, rests suspended, sleeps suspended, and passes his life in suspense—like a young clergyman *distantly related* to a bishop.

CXXVI.—PORSON'S VISIT TO THE CONTINENT.

SOON after Professor Porson returned from a visit to the Continent, at a party where he happened to be present, a gentleman solicited a sketch of his journey. Porson immediately gave the following extemporaneous one:—

"I went to Frankfort and got drunk
With that most learned professor, Brunck;
I went to Worts and got more drunken
With that more learned professor, Ruhnken."

CXXVII.—ARTIFICIAL HEAT.

THE late Lord Kelly had a very red face. "Pray, my lord," said Foote to him, "come and *look over* my garden-wall—my cucumbers are very backward."

CXXVIII.—OUTWARD APPEARANCE.

MAN is a sort of tree which we are too apt to judge of by the bark.

CXXIX.—THE TWO SMITHS.

A GENTLEMAN, with the same Christian and surname, took lodgings in the same house with James Smith. The consequence was, eternal confusion of calls and letters. Indeed, the postman had no alternative but to share the letters equally between the two. "This is intolerable, sir," said our friend, "and you must quit." "Why am I to quit more than you?" "Because you are James the Second—and must *abdicate*."

CXXX.—SAGE ADVICE.

THE advice given by an Irishman to his English friend, on introducing him to a regular Tipperary row, was, "Wherever you see a head, *hit it*."

CXXXI.—THE PURSER.

LADY HARDWICKE, the lady of the Chancellor, loved money as well as he did, and what *he* got *she* saved. The purse in which the Great Seal is carried is of very expensive embroidery, and was provided, during his time, every year. Lady Hardwicke took care that it should not be provided for the seal-bearer's profit, for she annually retained them herself, having previously ordered that the velvet should be of the length of one of the state rooms at Wimpole. So many of them were saved, that at length she had enough to hang the state-room, and make curtains for the bed. Lord Hardwicke used to say, "There was not such a *purser* in the navy."

CXXXII.—A FOREIGN ACCENT.

WHEN Maurice Margarot was tried at Edinburgh for sedition, the Lord Justice asked him, "Hae you ony counsel, mon?" "No." "Do you want to hae ony appointed?" "I only want an interpreter to make me *understand* what your lordships say."

CXXXIII.—EASY AS LYING.

ERSKINE, examining a bumptious fellow, asked him, if he were not a rider? "I'm a traveller, sir," replied the witness, with an air of offended importance. "Indeed, sir. And, pray, are you addicted to the *failing* usually attributed to travellers?"

CXXXIV.—NEW WAY TO PAY OLD DEBTS.

A PRISONER in The Fleet sent to his creditor to let him know that he had a proposal to make, which he believed would be for their mutual benefit. Accordingly, the creditor calling on him to hear it: "I have been thinking," said he, "that it is a very idle thing for me to lie here, and put you to the expense of seven groats a week. My being so chargeable to you has given me great uneasiness, and who knows what it may cost you in the end! Therefore, what I propose is this: You shall let me out of prison, and, instead of *seven* groats, you shall allow me only *eighteenpence* a week, and the other *tenpence* shall go towards the discharging of the debt."

CXXXV.—EPIGRAM.

(On the column to the Duke of York's memory.)

IN former times the illustrious dead were burned,
Their hearts preserved in sepulchre inurned ;
This column, then, commemorates the part
Which custom makes us single out—the heart ;
You ask, "How by a column this is done?"
I answer, "'Tis a hollow thing of stone."

CXXXVI.—FLATTERY TURNED TO ADVANTAGE.

A DEPENDANT was praising his patron for many virtues which he did not possess. "I will do all in my power to prevent you *lying*," answered he.

CXXXVII.—THE INTRUDER REBUKED.

JERROLD and some friends were dining in a private room at a tavern. After dinner the landlord informed the company that the house was partly under repair, and requested that a stranger might be allowed to take a chop at a separate table in the apartment. The company assented, and the stranger, a person of commonplace appearance, was introduced, ate his chop in silence, and then fell asleep, snoring so loudly and inharmoniously that conversation was disturbed. Some gentlemen of the party made a noise, and the stranger, starting from his sleep, shouted to Jerrold, "I know you, Mr. Jerrold; but you shall not make a butt of me!" "Then don't bring your *hog's head* in here," was the prompt reply.

CXXXVIII.—CRITICAL POLITENESS.

A YOUNG author reading a tragedy, perceived his auditor very often pull off his hat at the end of a line, and asked him the reason. "I cannot pass a very *old* acquaintance," replied the critic, "without that civility."

CXXXIX.—A GOOD PLACE.

A NOBLEMAN taking leave when going as ambassador, the king said to him, "The principal instruction you require is, to observe a line of conduct exactly the reverse to that of your predecessor. "Sire," replied he, "I will endeavour so to act, that you shall not have occasion to give *my* successor the like advice."

CXL.—A CABAL.

THE attempt to run over the King of the French with a cab, looked like a conspiracy to overturn *monarchy* by a *common-wheel*.

CXLI.—THE FIRE OF LONDON.

ONE speaking of the fire of London, said "Cannon Street roared, Bread Street was burnt to a crust, Crooked Lane was burnt straight, Addle Hill staggered, Creed Lane would not believe it till it came, Distaff Lane had sprung a fine thread, Ironmonger Lane was redhot, Seacoal Lane was burnt to a cinder, Soper Lane was in the suds, the Poultry was too much singed, Thames Street was dried up, Wood Street was burnt to ashes, Shoe Lane was burnt to boot, Snow Hill was melted down, Pudding Lane and Pye Corner were over baked."

CXLI.—A DOUBTFUL COMPLIMENT.

THE speeches made by P—— are *sound*,
It cannot be denied;
Granted; and then it will be found,
They're *little else* beside.

CXLI.—AN HONEST HORSE.

A DEALER once, selling a nag to a gentleman, frequently observed, with emphatic earnestness, that "he was an *honest* horse." After the purchase the gentleman asked him what he meant by an honest horse. "Why, sir," replied the seller, "whenever I rode him he always threatened to *throw* me, and he certainly never *deceived* me."

CXLI.—THE RETORT CUTTING.

BISHOPS SHERLOCK and HOADLY were both freshmen of the same year, at Catherine Hall, Cambridge. The classical subject in which they were first lectured was Tully's Offices, and one morning Hoadly received a compliment from the tutor for the excellence of his construing. Sherlock, a little vexed at the preference shown to his rival, said, when they left the lecture-room, "Ben, you made good use of L'Estrange's *translation* to-day." "Why, no, Tom," retorted Hoadly, "I did not, for I had not got one; and I forgot to borrow *yours*, which, I am told, is the only one in the college."

CXLV.—ELEGANT COMPLIMENT.

MR. HENRY ERSKINE, being one day in London, in company with the Duchess of Gordon, said to her, "Are we never again to enjoy the honour and pleasure of your grace's society at Edinburgh?" "O!" answered her grace, "Edinburgh is a vile dull place—I hate it." "Madam," replied the gallant barrister, "the sun might as well say, there's a vile dark morning,—I *won't rise* to-day."

CXLVI.—A LOVE SONG, BY DEAN SWIFT.

A PUD IN is almi de si re,
Mimis tres Ine ver require,
Alo veri find it a gestis,
His miseri ne ver at rest is.

CXLVII.—BY THE SAME.

Mollis abuti,
Has an acuti,
No lasso finis,
Molli divinis.
Omi de armistress,
Imi na distress,
Cant udi scover
Meas alo ver?

CXLVIII.—A HAPPY SUGGESTION.

WHEN Jenny Lind, the Swedish Nightingale, gave a concert to the Consumption Hospital, the proceeds of which concert amounted to 1,776*l.* 15*s.*, and were to be devoted to the completion of the building, Jerrold suggested that the new part of the hospital should be called "The Nightingale's Wing."

CXLIX.—PLAYING ON A WORD.

LORD ORFORD was present in a large company at dinner, when Bruce, the celebrated traveller, was talking in his usual style of exaggeration. Some one asked him what musical instruments were used in Abyssinia. Bruce hesitated, not being prepared for the question: and at last said,—"I think I saw a *lyre* there." George Selwyn, who was of the party, whispered his next man, "Yes, and there is *one less* since he left the country."

CL.—AN EYE TO PROFIT.

A PERSON speaking of an acquaintance, who, though extremely avaricious, was always abusing the avarice of others, added, "Is it not strange that this man will not take the *beam out of his own eye* before he attempts the *mole* in other people's? "Why, so I daresay he would," cried Sheridan, "if he was sure of *selling the timber*."

CLI.—"OUT, BRIEF CANDLE."

A VERY small officer struck an old grenadier of his company for some supposed fault in performing his evolutions. The grenadier gravely took off his cap, and, holding it over the officer by the tip, said, "Sir, if you were not my officer, I would *extinguish* you."

CLII.—A. I.

A LEARNED barrister, quoting Latin verses to a brother "wig," who did not appear to understand them, added, "Don't you know the lines? They are in Martial." "Marshall. Oh, yes; Marshall, who wrote on underwriting." "Not so bad," replied the other. "After all, there is not so much difference between an *under writer* and a *minor poet*."

CLIII.—QUALIFYING FOR BAIL.

A GENTLEMAN once appeared in the Court of King's Bench to give bail in the sum of 3,000*l*. Serjeant Davy, wanting to display his wit, said to him, sternly, "And pray, sir, how do you make out that you are worth 3,000*l*?" The gentleman stated the particulars of his property up to 2,940. "That's all very good," said the serjeant, "but you want 60*l*. more to be worth 3,000." "For that sum," replied the gentleman, in no ways disconcerted, "I have a note of hand of one Mr. Serjeant Davy, and I hope he will have the honesty soon to settle it." The serjeant looked abashed, and Lord Mansfield observed, in his usual urbane tone, "Well, brother Davy, I *think* we may accept the bail."

CLIV.—BARRY'S POWERS OF PLEASING.

SPRANGER BARRY, to his silver-toned voice, added all the powers of persuasion. A carpenter, to whom he owed some money for work at the Dublin Theatre, called at Barry's house, and was very clamorous in demanding payment. Mr.

Barry overhearing him, said from above, "Don't be in a passion; but do me the favour to walk upstairs, and we'll speak on the business."—"Not I," answered the man; "you owe me one hundred pounds already, and if you get me up-stairs, you won't let me leave you till you owe me *two*."

CLV.—EPIGRAM.

"It is rumoured that a certain Royal Duke has expressed a determination never to shave until the Reform Bill is crushed entirely."—*Court Journal*.

'Tis right that Cumberland should be
In this resolve so steady,
For all the world declare that he,
Is *too bare-faced* already!

CLVI.—SENTENCE OF DEATH.

THE following is a literal copy of a notice served by a worthy inhabitant of Gravesend upon his neighbour, whose fowl had eaten his pig's victuals.

"SIR,—I have sent to you as Coashon a gences Leting your fowls Coming Eting and destrowing My Pegs vettles and if so be you Let them Com on My Premses hafter this Noddles I will kil them. "RD. GOLD."

CLVII.—NATIVE WIT.

JOHN was thought to be very stupid. He was sent to a mill one day, and the miller said, "John, some people say you are a fool! Now, tell me what you do know, and what you don't know."—"Well," replied John, "I know millers' hogs are fat!" "Yes, that's well, John! Now, what don't you know?"—"I don't know *whose corn* fats 'em!"

CLVIII.—WORTH THE MONEY.

SIR ROBERT WALPOLE having misquoted a passage in Horace, Mr. Pulteney said the honourable gentleman's Latin was as bad as his politics. Sir Robert adhered to his version, and bet his opponent a guinea that he was right, proposing Mr. Harding as arbiter. The bet being accepted, Harding rose, and with ludicrous solemnity gave his decision against his patron. The guinea was thrown across the

House, and when Pulteney stooped to pick it up, he observed, that "it was the first *public money* he had touched for a long time." After his death, the guinea was found wrapped up in a piece of paper on which the circumstance was recorded.

CLIX.—SUITED TO HIS SUBJECT.

THE ballot was, it seems, first proposed in 1795, by Major *Cartwright*, who somewhat appropriately wrote a book upon the *Common-Wheel*.

CLX.—NOT *versus* NOTT.

A GENTLEMAN of Maudlin, whose name was *Nott*, returning late from his friend's rooms, attracted the attention of the proctor, who demanded his name and college. "I am *Nott* of Maudlin," was the reply, hiccupping. "Sir," said the proctor, in an angry tone, "I did not ask of what college you are *not*, but of what college you are." "I am *Nott* of Maudlin," was again the broken reply. The proctor, enraged at what he considered contumely, insisted on accompanying him to Maudlin, and demanded of the porter, "whether he knew the gentleman." "Know him, sir," said the porter, "yes, it is Mr. *Nott* of this college." The proctor now perceived his error in *not* understanding the gentleman, and, wished him a good night.

CLXI.—A COCKNEY EPIGRAM.

IN Parliament, it's plain enough,
No reverence for age appears;
For they who hear each speaker's *stuff*,
Find there is no respect for (*y*) *cars*.

CLXII.—THE PINK OF POLITENESS.

LORD BERKELEY was once dining with Lord Chesterfield (the pink of politeness) and a large party, when it was usual to drink wine until they were mellow. Berkeley had by accident shot one of his gamekeepers, and Chesterfield, under the warmth of wine, said—"Pray, my lord Berkeley, how long is it since you shot a gamekeeper?"—"Not since you hanged *your tutor*, my lord!" was the reply. You know that Lord Chesterfield brought Dr. Dodd to trial, in consequence of which he was hanged.

CLXIII.—HIGH AND LOW.

"I EXPECT six clergymen to dine with me on such a day," said a gentleman to his butler. "Very good, sir," said the butler. "Are they High Church or Low Church, sir?" "What on earth can that signify to you?" asked the astonished master. "Everything, sir," was the reply. "If they are High Church, they'll drink; if they are Low Church, *they'll eat!*"

CLXIV.—CITY LOVE.

IN making love let poor men sigh,
But love that's ready-made is better
For men of business;—so I,
If madam will be cruel, let her.
But should she wish that I should wait
And miss the 'Change—oh no, I thank her,
I court by *deed*, or after *date*,
Through my solicitor or banker.

CLXV.—INGENIOUS REPLY OF A SOLDIER.

A SOLDIER in the army of the Duke of Marlborough took the name of that general, who reprimanded him for it. "How am I to blame, general?" said the soldier. "I have the choice of names; if I had known one more illustrious *than yours*, I should have taken it."

CLXVI.—LORD CHESTERFIELD.

WHEN Lord Chesterfield was in administration, he proposed a person to his late majesty as proper to fill a place of great trust, but which the king himself was determined should be filled by another. The council, however, resolved not to indulge the king, for fear of a dangerous precedent, and it was Lord Chesterfield's business to present the grant of office for the king's signature. Not to incense his majesty by asking him abruptly, he, with accents of great humility, begged to know with whose name his majesty would be pleased to have the blanks filled up. "With the *devil's!*" replied the king, in a paroxysm of rage. "And shall the instrument," said the Earl, coolly, "run as usual, *Our trusty and well-beloved cousin and counsellor?*"—a repartee at which the king laughed heartily, and with great good-humour signed the grant.

CLXVII.—SPECIAL PLEADING.

WHEN a very eminent special pleader was asked by a country gentleman if he considered that his son was likely to succeed as a special pleader, he replied, "Pray, sir, can your son *eat saw-dust without butter?*"

CLXVIII.—ON A NEW DUKE.

ASK you why gold and velvet bind
The temples of that cringing thief?
Is it so strange a thing to find
A toad beneath a strawberry leaf?

CLXIX.—THE ZODIAC CLUB.

ON the occasion of starting a convivial club, somebody proposed that it should consist of twelve members, and be called "The Zodiac," each member to be named after a sign.

"And what shall I be?" inquired a somewhat solemn man, who was afraid that his name would be forgotten.

Ferroid.—"Oh, we'll bring you in as the *weight* in *Libra*."

CLXX.—QUIN'S SOLILOQUY ON SEEING THE EMBALMED BODY OF DUKE HUMPHREY, AT ST. ALBAN'S.

"A plague on Egypt's arts, I say—
Embalm the dead—on senseless clay
Rich wine and spices waste:
Like sturgeon, or like brawn, shall I,
Bound in a precious pickle lie,
Which I can never taste!
Let me embalm this flesh of mine,
With turtle fat, and Bourdeaux wine,
And spoil the Egyptian trade,
Than Glo'ster's Duke, more happy I,
Embalm'd alive, old Quin shall lie
A mummy ready made."

CLXXI.—STRIKING REPROOF.

IT being reported that Lady Caroline Lamb had, in a moment of passion, knocked down one of her pages with a stool, the poet Moore, to whom this was told by Lord

Strangford, observed: "Oh! nothing is more natural for a literary lady than to double down a page." "I would rather," replied his lordship, "advise Lady Caroline to *turn over a new leaf*."

CLXXII.—A PRETTY PICTURE.

E—taking the portrait of a lady, perceived that when he was working at her mouth she was trying to render it smaller by contracting her lips. "Do not trouble yourself so much, madam," exclaimed the painter, "if you please, I will draw your face *without any mouth at all*."

CLXXIII.—UNKNOWN TONGUE.

DURING the long French war, two old ladies in Stranraer were going to the kirk, the one said to the other, "Was it no a wonderfu' thing that the Breetish were aye victorious ower the French in battle?" "Not a bit," said the other old lady, "dinna ye ken the Breetish aye say their prayers before ga'in into battle?" The other replied, "But canna the French say their prayers as weel?" The reply was most characteristic, "Hoot! jabbering bodies, wha could *understan'* them."

CLXXIV.—DUNNING AND LORD MANSFIELD.

WHILST the celebrated Mr. Dunning, afterwards Lord Ashburton, was at the bar, he by his conduct did much to support the character and dignity of a barrister, which was frequently disregarded by Lord Mansfield, at that time Chief Justice. The attempts of the Chief Justice to browbeat the counsel were on many occasions kept in check by the manly and dignified conduct of Mr. Dunning. Lord Mansfield possessed great quickness in discovering the gist of a cause, and having done so, used to amuse himself by taking up a book or a newspaper whilst counsel was addressing the court. Whenever Mr. Dunning was speaking, and his Lordship seemed thus to hold his argument as of no consequence, the advocate would stop suddenly in his address, and on his Lordship observing, "Pray go on, Mr. Dunning," he would reply, "I beg your pardon, my Lord, but I fear I shall interrupt your Lordship's *more important* occupations. I will wait until your Lordship has leisure to attend to my client and his humble advocate."

CLXXV.—EPIGRAM.

(A good word for Ministers.)

THE Whigs 'tis said have often broke
 Their promises which end in smoke ;
 Thus their defence I build ;
 Granted in office they have slept,
 Yet sure those *promises* are *kept*
 Which never are fulfilled.

CLXXVI.—CHANGING HIS LINE.

A GENTLEMAN, inquiring of Jack Bannister respecting a man who had been hanged, was told that he was dead. "And did he continue in the *grocery line*?" said the former. "Oh no," replied Jack; "he was quite in a *different line* when he died."

CLXXVII.—TALL AND SHORT.

At an evening party, Jerrold was looking at the dancers. Seeing a very tall gentleman waltzing with a remarkably short lady, he said to a friend at hand, "Humph! there's the mile dancing with the mile-stone."

CLXXVIII.—AN ODD COMPARISON.

SIR WILLIAM B— being at a parish meeting, made some proposals, which were objected to by a farmer. Highly enraged, "Sir," says he to the farmer, "do you know, sir, that I have been at the two universities, and at two colleges in each university?" "Well, sir," said the farmer, "what of that? I had a calf that sucked two cows, and the observation I made was, the more he sucked, the greater *calf* he grew."

CLXXIX.—ON THE RIGHT SIDE.

It was said of one that remembered everything that he lent, but nothing that he borrowed, "that he had *lost half* of his memory."

CLXXX.—CAUSE OF ABSENCE.

WHEN the late Lord Campbell married Miss Scarlett, and departed on his wedding trip, Mr. Justice Abbott observed, when a cause was called on in the Bench, "I thought, Mr. Brougham, that Mr. Campbell was in this case?" "Yes, my lord," replied Brougham, "but I understand he is ill—suffering from *Scarlett fever*."

CLXXXI.—THE SCOLD'S VOCABULARY.

THE copiousness of the English language perhaps was never more apparent than in the following character, by a lady, of her own husband :—

"He is," says she, "an abhorred, barbarous, capricious, detestable, envious, fastidious, hard-hearted, illiberal, ill-natured, jealous, keen, loathsome, malevolent, nauseous, obstinate, passionate, quarrelsome, raging, saucy, tantalising, uncomfortable, vexatious, abominable, bitter, captious, disagreeable, execrable, fierce, grating, gross, hasty, malicious, nefarious, obstreperous, peevish, restless, savage, tart, unpleasant, violent, waspish, worrying, acrimonious, blustering, careless, discontented, fretful, growling, hateful, inattentive, malignant, noisy, odious, perverse, rigid, severe, teasing, unsuitable, angry, boisterous, choleric, disgusting, gruff, hectoring, incorrigible, mischievous, negligent, offensive, pettish, roaring, sharp, sluggish, snapping, snarling, sneaking, sour, testy, tiresome, tormenting, touchy, arrogant, austere, awkward, boorish, brawling, brutal, bullying, churlish, clamorous, crabbed, cross, currish, dismal, dull, dry, drowsy, grumbling, horrid, huffish, insolent, intractable, irascible, ireful, morose, murmuring, opinionated, oppressive, outrageous, overbearing, petulant, plaguy, rough, rude, rugged, spiteful, splenetic, stern, stubborn, stupid, sulky, sullen, surly, suspicious, treacherous, troublesome, turbulent, tyrannical, virulent, wrangling, yelping dog-in-a-manger."

CLXXXII.—A FAMILIAR ILLUSTRATION.

A MEDICAL student under examination, being asked the different effects of heat and cold, replied: "Heat expands and cold contracts." "Quite right; can you give me an example?" "Yes, sir, in summer, which is hot, the days are longer; but in winter, which is *cold*, the days are *shorter*."

CLXXXIII.—HAPPINESS.

HAPPINESS grows at our own firesides, and is not to be picked in strangers' gardens.

CLXXXIV.—TRANSPOSING A COMPLIMENT.

It was said of a work (which had been inspected by a severe critic), in terms which at first appeared very flattering, "There is a great deal in this book which is new, and a

great deal that is true." So far good, the author would think ; but then came the negation : " But it unfortunately happens, that those portions which are *new* are not *true*, and those which are *true* are not *new* ! "

CLXXXV.—A HANDSOME CONTRIBUTION.

A GENTLEMAN waited upon Jerrold one morning to enlist his sympathies in behalf of a mutual friend, who was constantly in want of a round sum of money.

" Well," said Jerrold, who had contributed on former occasions, " how much does — want this time ? "

" Why, just a four and two noughts will, I think, put him straight," the bearer of the hat replied.

Jerrold.—" Well, put me down for one of the noughts this time."

CLXXXVI.—WASTE OF TIME.

AN old man of ninety having recovered from a very dangerous illness, his friends congratulated him, and encouraged him to get up. " Alas ! " said he to them, " it is hardly worth while to *dress* myself again."

CLXXXVII.—SCOTCH SIMPLICITY.

AT Hawick, the people used to wear wooden clogs, which made a *clanking* noise on the pavement. A dying old woman had some friends by her bedside, who said to her, " Weel, Jenny, ye are gaun to Heeven, an' gin you should see our folk, ye can tell them that we're a' weel." To which Jenny replied, " Weel, gin I shud see them I'se tell them, but you manna expect that I am to gang clank clanking through Heeven looking for your folk."

CLXXXVIII.—TWFOLD ILLUSTRATION.

SIR FLETCHER NORTON was noted for his want of courtesy. When pleading before Lord Mansfield on some question of manorial right, he chanced unfortunately to say, " My lord, I can illustrate the point in an instant in my own person : I myself have two little manors." The judge immediately interposed, with one of his blandest smiles, " We all *know* it, Sir Fletcher."

CLXXXIX.—NAT LEE AND SIR ROGER L'ESTRANGE.

THE author of "Alexander the Great," whilst confined in a madhouse, was visited by Sir Roger L'Estrange, of whose political abilities Lee entertained no very high opinion. Upon the knight inquiring whether the poet knew him, Lee answered:—

"Custom may alter men, and manners change:
But I am still *strange Lee*, and you L'Estrange:
I'm poor in purse as you are poor in brains."

CXC.—MAIDS AND WIVES.

WOMEN are all alike. When they're maids they're mild as milk: once make 'em wives, and they lean their backs against their marriage certificates, and defy you.—D.J.

CXCI.—TRAGEDY MS.

LISTON, seeing a parcel lying on the table in the entrance-hall of Drury Lane Theatre, one side of which, from its having travelled to town by the side of some game, was smeared with blood, observed, "That parcel contains a manuscript tragedy." And on being asked why, replied, "Because the *fifth* act is peeping out at one corner of it."

CXCII.—A TRUE COURTIER.

ONE day, when Sir Isaac Heard was in company with George III., it was announced that his majesty's horse was ready for hunting. "Sir Isaac," said the king, "are you a judge of horses?" "In my younger days, please your majesty, I was a great deal among them," was the reply. "What do you think of this, then?" said the king, who was by this time preparing to mount his favourite: and, without waiting for an answer, added, "we call him *Perfection*." "A most appropriate name," replied the courtly herald, bowing as his majesty reached the saddle, "for he *bears* the best of characters."

CXCIII.—RARE VIRTUE.

THE paucity of some persons' good actions reminds one of Jonathan Wild, who was once induced to be guilty of a good action, after fully satisfying himself, upon the maturest deliberation, that he could *gain nothing* by refraining from it.

CXCIV.—A POSER.

A COXCOMB in a coffee-house boasted that he had written a certain popular song, just as the true author entered the room. A friend of his pointed to the coxcomb: "See, sir, the real author of your favourite song." "Well," replied the other, "the gentleman *might* have made it, for I assure him I found no difficulty in doing it myself."

CXCIV.—A SHEEPISH COMPLIMENT.

LORD COCKBURN, the proprietor of Bonaly, was sitting on the hill-side with a shepherd, and observing the sheep reposing in the coldest situation, he observed to him, "John, if I were a sheep, I would lie on the other side of the hill." The shepherd answered, "Ah, my lord, but if ye had been a *sheep* ye would hae had mair sense."

CXCVI.—CONSIDERABLE LATITUDE.

SIR RICHARD JEBB being called to see a patient who fancied himself very ill, told him ingenuously what he thought, and declined prescribing for him. "Now you are here," said the patient, "I shall be obliged to you, Sir Richard, if you will tell me how I must live; what I may eat, and what I may not." "My directions as to that point," replied Sir Richard, "will be few and simple! You must not eat the poker, shovel, or tongs, for they are hard of digestion; nor the bellows, because they are *windy*; but eat anything else you please!"

CXCVII.—FARMER AND ATTORNEY.

AN opulent farmer applied to an attorney about a lawsuit, but was told he could not undertake it, being already engaged on the other side; at the same time he gave him a letter of recommendation to a professional friend. The farmer, out of curiosity, opened it, and read as follows:—

"Here are two fat wethers fallen out together,
If you'll fleece one, I'll fleece the other,
And make 'em agree like brother and brother,

The perusal of this epistle cured both parties, and terminated the dispute.

CXCVIII.—A WIFE AT FORTY.

"MY notion of a wife at forty," said Jerrold, "is, that a man should be able to change her, like a bank-note, for two twenties."

CXCIX.—DISAPPROBATION.

AN actor played a season at Richmond theatre for the privilege only of having a benefit. When his night came, and having to sustain a principal part in the piece, the whole of his audience (thirty in number), hissed him whenever he appeared. When the piece ended, he came forward and said, "Ladies and gentlemen, I return you my sincere thanks for your kindness, but when you mean to hiss me again on my benefit night, I hope you will be at least *six times* as many as are here to-night."

CC.—NOVEL OFFENCE.

COOKE and Dibdin went, at a tolerably steady quickstep, as far as the middle of Greek Street, when Cooke, who had passed his hand along all the palisades and shutters as he marched, came in contact with the recently-painted new front of a coachmaker's shop, from which he obtained a complete handful of wet colour. Without any explanation as to the cause of his anger, he rushed suddenly into the middle of the street, and raised a stone to hurl against the unoffending windows; but Dibdin was in time to save them from destruction, and him from the watch-house. On being asked the cause of his hostility to the premises of a man who could not have offended him, he replied, with a hiccup, "What! not offend? A —— ignorant coachmaker, to leave his *house out*, new-painted, at this time of night!"

CCI.—MEASURING HIS DISTANCE.

A BROWBEATING counsel asked a witness how far he had been from a certain place. "Just four yards, two feet, and six inches," was the reply. "How came you to be so exact, my friend?" "Because I expected *some fool* or other would ask me, and so I measured it."

CCII.—VERY CLEAR.

"WHAT is light?" asked a schoolmaster of the boy of a class. "A sovereign that isn't full weight is light," was the prompt reply.

CCIII.—BROTHERLY LOVE.

"AH!" said a conceited young parson, "I have this afternoon been preaching to a congregation of asses." "Then that was the reason why you always called them *beloved brethren*," replied a strong-minded lady.

CCIV.—EPIGRAM.

By a friend of Sir Turncoat 'twas lately averr'd,
The electors would find him as good as his word!
"As good as his word," did you say, "gracious me!
"What a terrible scamp! 'till Turncoat must be!"

CCV.—MODEST.

It has been said that a lady once asked Lord B—g—m who was the best debater in the House of Lords. His lordship modestly replied, "Lord Stanley is the *second*, madam."

CCVL.—A JOINT CONCERN.

A STUPID fellow employed in blowing a cathedral organ, said, after the performance of a fine anthem, "I think we performed very well to-day." "*We* performed!" answered the organist; "I think it was *I* performed, or I have much mistaken." Shortly after another celebrated piece of music was to be played. In the middle of the anthem the organ stopped; the organist cried out in a passion, "Why don't you blow?" The fellow popped out his head from behind the organ, and said, "Shall it be *we* then?"

CCVII.—PROFESSIONAL.

AN editor at a dinner-table being asked if he would take some pudding, replied, in a fit of abstraction, "Owing to a crowd of other matter, we are unable to find room for it."

CCVIII.—A GOOD REASON.

A RICH peer resolved to make his will; and having remembered all his domestics except his steward, the omission was respectfully pointed out to him by the lawyer. "I shall leave him nothing," said the nobleman, "because he has *served me* these twenty years."

CCIX.—ON A BAD MAN.

By imbecility and fears
Will is restrain'd from doing ill ;
His mind a porcupine appears,
A porcupine *without a quill*.

CCX.—A CLEVER DOG.

AFTER witnessing the first representation of a dog-piece by Reynolds, called the "Caravan," Sheridan suddenly came into the green-room, on purpose, it was imagined, to wish the author joy. "Where is he?" was the first question: "where is my guardian angel?" "Here I am," answered Reynolds. "Pooh!" replied Sheridan, "I don't mean *you*, I mean *the dog*."

CCXI.—A KNOTTY POINT.

THE Bristol magistrates were at the time of the great riots *scattered* through the town. They argued that under the circumstances it was impossible they could have been *collected*.

CCXII.—GEORGE SELWYN.

THIS gentleman travelling in a stage-coach was interrupted by the frequent impertinence of a companion, who was constantly teasing him with questions and asking him how he did. "How are you now, sir?" said the impertinent. George, in order to get rid of his importunity, replied, "Very well; and I intend to continue so *all the rest* of the journey."

CCXIII.—EMPEROR OF CHINA.

SIR G. STAUNTON related a curious anecdote of old Kien Long, Emperor of China. He was inquiring of Sir George the manner in which physicians were paid in England. When, after some difficulty, his majesty was made to comprehend the system, he exclaimed, "Is any man well in England, that can afford to be ill? Now, I will inform you," said he, "how I manage my physicians. I have four, to whom the care of my health is committed: a certain weekly salary is allowed them, but the moment I am ill, the salary stops till I am well again. I need not inform you my illnesses are *usually short*."

CCXIV.—LANDLORD AND TENANTS.

SAYS his landlord to Thomas, "Your rent I must raise,
 I'm so plaguily pinch'd for the pelf."
 "Raise my rent!" replies Thomas; "your honour's main
 good;
 For I never can *raise it* myself."

CCXV.—AN UGLY DOG.

JERROLD had a favourite dog that followed him everywhere. One day in the country, a lady who was passing turned round and said, audibly, "What an ugly little brute!" whereupon Jerrold, addressing the lady, replied, "Oh, madam! I wonder what he thinks *about us* at this moment!"

CCXVI.—THE WRONG LEG.

MATHEWS being invited by D'Egville to dine one day with him at Brighton, D'Egville inquired what was Mathew's favourite dish? A roasted leg of pork, with sage and onions. This was provided; and D'Egville, carving, could not find the stuffing. He turned the joint about, but in vain. Poole was at table, and, in his quiet way, said, "Don't make yourself unhappy, D'Egville; *perhaps it is in the other leg.*"

CCXVII.—FEMALE TALKERS.

It was customary in some parish churches for the men to be placed on one side, and the women on the other. A clergyman, in the midst of his sermon, found himself interrupted by the talking of some of the congregation, of which he was obliged to take notice. A woman immediately rose, and wishing to clear her own sex from the aspersion, said: "Observe, at least, your reverence, it is not on our side." "So much the better, good woman, so much the better," answered the clergyman; "it will be the *sooner over.*"

CCXVIII.—FIGHTING BY MEASURE.

THE usual place of resort for Dublin duellists was called the Fifteen Acres. An attorney of that city, in penning a challenge, thought most likely he was drawing a lease, and invited his antagonist to meet him at "the place called Fifteen Acres—be the same more or less."

CCXIX.—SUGGESTION.

"Do you know what made my voice so melodious?" said a celebrated vocal performer, of awkward manners, to Charles Bannister. "No," replied the other. "Why, then, I'll tell you: when I was about fifteen, I swallowed, by accident, some train oil." "I don't think," rejoined Bannister, "it would have done you any harm if, at the same time, you had *swallowed a dancing-master!*"

CCXX.—THE FORCE OF SATIRE.

JACOB JOHNSON, the publisher, having refused to advance Dryden a sum of money for a work upon which engaged, the incensed bard sent a message to him, and the following lines, adding, "Tell the dog that he who wrote these can write more:"

"With leering looks, bull-neck'd, and freckled face
With two left legs, and Judas-coloured hair,
And frowsy pores, that taint the ambient air!"

Johnson felt the force of the description; and, to avoid a completion of the portrait, immediately sent the money.

CCXXI.—THE ANGLO-FRENCH ALLIANCE.

JERROLD was in France, and with a Frenchman who was enthusiastic on the subject of the Anglo-French alliance. He said that he was proud to see the English and French such good friends at last. "Tut! the best thing I know between France and England is—*the sea*," said Jerrold.

CCXXII.—QUIN'S SAYING.

ON the 30th of January, (the martyrdom of King Charles the First,) Quin used to say, "Every king in Europe would rise with a *crick in his neck*."

CCXXIII.—A GOOD REASON.

A CERTAIN minister going to visit one of his sick parishioners, asked him how he had rested during the night. "Oh, wondrous ill, sir," replied he, "for mine eyes have not come together these three nights." "What is the reason of that?" said the other. "Alas! sir," says he, "because *my nose* was betwixt them."

CCXXIV.—BILLY BROWN AND THE COUNSELLOR.

WHEN Mr. Sheridan pleaded in court his own cause, and that of the Drury Lane Theatre, an Irish labourer, known amongst the actors by the name of Billy Brown, was called upon to give his evidence. Previous to his going into court, the counsellor, shocked at the shabby dress of the witness, began to remonstrate with him on this point—"You should have put on your Sunday clothes, and not think of coming into court covered with lime and brick-dust—it detracts from the credit of your evidence." "*Be cool, Mr. Counsellor,*" said Billy, "*only be cool, you're in your working-dress, and I am in mine; and that's that.*"

CCXXV.—THE RULING PASSION AFTER DEATH.

A DRUNKEN witness leaving the box, blurted out, "My Lord, I never cared for anything but women and horseflesh!" Mr. Justice Maule: "Oh, you never cared for anything but women and horseflesh? Then I advise you to go home and make your will, or, if you have made it, put a codicil to it, and direct your executors, as soon as you are dead, to have you flayed, and to have your skin made into side-saddles, and then, whatever happens, you will have the satisfaction of reflecting that, after death, some part of you will be constantly in contact with what, in life, were the *dearest objects* of your affections."

CCXXVI.—CUT AND COME AGAIN.

A GENTLEMAN who was on a tour, attended by an Irish servant-man, who drove the vehicle, was several times puzzled with the appearance of a charge in the man's daily account, entered as "Refreshment for the horse, *2d.*" At length he asked Dennis about it. "Och! sure," said he, "it's *whipcord* it is!"

CCXXVII.—CALIBAN'S LOOKING-GLASS.

"A REMARKABLY ugly and disagreeable man sat opposite Jerrold at a dinner-party. Before the cloth was removed Jerrold accidentally broke a glass. Whereupon the ugly gentleman, thinking to twit his opposite neighbour with great effect, said silyly, "What, already, Jerrold! Now I never break a glass." "I wonder at that," was Jerrold's instant reply, "you ought whenever *you look in one.*"

CCXXVIII.—UNION IS STRENGTH.

A KIND-HEARTED, but somewhat weak-headed, parishioner in the far north got into the pulpit of the parish church one Sunday before the minister, who happened on that day to be rather behind time. "Come down, Jamie," said the minister, "that's my place." "Come ye up, Sir," replied Jamie; "they are a stiff-necked and rebellious generation the people o' this place, and it will *take us baith* to manage them."

CCXXIX.—FRENCH PRECIPITATION.

THE late Mr. Pétion, who was sent over into this country to acquire a knowledge of our criminal law, is said to have declared himself thoroughly informed upon the subject, after remaining precisely *two-and-thirty minutes* in the Old Bailey.

CCXXX.—MAKING IT UP.

AN attorney being informed by his cook that there was not dinner enough provided, upon one occasion when *company* were expected, he asked if she had *brothed* the clerks. She replied that she had done so. "Well then," said he, "broth 'em *again*."

CCXXXI.—OLD STORIES OVER AGAIN.

BUBB DODDINGTON was very lethargic. Falling asleep one day, after dinner with Sir Richard Temple and Lord Cobham, the latter reproached Doddington with his drowsiness. Doddington denied having been asleep; and to prove he had not, offered to repeat all Lord Cobham had been saying. Cobham challenged him to do so. Doddington repeated a story; and Lord Cobham owned he had been telling it. "Well," said Doddington, "and yet I did not hear a word of it; but I went to sleep, because I knew that about this time of day *you would tell that story*."

CCXXXII.—HUMOUR UNDER DIFFICULTIES.

A CRITIC one day talked to Jerrold about the humour of a celebrated novelist, dramatist, and poet, who was certainly no humourist.

"Humour!" exclaimed Jerrold, "why he sweats at a joke, like a Titan at a thunderbolt!"

CCXXXIII.—EQUALITY.

SOME one was praising our public schools to Charles Landseer, and said: "All our best men were public school men. Look at our poets. There's Byron, he was a Harrow boy—" "Yes," interrupted Charles, "and there's Burns—he was a *ploughboy*."

CCXXXIV.—QUITE NATURAL.

"DID any of you ever see an elephant's skin?" asked the master of an infant school in a fast neighbourhood.—"I have!" shouted a six-year-old at the foot of the class.—"Where?" inquired old spectacles, amused by his earnestness.—"*On the elephant!*" was the reply.

CCXXXV.—MISER'S CHARITY.

AN illiterate person, who always volunteered to "go round with the hat," but was suspected of sparing his own pocket, overhearing once a hint to that effect, replied, "Other gentlemen puts down what they thinks proper, and so do I. Charity's a private concern, and what I give is *nothing to nobody*."

CCXXXVI.—SHAKING HANDS.

AT a duel the parties discharged their pistols without effect, whereupon one of the seconds interfered, and proposed that the combatants should shake hands. To this the other second objected, as unnecessary—"For," said he, "their hands have been *shaking* this half-hour."

CCXXXVII.—MILTON ON WOMAN.

MILTON was asked by a friend whether he would instruct his daughters in the different languages: to which he replied, "No, sir; one tongue is sufficient for a woman."

CCXXXVIII.—EPIGRAM.

(On bank notes being made a legal tender.)

THE privilege *hard* money to demand,
It seems but fair the public should surrender;
For I confess I ne'er could understand,
Why cash called *hard*, should be a legal *tender*.

CCXXXIX.—A GOOD REASON.

"THAT's a pretty bird, grandma," said a little boy. "Yes," replied the old dame, "and *he* never cries." "That's because he's never washed," rejoined the youngster.

CCXL.—ON FARREN, THE ACTOR.

IF Farren, cleverest of men,
Should go to the right about,
What part of town will he be then?
Why, "Farren-done-without!"

CCXLI.—PADDY'S LOGIC.

"THE sun is all very well," said an Irishman, "but the moon is worth two of it; for the moon affords us light in the night-time, when we *want it*, whereas the sun's with us in the day-time, when we have *no occasion for it*."

CCXLII.—WARNING TO LADIES.

BEWARE of falling in love with a pair of moustaches, till you have ascertained whether their wearer is the original proprietor.

CCXLIII.—A MOT OF DE FOE.

WHEN Sir Richard Steele was made a member of the Commons, it was expected from his writings that he would have been an admirable orator; but not proving so, De Foe said, "He had better have continued the *Spectator* than the *Tatler*."

CCXLIV.—A FAIR REPULSE.

AT the time of the threatened invasion, the laird of Logan had been taunted at a meeting at Ayr with want of a loyal spirit at Cumnock, as at that place no volunteer corps had been raised to meet the coming danger; Cumnock, it should be recollected, being on a high situation, and ten or twelve miles from the coast. "What sort of people are you, up at Cumnock?" said an Ayr gentleman; "you have not a single volunteer!" "Never you heed," says Logan, very quietly; "if the French land at Ayr, there will soon be *plenty of volunteers up at Cumnock*."

CCXLV.—CLAW AND CLAW.

LORD ERSKINE and Dr. Parr, who were both remarkably conceited, were in the habit of conversing together, and complimenting each other on their respective abilities. On one of these occasions, Parr promised that he would write Erskine's epitaph; to which the other replied, that "such an intention on the doctor's part was almost a temptation to commit suicide."

CCXLVI.—THE BISHOP AND HIS PORTMANTEAU.

THE other day, a certain bishop lost his portmanteau. The circumstance has given rise to the following :—

I have lost my portmanteau—

"I pity your grief ;"

It contained all my sermons—

"I pity the thief."

CCXLVII.—FORCE OF NATURE.

S——'s head appears to be placed in most accurate conformity with the law of nature, in obedience to which that which is most *empty* is generally *uppermost*.

CCXLVIII.—BLOWING A NOSE.

SIR WILLIAM CHERE had a very long nose, and was playing at backgammon with old General Brown. During this time, Sir William, who was a snuff-taker, was continually using his snuff-box. Observing him leaning continually over the table, and being at the same time in a very bad humour with the game, the general said, "Sir William, blow your nose!"—"Blow it *yourself*!" said Sir William; "'tis as near you as me!"

CCXLIX.—TOO CIVIL.

MACKLIN one night sitting at the back of the front boxes, with a gentleman of his acquaintance, an underbred loungeer stood up immediately before him, and covered the sight of the stage entirely from him. Macklin patted him gently on the shoulder with his cane, and, with much seeming civility, requested "that when he saw or heard anything that was

entertaining on the stage, to let him and the gentleman with him know of it, as at present we must totally depend on *your kindness*." This had the desired effect—and the lounge walked off.

CCL.—TORY LIBERALITY.

A CERTAIN anti-illuminating marquis, since the memorable night of the passing of the Reform Bill, has constantly kept *open house*, at least, so we are informed by a person who lately looked in at his windows.

CCLI.—A CAPITAL JOKE.

LORD BRAXFIELD (a Scotch judge) once said to an eloquent culprit at the bar, "You're a vera clever chiel, mon, but I'm thinking ye wad be nane *the waur o' a hanging*."

CCLII.—PIG-HEADED.

MR. JUSTICE P——, a well-meaning but particularly prosing judge, on one of his country circuits had to try a man for stealing a quantity of copper. In his charge he had frequent occasion to mention the "copper," which he uniformly called "lead," adding, "I beg your pardon, gentlemen—*copper*; but *I can't get the lead out of my head!*" At this candid confession the whole court shouted with laughter.

CCLIII.—BURIED WORTH.

SIR THOMAS OVERBURY says, that the man who has not anything to boast of but his illustrious ancestors, is like a potato—the only good belonging to him is *underground*.

CCLIV.—A JUST DEBTOR.

ON one occasion Lord Alvanley had promised a person 100*l.* as a bribe, to conceal something which would have involved the reputation of a lady. On that person's application for the money, his lordship wrote a check for 25*l.* and presented it to him. "But, my lord, you promised me 100*l.*"—"True," said his lordship, "I did so; but you know, Mr. —, that I am now making arrangements with all my creditors at 5*s. in the pound*. Now you must see, Mr. —, that if I were to pay you at a higher rate than I pay them, I should be doing my creditors an injustice!"

CCLV.—A SOUND CONCLUSION.

SIR WILLIAM CURTIS sat near a gentleman at a civic dinner, who alluded to the excellence of the knives, adding, that "articles manufactured from *cast steel* were of a very superior quality, such as razors, forks, &c."—"Ay," replied the facetious baronet, "and soap too—there's no soap like *Castile soap*."

CCLVI.—CUTTING HIS COAT.

WHEN Brummell was the great oracle on coats, the Duke of Leinster was very anxious to bespeak the approbation of the "Emperor of the Dandies" for a "cut" which he had just patronised. The Duke, in the course of his eulogy on his Schneider, had frequent occasion to use the words "my coat."—"Your coat, my dear fellow," said Brummell: "what coat?"—"Why, *this* coat," said Leinster; "this coat that I have on." Brummell, after regarding the vestment with an air of infinite scorn, walked up to the duke, and taking the collar between his finger and thumb, as if fearful of contamination—"What, duke, do you call *that thing* a coat?"

CCLVII.—NON SEQUITUR.

ONE of Sir Boyle Roche's children asked him one day, "Who was the father of George III.?"—"My darling," he answered, "it was Frederick, Prince of Wales, who would have been George III. if he had lived."

CCLVIII.—ANY PORT IN A STORM.

A VERY worthy, though not particularly erudite, underwriter at Lloyd's was conversing one day with a friend on the subject of a ship they had mutually insured. His friend observed, "Do you know that I suspect our ship is in *jeopardy*."—"Well, I am glad that she has got *into some port at last*," replied the other.

CCLIX.—INGRATITUDE.

WHEN Brennan, the noted highwayman, was taken in the south of Ireland, a banker, whose notes at that time were not held in the highest estimation, assured the prisoner that he was very glad to see him there at last. Brennan, looking up, replied, "Ah! sir! I did not expect that from *you*: for you know that, when all the country refused your notes, I *took* them."

CCLX.—NOT SO BAD FOR A KING.

GEORGE IV., on hearing some one declare that Moore had murdered Sheridan, in his late life of that statesman, observed, "I won't say that Mr. Moore has *murdered* Sheridan, but he has certainly *attempted his life*."

CCLXI.—A BAD CROP.

AFTER a long drought, there fell a torrent of rain: and a country gentleman observed to Sir John Hamilton, "This is a most delightful rain; I hope it will bring up *everything out of the ground*."—"By Jove, sir," said Sir John, "I hope not; for I have sowed three wives in it, and I should be very sorry to see them come up again."

CCLXII.—"NONE SO BLIND, ETC."

DANIEL PURCELL, who was a non-juror, was telling a friend, when King George the First landed at Greenwich, that he had a full view of him: "Then," said his friend, "you know him by sight."—"Yes," replied Daniel, "I think I know him, *but I can't swear to him*."

CCLXIII.—DUPLEX MOVEMENT.

A WORTHY alderman, captain of a volunteer corps, was ordering his company to fall back, in order to dress with the line, and gave the word—"Advance three paces *backwards*! march!"

CCLXIV.—COULEUR DE ROSE.

AN officer in full regimentals, apprehensive lest he should come in contact with a chimney-sweep that was pressing towards him, exclaimed, "Keep off, you black rascal."—"You were as black as me before you were *boiled*," cried sooty.

CCLXV.—A FEELING WITNESS.

A LAWYER, upon a circuit in Ireland, who was pleading the cause of an infant plaintiff, took the child up in his arms, and presented it to the jury, suffused with tears. This had a great effect, until the opposite lawyer asked the child—"What made him cry?"—"He *pinched me*!" answered the little innocent. The whole court was convulsed with laughter.

CCLXVI.—EXTREMES MEET.

AN Irish gardener seeing a boy stealing some fruit, swore, if he caught him there again, he'd lock him up in the *ice-house*, and *warm* his jacket.

CCLXVII.—DR. WEATHER-EYE.

AN Irish gentleman was relating in company that he *saw* a terrible wind the other night. "*Saw* a wind!" said another, "I never heard of a wind being seen. But, pray, what was it like?"—"Like to have blown my house about my ears," replied the first.

CCLXVIII.—HESITATION IN HIS WRITING.

AN old woman received a letter, and, supposing it to be from one of her absent sons, she called on a person near to read it to her. He accordingly began and read—"Charleston, June 23, 1859. Dear mother," then making a stop to find out what followed (as the writing was rather bad), the old lady exclaimed—"Oh, 'tis my poor Jerry; he always stutted!"

CCLXIX.—A GUIDE TO GOVERNMENT SITUATIONS.

DR. HENNIKER, being engaged in private conversation with the great Earl of Chatham, his lordship asked him how he defined wit. "My lord," said the doctor, "wit is like what a pension would be, given by your lordship to your humble servant, *a good thing well applied.*"

CCLXX.—NATURAL TRANSMUTATION.

THE house of Mr. Dundas, late President of the Court of Session in Scotland, having after his death been converted into a blacksmith's shop, a gentleman wrote upon its door the following impromptu :—

"The house a lawyer once enjoy'd,
Now to a smith doth pass;
How naturally the *iron age*
Succeeds the *age of brass!*"

CCLXXI.—CRITICS.

LORD BACON, speaking of commentators, critics, &c., said, "With all their pretensions, they were only *brushers* of noblemen's clothes."

CCLXXII.—QUESTION AND ANSWER.

A QUAKER was examined before the Board of Excise, respecting certain duties; the commissioners thinking themselves disrespectfully treated by his *theeing* and *thowing*, one of them with a stern countenance asked him—"Pray, sir, do you know what *we sit here for*?"—"Yea," replied Nathan, "I do; some of thee for a thousand, and others for seventeen hundred and fifty pounds a-year."

CCLXXIII.—A TRUE JOKE.

A MAN having been capitally convicted at the Old Bailey, was, as usual, asked what he had to say why judgment of death should not pass against him? "Say!" replied he, "why, I think the joke has been carried far enough already, and the less that is said about it the better: if you please, my lord, *we'll drop the subject*."

CCLXXIV.—THE CART BEFORE THE HORSE.

A JUDGE asked a man what age he was. "I am eight and four-score, my lord," says he.—"And why not four-score and eight?" says the judge.—"Because," replied he, "I was *eight* before I was four-score."

CCLXXV.—A CITY VARNISH.

It being remarked of a picture of "The Lord Mayor and Court of Aldermen," in the Shakespeare Gallery, that the varnish was chilled and the figures rather sunk, the proprietors directed one of their assistants to give it a fresh coat of varnish. "Must I use copal or mastic?" said the young man.—"Neither one nor the other," said a gentleman present; "if you wish to *bring the figures out*, varnish it with *turtle soup*."

CCLXXVI.—A RUB AT A RASCAL.

GEORGE COLMAN being once told that a man whose character was not very immaculate had grossly abused him, pointedly remarked, that "the scandal and ill report of some persons that might be mentioned was like fuller's earth, it *dabs your coat* a little for a time, but when it is *rubbed off* your coat is so much the cleaner."

CCLXXVII.—A SAGE SIMILE.

MR. THACKERAY once designated a certain noisy tragedian
 "Macready and *onions*."

CCLXXVIII.—AN ARCHITECTURAL PUN.

On the Statue of George I. being placed on the top of Bloomsbury Church.

THE King of Great Britain was reckon'd before
 The *head of the Church* by all Protestant people ;
 His Bloomsbury subjects have made him still more,
 For with them he is now made the *head of the steeple*.

CCLXXIX.—THE MAJESTY OF MUD.

DURING the rage of republican principles in England, and whilst the Corresponding Society was in full vigour, Mr. Selwyn one May-day met a troop of chimney-sweepers, dressed out in all their gaudy trappings ; and observed to Mr. Fox, who was walking with him, "I say, Charles, I have often heard you and others talk of the *majesty* of the people ; but I never saw any of the young *princes and princesses* till now."

CCLXXX.—A PROVIDENT BOY.

AN avaricious fenman, who kept a very scanty table, dining one Saturday with his son at an ordinary in Cambridge, whispered in his ear, "Tom, you must eat for to-day and to-morrow."—"O yes," retorted the half-starved lad, "but I han't eaten for *yesterday* and *to-day* yet, father."

CCLXXXI.—A QUERY ANSWERED.

"WHY, pray, of late do Europe's kings
 No jester to their courts admit ?"
 "They're grown such stately solemn things,
 To bear a joke they think not fit.
 But though each court a jester lacks,
 To laugh at monarchs to their faces,
 Yet all mankind, behind their backs,
 Supply the honest jesters' places."

CCLXXXII.—A WOMAN'S PROMISES.

ANGER may sometimes make dull men witty, but it keeps them poor. Queen Elizabeth seeing a disappointed courtier

walking with a melancholy face in one of her gardens, asked him, "What does a man think of when he thinks of nothing?"—"Of a woman's promises!" was the reply; to which the Queen returned, "I must not *confute* you, Sir Edward," and she left him.

CCLXXXIII.—THE MEDICINE MUST BE OF USE.

SARAH, Duchess of Marlborough, once pressing the duke to take a medicine, with her usual warmth said, "I'll be hanged if it do not prove serviceable." Dr. Garth, who was present, exclaimed, "Do take it, then, my lord duke, for it must be of *service* one way or the other."

CCLXXXIV.—ROYAL FAVOUR.

A LOW fellow boasted in very hyperbolical terms that the king had spoken to him; and being asked what his Majesty had said, replied, "He bade me *stand out of the way*."

CCLXXXV.—BLACK AND WHITE.

THE Tories vow the Whigs are black as night,
And boast that they are only bless'd with light.
Peel's politics to both sides so incline,
He may be called the *equinoctial line*.

CCLXXXVI.—THE WORST OF ALL CRIMES.

AN old offender being asked whether he had committed all the crimes laid to his charge? answered, "I have done still worse! I suffered myself to be apprehended."

CCLXXXVII.—A PHENOMENON ACCOUNTED FOR.

DR. BYRON, of Manchester, eminent for his promptitude at an epigram, being once asked how it could happen that a lady rather stricken in years looked so much better in an evening than a morning, thus replied:—

"Ancient Phyllis has young graces,
'Tis a strange thing, but a true one.
Shall I tell you how?
She herself makes her own faces,
And each morning wears a new one!
Where's the wonder now?"

CCLXXXVIII.—BRIGHT AND SHARP.

A LITTLE boy having been much praised for his quickness of reply, a gentleman present observed, that when children were keen in their youth, they were generally stupid and dull when they were advanced in years, and *vice versâ*. "What a *very sensible boy*, sir, must *you* have been!" returned the child.

CCLXXXIX.—A WOODMAN.

A YOUNG man, boasting of his health and constitutional stamina, was asked to what he chiefly attributed so great a happiness. "To laying in a good foundation, to be sure. I make a point, sir, to eat a great *deal* every morning."—"Then I presume, sir, you usually breakfast in a *timber-yard*," was the rejoinder.

CCXC.—HUMAN HAPPINESS.

A CAPTAIN in the navy, meeting a friend as he landed at Portsmouth, boasted that he had left his whole ship's company the *happiest* fellows in the world. "How so?" asked his friend.—"Why, I have just flogged seventeen, and they are happy it is over; and all the rest are happy that they have escaped."

CCXCI.—MEASURE FOR MEASURE.

A FELLOW stole Lord Chatham's large gouty shoes: his servant, not finding them, began to curse the thief. "Never mind," said his lordship, "all the harm I wish the rogue is, that the shoes may *fit him*!"

CCXCII.—A DESERVED RETORT.

A SPENDTHRIFT, who had nearly wasted all his patrimony, seeing an acquaintance in a coat not of the newest cut, told him that he thought it had been his great-grandfather's coat. "So it was," said the gentleman, "and I have also my great-grandfather's *lands*, which is more than you can say."

CCXCIII.—A POETICAL SHAPE.

WHEN Mr. Pope once dined at Lord Chesterfield's, some one observed that he should have known Pope was a great poet by his very shape; for it was *in and out*, like the lines of a *Pindaric ode*.

CCXCIV.—A COMMON CASE.

A SAILOR meeting an old acquaintance, whom the world had frowned upon a little, asked him where he lived? "Where I *live*," said he, "I don't know; but I *starve* towards Wapping, and that way."

CCXCV.—EPIGRAM.

YOU beat your pate, and fancy wit will come :
Knock as you will, there's nobody at home.

CCXCVI.—TOO COLD TO CHANGE.

A LADY reproving a gentleman during a hard frost for swearing, advised him to leave it off, saying it was a very bad habit. "Very true, madam," answered he, "but at present it is too cold to think of parting with any *habit*, be it ever so bad."

CCXCVII.—SEALING AN OATH.

"Do you," said Fanny, t'other day,
"In earnest love me as you say;
Or are those tender words applied
Alike to fifty girls beside?"
"Dear, cruel girl," cried I, "forbear,
For by those eyes—those *lips* I swear!"
She stopp'd me as the oath I took,
And cried, "You've sworn—*now kiss the book*."

CCXCVIII.—A NEAT QUOTATION.

LORD NORBURY asking the reason of the delay that happened in a cause, was told that Mr. Serjeant *Joy*, who was to lead, was absent, but Mr. *Hope*, the solicitor, had said that he would return immediately. His lordship humorously repeated the well-known lines :—

"*Hope* told a flattering tale,
That *Joy* would soon return."

CCXCIX.—GOOD SPORT.

A GENTLEMAN on circuit narrating to Lord Norbury, some extravagant feat in sporting, mentioned that he had lately shot thirty-three hares before breakfast.—"Thirty-three *hairs*!" exclaimed Lord Norbury: "zounds, sir! then you must have been firing at a *wig*."

CCC.—AN UNRE-HEARSED EFFECT.

A NOBLE lord, not over courageous, was once so far engaged in an affair of honour, as to be drawn to Hyde Park to fight a duel. But just as he arrived at the Porter's Lodge, an empty *hearse* came by; on which his lordship's antagonist called out to the driver, "Stop here, my good fellow, a few minutes, and I'll send *you a fare*." This operated so strongly on his lordship's nerves, that he begged his opponent's pardon, and returned home in a whole skin.

CCCI.—A GOOD SERVANT.

"I CAN'T conceive," said one nobleman to another, "how it is that you manage. Though your estate is less than mine, I could not afford to live at the rate you do."—"My lord," said the other, "I have a place."—"A place? you amaze me, I never heard of it till now—pray what place?"—"I am my own steward."

CCCII.—BALANCING ACCOUNTS.

THEOPHILUS CIBBER, who was very extravagant, one day asked his father for a hundred pounds. "Zounds, sir," said Colly, "can't you live upon your salary? When I was your age, I never spent a farthing of my father's money."—"But you have spent a great deal of *my father's*," replied Theophilus. This retort had the desired effect.

CCCIII.—A NOVELTY.

A PERSON was boasting that he had never spoken the truth. "Then," added another, "you have *now* done it for the first time."

CCCIV.—SCOTCH UNDERSTANDING.

A LADY asked a very silly Scotch nobleman, how it happened that the Scots who came out of their own country were, generally speaking, men of more abilities than those who remained at home. "Oh, madam," said he, "the reason is obvious. At every outlet there are persons stationed to examine all who pass, that, for the honour of the country, no one be permitted to leave it who is not a man of understanding."—"Then," said she, "I suppose your lordship was *smuggled*."

CCCV.—BRUTAL AFFECTIONS.

THE attachment of some ladies to their lap-dogs amounts, in some instances, to infatuation. An ill-tempered lap-dog biting a piece out of a male visitor's leg: his mistress thus expressed her *compassion*: "Poor little dear creature! I hope it will not make him sick!"

CCCVI.—AN INTRODUCTORY CEREMONY.

AN alderman of London once requested an author to write a speech for him to speak at Guildhall. "I must first dine with you," replied he, "and see how you open your mouth, *that I may know what sort of words will fit it.*"

CCCVII.—WHIG AND TORY.

WHIG and Tory scratch and bite,
Just as hungry dogs we see;
Toss a bone 'twixt two, they fight;
Throw a couple, they agree.

CCCVIII.—CONTRABAND SCOTCHMAN.

A PERSON was complimenting Mrs. — on her acting a certain female character so well. "To do justice to that character," replied the lady, modestly, "one should be young and handsome." "Nay, madam," replied the gentleman, "you are a complete proof of the *contrary.*"

CCCIX.—A PLACEBO.

WHEN Mr. Canning was about giving up Gloucester Lodge, Brompton, he said to his gardener, as he took a farewell look of the grounds—"I am sorry, Fraser, to leave this *old* place."—"Psha, sir," said George, "don't fret; when you had this *old* place, you were *out* of place; now you are *in* place, you can get both *yourself and me a better place.*" The hint was taken, and old George provided for.

CCCX.—A PLACE WANTED.

A GENTLEMAN, who did not live very happily with his wife, on the maid telling him that she was about to give her mistress warning, as she kept scolding her from morning till night. "Happy girl!" said the master, "I wish I could give *warning* too."

CCCXI.—NOT TO BE BOUGHT.

A COMMON-COUNCILMAN'S lady paying her daughter a visit at school, and inquiring what progress she had made in her education, the governess answered, "Pretty good, madam, she is very attentive: if she wants anything it is a *capacity*: but for *that* deficiency you know we must not blame *her*."—"No, madam," replied the mother, "but I blame *you* for not having mentioned it before. Her father can afford his daughter a *capacity*; and I beg she may have one immediately, cost what it may."

CCCXII.—SIGN OF BEING CRACKED.

IN a cause respecting a will, evidence was given to prove the testatrix, an apothecary's widow, a lunatic; amongst other things, it was deposed that she had swept a quantity of pots, lotions, potions, &c., into the street as rubbish. "I doubt," said the learned judge, "whether sweeping *physic* into the street be any proof of insanity."—"True, my lord," replied the counsel, "but sweeping the *pots* away, certainly was."

CCCXIII.—CRUEL SUGGESTION.

LORD STANLEY came plainly dressed to request a private audience of King James I., but was refused admittance into the royal closet by a sprucely-dressed countryman of the king's. James hearing the altercation between the two, came out and inquired the cause. "My liege," said Lord Stanley, "this gay countryman of yours has refused me admittance to your presence."—"Cousin," said the king, "how shall I punish him? Shall I send him to the Tower?"—"O, no, my liege," replied Lord Stanley, "inflict a severer punishment—*send him back to Scotland!*"

CCCXIV.—AN ODD FELLOW.

LORD WILLOUGBY DE BROKE was a very singular character, and had more peculiarities than any nobleman of his day. Coming once out of the House of Peers, and not seeing his servant among those who were waiting at the door, he called out in a very loud voice, "Where can my *fellow* be?"—"Not in Europe, my lord," said Anthony Henley, who happened to be near him, "*not in Europe.*"

CCCXV.—POST-MORTEM.

ONE of Cromwell's grand-daughters was remarkable for her vivacity and humour. One summer, being in company at Tunbridge Wells, a gentleman having taken great offence at some sarcastic observation she made, intending to insult her, said, "You need not give yourself such airs, madam; you know your grandfather was hanged."—To which she instantly replied, "But not till he was *dead*."

CCCXVI.—KNOWING HIS PLACE.

AT a grand review by George III. of the Portsmouth fleet in 1789, there was a boy who mounted the shrouds with so much agility as to surprise every spectator. The king particularly noticed it, and said to Lord Lothian, "Lothian, I have heard much of your agility; let us see you run up after that boy."—"Sire," replied Lord Lothian, "it is my duty to *follow your majesty*."

CCCXVII.—AN ATTIC JEST.

SHERIDAN inquiring of his son what side of politics he should espouse on his inauguration to St. Stephen's, the son replied, that he intended to vote for those who offered best, and that he should wear on his forehead a label, "To let." "I suppose, Tom, you mean to add, *unfurnished*," rejoined the father.

CCCXVIII.—CUTTING ON BOTH SIDES.

LORD B——, who sported a ferocious pair of whiskers, meeting Mr. O'Connell in Dublin, the latter said, "When do you mean to place your whiskers on the *peace establishment*?"—"When you place your tongue on the *civil list*!" was the rejoinder.

CCCXIX.—A READY RECKONER.

A MATHEMATICIAN being asked by a wag, "If a pig weighs 200 pounds, how much will a great boar (*bore*?) weigh?" he replied, "Jump into the scales, and I will *tell you immediately*."

CCCXX.—CATCHING HIM UP.

AN Irishman being asked which was oldest, he or his brother, "I am eldest," said he, "but if my brother lives three years longer, we shall be *both* of an age."

CCCXXI.—A STOPPER.

A GENTLEMAN describing a person who often visited him for the sole purpose of having a long gossip, called him Mr. Jones the *stay-maker*.

CCCXXII.—A BOOK CASE.

THERE is a celebrated reply of Mr. Curran to a remark of Lord Clare, who curtly exclaimed at one of his legal positions, "O ! if that be law, Mr. Curran, I may burn my law-books !" — "Better *read* them, my lord," was the sarcastic and appropriate rejoinder.

CCCXXIII.—HINC ILLE LACHRYMÆ.

"THE mortality among Byron's mistresses," said the late Lady A—ll, "is really alarming. I think he generally buries, in verse, a first love every fortnight."—"Madam," replied Curran, "mistresses are not so mortal. The fact is, my lord weeps for the *press*, and wipes his eyes with the *public*."

CCCXXIV.—REASON FOR GOING TO CHURCH.

IT was observed of an old citizen that he was the most regular man in London in his attendance at church, and no man in the kingdom was more punctual in his prayers. "He has a very good reason for it," replied John Wilkes, "for, as he never gave a shilling, did a kindness, or conferred a favour on any man living, *no one would pray for him*."

CCCXXV.—A BISHOP AND CHURCHWARDEN.

BISHOP WARBURTON, going to Cirencester to confirm, he was supplied at the altar with an elbow-chair and a cushion, which he did not much like, and calling to the churchwarden said, "I suppose, sir, your fattest butcher has sat in this chair, and your most violent Methodist preacher thumped the cushion."

CCCXXVI.—STONE BLIND.

LORD BYRON's valet (Mr. Fletcher) grievously excited his master's ire by observing, while Byron was examining the remains of Athens :—"La me, my lord, what capital *mantel-pieces* that marble would make in England !"

CCCXXVII.—AGREEABLE AND NOT COMPLIMENTARY.

IN King William's time a Mr. Tredenham was taken before the Earl of Nottingham on suspicion of having treasonable papers in his possession. "I am only a poet," said the captive, "and those papers are my roughly-sketched play." The Earl examined the papers, however, and then returned them, saying:—"I have heard your statement and read your play, and as I can find *no trace of a plot* in either, you may go free."

CCCXXVIII.—DR. JOHNSON WITHOUT VARIATION.

DR. JOHNSON was observed by a musical friend of his to be extremely inattentive at a concert, whilst a celebrated solo player was running up the divisions and sub-divisions of notes upon his violin. His friend, to induce him to take greater notice of what was going on, told him how extremely difficult it was. "Difficult, do you call it, sir?" replied the doctor; "I wish it were *impossible*."

CCCXXIX.—MR. CANNING'S PARASITES.

NATURE descends down to infinite smallness. Mr. Canning has his parasites; and if you take a large buzzing blue-bottle fly, and look at it in a microscope, you may see twenty or thirty little ugly insects crawling about it, which doubtless think their fly to be the bluest, grandest, merriest, most important animal in the universe, and are convinced that the world would be at an end if it ceased to buzz.—S.S.

CCCXXX.—PLEASANT DESERTS.

A CERTAIN physician was so fond of administering medicine that, seeing all the phials and pill-boxes of his patient completely emptied, and ranged in order on the table, he said, "Ah, sir, it gives me pleasure to attend you—you *deserve* to be ill."

CCCXXXI.—A HOME ARGUMENT.

By one decisive argument
Tom gain'd his lovely Kate's consent,
To fix the bridal day.
"Why in such haste, dear Tom, to wed?
"I shall not change my mind," she said:
"But then," says he, "I *may*."

CCCCXXII.—A BAD PEN.

"NATURE has written 'honest man' on his face," said a friend to Jerrold, speaking of a person in whom Jerrold's faith was not altogether blind.—"Humph!" Jerrold replied, "then the pen must have been a very bad one."

CCCCXXIII.—WIGNELL THE ACTOR.

ONE of old Mr. Sheridan's favourite characters was *Cato*: and on its revival at Covent Garden Theatre, a Mr. Wignell assumed his old-established part of *Portius*; and having stepped forward with a prodigious though accustomed strut, began:—

"The dawn is overcast; the morning lowers,
And heavily, in clouds, brings on the day."

The audience upon this began to vociferate "Prologue! prologue! prologue!" when Wignell, finding them resolute, without betraying any emotion, pause, or change in his voice and manner, proceeded as if it were part of the play:—

"Ladies and gentlemen, there has been no
Prologue spoken to this play these twenty years—
The great, the important day, big with the fate
Of Cato and of Rome.

This wonderful effusion put the audience in good humour: they laughed immoderately, clapped, and shouted "*Bravo!*" and Wignell still continued with his usual composure and stateliness.

CCCCXXIV.—CANDOUR.

A NOTORIOUS egotist, indirectly praising himself for a number of good qualities which it was well known he had not, asked Macklin the reason why he should have this propensity of interfering in the good of others when he frequently met with very unsuitable returns. "The cause is plain enough," said Macklin; "*impudence*—nothing but stark-staring impudence!"

CXXXV.—A "COLD" COMPLIMENT.

A COXCOMB, teasing Dr. Parr with an account of his petty ailments, complained that he could never go out without catching cold in his head. "No wonder," returned the doctor; "you always go out without *anything* in it."

CCCCXXVI.—READY REPLY.

THE grass-plots in the college courts or quadrangles are not for the unhallowed feet of the under-graduates. Some, however, are hardy enough to venture, in despite of all remonstrance. A master of Trinity had often observed a student of his college invariably to cross the green, when, in obedience to the calls of his appetite, he went to hall to dine. One day the master determined to reprove the delinquent for invading the rights of his superiors, and for that purpose he threw up the sash at which he was sitting, and called to the student—"Sir, I never look out of my window but I see you walking across the grass-plot." "My lord," replied the offender instantly, "I never walk across the grass-plot, but I *see you* looking out of your window." The master, pleased at the readiness of the reply, closed his window, convulsed with laughter.

CCCCXXVII.—FULL PROOF.

LORD PETERBOROUGH was once taken by the mob for the great Duke of Marlborough (who was then in disgrace with them); and being about to be roughly treated, said—"Gentlemen, I can convince you by two reasons that I am not the Duke of Marlborough. In the first place, I have only *five guineas* in my pocket; and in the second, they are heartily at your service." He got out of their hands with loud huzzas and acclamations.

CCCCXXVIII.—EPIGRAM ON CIBBER.

IN merry Old England it once was the rule,
The king had his poet and also his fool;
But now we're so frugal, I'd have you to know it,
That Cibber can serve both for *fool* and for *poet*.

CCCCXXIX.—A PROPHECY.

CHARLES MATHEWS, the elder, being asked what he was going to do with his son (the young man's profession was to be that of an architect), "Why," answered the comedian, "he is going to *draw houses*, like his father."

CCCXL.—A FIXTURE.

DR. ROGER LONG, the celebrated astronomer, was walking, one dark evening, with a gentleman in Cambridge, when

the latter came to a short post fixed in the pavement, but which, in the earnestness of conversation, taking to be a boy standing in the path, he said hastily, "Get out of the way, boy." "That boy," said the doctor, very seriously, "is a *post-boy*, who never turns out of the way for anybody."

CCCXLI.—FAMILY PRIDE.

A YOUNG lady visiting in the family asked John at dinner for a potato. John made no response. The request was repeated; when John, putting his mouth to her ear, said, very audibly, "There's jist *two* in the dish, and they maun be *keepit* for the strangers."

CCCXLII.—EVIDENCE OF A JOCKEY.

THE following dialogue was lately heard at an assize:—
Counsel: "What was the height of the horse?" Witness: "Sixteen feet." Counsel: "How old was he?" Witness: "Six years." Counsel: "How high did you say he was?" Witness: "Sixteen hands." Counsel: "You said just now sixteen feet." Witness: "Sixteen feet! Did I say sixteen feet?" Counsel: "You did." Witness: "*If I did say sixteen feet, it was sixteen feet!*—you don't catch me crossing myself!"

CCCXLIII.—WAY OF THE WORLD.

DETERMINED beforehand, we gravely pretend
To ask the opinion and thoughts of a friend;
Should his differ from ours on any pretence,
We pity his want both of judgment and sense;
But if he falls into and flatters our plan,
Why, really we think him a sensible man.

CCCXLIV.—A BROAD-SHEET HINT.

IN the parlour of a public-house in Fleet Street, there used to be written over the chimney-piece the following notice:—"Gentlemen learning to *spell* are requested to use *yesterday's paper*."

CCCXLV.—MODEST MERIT.

A PLAYER applied to the manager of a respectable company for an engagement for himself and his wife, stating that his lady was capable of playing all the first line of business;

but as for himself he was "the worst actor in the world." They were engaged, and the lady answered the character which he had given of her. The gentleman having the part of a mere walking gentleman sent him for his first appearance, he asked the manager, indignantly, how could he put him in such a paltry part. "Sir," answered the other, "here is your own letter, stating that you were the *worst* actor in the world." "True," replied the other, "but then I had not *seen you*."

CCCXLVI.—SOFT, VERY!

SOME one had written upon a pane in the window of an inn on the Chester road, "Lord M—ms has the softest lips in the universe.—PHILLIS." Mrs. Abingdon saw this inscription, and wrote under it—

"Then as like as two chips
Are his head and his lips.—AMARILLIS."

CCCXLVII.—CAMBRIDGE ETIQUETTE.

CAMBRIDGE etiquette has been very happily caricatured by the following anecdote. A gowmsman, one day walking along the banks of the Cam, observing a luckless son of his Alma Mater in the agonies of *drowning*, "What a pity," he exclaimed, "that I have not had the honour of being *introduced* to the gentleman, I might have saved him;" and walked on, leaving the poor fellow to his fate.

CCCXLVIII.—EPIGRAM.

(On interminable harangues.)

YE fates that hold the vital shears,
If ye be troubled with remorse,
And will not cut ———'s *thread of life*,
Cut then the *thread of his discourse*.

CCCXLIX.—HALF-WAY.

A HORSEMAN crossing a moor, asked a countryman if it was safe riding. "Ay," answered the countryman, "it is hard enough at the *bottom*, I'll warrant you;" but in half-a-dozen steps the horse sunk up to the girths. "You story-telling rascal, you said it was hard at the *bottom*!" "Ay," replied the other, "but you are not *half-way* to the bottom yet."

CCCL.—SELF-KNOWLEDGE.

"—," said one of his eulogists, "always knows his own mind." We will cede the point, for it amounts to an admission that he *knows nothing*.

CCCLI.—TWO OF A TRADE.

WHEN Bannister was asked his opinion of a new singer that had appeared at Covent Garden, "Why," said Charles, he may be Robin Hood this season, but he will be *robbing* Harris (the manager) the next."

CCCLII.—A STRAY SHOT.

AN officer, in battle, happening to *bow*, a cannon-ball passed over his head, and took off that of the soldier who stood behind him. "You see," said he, "that a man never loses by politeness."

CCCLIII.—MILESIAN ADVICE.

"NEVER be critical upon the ladies," was the maxim of an old Irish peer, remarkable for his homage to the sex; "the only way in the world that a true gentleman ever will attempt to look at the faults of a pretty woman, is *to shut his eyes*."

CCCLIV.—MR. ABERNETHY.

A LADY who went to consult Mr. Abernethy, began describing her complaint, which is what he very much disliked. Among other things she said, "Whenever I lift my arm, it pains me exceedingly." "Why then, ma'am," answered Mr. A., "you are a great fool for *doing so*."

CCCLV.—THE DEBT PAID.

To John I owed great obligation,
But John, unhappily, thought fit
To publish it to all the nation;
Sure John and I are more than quit.

CCCLVI.—EXTREMES MEET.

A CLEVER literary friend of Jerrold, and one who could take a joke, told him he had just had "some calf's-tail soup." "Extremes meet sometimes," said Jerrold.

CCCLVII.—A COMPLIMENT ILL-RECEIVED.

A PERSON who dined in company with Dr. Johnson endeavoured to make his court to him by laughing immoderately at everything he said. The doctor bore it for some time with philosophical indifference; but the impertinent *ha, ha, ha!* becoming intolerable, "Pray, sir," said the doctor, "what is the matter? I hope I have not said anything that *you* can comprehend."

CCCLVIII.—TRUTH NOT TO BE SPOKEN AT ALL TIMES.

GARRICK was on a visit at Hagley, when news came that a company of players were going to perform at Birmingham. Lord Lyttelton said to Garrick, "They will hear you are in the neighbourhood, and will ask you to write an address to the Birmingham audience." "Suppose, then," said Garrick, without the least hesitation, "I begin thus:—

Ye sons of iron, copper, brass, and steel,
Who have not heads to think, nor hearts to feel—"

"Oh!" cried his lordship, "if you begin thus, they will hiss the players off the stage and pull the house down." "My lord," said Garrick, "what is the use of an address if it does not come home to the *business* and *bosoms* of the audience?"

CCCLIX.—A GOOD REASON.

A GENTLEMAN, talking with his gardener, expressed his admiration at the rapid growth of the trees. "Why, yes, sir," says the man; "please to consider that they have *nothing* else to do."

CCCLX.—FOLLOWING A LEADER.

FRANKLIN, when ambassador to France, being at a meeting of a literary society, and not well understanding the French when declaimed, determined to applaud when he saw a lady of his acquaintance express satisfaction. When they had ceased, a little child, who understood the French, said to him, "But, grandpapa, you always applauded the loudest when they were *praising you!*" Franklin laughed heartily and explained the matter.

CCCLXI.—IDOLATRY.

THE toilette of a woman is an altar erected by self-love to vanity.

CCCLXII.—TWICE RUINED.

"I NEVER was ruined but twice," said a wit; "once when I *lost* a lawsuit, and once when I *gained* one."

CCCLXIII.—Q. E. D.

A COUNTRY schoolmaster was met by a certain nobleman, who asked his name and vocation. Having declared his name, he added, "And I am master of this parish." "Master of this parish," observed the peer, "how can that be?" "I am master of the children of the parish," said the man; "the children are masters of their mothers, the mothers are rulers of the fathers, and consequently *I am master* of the whole parish."

CCCLXIV.—SHORT STORIES.

SIR WALTER SCOTT once stated that he kept a lowland laird waiting for him in the library at Abbotsford, and that when he came in he found the laird deep in a book which Sir Walter perceived to be Johnson's Dictionary. "Well, Mr. —," said Sir Walter, "how do you like your book?"—"They're vera pretty stories, Sir Walter," replied the laird; "but they're unco' *short*."

CCCLXV.—ON A LADY WHO SQUINTED.

If ancient poets Argus prize,
Who boasted of a hundred eyes,
Sure greater praise to her is due,
Who looks a hundred ways with two.

CCCLXVI.—AN ORIGINAL ATTRACTION.

FOOTE one evening announced, for representation at the Haymarket Theatre, "The Fair Penitent," to be performed, for that night only, by a *black lady of great accomplishments*.

CCCLXVII.—DEMOCRATIC VISION.

HORNE TOOKE, being asked by George III. whether he played at cards, replied, "I cannot, your majesty, tell a *king* from a *knave*."

CCCLXVIII.—FISHY, RATHER.

LORD ELLENBOROUGH, on his return from Hone's trial, suddenly stopped his carriage at Charing Cross, and said, "It occurs to me that they sell the best herrings in London at that shop. Buy six."

CCCLXIX.—LIGHT BREAD.

A BAKER has invented a new kind of yeast. It makes bread so light that a *pound* of it weighs only *twelve* ounces.

CCCLXX.—SOMETHING LIKE AN INSULT.

THE late Judge C—— one day had occasion to examine a witness who stuttered very much in delivering his testimony. "I believe," said his lordship, "you are a very great rogue." "Not so great a rogue as *you*, my lord,—t-t-take me to be."

CCCLXXI.—ON CHARLES KEAN, THE ACTOR.

As Romeo, Kean, with awkward grace,
On velvet rests, 'tis said ;
Ah ! did he seek a softer place,
He'd rest upon his head.

CCCLXXII.—POLITICAL CORRUPTION.

CURRAN, when opposed to Lord Clare, said that he reminded him of a chimney-sweep, who had raised himself by dark and dusky ways, and then called aloud to his neighbours to witness his *dirty* elevation.

CCCLXXIII.—A QUAKERLY OBJECTION.

A QUAKER being asked his opinion of phrenology, replied indignantly, "Friend, there can be no good in a science that compels a man to *take off* his hat !"

CCCLXXIV.—A GOOD-HEARTED FELLOW.

IN a valedictory address an editor wrote :—"If we have offended any man in the short but brilliant course of our public career, let him send us a *new hat*, and we will then forget the past." A cool chap that !

CCCLXXV.—EPIGRAM ON THE DEATH OF FOOTE.

FOOTE, from his earthly stage, alas ! is hurl'd,
 Death *took him off, who took off all* the world.

CCCLXXVI.—THE ANGRY OCEAN.

"MOTHER, this book tells about the angry waves of the ocean. Now, what makes the ocean get angry?" "Because it has been *crossed* so often, my son."

CCCLXXVII.—BREVITY.

DR. ABERNETHY, the celebrated physician, was never more displeased than by hearing a patient detail a long account of troubles. A woman, knowing Abernethy's love of the laconic, having burned her hand, called at his house. Showing him her hand, she said, "A burn." "A poultice," quietly answered the learned doctor. The next day she returned, and said, "Better." "Continue the poultice," replied Dr. A. In a week she made her last call, and her speech was lengthened to three words, "Well,—your fee?" "Nothing," said the physician; "you are the most sensible woman I ever saw."

CCCLXXVIII.—EPIGRAM.

IF L—d—d—y has a grain of sense,
 He can be only half a lord 'tis clear ;
 For from the fact we draw the inference,
 He's that which never has been made a *peer*.

CCCLXXIX.—A BROAD-BRIM HINT.

A QUAKER said to a gunner, "Friend, I counsel no bloodshed ; but if it be thy design *to hit* the little man in the blue jacket, point thine engine three inches lower."

CCCLXXX.—AN ORDER FOR TWO.

AT the last rehearsal of "Joanna," Mr. Wild, the prompter, asked the author for an order to admit two friends to the boxes ; and whether Mr. Cumberland was thinking of the probable proceeds of his play, or whether his anxiety otherwise bewildered him, cannot be ascertained ; but he wrote, instead of the usual "two to the boxes"—"admit *two pounds two*."

CCCLXXXI.—EPIGRAM FROM THE ITALIAN.

HIS hair so black—his beard so grey,
'Tis strange ! But would you know the cause ?
'Tis that his labours always lay,
Less on his brain than on his *jaws*.

CCCLXXXII.—MARRIAGE.

A WIDOWER, having taken another wife, was, nevertheless, always paying some panegyric to the memory of his late spouse, in the presence of his present one ; who one day added, with great feeling, "Believe me, my dear, nobody regrets *her loss* more than I do."

CCCLXXXIII.—FISHING FOR A COMPLIMENT.

A YOUNG man having preached for the doctor one day, was anxious to get a word of applause for his labour of love. The grave doctor, however, did not introduce the subject, and his younger brother was obliged to bait the hook for him. "I hope, sir, I did not weary your people by the *length* of my sermon to-day?" "No, sir, not at all; nor by the *depth* either!" The young man was silent.

CCCLXXXIV.—VISIBLE PROOF.

AN Irishman being asked on a late trial for a certificate of his marriage, exhibited a *huge scar* on his head, which looked as though it might have been made with a fire-shovel. The evidence was satisfactory.

CCCLXXXV.—SIMPLICITY OF THE LEARNED PORSON.

THE great scholar had a horror of the east-wind ; and Tom Sheridan once kept him prisoner in the house for a fortnight by *fixing* the weathercock in that direction.

CCCLXXXVI.—EPIGRAM ADDRESSED TO MISS EDGEWORTH.

WE every-day bards may "Anonymous" sign :
That refuge, Miss Edgeworth, can never be thine :
Thy writings, where satire and moral unite,
Must bring forth the name of their author to light.
Good and bad join in telling the source of their birth,
The bad own their *Edge* and the good own their *worth*.

CCCLXXXVII.—KEEN REPLY.

A RETIRED vocalist, who had acquired a large fortune by marriage, was asked to sing in company. "Allow me," said he, "to imitate the nightingale, which does not sing after it has *made its nest*."

CCCLXXXVIII.—A GOOD EXAMPLE.

In the House of Commons, the grand characteristic of the office of the Speaker is silence ; and he fills the place best who best holds his tongue. There are other *speakers* in the House (not official) who would show their sagacity by following the example of their president.

CCCLXXXIX.—A CERTAINTY.

A PHYSICIAN passing by a stonemason's shop, bawled out, "Good morning, Mr. D. ! Hard at work, I see. You finish your gravestones as far as 'In the memory of,' and then wait, I suppose, to see who wants a monument next ?" "Why, yes," replied the old man, "unless somebody's sick, and *you* are doctoring him ; then I *keep right on*."

CCCXC.—NOMINAL RHYMES.

THE COURT OF ALDERMEN AT FISHMONGERS' HALL.

Is that dace or perch ?
 Said Alderman Birch ;
 I take it for herring,
 Said Alderman Perring.
 This jack's very good,
 Said Alderman Wood ;
 But its bones might a man slay,
 Said Alderman Ansley.
 I'll butter what I get,
 Said Alderman Heygate.
 Give me some stew'd carp,
 Said Alderman Thorp ;
 The roe's dry as pith,
 Said Aldermen Smith.
 Don't cut so far down,
 Said Alderman Brown ;
 But nearer the fin,
 Said Alderman Glyn.

I've finished, i'faith, man,
 Said Alderman Waithman :
 And I too, i'fatkins,
 Said Alderman Atkins.
 They've crimp'd this cod drolly,
 Said Alderman Scholey ;
 'Tis bruised at the ridges,
 Said Alderman Brydges.
 Was it caught in a drag ? Nay,
 Said Alderman Magnay.
 'Twas brought by two men,
 Said Alderman Ven-
 ables : Yes, in a box,
 Said Alderman Cox.
 They care not how *fur 'tis*,
 Said Alderman Curtis ;
 From air kept, and from sun,
 Said Alderman Thompson ;
 Pack'd neatly in straw,
 Said Alderman Shaw :
 In ice got from Gunter,
 Said Alderman Hunter.
 This ketchup is sour,
 Said Alderman Flower ;
 Then steep it in claret,
 Said Alderman Garret.

CCCXCI.—A BROAD HINT.

CHARLES II. playing at tennis with a dean, who struck the ball well, the king said, "That's a good stroke for a dean." "I'll give it the stroke of a *bishop* if your majesty pleases," was the suggestive rejoinder.

CCCXCII.—VAILS TO SERVANTS.

To such a height had arrived the custom of giving vails, or visiting-fees, to servants, in 1762, that Jonas Hanway published upon the subject eight letters to the Duke of N——, supposed to be the Duke of Newcastle. Sir Thomas Waldo related to Hanway, that, on leaving the house of the Duke alluded to, after having feed a train of other servants, he (Sir Thomas) put a crown into the hand of the cook, who

returned it, saying, "Sir, I do not take *silver*." "Don't you, indeed!" said the baronet, putting it into his pocket: "then *I do*."

CCCXCIII.—QUITE TRUE.

AVARICE is criminal poverty.

CCCXCIV.—CONGRATULATION TO ONE WHO CURLED HIS HAIR.

"I'm very glad," to E—b—h said
His brother exquisite, Macassar Draper,
"That 'tis the *outer* product of your head,
And not the *inner* you *commit to paper*!"

CCCXCV.—THE POLITE SCHOLAR.

A SCHOLAR and a courtier meeting in the street, seemed to contest the wall. Says the courtier, "I do not use to give every *coxcomb* the wall." The scholar answered, "But *I do, sir*;" and so passed by him.

CCCXCVI.—A COOL HAND.

AN old deaf beggar, whom Collins the painter was once engaged in sketching at Hendon, exhibited great self-possession. Finding, from certain indications that the body and garments of this English Edie Ochiltree afforded a sort of pasture-ground to a herd of many animals of minute size, he hinted his fears to the old man that he might leave some of his small body-guard behind him. "No fear, sir; no fear," replied this deaf and venerable vagrant, contemplating the artist with serious serenity; "I don't think they are any of them likely to leave *me* for *you*."

CCCXCVII.—QUID PRO QUO.

A PHYSICIAN of an acrimonious disposition, and having a thorough hatred of lawyers, reproached a barrister with the use of phrases utterly unintelligible. "For example," said he, "I never could understand what you lawyers mean by docking an entail." "That is very likely," answered the lawyer, "but I will explain it to you: it is doing what you doctors never consent to—*suffering a recovery*."

CCCXCIII.—RECRUITING SERJEANT AND COUNTRYMAN.

A RECRUITING serjeant addressing an honest country bumpkin with—"Come, my lad, thou'lt fight for thy King, won't thou?" "Voight for my King," answered Hodge, "why, has he *faun out* wi' ony body?"

CCCXCIX.—AN ANECDOTE.

E—D—N was asked by one of note,
Why merit he did not promote,
"For this good reason" answered he,
"'Cause *merit ne'er promoted me.*"

CD.—DIDO.

OF this tragedy, the production of Joseph Reed, author of the "Register Office," Mr. Nicholls, in his "Literary Anecdotes," gives some curious particulars. He also relates an anecdote of Johnson concerning it: "It happened that I was in Bolt Court on the day that Henderson, the justly celebrated actor, was first introduced to Dr. Johnson: and the conversation turning on dramatic subjects, Henderson asked the Doctor's opinion of "Dido" and its author. "Sir," said Johnson, "I never did the man an injury, yet *he would read his tragedy to me.*"

CDI.—EXTREME SIMPLICITY.

A COUNTRYMAN took his seat at a tavern-table opposite to a gentleman who was indulging in a bottle of wine. Supposing the wine to be common property, our unsophisticated country friend helped himself to it with the gentleman's glass. "That's cool!" exclaimed the owner of the wine, indignantly. "Yes," replied the other; "I should think there was *ice* in it."

CDII.—NOT TO BE TRIFLED WITH.

DURING a recent representation of King Lear at one of our metropolitan theatres, an old gentleman from the country, who was visibly affected by the pathos of some of the scenes, electrified the house by roaring out, "Mr. Manager! Sir! Alter the play! I didn't pay my money to be made *wretched* in this way. Give us something *funny*, or I'll *summons* you, sir!"

CDIII.—AS YOU LIKE IT.

AN old sea captain used to say he didn't care how he dressed when abroad, "because *nobody* knew him." And he didn't care how he dressed when at home, "because *everybody* knew him."

CDIV.—AN UPRIGHT MAN.

ERSKINE was once retained for a Mr. Bolt, whose character was impugned by Mr. Mingay, the counsel on the other side. "Gentlemen," said Erskine, in reply, "the plaintiff's counsel has taken unwarrantable liberties with my client's good name, representing him as litigious and unjust. So far, however, from this being his character, he goes by the name of *Bolt upright*."

CDV.—THE DUKE OF WELLINGTON AND THE AURIST.

ON one occasion the Duke's deafness was alluded to by Lady A—, who asked if she was sitting on his right side, and if he had benefited by the operations which she heard had been performed, and had been so painful to him. He said, in reply, that the gentleman had been bold enough to ask him for a certificate, but that he had really been of no service to him, and that he could only answer him by saying, "I tell you what, I *won't* say a word about it."

CDVI.—TRUTH NOT ALWAYS TO BE SPOKEN.

IF a man were to set out calling everything by its right name, he would be knocked down before he got to the corner of the street.

CDVII.—ADVERTISEMENT EXTRAORDINARY.

(To those in want of employment).

WHOE'ER will at the "Gloucester's Head" apply,
Is always sure to find a *vacancy*.

CDVIII.—A "DOUBLE TIMES."

A HUGE, double-sheeted copy of the *Times* newspaper was put into the hands of a member of the Union Club by one of the waiters. "Oh, what a bore all this is," said the

member, surveying the gigantic journal. "Ah," answered another member, who overheard him, "it is all very well for you who are occupied all day with business bore; but to a man living in the country—it is equal to a *day's fishing*."

CDIX.—PARTNERSHIP DISSOLVED.

DR. PARR had a high opinion of his own skill at whist, and could not even patiently tolerate the want of it in his partner. Being engaged with a party in which he was unequally matched, he was asked by a lady how the fortune of the game turned, when he replied, "Pretty well, madam, considering that I have *three* adversaries."

CDX.—EPIGRAM.

(On the depth of Lord — arguments.)

YES, in debate we must admit,
His argument is quite profound;
His reasoning's *deep*, for *deuce* a bit
Can anybody *see* the ground.

CDXI.—A SEASONABLE JOKE.

THEODORE HOOK, being in company, where he said something humorous in rhyme to every person present, on Mr. Winter, the late Solicitor of Taxes, being announced, made the following impromptu :—

Here comes Mr. Winter, collector of taxes,
I advise you to give him whatever he axes;
I advise you to give it without any flummery,
For though his name's *Winter*, his actions are *summary*.

CDXII.—EPIGRAM.

(On the immortality of —'s speeches.)

THY speeches are immortal, oh! my friend,
For he that hears them—hears them to *no end*.

CDXIII.—A CONSIDERATE SON.

A WITCH, being at the stake to be burnt, saw her son there, and desired him to give her some drink. "No, mother," said he, "it would do you wrong, for the *drier* you are, the better you will burn."

DANGEROUSLY WELL.

LORD BYRON, in reference to a lady he thought ill of writes—"Lady —— has been dangerously ill ; but it may console you to learn that she is *dangerously well* again."

CDXV.—EPIGRAM.

(On Lord E—nb——h's pericranium.)

Let none because of its abundant *locks*,
Deceive themselves by thinking for a minute,
That dandy E—nb——h's "knowledge-box"
Has anything worth larceny within it.

CDXVI.—A NEW SCHOLAR.

A CALIFORNIAN gold-digger having become rich, desired a friend to procure for him a library of books. The friend obeyed, and received a letter of thanks thus worded:—"I am obliged to you for the pains of your selection. I particularly admire a grand religious poem about Paradise, by a Mr. Milton, and a set of plays (quite delightful) by a Mr. Shakspeare. *If these gentlemen should write and publish anything more, be sure and send me their new works.*"

CDXVII.—PUTTING A STOP TO PILGRIM'S PROGRESS.

JEMMY GORDON, meeting the prosecutor of a felon, named *Pilgrim*, who was convicted and sentenced to be transported at the Cambridge assizes, exclaimed, "You have done, sir, what the Pope of Rome could never do ; you have put a stop to *Pilgrim's Progress* !"

CDXVIII.—EPIGRAM.

LIFE is a lottery where we find
That fortune plays full many a prank ;
And when poor —— got his mind,
'Twas fortune made him *draw a blank*.

CDXIX.—A SUDDEN CHANGE.

ONE drinking some beer at a petty ale-house in the country, which was very strong of the hops and hardly any taste of the malt, was asked by the landlord if it was not well hopped. "Yes," answered he, "if it had hopped a little further, it would have *hopped into the water.*"

CDXX.—VALUABLE DISCOVERY.

A RECENT philosopher discovered a method to avoid being dunned ! “How—how—how?” we hear everybody asking. He *never* run in debt.

CDXXI.—A USEFUL ALLY.

“CRACK'D China mended !” Zounds, man, off this minute ! There's work for you, or else the deuce is in it !

CDXXII.—TWO SIDES TO A SPEECH.

CHARLES LAMB sitting next some chattering woman at dinner, observing he didn't attend to her, “You don't seem,” said the lady, “to be at all the better for what I am saying to you !” “No, ma'am,” he answered, “but this gentleman on the other side of me must, for it all came in at *one ear* and went out at *the other* !”

CDXXIII.—WILKIE'S SIMPLICITY.

ON the birth of a friend's son (now a well-known novelist), Sir David Wilkie was requested to become one of the sponsors for his child. Sir David, whose studies of human nature extended to everything but infant human nature, had evidently been refreshing his boyish recollections of puppies and kittens ; for, after looking intently into the child's eyes, as it was held up for his inspection, he exclaimed to the father, with serious astonishment and satisfaction, “He *sees* !”

CDXXIV.—RINGING THE CHANGES.

At a tavern one night,
Messrs. *More*, *Strange*, and *Wright*,
Met to drink, and good thoughts to exchange :
Says *More*, of us three,
The whole town will agree,
There is only one knave, and that's *Strange*.
“Yes,” says *Strange* (rather sore),
“I'm sure there's one *More*,
A most terrible knave and a bite,
Who cheated his mother,
His sister and brother.”—
“O yes,” replied *More*, “that is *Wright*.”

CDXXV.—KNOWING HIS MAN.

A MAN was brought before Lord Mansfield, charged with stealing a silver ladle, and the counsel for the crown was rather severe upon the prisoner for being an attorney. "Come, come," said his lordship, "don't exaggerate matters; if the fellow had been an attorney, he would have *stolen the bowl* as well as the ladle."

CDXXVI.—A SMALL GLASS.

THE manager of a Scotch theatre, at which F. G. Cooke was playing *Macbeth*, seeing him greatly exhausted towards the close of the performance, offered him some whisky in a very small thistle-glass, saying, at the same time, by way of encouragement, "Take that, Mr. Cooke; take that, sir; it is the real mountain dew; that will never hurt you, sir!" "*Not if it was vitriol!*" was the rejoinder.

CDXXVII.—DOMESTIC ECONOMY.

THE following bill of fare (which consists of a dish of fish, a joint of meat, a couple of fowls, vegetables, and a pudding, being in all seven dishes for sevenpence!) had its rise in an invitation which a *young* lady of forty-seven sent to her lover to dine with her on Christmas Day. To unite taste and economy is no easy thing; but to show her lover she had learned that difficult art, she gave him the following dinner:

	£	s.	d.
At top, fish, two herrings	0	0	1
Middle, one ounce and a half of butter, melted	0	0	0 $\frac{3}{4}$
Bottom, a mutton chop, divided	0	0	2
On one side, one pound of small potatoes	0	0	0 $\frac{1}{2}$
On the other side, pickled cabbage	0	0	0 $\frac{1}{2}$
First remove, two larks, plenty of crumbs	0	0	1 $\frac{1}{2}$
Mutton removed, French-roll boiled for a pudding	0	0	0 $\frac{1}{2}$
Parsley for garnish	0	0	0 $\frac{1}{4}$
	<hr/>		
	£0	0	7

—Seven dishes for sevenpence!

CDXXVIII.—AN EMPTY HEAD.

OF a light, frivolous, flighty girl, whom Jerrold met frequently, he said, "That girl has no more head than a periwinkle."

CDXXIX.—A BAD LABEL.

TOM bought a gallon of gin to take home; and, by way of a label, wrote his name upon a card, which happened to be the seven of clubs, and tied it to the handle. A friend coming along, and observing the jug, quietly remarked: "That's an awful careless way to leave that liquor!" "Why?" said Tom. "Because somebody might come along with the *eight* of clubs and take it!"

CDXXX.—"AYE! THERE'S THE RUB."

A GENTLEMAN, playing at piquet, was much teased by a looker-on who was short-sighted, and, having a very long nose, greatly incommoded the player. To get rid of the annoyance, the player took out his handkerchief, and applied it to the nose of his officious neighbour. "Ah! sir," said he, "I beg your pardon, but I really took it for *my own*."

CDXXXI.—MORAL EQUALITY OF MAN.

ALL honest men, whether counts or cobblers, are of the same rank, if classed by moral distinctions.

CDXXXII.—A SILK GOWN.

GRATTAN said of Hussey Burgh, who had been a great Liberal, but, on getting his silk gown, became a Ministerialist, that all men knew silk to be a non-conducting body, and that since the honourable member had been enveloped *in silk*, no spark of *patriotism* had reached his heart.

CDXXXIII.—EPIGRAM BY A PLUCKED MAN.

EVERY Cantab, it is presumed, knows where Shelford Fen is, and that it is famous for rearing geese. A luckless wight, who had the misfortune to be *plucked* at his examination for the degree of B.A., when the Rev. T. Shelford was his examiner, made the following extemporaneous epigram:—

"I have heard they *pluck'd* geese upon *Shelford* Fen,
But never till now knew that *Shelford* *pluck'd* men."

CDXXXIV.—THE MEASURE OF A BRAIN.

ONE afternoon, when Jerrold was in his garden at Putney, enjoying a glass of claret, a friend called upon him. The conversation ran on a certain dull fellow, whose wealth made him prominent at that time.

"Yes," said Jerrold, drawing his finger round the edge of his wineglass, "that's the range of his intellect, only it had never anything half so good in it."

CDXXXV.—FOOTE AND LORD TOWNSEND.

FOOTE, dining one day with Lord Townsend, after his duel with Lord Bellamont, the wine being bad, and the dinner ill-dressed, made Foote observe, that he could not discover what reason could compel his lordship to fight, when he might have effected his purpose with much more ease to himself. "How?" asked his lordship. "How?" replied the wit, "why you should have given him a *dinner* like this, and *poisoned him*."

CDXXXVI.—UNREASONABLE.

"TOM," said a colonel to one of his men, "how can so good and brave a soldier as you get drunk so often?" "Colonel," replied he, "how can you expect all the *virtues* that adorn the human character for *sixpence* a-day?"

CDXXXVII.—AN HONEST WARRANTY.

A GENTLEMAN once bought a horse of a country-dealer. The bargain concluded, and the money paid, the gentleman said, "Now, my friend, I have bought your horse, what are his faults?" "I know of no faults that he has, except two," replied the man; "and *one* is, that he is hard to catch." "Oh! never mind that," said the buyer, "I will contrive to catch him at any time, I will engage; but what is the other?" "Ah, sir! that is the worst," answered the fellow; "he is good for nothing when you *have* caught him."

CDXXXVIII.—THE REASON WHY.

A MAN said the only reason why his dwelling was not blown away in a late storm was, because there was a *heavy mortgage* on it.

BLOTTING IT OUT.

MATHEWS's attendant, in his last illness, intending to give him his medicine, gave in mistake some ink from a phial on a shelf. On discovering the error, his friend exclaimed, "Good heavens! Mathews, I have given you ink." "Never—never mind, my boy—never mind," said Mathews, faintly, "I'll swallow a bit—of *blotting-paper*."

CDXL.—CLERICAL WIT.

AN old gentleman of eighty-four having taken to the altar a young damsel of about sixteen, the clergyman said to him—"The *font* is at the other end of the church." "What do I want with the font?" said the old gentleman. "Oh! I beg your pardon," said the clerical wit, "I thought you had brought *this child to be christened*."

CDXLI.—A NICE DISTINCTION.

NED SHUTER thus explained his reasons for preferring to wear stockings with holes to having them darned:—"A hole," said he, "may be the *accident* of a day, and will pass upon the best gentleman, but a *darn* is premeditated poverty."

CDXLII.—WIT AND QUACKERY.

A CELEBRATED quack, while holding forth on a stage of Chelmsford, in order to promote the sale of his medicine, told the people that he came there for their good, and not for want. And then addressing his Merry Andrew, "Andrew," said he, "do we come here *for want*?" "No faith, sir," replied Andrew, "we have *enough* of that at home."

CDXLIII.—WIT DEFINED.

DRYDEN's description of wit is excellent. He says:—

"A thousand different shapes wit wears,
Comely in thousand shapes appears;
'Tis not a tale, 'tis not a jest,
Admir'd with laughter at a feast;
Nor florid talk, which can this title gain,—
The proofs of wit for ever must remain."

CDXLIV.—A VAIN SEARCH.

SIR FRANCIS BLAKE DELAVAL's death had such an effect on Foote that he burst into tears, retired to his room, and saw no company for two days; the third day, Jewel, his treasurer, calling in upon him, he asked him, with swollen eyes, what time would the burial be? "Not till next week, sir," replied the other, "as I hear the surgeons are first to dissect his head." This last word restored Foote's fancy, and, repeating it with some surprise, he asked, "And what will they get there? I am sure I have known poor Frank these five-and-twenty years, and I never could find anything in it."

CDXLV.—A BAD CUSTOMER.

"We don't sell spirits," said a law-evading beer-seller; "we will give you a glass; and then, if you want a biscuit, we'll sell it to you for three ha'pence." The "good creature" was handed down, a stiff glass swallowed, and the landlord handed his customer a biscuit. "Well, no, I think not," said the customer; "you sell 'em too dear. I can get lots of 'em *five or six* for a penny anywhere else."

CDXLVI.—A REFLECTION.

AN overbearing barrister, endeavouring to brow-beat a witness, told him he could plainly see a *rogue* in his face. "I never knew till now," said the witness, "that my *face* was a *looking-glass*."

CDXLVII.—FOOTE.

AN artist named Forfeit, having some job to do for Foote, got into a foolish scrape about *the antiquity of family* with another artist, who gave him such a drubbing as confined him to his bed for a considerable time. "Forfeit! Forfeit!" said Foote, "why, surely you have the best of the argument; your family is not only *several thousand years old*, but at the same time *the most numerous* of any on the face of the globe, on the authority of Shakespeare:—

"All the souls that are, were *Forfeit* once."

CDXLVIII.—INQUEST EXTRAORDINARY.

DIED from fatigue, three laundresses together all,
Verdict—had tried to wash a shirt marked Wetherall.*

* Sir Charles Wetherall was noted for want of cleanliness.

CDXLIX.—A BASE ONE.

A FRIEND was one day reading to Jerrold an account of a case in which a person named Ure was reproached with having suddenly jilted a young lady to whom he was engaged.

"Ure seems to have turned out to be a *base 'un*," said Jerrold.

CDL.—PROFITABLE JUGGLING.

A PROFESSOR of legerdmain entertained an audience in a village, which was principally composed of colliers. After "astonishing the natives" with various tricks, he asked the loan of a halfpenny. A collier, with a little hesitation, handed out the coin, which the juggler speedily exhibited, as he said, transformed into a sovereign. "An' is that my bawbee?" exclaimed the collier. "Undoubtedly," answered the juggler. "Let's see 't," said the collier; and turning it round and round with an ecstasy of delight, thanked the juggler for his kindness, and, putting it into his pocket, said, "I se warn't ye'll *no turn't* into a bawbee again."

CDLI.—PICKPOCKETTING.

THE Baron de Béranger relates, that, having secured a pickpocket in the very act of irregular abstraction, he took the liberty of inquiring whether there was anything in his face that had procured him the honour of being singled out for such an attempt.—"Why, sir," said the fellow, "your face is well enough, but you had on thin shoes and white stockings in dirty weather, and so I made sure you were a *flat*."

CDLII.—DUNNING AND LORD THURLOW.

WHEN it was the custom for barristers to leave chambers early, and to finish their evenings at the coffee-houses in the neighbourhood of the inns of court, Lord Thurlow on some occasion wanted to see Dunning privately. He went to the coffee-house frequented by him, and asked a waiter if Mr. Dunning was there. The waiter, who was new in his place, said he did not know him. "Not know him!" exclaimed Thurlow, with his usual oaths; "go into the room up-stairs, and if you see any gentleman *like the knave of clubs*, tell him he is particularly wanted." The waiter went up, and forthwith re-appeared followed by Dunning.

CDLIII.—AFFECTATION.

DELIA is twenty-two, and yet so weak,
 Poor thing, she's learning still to walk and speak.

CDLIV.—WARM FRIENDSHIPS.

SOME people were talking with Jerrold about a gentleman as celebrated for the intensity as for the shortness of his friendships.

"Yes," said Jerrold, "his friendships are so warm that he no sooner takes them up than he puts them down again."

CDLV.—THEATRICAL MISTAKES.

A LAUGHABLE blunder was made by Mrs. Gibbs, at Covent Garden Theatre, in the season of 1823, in the part of *Miss Stirling*, in "The Clandestine Marriage." When speaking of the conduct of *Betty*, who had locked the door of *Miss Fanny's* room, and walked away with the key, Mrs. G. said, "*She had locked the key, and carried away the door in her pocket.*" Mrs. Davenport, as *Mrs. Heidelberg*, had previously excited a hearty laugh, by substituting for the original dialogue, "*I protest there's a candle coming along the gallery, with a man in his hand;*" but the mistake by Mrs. Gibbs seemed to be so unintentional, so unpremeditated, that the effect was irresistible; and the audience celebrated the joke with three rounds of applause.

CDLVI.—A BROKEN HEAD.

"I AM the only man in Europe, sir," said the Colonel, "that ever had a broken head—to live after it. I was hunting near my place in Yorkshire; my horse threw me, and I was pitched, head-foremost, upon a scythe which had been left upon the ground. When I was taken up my head was found to be literally cut in two, and was spread over my shoulders like a pair of epaulettes. *That* was a broken head, if you please, sir."

CDLVII.—CALEDONIAN COMFORT.

TWO pedestrian travellers, natives of the North, had taken up their quarters for the night at a *Highland hotel* in Breadalbane: one of them next morning complained to his friend

that he had a very indifferent bed, and asked him how he had slept. "Troth, man," replied Donald, "nea vera well either; but I was muckle better aff than the *bugs*, for de'il ane of them closed an e'e the hale night!"

CDLVIII.—AN ODD FAMILY.

BLAYNEY said, in reference to several persons, all relations to each other, but who happened to have no descendants, that "it seemed to be *hereditary* in their family to have no children."

CDLIX.—A LAWYER'S OPINION OF LAW.

COUNSELLOR M—T, after he retired from practice, being one day in company where the uncertainty of the law became the topic of conversation, was applied to for his opinion, upon which he laconically observed—"If any man were to claim the *coat* upon my back, and threaten my refusal with a lawsuit, he should certainly have it, lest in defending my *coat* I should too late find that I was deprived of my *waistcoat* also."

CDLX.—BEN JONSON.

WHEN the Archbishop of York sent him from his table an excellent dish of fish, but without drink, said:—

"In a dish came fish
From the arch-bis-
Hop was not there,
Because there was no *beer*."

CDLXI.—UNREMITTING KINDNESS.

"CALL that a kind man," said an actor, speaking of an absent acquaintance; "a man who is away from his family, and never sends them a farthing! Call that kindness!"

"Yes, unrelenting kindness," Jerrold replied.

CDLXII.—KEAN'S IMPROMPTU.

AT Birmingham, one of Kean's "benefits" was a total failure. In the last scene of the play ("A New Way to Pay Old Debts"), wherein allusion is made to the marriage of a lady, "Take her, sir," Kean suddenly added, "and the Birmingham *audience* into the bargain."

CDLXIII.—A TRUTH FOR THE LADIES.

A LEARNED doctor has given his opinion that tight lacing is a public benefit, inasmuch as it *kills off* all the foolish girls, and leaves the wise only to grow into women.

CDLXIV.—A MARK OF RESPECT.

CONGREVE was disputing a point of fact with a man of a very positive disposition, but one who was not overburdened with sense. The latter said to him, "If the fact is not as I have stated, I'll give you my head." "I accept it," said Congreve; "for *trifles* show respect."

CDLXV.—A GRETNA CUSTOMER.

A RUNAWAY couple were married at Gretna Green. The smith demanded five guineas for his services. "How is this?" said the bridegroom, "the gentleman you last married assured me that he only gave you a guinea." "True," said the smith, "but *he* was an Irishman. I have married him six times. *He is a good customer, and you* I may never see again."

CDLXVI.—LEAVING HIS VERDICT.

"I REMEMBER," says Lord Biden, "Mr. Justice Gould trying a case at York, and when he had proceeded for about two hours, he observed, 'Here are only eleven jurymen in the box, where is the twelfth?'—'Please you, my lord,' said one of the eleven, 'he has gone away about some other business—but *he has left his verdict with me!*'"

CDLXVII.—OVER-WISE.

IN a lecture-room of St. John's College, Cambridge, a student one morning, construing the Medea of Euripides came to the following passage:—

ΑΛΛ' ΟΥΚ ΑΡΙΣΤΟΦΟΣ ΕΙΜΙ.

To which he gave the proper sense—

"I am not *over-wise*;"

but pausing as if he doubted its correctness—"You are quite right, sir," observed the lecturer; "go on."

CDLXVIII.—IMPROMPTU.

'Tis said that walls have ears ; if this be true,
St. Stephen's walls the gift must often rue.

CDLXIX.—INDEPENDENCE.

JEMMY GORDON the Cambridge eccentric, when he happened to be without shoes or stockings, one day came in contact with a person of very indifferent character. The gentleman, pitying his condition, told him, if he called at his house, he would give him a pair of shoes. "Excuse me, sir," replied Jemmy, assuming a contemptuous air, "I would not stand in *your shoes* for all the world !"

CDLXX.—ON PRIDE.

FITSMALL, who drinks with knights and lords,
To steal a share of notoriety,
Will tell you, in important words,
He *mixes* in the best society.

CDLXXI.—BLACK LETTER.

AN old friend of Charles Lamb having been in vain trying to make out a black-letter text of Chaucer in the Temple Library, laid down the precious volume, and with an erudite look told Lamb that "in those old books, Charley, there is sometimes a deal of very *indifferent spelling*."

CDLXXII.—A HIATUS.

"DID you not on going down find a *party* in your kitchen?" asked an underbred barrister of a witness. "A *tea-party*, Mr. —?" mildly interposed Judge Maule.

CDLXXIII.—A REASONABLE REQUEST.

AN officer advising his general to capture a post, said : "It will only cost a few men." "Will *you* make one of the few?" remarked the general.

CDLXXIV.—A STRIKING POINT.

WHEN Mr. Gullely, the ex-pugilist, was elected Member for Pontefract, Gilbert A'Beckett said: "Should any opposition be manifested in the House of Commons towards Mr. Gully, it is very probable the *noes* (*nose*) will have it."

CDLXXV.—VERY PRETTY.

ONE day, just as an English officer had arrived at Vienna, the empress, knowing that he had seen a certain princess much celebrated for her beauty, asked him if it was really true that she was the most beautiful woman he had ever seen. "I thought so *yesterday*," he replied.

CDLXXVI.—AN ODD BIRD.

A LATE Duke of Norfolk had a fancy for owls, of which he kept several. He called one, from the resemblance to the Chancellor, Lord Thurlow. The duke's solicitor was once in conversation with his grace, when, to his surprise, the owl-keeper came up and said, "Please you, my lord, Lord Thurlow's *laid an egg*."

CDLXXVII.—INQUESTS EXTRAORDINARY.

FOUND dead, a rat—no case could sure be harder ;
Verdict—Confined a week in Eldon's larder.
Died, Sir Charles Wetherell's laundress, honest Sue ;
Verdict—Ennui—so little work to do.

CDLXXVIII.—"I'VE DONE THE SAME THING OFTEN."

A MR. JOHN SMITH, who is described, evidently not without reason, as a "fast" talker, gave the following description of the blowing up of a steam-boat on the Mississippi: "I had landed at Helena for a minute to drop some letters into the post-office, when all of a sudden I heard a tremendous explosion, and, looking up, saw that the sky was for a minute darkened with arms, legs, and other small bits and scraps of my fellow-travellers. Amongst an uncommonly ugly medley, I spied the second clerk, about one hundred and fifty feet above my own level. I recognised him at once, for ten minutes before I had been sucking a sherry-cobbler with him out of the same rummer. Well, I watched him. He came down through the roof of a shoe-maker's shop, and landed on the floor close by the shoe-maker, who was at work. The clerk, being in a hurry, jumped up to go to the assistance of the other sufferers, when the 'man of wax' demanded five hundred dollars for the damage done to his roof. 'Too high,' replied the clerk; 'never paid more than two hundred and fifty dollars in my life, and *I've done the same thing often*.'"

CDLXXIX.—CONFIDENCE.

"WHY," said a country clergyman to one of his flock, "do you always sleep in your pew when I am in the pulpit, while you are all attention to every stranger I invite?"—"Because, sir," was the reply, "when *you* preach I'm sure all's right, but I can't trust *a stranger* without keeping a good look-out."

CDLXXX.—THE CUT INFERNAL.

Said Wetheral the other night
Of — : "He's the silliest elf
I ever *knew*." Sir Charles was right,
For no one ever *knows himself*.

CDLXXXI.—FEELING HIS WAY.

"Uncle," said a young man (who thought that his guardian supplied him rather sparingly with pocket-money, "is the Queen's head *still* on the sovereign?" "Of course it is, you stupid lad! Why do you ask that?" "Because it is now such a length of time since *I saw one*."

CDLXXXII.—THE WILL.

JERRY dying intestate, his relatives claim'd,
Whilst his widow most vilely his mem'ry defam'd :
"What!" cries she, "must I suffer because the old knave
Without leaving a will, is laid snug in the grave?"
"That's no wonder," says one, "for 'tis very well known,
Since he married, poor man, he'd *no will of his own*."

CDLXXXIII.—INGENUOUSNESS.

TWO young officers, after a mess-dinner, had very much ridiculed their general. He sent for them, and asked them if what was reported to him was true. "General," said one of them, "*it is* ; and we should have said much more if our *wine* had not failed."

CDLXXXIV.—A NEW SPORT.

QUIN thought angling a very barbarous diversion ; and on being asked why, gave this reason : "Suppose some superior being should bait a hook with venison, and go a-*Quinning*, I should certainly bite ; and what a sight should I be dangling in the air !"

CDLXXXV.—SYDNEY SMITH.

SYDNEY SMITH was once dining in company with a French gentleman, who had been before dinner indulging in a number of free-thinking speculations, and had ended by avowing himself a materialist. "Very good soup, this," said Mr. Smith. "*Oui, monsieur, c'est excellente,*" was the reply. "Pray, sir, do you *believe* in a *cook*?" inquired Mr. Smith.

CDLXXXVI.—EPIGRAM ON THE DUKE OF —'S CONSISTENCY.

THAT he's ne'er known to change his mind,
Is surely nothing strange;
For no one yet could ever find
He'd any mind to change.

CDLXXXVII.—A FAIR PROPOSAL.

"WHY don't you take off your hat?" said Lord F—— to a boy struggling with a calf. "So I wull, sir," replied the lad; "if your lordship will *hold* my calf, I'll pull off my hat."

CDLXXXVIII.—A DOUBTFUL CREED.

JUDGE MAULE, in summing up a case of libel, and speaking of a defendant who had exhibited a spiteful piety, observed: "One of these defendants, Mr. Blank, is, it seems, a minister of religion—of *what* religion does not appear, but, to judge by his conduct, it cannot be any form of Christianity." Severe.

CDLXXXIX.—A SATISFACTORY TOTAL.

A SCOTCH Minister, after a hard day's labour, and while at a "denner tea," as he called it, kept incessantly praising the "haam," and stating that "Mrs. Dunlop at hame was as fond o' haam like that as he was," when the mistress kindly offered to send her the present of a ham. "It's unco kin' o' ye, unco kin', but I'll no pit ye to the trouble; I'll just tak' it hame on the horse afore me." When, on leaving, he mounted, and the ham was put into a sack, but some difficulty was experienced in getting it to lie properly. His inventive genius soon cut the Gordian-knot. "I think, mistress, a *cheese* in the ither en' wad mak' a *gran' balance*." The hint was immediately acted on, and, like another John Gilpin, he moved away with his "balance true."

CDXC.—GOOD RIDDANCE.

A CERTAIN well-known provincial bore having left a tavern-party, of which Burns was one, the bard immediately demanded a bumper, and, addressing himself to the chairman, said, "I give you the health, gentlemen all, of the *waiter* that called my Lord — out of the room."

CDXCI.—CALCULATION.

SAYS Giles, "my wife and I are *two*,
Yet, faith, I know not why, sir."
Quoth Jack, "you're *ten*, if I speak true;
She's *one*, and you're a *cypher*."

CDXCII.—GEORGE II. AND THE RECORDER.

WHEN that vacancy happened on the Exchequer Bench which was afterwards filled by Mr. Adams, the Ministry could not agree among themselves whom to appoint. It was debated in Council, the King, George II., being present; till, the dispute growing very warm, his Majesty put an end to the contest by calling out, in broken English, "I will have none of dese, give me the man wid de *dying speech*," meaning Mr. Adams, who was then Recorder of London, and whose business it therefore was to make the report to his Majesty of the convicts under sentence of death.

CDXCIII.—SLEEPING ROUND.

THE celebrated Quin had this faculty. "What sort of a morning is it, John?"—"Very wet, sir." "Any mullet in the market?"—"No, sir." "Then, John, you may call me this time to-morrow." So saying, he composed himself to sleep, and got rid of the *ennui* of a dull day.

CDXCIV.—AT HIS FINGERS' ENDS.

"I SUPPOSE," said a quack, while feeling the pulse of his patient, "that you think me a *humbug*?"—"Sir," replied the sick man, "I perceive that you can *discover* a man's thoughts by your touch."

CDXCV.—NOT SO EASY.

A CERTAIN learned serjeant, who is apt to be testy in argument, was advised by the Court not to *show temper*, but to *show cause*.

CDXCVI.—A POINT.

POPE was one evening at Button's coffee-house, where he and a set of literati had got poring over a Latin manuscript, in which they had found a passage that none of them could comprehend. A young officer, who heard their conference, begged that he might be permitted to look at the passage. "Oh," says Pope, sarcastically, "by all means; pray let the young gentleman look at it." Upon which the officer took up the manuscript, and, considering it a while, said there only wanted a note of interrogation to make the whole intelligible: which was really the case. "And pray, Master," says Pope, with a sneer, "what is a *note of interrogation*?"—"A note of interrogation," replied the young fellow, with a look of great contempt, "is a little *crooked thing* that asks questions."

CDXCVII.—THE REPUBLIC OF LEARNING.

ONE asked another why learning was always called a republic. "Forsooth," quoth the other, "because scholars are so *poor* that they have *not a sovereign* amongst them."

CDXCVIII.—CHALLENGING A JURY.

AN Irish fire-eater, previous to a trial in which he was the defendant, was informed by his counsel, that if there were any of the jury to whom he objected, he might legally *challenge* them. "Faith, and so I will," replied he; "if they do not acquit me, I will *challenge* every man of them."

CDXCIX.—WALPOLIANA.

WHEN Mr. Naylor's father married his second wife, Naylor said, "Father, they say you are to be married to-day; are you?"—"Well," replied the Bishop, "and what is that to you?"—"Nay, nothing; only, if you had told me, I would have *powdered* my hair."

A tutor at Cambridge had been examining some lads in Latin; but in a little while excused himself, and said he must speak English, for his mouth was *very sore*.

After going out of the Commons, and fighting a duel with Mr. Chetwynd, whom he wounded, "my uncle" (says Walpole) "returned to the House, and was so little moved as to speak immediately upon the *cambric bill*;" which made Swinny say, that "it was a sign he was not *ruffled*."

D.—MINDING HIS BUSINESS.

MURPHY was asked how it was so difficult to waken him in a morning: "Indeed, master, it's because of taking your own advice, always to attend to what I'm about; so whenever I *sleeps*, I pays *attention* to it."

DI.—PENCE TABLE.

A SCHOOLBOY going into the village without leave, his master called after him, "Where are you going, sir?"—"I am going to buy a ha'porth of nails."—"What do you want a ha'porth of nails for?"—"For a *halfpenny*," replied the urchin.

DII.—SATISFACTION.

LORD WILLIAM POULAT was said to be the author of a pamphlet called "The Snake in the Grass." A gentleman abused in it sent him a challenge. Lord William protested his innocence, but the gentleman insisted upon a denial under his own hand. Lord William took a pen and began: "This is to scratify that the buk called 'The Snak',"—"Oh! my Lord," said the person, "I am satisfied; your Lordship has already convinced me *you did not* write the book."

DIII.—A SAFE APPEAL.

A PHYSICIAN once defended himself from raillery by saying, "I defy any person whom I ever attended, to accuse me of ignorance or neglect."—"That you may do safely," replied an auditor, "for you know, doctor, *dead* men tell no tales."

DIV.—A CAUTIOUS LOVER.

"WHEN I courted her," said Spreadweasel, "I took lawyer's advice, and signed every letter to my love,—'Yours, without prejudice!'"—D.J.

DV.—THE SWORD AND THE SCABBARD.

A WAG, on seeing his friend with something under his cloak, asked him what it was. "A poniard," answered he; but he observed that it was a bottle: taking it from him, and drinking the contents, he returned it, saying, "There, I gave you the *scabbard* back again."

DVI.—TOUCHING.

WHEN Lord Eldon resigned the Great Seal, a small barrister said, "To me his loss is irreparable. Lord Eldon always behaved to me like a *father*."—"Yes," remarked Brougham, "I understand he always treated you like a *child*."

DVII.—THE COLLEGE BELL!

AT a party of college grandees, one of the big-wigs proposed that each gentleman should toast his favourite *Bell*. When it came to the turn of Dr. Barrett (who happened to be one of the *quorum*) to be called on for the name of the fair object of his admiration, he very facetiously gave—"The College Bell!" *Vivat Collegium Sancti Petri!*

DVIII.—FRENCH LANGUAGE.

WHEN some one was expatiating on the merits of the French language to Mr. Canning, he exclaimed: "Why, what on earth, sir, can be expected of a language which has but one word for *liking* and *loving*, and puts a fine woman and a leg of mutton on a par:—*J'aime Julie; J'aime un gigot!*"

DIX.—EPIGRAM.

(On the alleged disinterestedness of a certain Prelate.)

HE says he don't think of himself,
And I'm to believe him inclined;
For by the confession, the elf
Admits that he's *out* of his *mind*.

DX.—CERTAINLY NOT ASLEEP.

A COUNTRY schoolmaster had two pupils, to one of whom he was partial, and to the other severe. One morning it happened that these two boys were late, and were called up to account for it. "You must have heard the bell, boys; why did you not come?"—"Please, sir," said the favourite, "I was dreaming that I was going to Margate, and I thought the school-bell was the steamboat-bell." "Very well," said the master, glad of any pretext to excuse his favourite. "And now, sir," turning to the other, "what have you to say?"—"Please, sir," said the puzzled boy, "*I—I—was waiting to see Tom off!*"

DXI.—ANTICIPATION.

LORD AVONDALE, Chief Baron of the Exchequer, was much given to anticipation. A lawyer once observed in his presence, "Coming through the market just now I saw a butcher, with his knife, going to kill a calf; at that moment a child ran across him, and he killed——" "O, my goodness!—he killed *the child*!" exclaimed his lordship. "No, my lord, *the calf*;" but you will always anticipate."

DXII.—THE BEST JUDGE.

A LADY said to her husband, in Jerrold's presence:—

"My dear, you certainly want some new trousers."—"No, I think not," replied the husband.

"Well," Jerrold interposed, "I think the lady who always wears them, ought to know."

DXIII.—THE RIVALS.

A GOOD story of Gibbon is told in the last volume of Moore's Memoirs. The *dramatis personæ* were Lady Elizabeth Foster, Gibbon the historian, and an eminent French physician—the historian and doctor being rivals in courting the lady's favour. Impatient at Gibbon's occupying so much of her attention by his conversation, the doctor said crossly to him, "*Quand milady Elizabeth Foster sera malade de vos fadaïses, je la guérirai.*" [When my Lady Elizabeth Foster is made ill by your twaddle, I will cure her.] On which Gibbon, drawing himself up grandly, and looking disdainfully at the physician, replied, "*Quand milady Elizabeth Foster sera morte de vos recettes, je l'im-mor-taliserai.*" [When my Lady Elizabeth Foster is dead from your recipes, I will immortalise her.]

DXIV.—DEAD LANGUAGE.

AMONG the many English who visited Paris in 1815 was Alderman Wood, who had previously filled the office of Lord Mayor of London. He ordered a hundred visiting cards, inscribing upon them, "Alderman Wood, *feu* Lord Maire de Londres," which he distributed amongst people of rank, having translated the word "late" into "*feu*," which we need hardly state means "dead."

DXV.—WALPOLIANA.

SIR JOHN GERMAIN was so ignorant, that he is said to have left a legacy to Sir Matthew Decker, as the *author* of St. Matthew's Gospel.

Churchill (General C——, a natural son of the Marlborough family) asked Pulteney the other day, "Well, Mr. Pulteney, will you break me, too?"—"No, Charles," replied he, "*you break fast enough of yourself!*" Don't you think it hurt him more than the other breaking would?

Walpole was plagued one morning with that oaf of unlicked antiquity, Prideaux, and his great boy. He talked through all Italy, and everything in all Italy. Upon mentioning Stosch, Walpole asked if he had seen his collection. He replied, very few of his things, for he did not like his company; that he never heard so much *heathenish talk* in his days. Walpole inquired what it was, and found that Stosch had one day said before him, *that the soul was only a little glue.*

DXVI.—A SLIGHT DIFFERENCE.

A CLERGYMAN, who had to preach before Archbishop Whately, begged to be let off, saying, "I hope your Grace will excuse my preaching next Sunday."—"Certainly," said the other indulgently. Sunday came, and the archbishop said to him, "Well! Mr. —, what became of you? we expected you to preach to-day."—"Oh, your Grace said you would excuse my preaching to-day."—"Exactly; but I did not say I would excuse you *from* preaching."

DXVII.—EPIGRAM.

(On Mr. Croker's reputation for being a wag.)

THEY say his *wit's refined*? Thus is explained
The seeming mystery—*his wit is strained.*

DXVIII.—A NICE DISTINCTION.

"WHAT is the difference," asked Archbishop Whately of a young clergyman he was examining, "between a form and a ceremony? The meaning seems nearly the same; yet there is a very nice distinction." Various answers were given. "Well," he said, "it lies in this: you sit upon a *form*, but you stand upon *ceremony.*"

DXIX.—LATE DINNER.

SOME one remarking that the dinner hour was always getting later and later, "Ay," quoth Rogers, "it will soon end in our not dining till *to-morrow*."

DXX.—AN OLD JOKE.

As a wag at a ball, to a nymph on each arm
Alternately turning, and thinking to charm,
Exclaim'd in these words, of which Quin was the giver—
"You're my Gizzard, my dear; and, my love, you're my
Liver."
"Alas!" cried the Fair on his left—"to what use?
For you never saw *either serv'd up* with a Goose!"

DXXI.—TIME WORKS WONDERS.

A GENTLEMAN dining at a hotel, whose servants were "few and far between," despatched a lad among them for a cut of beef. After a long time the lad returned, and was asked by the faint and hungry gentleman, "Are you the lad who took away my plate for this beef?"—"Yes, sir." "Bless me," resumed the hungry wit, "how *you have grown!*"

DXXII.—A NOVEL IDEA.

"MORROW's Library" is the Mudie of Dublin; and the Rev. Mr. Day, a popular preacher. "How inconsistent," said Archbishop Whately, "is the piety of certain ladies here. They go to *Day* for a sermon and to *Morrow* for a novel!"

DXXIII.—THE SPIRIT AND THE LETTER.

A MAN was described in a plea as "I. Jones," and the pleader referred in another part of the plea to "I" as an "initial." The plaintiff said that the plea was bad, because "I" was not a name. Sir W. Maule said that there was no reason why a man might not be christened "I" as well as Isaac, inasmuch as either could be pronounced alone. The counsel for the plaintiff then objected that the plea admitted that "I" was not a name by describing it as "an initial." "Yes," retorted the judge, "but it does not aver that it is not a *final* as well as an *initial* letter."

DXXIV.—LOSING AN I.

A MAN being interrogated on a trial, spoke several words with much impropriety; and at last saying the word *curiosity*, a counsellor exclaimed, "How that fellow murders the English language!"—"Nay," returned another, "he has only knocked an *I* out."

DXXV.—DRIVING IT HOME.

THE late James Fergusson, Clerk of Session, a most genial and amiable man, of whose periodical fits of absence most edifying stories are still repeated by his friends, was an excellent and eloquent speaker, but, in truth, there was often more sound than matter in his orations. He had a habit of lending emphasis to his arguments by violently beating with his clenched hand the bar before which he pleaded. Once when stating a case to Lord Polkemmet, with great energy of action, his lordship interposed, and exclaimed, "Maister Jemmy, dinna dunt; ye think ye're duntin't *into me*, and ye're just duntin't *out o' me*."

DXXVI.—THE EMPTY GUN.

As Dick and Tom in fierce dispute engage,
And, face to face, the noisy contest wage;
"Don't *cock* your chin at me," Dick smartly cries.
"Fear not—his head's not *charged*," a friend replies.

DXXVII.—A PIECE OF PLATE.

A YOUNG actor having played a part tolerably well, Elliston one evening called him into the green-room, and addressed him to this effect: "Young man, you have not only pleased the public, but you have pleased me; and, as a slight token of my regard and good wishes, I beg your acceptance of a small *piece of plate*." It was, beyond all question, a *very* small piece, for it was a silver toothpick!

DXXVIII.—EPISCOPAL SAUCE.

AT a dinner-party Archbishop Whately called out suddenly to the host, "Mr. —!" There was silence. "Mr. —, what is the proper female companion of this John Dory?" After the usual number of guesses an answer came, "*Anne Chovy*."

DXXIX.—A GOOD CRITIC.

A FRIEND of an artist was endeavouring to persuade him not to bestow so much time upon his works. "You do not know, then," said he, "that I have a master very difficult to please?"—"Who?"—"Myself."

DXXX.—WILKES'S TERGIVERSATION.

WILKES, one day in his later life, went to Court, when George III. asked him, in a good-natured tone of banter, how his friend Serjeant Glynn was. Glynn had been one of his most furious partisans. Wilkes replied, with affected gravity, "Nay, sire, don't call Serjeant Glynn a friend of mine; the fellow was a *Wilkite*, which your Majesty knows *I never was*."

DXXXI.—A SLIGHT ERUPTION.

A PERSON came almost breathless to Lord Thurlow, and exclaimed, "My lord, I bring tidings of calamity to the nation!"—"What has happened, man?" said the astonished Chancellor. "My lord, a rebellion has broken out."—"Where? Where?"—"In the *Isle of Man*."—"In the *Isle of Man*," repeated the enraged Chancellor. "A tempest in a teapot!"

DXXXII.—SMOKING AN M.P.

AN honourable member, speaking about the tax on tobacco, somewhat ludicrously called for certain *returns*.

DXXXIII.—A TIMELY REPROOF.

A YOUNG chaplain had preached a sermon of great length. "Sir," said Lord Mulgrave, bowing to him, "there were some things in your sermon of to-day I never heard before."—"O, my lord!" said the flattered chaplain, "it is a common text, and I could not have hoped to have said anything new on the subject."—"I heard the clock *strike twice*," said Lord Mulgrave.

DXXXIV.—REPROOF.

"I CAN'T find bread for my family," said a lazy fellow in company. "Nor I," replied an industrious miller; "I am obliged to *work* for it."

DXXXV.—A SATISFACTORY REASON.

MR. ALEXANDER, the architect of several fine buildings in the county of Kent, was under cross-examination at Maidstone, by Serjeant (afterwards Baron) Garrow, who wished to detract from the weight of his testimony. "You are a builder, I believe?"—"No, sir; I am not a builder; I am an architect!"—"Ah, well? architect or builder, builder or architect, they are much the same, I suppose?"—"I beg your pardon, sir; I cannot admit that: I consider them to be totally different!"—"Oh, indeed! perhaps you will state wherein this great difference consists?"—"An architect, sir, prepares the plans, conceives the design, draws out the specifications,—in short, supplies the mind. The builder is merely the bricklayer or the carpenter: the builder, in fact, is the machine—the architect the power that puts the machine together, and sets it going!"—"Oh, very well, Mr. Architect, that will do! And now, after your very ingenious distinction without a difference, perhaps you can inform the court who was the architect for the Tower of Babel?"—"There was *no* architect, sir, and hence *the confusion!*"

DXXXVI.—THE TANNER; AN EPIGRAM.

A BERMONDSEY tanner would often engage,
In a long *tête-à-tête* with his dame,
While trotting to town in the Kennington stage,
About giving their villa a name.
A neighbour, thus hearing the skin-dresser talk,
Stole out, half an hour after dark,
Pick'd up in the roadway a fragment of chalk,
And wrote on the palings—"Hide Park!"

DXXXVII.—AN ABSENT MAN.

A CONCEITED young man asked Foote what apology he should make for not being one of a party the day before, to which he had been invited. "Oh, my dear sir," replied the wit, "say nothing about it, you were not *missed*."

DXXXVIII.—A DOUBLE KNOCK.

ON Dr. K——'s promotion to the bishopric of Down, an appointment in some quarters unpopular, Archbishop Whately observed, "The Irish government will not be able to stand many more such *Knocks Down* as this!"

DXXXIX.—A PROPER RETORT.

A CERTAIN dramatic translator, introducing a well-known comedian to Madame Vestris, said: "Madame, this is Mr. B——, who is not such a fool as he looks."—"True, madame," said the comedian; "and that is the great *difference* between me and my friend."

DXL.—FORAGING.

DURING the interregnum after the death of King Charles I., the soldiers were accustomed to visit the theatres and rob the audience, so that it was said to be part of the stage directions—"Enter the Red Coat: *Exeunt* Hat and Cloak."

DXLI.—ON JEKYLL'S NEARLY BEING THROWN DOWN BY
A VERY SMALL PIG.

As Jekyll walk'd out in his gown and his wig,
He happen'd to tread on a very small pig:
"Pig of science," he said, "or else I'm mistaken,
For surely thou art an *abridgment of Bacon*."

DXLII.—UNKIND.

"PRAY, sir," said Lady Wallace to David Hume, "I am often asked what age I am; what answer should I make?" Mr. Hume, immediately guessing her ladyship's meaning, said, "Madam, when you are asked that question again, answer that you are not yet come to the years of *discretion*."

DXLIII.—DEAN SWIFT AND KING WILLIAM.

THE motto which was inserted under the arms of William Prince of Orange, on his accession to the English crown, was "*Non rapui sed recepi*" [I did not *steal* it, but I *received* it]. This being shown to Dean Swift, he said, with a sarcastic smile, "The *receiver* is as bad as the *thief*."

DXLIV.—EPIGRAM.

(On ——'s declaring his detestation of all meanness).

If really —— do but loathe
Things base or mean, I must confess
I'd very freely take my oath,
Self-love's a fault he don't possess.

DXLV.—ELOQUENT SILENCE.

"YOU have already read that section four times, Mr. —," said Maule to a prosing counsel. "It's iteration ! It's —, I use no *epithet*, it is iteration ;" his look implying *the anathema*.

DXLVI.—KEEPING A PROMISE.

THUS, with kind words, Fairface cajol'd his friend :
 "Dear Dick ! on me thou may'st assur'd depend ;
 I know thy fortune is but very scant,
 But never will I see my friend in want."
 Dick soon in gaol, believed his friend would free him ;
 He kept his word—in want he ne'er would see him !

DXLVII.—NAVAL ORATORY.

WHEN Admiral Cornwallis commanded the *Canada*, a mutiny broke out in the ship, on account of some accidental delay in paying the crew. The men signed a *round robin*, wherein they declared that they would not fire a gun till they were paid. Captain Cornwallis, on receiving this declaration, caused all hands to be called on deck, and thus addressed them : "My lads, the money cannot be paid till we return to port, and as to your not fighting, that is mere nonsense:—I'll clap you alongside the first large ship of the enemy I see, and I know that the devil himself will not be able to *keep you from it*." The men all returned to their duty, better satisfied than if they had been paid the money ten times over.

DXLVIII.—VERSE AND WORSE.

AMONG a company of cheerful Irishmen, in the neighbourhood of St. Giles, it was proposed by the host to make a gift of a couple of fowls to him that, off-hand, should write six lines in poetry of his own composing. Several of the merry crew attempted unsuccessfully to gain the prize. At length the *wittiest* among them thus ended the contest :

Good friends, as I'm to make a po'm,
 Excuse m, if I just step home ;
 Two lines already !—be not cru'l,
 Consider, honeys,—I'm a fool.
 There's four lines !—now I'll gain the fowls,
 With which I soon shall fill my bow'ls.

DXLIX.—THE IRON DUKE.

IT is said the Duke of Wellington bought a book of the "Hunchback" at Covent Garden Theatre, for which he gave a pound in gold, refusing to receive the difference. His Grace seemed very ready to sacrifice a *sovereign*, which he probably would have done had he at the time refused to take *no change*. The Reform Bill was under consideration.

DL.—CLEAR THE COURT.

AN Irish crier at Ballinasloe being ordered to clear the court, did so by this announcement: "Now, then, all ye *blackguards* that isn't *lawyers*, must lave the coort."

DLI.—SCOTCH CAUTION.

AN old shoemaker in Glasgow was sitting by the bedside of his wife, who was dying. She took him by the hand. "Weel, John, we're gawin to part. I hae been a gude wife to you, John."—"Oh just middling, just middling, Jenny," said John, not disposed to commit himself. "John," says she, "ye maun promise to bury me in the auld kirk-yard at Stra'von, beside my mither. I couldna rest in peace among unco folk, in the dirt and smoke o' Glasgow."—"Weel, weel, Jenny, my woman," said John soothingly, "We'll just pit you in the Gorbals *first*, and gin ye dinna lie quiet, we'll try you sine in Stra'von."

DLII.—WALPOLIANA.

SIR CHARLES WAGER always said, "that if a sea-fight lasted three days, he was sure the English suffered the most for the two first, for no other nation would stand *beating* for two days together."

Yesterday we had another hearing of the petition of the merchants, when Sir Robert Godschoall (then Lord Mayor) shone brighter than even his usual. There was a copy of a letter produced, the original being lost; he asked whether the copy had been taken *before* the original was lost, or *after*!

This gold-chain came into parliament, cried up for his parts, but proves so dull, one would think he chewed opium. Earl says, "I have heard an *oyster* speak as well twenty times."

DLIII.—NOT POLITE.

MR. P——, a candidate for Berkshire, was said to have admitted his want of *head*, by demanding a *poll*.

DLIV.—EXTENUATING CIRCUMSTANCES.

A CASE of some great offence was tried before Lord Hermand (who was a great toper), and the counsel pleaded extenuation for his client in that he was *drunk* when he committed the offence. "Drunk!" exclaimed Lord Hermand, in great indignation; "if he could do such a thing when he was drunk, what might he not have done when he was *sober*!" evidently implying that the normal condition of human nature and its most hopeful one, was a condition of intoxication.

DLV.—ON MR. HUSBAND'S MARRIAGE.

THIS case is the strangest we've known in our life,
The husband's a husband, and so is the wife.

DLVI.—CONFIDENCE.

THE first time Jerrold saw a celebrated song-writer, the latter said to him:—

"Youngster, have you sufficient confidence in me to lend me a guinea?"

Jerrold.—Oh! yes; I've all the confidence, but I haven't the guinea."

DLVII.—LADY ANNE.

AT Portsmouth, during the representation of *Richard the Third*, on Richard exclaiming, "Oh, take more pity in thine eyes, and see him here." Miss White, who was in Lady Anne, indignantly exclaimed, "Would they were *battle-axes* (basilisks) to strike *thee dead*."

DLVIII.—NICE LANGUAGE.

A MAN being tried for sheep stealing, evidence was given that he had been seen washing tripe. The counsel for the Crown, in examining the witness, observed with ill-timed indelicacy, "He was washing *bowels*?"—"Yes, sir." "The bowels of an animal, I suppose?"—"Yes, sir." The counsel sits down. Justice Maule: "Pray, was it a *wren's* stomach?"

DLIX.—UNPOETICAL REPLY.

A HARDY seaman, who had escaped one of the recent shipwrecks upon our coast, was asked by a good lady how he felt when the waves broke over him. He replied, "*Wet, ma'am—very wet.*"

DLX.—IMITATION OF A COW.

MR. JAMES BOSWELL, the friend and biographer of Dr. Johnson, when a youth, went to the pit of Covent Garden Theatre in company with Dr. Blair, and, in a frolic, imitated the lowing of a cow; and the universal cry in the galleries was, "Encore the cow! Encore the cow!" This was complied with, and, in the pride of success, Mr. Boswell attempted to imitate some other animals, but with less success. Dr. Blair, anxious for the fame of his friend, addressed him thus: "My dear sir, I would confine myself to *the cow.*"

DLXI.—TAKING HIS MEASURE.

A CONCEITED packman called at a farm-house in the west of Scotland, in order to dispose of some of his wares. The goodwife was startled by his southern accent, and his high talk about York, London, and other big places. "An' whaur come ye frae yersel?" was the question of the gude wife. "Ou! I am from the Border!"—"The Border. Oh! I thoct that; for we aye think the *selvidge* is the wakest bit o' the wab!"

DLXII.—THURLOW AND PITT.

WHEN the Lord Chancellor Thurlow was supposed to be on no very friendly terms with the Minister (Mr. Pitt), a friend asked the latter how Thurlow drew with them? "I don't know," said the Premier, "how he *draws*, but he has not refused *his oats* yet."

DLXIII.—EPIGRAM.

(On Lord ——'s delivering his speeches in a sitting position, owing to excessive gout.)

IN asserting that Z. is with villany rife,
I very much doubt if the Whigs misreport him;
Since *two* members attached to his person through life,
Have, on recent occasions, refused to support him.

DLXIV.—A HAPPY MAN.

LORD M—— had a very exalted opinion of his own cleverness, and once made the following pointed remark : “ When I happen to say a foolish thing, I always burst out a laughing ! ” — “ I envy you your happiness, my lord, then,” said Charles Townsend, “ for you must certainly live the *merriest* life of any man in Europe.”

DLXV.—VULGAR ARGUMENTS.

At a club, of which Jerrold was a member, a fierce Jacobite, and a friend, as fierce, of the cause of William the Third, were arguing noisily, and disturbing less excitable conversationalists. At length the Jacobite, a brawny Scot, brought his fist down heavily upon the table, and roared at his adversary :—

“ I tell you what it is, sir, I spit upon your King William ! ”

The friend of the Prince of Orange was not to be out-mastered by mere lungs. He rose, and roared back to the Jacobite :

“ And I, sir, spit upon your James the Second ! ”

Jerrold, who had been listening to the uproar in silence, hereupon rung the bell, and shouted :—

“ Waiter, *spittoons for two !* ”

DLXVI.—A CLEAR CASE.

MR. JUSTICE MAULE would occasionally tax the powers of country juries. *Ex. gr.* “ Gentlemen,” said the judge, “ the learned counsel is perfectly right in his law, there is *some* evidence upon that point ; but he’s a lawyer, and you’re not, and you don’t know what he means by *some* evidence, so I’ll tell you. Suppose there was an action on a bill of exchange, and six people swore they saw the defendant accept it, and six others swore they heard him say he should have to pay it, and six others knew him intimately, and swore to his handwriting ; and suppose on the other side they called a poor old man who had been at school with the defendant forty years before and had not seen him since, and he said he rather thought the acceptance was not his writing, why there’d be *some* evidence that it was not, and that’s what Mr. — means in this case.” Need we add that the jury retired to consider their verdict ?

DLXVII.—THE LATIN FOR COLD.

A SCHOOLMASTER asked one of his scholars in the winter time, what was the Latin for cold. "Oh! sir," answered the lad, "I forget at this moment, although I have it at my *fingers' ends*."

DLXVIII.—PIECE DE RESISTANCE.

"Do come and dine with me," said John to Pat: "you must; though I have only a nice piece of beef and some potatoes for you."—"Oh! my dear fellow! don't make the laist apology about the dinner, it's the very same I should have had at home, *barrin' the beef*."

DLXIX.—LAMB AND ERSKINE.

COUNSELLOR LAMB, an old man when Lord Erskine was in the height of his reputation, was of timid and nervous disposition, usually prefacing his pleadings with an apology to that effect; and on one occasion, when opposed, in some cause, to Erskine, he happened to remark that "he felt himself growing more and more timid as he grew older."—"No wonder," replied the relentless barrister; "every one knows the older a *lamb* grows, the more *sheepish* he becomes."

DLXX.—TRUE WIT.

TRUE wit is like the brilliant stone
Dug from Golconda's mine;
Which boasts two various powers in one,
To cut as well as shine.
Genius, like that, if polish'd right,
With the same gifts abounds;
Appears at once both keen and bright,
And sparkles while it wounds.

DLXXI.—ORDER! ORDER!

A BARRISTER opened a case somewhat confusedly. Mr. Justice Maule interrupted him. "I wish, Mr. —, you would put your facts in some order; chronological order is the best, but I am not particular. Any order you like—*alphabetical order*."

DLXXII.—THEATRICAL WIT.

HATTON, who was a considerable favourite at the Hay-market Theatre, and particularly in the part of *Jack Junk*, was one night at Gosport, performing the character of *Barbarossa*. In the scene where the tyrant makes love to *Zaphira*, and reminds her of his services against the enemies of her kingdom, he was at a loss, and could not catch the word from the prompter; when, seeing the house crowded with sailors, and regardless of the gross anachronism, he exclaimed, with all the energy of tragedy—

“Did not I,
By that brave knight Sir Sidney Smith assisted,
And in conjunction with the gallant Nelson,
Drive Bonaparte and his fierce marauders
From Egypt’s shores?”

The jolly tars thought that it was all in his part, and cheered the actor with three rounds of applause.

DLXXIII.—THE CUT DIRECT.

A GENTLEMAN having his hair cut, was asked by the garrulous operator “how he would have it done?”—“If possible,” replied the gentleman, “*in silence*.”

DLXXIV.—BUSY BODIES.

A MASTER of a ship called out, “Who is below?” A boy answered, “Will, sir.” “What are you doing?”—“Nothing, sir.” “Is Tom there?”—“Yes,” said Tom. “What are *you* doing?”—“Helping Will, sir.”

DLXXV.—THE HOPEFUL PUPIL.

WHEN the comedy of “*She Stoops to Conquer*” was in rehearsal, Goldsmith took great pains to give the performers his ideas of their several parts. On the first representation he was not a little displeased to hear the representative of *Young Marlow* play it as an Irishman. As soon as *Marlow* came off the stage, Goldsmith asked him the meaning of this, as it was by no means intended as an Irish character. “Sir,” replied the comedian, “I spoke it as nearly as I could to the manner in which you instructed me, except that I did not give it quite so strong a *brogue*.”

DLXXVI.—THE FORCE OF HABIT.

A TOPING bookseller presented a cheque at the banking-house of Sir W. Curtis and Co., and upon the cashier putting the usual question, "How will you have it?" replied, "*Cold, without sugar.*"

DLXXVII.—NOTICE TO QUIT.

AN Ayrshire gentleman, when out on 1st of September, having failed time after time in bringing down a single bird, had at last pointed out to him by his attendant bag-carrier, a large covey, thick and close on the stubbles. "Noo! Mr. Jeems, let drive at them, just as they are!" Mr. Jeems did let drive, as advised, but all flew off, safe and sound. "Hech, sir (remarks his friend), but ye've made thae yins shift *their quarters.*"

DLXXVIII.—A LITERAL JOKE.

LORD ELDON always pronounced the word *lien* as though it were *lyon*; and Sir Arthur Pigot pronounced the same word *lean*. On this Jekyll wrote the following epigram:—

"Sir Arthur, Sir Arthur, why, what do you mean,
By saying the Chancellor's *lion* is *lean*?
D'ye think that his kitchen's so bad as all that,
That nothing within it will ever get fat?"

DLXXIX.—AN ARGUMENT.

SAYS P—l—s, "Why the Bishops are
By nature meant the *soil* to share,
I'll quickly make you understand;
For can we not deduct with ease,
That nature has designed the *seas*
Expressly to *divide the land.*"

DLXXX.—THE CANDLE AND LANTERN.

DURING the period Sir Busick Harwood was professor of anatomy in the University of Cambridge, he was called in, in a case of some difficulty, by the friends of a patient, who were anxious for his opinion of the malady. Being told the name of the medical man who had previously prescribed, Sir Busick exclaimed, "He! if he were to descend into the patient's stomach with a *candle and lantern*, when he ascended he would not be able to name the complaint."

DLXXXI.—ONE HEAD BETTER THAN A DOZEN.

KING HENRY VIII., designing to send an embassy to Francis I. at a very dangerous juncture, the nobleman selected begged to be excused, saying, "Such a threatening message to so hot a prince as Francis I. might go near to cost him his life."—"Fear not," said old Harry, "if the French king should take away your life, I will take off the heads of a dozen Frenchman now in my power."—"But of all these heads," replied the nobleman, "there may not be *one to fit* my shoulders."

DLXXXII.—KEEPING A CONSCIENCE.

THE great controversy on the propriety of requiring a subscription to articles of faith, as practised by the Church of England, excited at this time (1772) a very strong sensation amongst the members of the two universities. Paley, when pressed to sign the clerical petition which was presented to the House of Commons for relief, excused himself, saying, "He could not *afford* to keep a conscience."

DLXXXIII.—DEBTOR AND CREDITOR.

A TRADESMAN having dunned a customer for a long time, the debtor at last desired his servant one morning to admit him. "My friend," said he to him, "I think you are a very honest fellow, and I have a great regard for you; therefore, I take this opportunity to tell you, that as I shall never pay you a farthing, you had better go home, mind your business, and don't lose your time by calling here. As for the others, they are a set of vagabonds, for whom *I have no affection*, and they may waste their time as they please."

DLXXXIV.—PORTMANTEAU V. TRUNK.

SERGEANT WHITAKER, one of the most eminent lawyers of his day, was an eccentric. A friend, at one of the assize towns, offered him a bed, and the next morning asked him if he had found himself comfortable and warm. "Yes, madam," replied the serjeant; "yes, pretty well, on the whole. At first I felt a little queer for want of Mrs. Whitaker; but recollecting that my portmanteau was in the room, I threw it behind my back, and it *did every bit* as well."

DLXXXV.—SEEING A CORONATION.

A SAD mistake was once made at court by the beautiful and celebrated Duchess of Hmilton. Shortly before the death of George II., and whilst he was greatly indisposed, Miss Gunning, upon becoming Duchess of Hamilton, was presented to his majesty. The king, who was particularly pleased with the natural elegance and artlessness of her manner, indulged in a long conversation with her grace. In the course of this *tête-à-tête* the duchess said, with great animation, "I have seen everything! There is only one thing in this world I wish to see, and I do long so much to see that!" The curiosity of the monarch was so greatly excited to know what this wonderful thing could be, that he eagerly asked her what it was. "A coronation," replied the thoughtless duchess; nor was she at all conscious of the mistake she had made, till the king took her hand with a sigh, and with a melancholy expression replied, "I apprehend you have not long to wait; you will soon have *your wish*." Her grace was overwhelmed with confusion.

DLXXXVI.—HOOK'S POLITENESS.

HOOK was once observed, during dinner, nodding like a Chinese mandarin in a tea-shop. On being asked the reason, he replied, "Why, when no one else asks me to take champagne, I take sherry with the *épergne*, and bow to the flowers."

DLXXXVII.—ON NAPOLEON'S STATUE AT BOULOGNE TURNED,
BY DESIGNOR ACCIDENT, WITH ITS BACK TO ENGLAND.

UPON its lofty column's stand
Napoleon takes his place:
His back still turn'd upon that land
That never saw his face.

DLXXXVIII.—OLD TIMES.

A GENTLEMAN in company with Foote, took up a newspaper, saying, "He wanted to see what the ministry were about." Foote, with a smile, replied, "Look among the *robberies*."

DLXXXIX.—AN ARCADIAN.

A LAZY fellow lying down on the grass said, "Oh, how I do wish that this was called *work*, and well paid."

DXC.—JOHNSON AND MRS. SIDDONS.

IN spite of the ill-founded contempt Dr. Johnson professed to entertain for actors, he persuaded himself to treat Mrs. Siddons with great politeness, and said, when she called on him at Bolt Court, and Frank, his servant, could not immediately provide her with a chair, "You see, madam, wherever *you* go there are *no seats* to be got."

DXCI.—ROWING IN THE SAME BOAT.

"WE row in the same boat, you know," said a literary friend to Jerrold. This literary friend was a comic writer, and a comic writer only. Jerrold replied, "True, my good fellow, we *do* row in the same boat, but with very different skulls."

DXCII.—A GENUINE IRISH BULL.

SIR BOYLE ROCHE said, "Single misfortunes never come alone, and the greatest of all possible misfortunes is generally followed by a much greater."

DXCIII.—THE RULING PASSION.

IN the last illness of George Coleman, the doctor being late in an appointment, apologised to his patient, saying that he had been called in to see a man who had fallen down a well. "Did he kick the bucket, doctor?" groaned out poor George.

DXCIV.—EPIGRAM.

(On ——'s late neglect of his judicial duties.)

LORD ——'s left his circuit for a day,
Which is to me a mystery profound;
He leave the *circuit*! he, of whom they say,
That he delights in constant *turning round*.

DXCV.—SHAKESPEARE ILLUSTRATED.

DIGNUM and Moses Kean the mimic were both tailors. Charles Bannister met them under the Piazza in Covent Garden, arm-in-arm. "I never see those men together," said he, "but they put me in mind of Shakespeare's comedy, *Measure for Measure*!"

DXCVI.—DEGENERACY.

THERE had been a carousing party at Colonel Grant's, the late Lord Seafeld, and two Highlanders were in attendance to carry the guests up stairs, it being understood that none could by any other means arrive at their sleeping apartments. One or two of the guests, however, were walking up stairs and declined the proffered assistance. The attendants were utterly astonished, and indignantly exclaimed, "Aigh, it's sare cheenged times at Castle Grant, when gentlemen can gang to bed on their *ain feet*."

DXCVII.—WORTHY OF CREDIT.

A GENTLEMAN was applied to by a crossing-sweeper for charity. The gentleman replied, "I will remember you when I return."^B—"Please your honour," says the man, "I'm ruined by the *credit* I give in that way."

DXCVIII.—PAYING IN KIND.

A FARMER, having lost some ducks, was asked by the counsel for the prisoner accused of stealing them to describe their peculiarity. After he had done so, the counsel remarked, "They can't be such a rare breed, as I have some like them in my yard."—"That's very likely," said the farmer; "these are not the *only ducks* of the same sort I've had stolen lately."

DXCIX.—VERY SERIOUS.

A REGULAR physician being sent for by a quack, expressed his surprise at being called in on an occasion apparently trifling. "Not so trifling, neither," replied the quack; "for, to tell you the truth, I have, by mistake, taken some of my *own pills*."

DC.—THE LATE LORD AUDLEY.

MR. PHILIP THICKNESSE, father of the late Lord Audley, being in want of money, applied to his son for assistance. This being denied, he immediately hired a cobbler's stall, directly opposite his lordship's house, and put up a board, on which was inscribed, in large letters, "Boots and shoes mended in the best and cheapest manner, by Philip Thicknesse, *father* of Lord Audley."^B His lordship took the hint, and the board was removed.

DCI.—DELICATE HINT.

QUEEN CAROLINE, when Princess of Wales, in one of her shrewd letters, says, "*My better half*, or my worse, which you choose, has been ill, I hear but nothing to make me hope or fear."

DCII.—A SCOTCH MEDIUM.

AFTER giving Sandy certain directions about kirk matters, the minister sniffed once or twice, and remarked, "Saunders, I fear you have been 'tasting' (taking a glass) this morning."—"Deed, sir," replied Sandy, with the coolest effrontery, set off with a droll glance of his brown eyes; "'Deed, sir, I was just ga'in' to observe I thocht there was a smell o' speerits *amang us* this mornin'!"

DCIII.—EPIGRAM.

A WATCH lost in a tavern ! That's a crime ;
Then see how men by drinking lose their time.

The watch kept time ; and if time will away,
I see no reason why the watch should stay.

You say the key hung out, and you fail'd to lock it ;
Time will not be kept pris'ner in a pocket.

Henceforth, if you will keep your watch, this do,
Pocket your watch, and watch your pocket, too.

DCIV.—PERFECT DISCONTENT.

AN old lady was in the habit of talking to Jerrold in a gloomy depressing manner, presenting to him only the sad side of life. "Hang it !" said Jerrold, one day, after a long and sombre interview, "she wouldn't allow there was a bright side to the moon."

DCV.—A BAD BARGAIN.

A MAN bought a horse on condition that he should pay half down, and be in debt for the remainder. A short time after, the seller demanding payment of the balance, the other answered, "No ; it was agreed that I should be *in your debt* for the *remainder* ; how can that be if I *pay* it ?"

DCVL.—A PIOUS MINISTER.

IF it be true that the heads of the country should set religious example to their inferiors, the E— of R—, in his observance of one of the commandments, is a pattern to the community; for, not only on the Sabbath but through the week, he takes care as Postmaster-General to do *no manner of work*.

DCVII.—STERNE.

Some person remarked to him that apothecaries bore the same relation to physicians that attorneys do to barristers. "So they do," said Sterne; "but apothecaries and attorneys are not alike, for the latter do not deal in *scruples*."

DCVIII.—WHO'S THE FOOL?

MR. SERGEANT PARRY, in illustration of a case, told the following anecdote:—

Some merchants went to an Eastern sovereign, and exhibited for sale several very fine horses. The king admired them, and bought them; he, moreover, gave the merchants a lac of rupees to purchase more horses for him. The king one day, in a sportive humour, ordered the vizier to make out a list of all the fools in his dominions. He did so, and put his Majesty's name at the head of them. The king asked why. He replied, "Because you entrusted a lac of rupees to men you don't know, and who will never come back."—"Ay, but suppose they should come back?"—"Then I shall erase *your* name and insert *theirs*."

DCIX.—COLD COMFORT.

A JURYMAN, kept several days at his own expense, sent a friend to the judge to complain that he had been paid nothing for his attendance. "Oh, tell him," said the witty judge, "that if ever he should have to go before a jury himself he will get one for nothing."

DCX.—A GREAT DIFFERENCE.

"THE friends and opponents of the Bill," said a'Beckett, "are divided into two very distinct classes—the a-bility and the no-bility."

DCXI.—OXFORD AND CAMBRIDGE ACTORS.

KING JAMES had two comedies acted before him, the one at Cambridge, the other at Oxford; that at Cambridge was called *Ignoramus*, an ingenious thing, wherein one Mr. Sleep was a principal actor; that other at Oxford was but a dull piece, and therein Mr. Wake was a prime actor. Which made his Majesty merrily to say, that in Cambridge one *Sleep* made him *wake*, and in Oxford one *Wake* made him *sleep*.

DCXII.—INQUEST—NOT EXTRAORDINARY.

GREAT Bulwer's works fell on Miss Basbleu's head,
And in a moment, lo! the maid was dead!
A jury sat, and found the verdict plain—
"She died of *milk and water on the brain*."

DCXIII.—STRANGE JETSUM.

A THIN old man, with a rag-bag in his hand, was picking up a number of small pieces of whalebone which lay on the street. The deposit was of such a singular nature, that we asked the quaint-looking gatherer how he supposed they came there? "Don't know," he replied, in a squeaking voice; "but I 'spect some unfortunate female was *wrecked* hereabout somewhere."

DCXIV.—THE TRUTH AT LAST.

A GOOD instance of absence of mind was an editor quoting from a rival paper one of his own articles, and heading it, "Wretched Attempt at Wit."

DCXV.—A PILL GRATIS.

A PERSON desirous of impressing Lord Ellenborough with his importance, said, "I sometimes employ myself as a doctor." "Very likely," remarked his lordship; "but is any one fool enough to *employ you* in that capacity?"

DCXVI.—RATHER HARD.

WE are told that a member for old Sarum (consisting of one large mansion) was once in danger of being pelted with stones; he would have found it *hard* to have been assailed with his *own constituents*,

DCXVII.—SCOTCH PENETRATION.

AN old lady who lived not far from Abbotsford, and from whom the "Great Unknown" had derived many an ancient tale, was waited upon one day by the author of "Waverley." On Scott endeavouring to conceal the authorship, the old dame protested, "D'ye think, sir, I dinna ken my *ain* groats in ither folk's kail?"

DCXVIII.—A QUESTION OF TIME.

WHEN Jeremy Taylor was introduced to the Archbishop of Canterbury, he was told by the prelate, that his extreme youth was a bar to his present employment. "If your grace," replied Taylor, "will *excuse* me this *fault*, I promise, if I live, to mend it."

DCXIX.—EPIGRAM.

(On the sincerity of a certain prelate.)

— — —'s discourses from his *heart*
Proceed, as everybody owns;
And thus they prove the poet's art,
Who says that "sermons are in *stones*."

DCXX.—CONCURRENT EVENTS.

A YOUNG fellow, very confident in his abilities, lamented one day that he had *lost* all his Greek. "I believe it happened at the same time, sir," said Dr. Johnson, "that I *lost* all my large estate in Yorkshire."

DCXXI.—A GOOD EXCUSE.

AN attorney, on being called to account for having acted unprofessionally in taking less than the usual fees from his client, pleaded that he had taken *all* the man had. He was thereupon honourably acquitted.

DCXXII.—SHORT AND SHARP.

"WHY, Mr. B.," said a tall youth to a little person who was in company with half-a-dozen huge men, "I protest you are so very small I did not see you before."—"Very likely," replied the little gentleman; "I am like a sixpence among six copper pennies—not easily perceived, but worth the *whole* of them."

DCXXIII.—IRELAND'S FORGERY.

SAYS Kemble to Lewis, "Pray what is your play?"
 Cries Lewis to Kemble, "*The Lie of the Day!*"
 "Say you so?" replied Kemble; "why, we *act the same*;
 But to cozen the town we adopt a *new name*;
 For that *Vortigern's* Shakespeare's we some of us say,
 Which you very well know is a *lie* of the day."

DCXXIV.—A GOOD ONE.

LAMB and Coleridge were talking together on the incidents of Coleridge's early life, when he was beginning his career in the Church, and Coleridge was describing some of the facts in his usual tone, when he paused, and said, "Pray, Mr. Lamb, did you ever hear me preach?"—"I *never* heard you do anything else!" said Lamb.

DCXXV.—"WRITE ME DOWN AN ASS."

A VERY stupid foreman asked a judge how they were to ignore a bill. "Write *Ignoramus* for self and fellows on the back of it," said Curran.

DCXXVI.—A WORD TO THE WISE.

DR. BALGUY, a preacher of great celebrity, after having preached an excellent discourse at Winchester Cathedral, the text of which was, "All wisdom is sorrow," received the following elegant compliment from Dr. Wharton, then at Winchester school:

If what you advance, dear doctor, be true,
 'That "wisdom is sorrow," how wretched are you.

DCXXVII.—LIBERAL GIFT.

A COMEDIAN at Covent Garden advised one of the scene-shifters, who had met with an accident, to try a subscription; and a few days afterwards he asked for the list of names, which, when he had read over, he returned. "Why, sir," says the poor fellow, "won't you give me something?"—"Why, zounds, man," replied the comedian, "didn't I *give* you the *hint*?"

DCXXVIII.—EASILY ANSWERED.

A CERTAIN Lord Mayor, hearing of a gentleman who had had the small-pox twice, and died of it, asked, if he died the first time or the second?

DCXXIX.—ON THE LATIN GERUNDS.

WHEN Dido mourn'd, Æneas would not come,
She wept in silence, and was *Di-Do-Dumb*.

DCXXX.—DODGING A CREDITOR.

A CREDITOR, whom he was anxious to avoid, met Sheridan coming out of Pall Mall. There was no possibility of avoiding him, but he did not lose his presence of mind. "That's a beautiful mare you are on!" said Sheridan.—"Do you think so?"—"Yes, indeed! how does she trot?" The creditor, highly flattered, put her into full trot. Sheridan bolted round the corner, and was *out of sight* in a moment.

DCXXXI.—BAD HABIT.

SIR FREDERICK FLOOD had a droll habit, of which he could never effectually break himself. Whenever a person at his back whispered or suggested anything to him whilst he was speaking in public, without a moment's reflection, he always repeated the suggestion *literatim*. Sir Frederick was once making a long speech in the Irish Parliament, lauding the transcendent merits of the Wexford magistracy, on a motion for extending the criminal jurisdiction in that county, to keep down the disaffected. As he was closing a most turgid oration by declaring "that the said magistracy ought to receive some signal mark of the Lord-Lieutenant's favour," John Egan, who was rather mellow, and sitting behind him, jocularly whispered, "*and be whipped at the cart's tail*."—"And be whipped at the cart's tail!" repeated Sir Frederick unconsciously, amidst peals of uncontrollable laughter.

DCXXXII.—WHO'S TO BLAME.

KING JAMES used to say, that he never knew a modest man make his way in a court. As he was repeating this expression one day, a David Floyd, who was then in waiting at his majesty's elbow, replied bluntly, "Pray, sir, whose *fault* is that!" The king stood corrected, and was silent.

DCXXXIII.—THE LETTER H.

SIR JAMES SCARLETT, when at the Bar, had to cross-examine a witness whose evidence it was thought would be very damaging, unless he could be bothered a little, and his only vulnerable point was said to be his self-esteem. The witness presented himself in the box—a portly, over-dressed person, and Scarlett took him in hand.

Q. Mr. John Tomkins, I believe?

A. Yes.

Q. You are a stock-broker?

A. I *ham*!

Scarlett regarded him attentively for a few moments, and then said: "And a very fine, well-dressed *ham* you are, sir?"

The shout of laughter which followed completely disconcerted the witness, and the counsel's point was gained.

DCXXXIV.—TRUTH AND RHYME.

IN the days of Charles II., candidates for holy orders were expected to respond in Latin to the various interrogatories put to them by the bishop or his examining chaplain. When the celebrated Dr. Isaac Barrow (who was fellow of Trinity College, and tutor to the immortal Newton) had taken his bachelor's degree, he presented himself before the bishop's chaplain, who, with the stiff stern visage of the times, said to Barrow—

"*Quid est fides?*" (What is faith?)

"*Quod non vides?*" (What thou dost not see),

answered Barrow with the utmost promptitude. The chaplain, a little vexed at Barrow's laconic answer, continued—

"*Quid est spes?*" (What is hope?)

"*Magna res?*" (A great thing),

replied the young candidate in the same breath.

"*Quid est charitas?*" (What is charity?)

was the next question.

"*Magna raritas?*" (A great rarity),

was again the prompt reply of Barrow, blending truth and rhyme with a precision that staggered the reverend examiner, who went direct to the bishop and told him that a young

Cantab had thought proper to give rhyming answers to three several moral questions, and added that he believed his name was Barrow, of Trinity College, Cambridge. "Barrow, Barrow!" said the bishop, who well knew the literary and moral worth of the young Cantab, "if that's the case, ask him no more questions, for he is much better qualified," continued his lordship, "*to examine us than we him.*" Barrow received his letters of orders forthwith.

DCXXXV.—A GOOD TRANSLATION.

"PISTOR erat quondam, laborando qui fregit collum:
Qui fregit collum, collum fregitque suum."

Thus translated—

"There was a baker heretofore, with labour and great pain:
Did break his neck, and break his neck, and break his
neck again."

DCXXXVI.—MAD QUAKERS.

A MAD Quaker belongs to a small and rich sect; and is, therefore, of greater importance than any *other* mad person of the same degree in life.

DCXXXVII.—BACON.

A MALEFACTOR, under sentence of death, pretending that he was related to him, on that account petitioned Lord Chancellor Bacon for a *reprieve*. To which petition his lordship answered, "that he could not possibly be *Bacon* till he had first been *hung*."

DCXXXVIII.—A LETTER WANTING.

SAID vain Andrew Scalp, "My initials, I guess,
Are known, so I sign all my poems, A. S."
SAID Jerrold, "I own you're a reticent youth,
For that's telling only two-thirds of the truth."

DCXXXIX.—ADVICE TO THE YOUNG.

JERROLD said to an ardent young gentleman, who burned with a desire to see himself in print, "Be advised by me, young man: don't take down the shutters before there is something in the window."

DCXL.—A PROMISE TO PAY.

JOE HAINES was more remarkable for his practical jokes than for his acting. He was seized one morning by two bailiffs, for a debt of 20*l.*, as the Bishop of Ely was passing by in his coach. "Gentlemen," said Joe, "here's my cousin the Bishop of Ely going by his house; let me but speak to him, and he'll pay the debt and charges." The bailiffs thought they might venture this, as they were within three or four yards of him. Joe went boldly up to the coach, and pulled his hat off to the bishop. His lordship ordered the coach to stop, when Joe whispered him gently, "My lord, here are two men who have such great *scruples of conscience*, that I fear they'll hang themselves."—"Very well," said the bishop; so, calling to the bailiffs, he said, "You two men come to me to-morrow morning, and *I will satisfy you*." The men bowed, and went away pleased. Early on the following day, the bailiffs, expecting the debt and charges, paid a visit to the bishop; when, being introduced, his lordship addressed them. "Well, my men, what are your scruples of conscience?"—"Scruples!" echoed the bailiff; "we have *no scruples*. We are bailiffs, my lord, who yesterday arrested your cousin, Joe Haines, for a debt of 20*l.*; and your lordship kindly promised to satisfy us to-day." The bishop, reflecting that his honour and name would be exposed were he not to comply, paid the debt and charges.

DCXLI.—PUNCTUATION.

SOME gentlemen talking on the inattention of writers to punctuation, it was observed that the lawyers used no stops in their writings. "I should not mind that," said one of the party, "but they put no *periods* to their works."

DCXLII.—CON-CIDER-ATE.

LORD BOTTETOT, in passing through Gloucester, soon after the cider tax, in which he was very unpopular, observing himself burning in effigy, he stopped his coach, and giving a purse of guineas to the mob, said, "Pray, gentlemen, if you will burn me, burn me like a gentleman; do not let me linger; I see you have *not faggots enough*." This good-humoured speech appeased the people, who gave him three cheers, and let him pass.

DCXLIII.—FEAR OF EDUCATING WOMEN.

THERE is a very general notion, that if you once suffer women to eat of the tree of knowledge, the rest of the family will very soon be reduced to the same kind of ærial and unsatisfactory diet.

DCXLIV.—A-LIQUID.

PORSON, once conversing with a party of congenial friends, seemed at a loss for *something* to cheer the inward man, and drawing his glass mechanically towards him, he took up one bottle, and then another, without finding wherewithal to replenish. A friend observing this, he inquired what the professor was in search of? "Only *a-liquid!*" answered Porson.

DCXLV.—TOP AND BOTTOM.

THE following playful colloquy in verse took place at a dinner-table between Sir George Rose and James Smith, in allusion to Craven Street, Strand, where he resided:—

J.S.—"At the top of the street ten attorneys find place,
And ten dark coal barges are moored:
Fly, Honesty, fly, to some safer retreat,
For there's *craft* in the river, and *craft* in the street."
Sir G. R.—"Why should Honesty fly to some safer retreat,
From attorneys and barges, od rot 'em?
For the attorneys are *just* at the top of the street,
And the barges are *just* at the bottom."

DCXLVI.—A SUGGESTIVE PRESENT.

JERROLD and a company of literary friends were out in the country. In the course of their walk, they stopped to notice the gambols of an ass's foal. A very sentimental poet present vowed that he should like to send the little thing as a present to his mother. "Do," Jerrold replied, "and tie a piece of paper round its neck, bearing this motto—'When this you see, remember me.'"

DCXLVII.—A NEW DISGUISE.

THE Duke of Norfolk of Foote's time was much addicted to the bottle. On a masquerade night, he asked Foote what *new* character he should go in. "Go sober!" said Foote.

DCXLVIII.—WET AND DRY.

DR. MACKNIGHT, who was a better commentator than preacher, having been caught in a shower of rain, entered the vestry soaked with wet. As the time drew on for divine service he became much distressed, and ejaculated over and over, "Oh, I wish that I was dry! Do you think I'm dry? Do you think I'm dry eneuch noo?" To this his jocose colleague, Dr. Henry, the historian, returned: "Bide a wee, doctor, and ye'se be *dry eneuch* when ye get into the *pu'pit*."

DCXLIX.—RUM AND WATER.

A CERTAIN Scotchman, who is not a member of any temperance society, being asked by a dealer to purchase some fine old Jamaica, drily answered, "To tell you the truth, Mr.—, I canna' say I'm very fond of rum; for if I tak' mair than *six tum'lers*, it's very apt to gi'e me a head-ache."

DCL.—A BUDGET OF BLUNDERS.

PERHAPS the best concentrated specimen of blunders, such as occur in all nations, but which, of course, are fathered upon Paddy wholesale, as if by common consent, is the following:

Copy of a Letter, written during the Rebellion by Sir —, an Irish Member of Parliament, to his friend in London.

MY DEAR SIR,

Having now a little peace and quietness, I sit down to inform you of the dreadful bustle and confusion we are in from these blood-thirsty rebels, most of whom are, I'm glad to say, killed and dispersed. We are in a pretty mess, can get nothing to eat, nor wine to drink, except whisky, and when we sit down to dinner we are obliged to keep both hands armed. Whilst I write this, I hold a sword in each hand and a pistol in the other. I concluded from the beginning that this would be the end of it, and I see I was right, for it is not half over yet. At present there are such goings on that everything is at a standstill. I should have answered your letter a fortnight ago, but I did not receive it till this morning. Indeed, scarcely a mail arrives safe without being robbed. No longer ago than yesterday the coach with the mails from Dublin was robbed near this town; the bags had been judiciously left behind for fear of accident, and by good luck there was nobody in it but two outside

passengers, who had nothing for the thieves to take. Last Thursday notice was given that a gang of rebels was advancing here under the French standard, but they had no colours, nor any drums except bagpipes. Immediately every man in the place, including women and children, ran out to meet them. We soon found our force much too little; we were far too near to think of retreating. Death was in every face, but to it we went, and, by the time half our little party were killed, we began to be all alive again. Fortunately the rebels had no guns, except pistols, cutlasses, and pikes, and as we had plenty of muskets and ammunition, we put them all to the sword. Not a soul of them escaped, except some that were drowned in an adjacent bog, and, in a very short time, nothing was to be heard but silence. Their uniforms were all different colours, but mostly green. After the action we went to rummage a sort of camp, which they had left behind them. All we found was a few pikes, without heads, a parcel of empty bottles full of water, and a bundle of French commissions filled up with Irish names. Troops are now stationed all round the country, which exactly squares with my ideas.

I have only time to add that I am in great haste.

Yours truly,

P.S.—If you do not receive this, of course it must have miscarried, therefore I beg you will write to let me know.

DCLI.—IMPROMPTU.

(Spoken between the Third and Fourth Acts of Cowley's Tragedy "The Fall of Sparta.")

So great thy art, that while we view'd,
Of Sparta's sons the lot severe,
We caught the Spartan fortitude,
And saw their woes without a tear!

DCLII.—WILKES AND A LIBERTY.

So ungrateful was the sound of "Wilkes and No. 45" (the famous number of the "North Briton") to George III., that about 1772, George IV., then a mere boy, having been chid for some fault, and wishing to take his boyish revenge, stole to the king's apartment, and shouting at the door, "Wilkes and No. 45 for ever!" ran away.

DCLIII.—A STRANGE OBJECTION.

A GREAT drinker being at table, they offered him grapes at dessert. "Thank you!" said he, pushing back the plate; "I don't take my *wine in pills*!"

DCLIV.—THE TIMIDITY OF BEAUTY.

It's a great comfort for timid men, that beauty, like the elephant, doesn't know its strength. Otherwise, how it would trample upon us!—D. J.

DCLV.—MAKING A CLEARANCE.

AT Glasgow forty years ago, when the time had come for the *bowl* to be introduced, some jovial and thirsty member of the company proposed as a toast, "The trade of Glasgow and the *outward bound*;" the hint was taken, and silks and satins moved off to the drawing-room.

DCLVI.—A SMART ONE-POUNDER.

WHILE the "Beggar's Opera" was under rehearsal at the Haymarket Theatre, in 1823, Miss Paton, who was to play the part of *Polly*, expressed a wish to sing the air of "The Miser thus a Shilling sees," a note higher; to which the stage-manager immediately replied, "Then, Miss, you must sing, 'The Miser thus a *Guinea* sees.'"

DCLVII.—RESIGNATION.

AN actor, on his benefit night, having a very limited audience, when he came to the often-quoted passage, "'Tis not in mortals to command success, We'll do more, Sempronius—we'll deserve it," heaved a deep sigh, and substituted for the last line, "We'll do more, Sempronius—we'll do *without it*."

DCLVIII.—DELPINI'S REMONSTRANCE.

DELPINI had repeatedly applied to the Prince of Wales to speak to the Lord Chamberlain to grant him a licence for a play at the Little Theatre in the Haymarket, always pleading poverty: at last, when he once met his Royal Highness coming out of Carlton House, he exclaimed, "Ah, votre Altesse! mon Prince! If you do not speak to Milor Chamberlain for pauvre Delpini, I must go to your *papa's* bench."

DCLIX.—A PHONETIC JOKE.

A LITTLE girl playing at the game of "I love my love with an A," &c., having arrived at the letter Z, displayed her orthographical acquirements by taking her lover to the sign of the Zebra, and treating him to *Zeiditz* powders.

DCLX.—PURE FOLKS.

VERY pure folks won't be held up to the light and shown to be very dirty bottles, without paying back hard abuse for the impertinence.

DCLXI.—GOOD NEWS FOR THE CHANCELLOR.

WE have to congratulate the Right Honourable Lord Brougham on the following piece of intelligence: "*Yarn* has risen one farthing a pound." His lordship's long speeches are of course at a premium.—G. a'B.

DCLXII.—JUSTICE NOT ALWAYS BLIND.

WESTMACOTT, of the *Age* paper, having libelled a gentleman, was well thrashed for his pains. Declaring afterwards that he would have justice done him, a person present remarked, "That has been done *already*." A similar story is told of Voltaire and the Regent of France.

DCLXIII.—KITCHENER AND COLMAN.

THE most celebrated wits and *bon vivants* of the day graced the dinner-table of the late Dr. Kitchenier, and, *inter alia*, the late George Colman, who was an especial favourite; his interpolation of a little monosyllable in a written admonition which the Doctor caused to be placed on the mantelpiece of the dining parlour will never be forgotten, and was the origin of such a drinking bout as was seldom permitted under his roof. The caution ran thus: "Come at seven, go at eleven." Colman briefly altered the sense of it; for, upon the Doctor's attention being directed to the card, he read, to his astonishment, "Come at seven, *go it* at eleven!" which the guests did, and the claret was punished accordingly.

DCLXIV.—A SPARE MAN.

JERROLD said to a very thin man, "Sir, you are like a pin, but without the head or the point."

DCLXV.—A LONG BILL.

WHEN Foote was at Salt Hill, he dined at the Castle Inn, and when Partridge, the host, produced his bill, which was rather exorbitant, the comedian asked him his name. "Partridge, sir," said he. "Partridge! It should have been Woodcock, *by the length of your bill!*"

DCLXVI.—ROYAL PUN.

WHEN a noble Admiral of the White, well known for his gallant spirit, his gentlemanly manners, and real goodness of heart, was introduced to William the Fourth, to return thanks for his promotion, the cheerful and affable monarch, looking at his hair, which was almost as white as the newly-fallen snow, jocosely exclaimed, "White at *the main*, Admiral! white at *the main!*"

DCLXVII.—A COLOURABLE RESEMBLANCE.

Two silly brothers, twins, who were very much about town in Theodore Hook's time, took pains, by dressing alike, to deceive their friends as to their identity. Tom Hill (the original of Paul Pry) was expatiating upon these modern Dromios, at which Hook grew impatient. "Well," said Hill, "you will admit that they resemble each other wonderfully: they are as like as *two peas*."—"They are," retorted Hook, "and quite as *green*."

DCLXVIII.—SPRANGER BARRY.

THIS celebrated actor was, perhaps, in no part so excellent as that of *Romeo*, for which he was particularly fitted by an uncommonly handsome and commanding person, and a silver-toned voice. At the time that he attracted the town to Covent Garden by his excellent performance of this part, Garrick found it absolutely necessary to divide the attention of the public by performing *Romeo* himself at Drury Lane. He wanted the natural advantages of Barry, and, great as he was, would, perhaps, have willingly avoided such a contention. This, at least, seems to have been a prevailing opinion; for in the garden scene, when *Juliet* in soliloquy exclaims, "O *Romeo, Romeo*, wherefore art thou *Romeo?*" an auditor archly replied, aloud, "*Because Barry has gone to the other house.*"

DCLXIX.—BAD SPORT.

MR. HARE, formerly the envoy to Poland, had apartments in the same house with Mr. Fox, and, like his friend Charles, had frequent visits from bailiffs. One morning, as he was looking out of his window, he observed two of them at the door. "Pray, gentlemen," says he, "are you *Fox* hunting, or *Hare* hunting this morning?"

DCLXX.—MEASURE FOR MEASURE.

THE amiable Mrs. W—— always insists that her friends who take grog shall mix *equal* quantities of spirits and water, though she never observes the rule for herself. A writer of plays having once made a glass under her directions, was asked by the lady, "Pray, sir, is it *As you like it*?"—"No, madam," replied the dramatist; "it is *Measure for Measure*."

DCLXXI.—A PROBABILITY.

JONATHAN and his friend, Paddy, were enjoying a delightful ride, when they came in sight of what is very unusual in any civilised state now-a-days—an old gallows or gibbet. This suggested to the American the idea of being witty at the expense of his Irish companion.—"You see *that*, I calculate," said he nasally, pointing to the object just mentioned; "and now where would *you* be if the gallows had its due?"—"Riding *alone*," coolly replied Paddy.

DCLXXII.—LEGAL ADULTERATION.

SEVERAL publicans being assembled at Malton, in Yorkshire, in order to renew their licences to retail beer, the worthy magistrate addressed one of them (an old woman), and said he trusted she did not put any pernicious ingredients into the liquor; to which she immediately replied: "I'll assure your worship there's nought pernicious put into our barrels that I know of, but th' *exciseman's stick*."

DCLXXIII.—VOX ET PRÆTEREA NIHIL.

"I WONDER if Brougham thinks as much as he talks,"
Said a punster perusing a trial;
"I vow, since his lordship was made Baron Vaux,
He's been *Vaux et præterea nihil*."

DCLXXIV.—SALISBURY CATHEDRAL SPIRE.

A SEXTON in Salisbury Cathedral was telling Charles Lamb that eight people had dined at the pointed top of the spire ; upon which Lamb remarked that they must have been very *sharp set*.

DCLXXV.—AN ACT OF JUSTICE.

DR. BARTON, being in company with Dr. Nash, who had just printed two heavy folios on the antiquities of Worcestershire, remarked that the publication was deficient in several respects, adding, "Pray, doctor, are you not a justice of the peace?"—"I am," replied Nash. "Then," said Barton, "I advise you to send your work to the *house of correction*."

DCLXXVI.—LISTON'S DREAM.

As Liston lay wrapt in delicious repose,
Most harmoniously playing a tune with his nose,
In a dream there appear'd the adorable Venus,
Who said, "To be sure there's no likeness between us ;
Yet to show a celestial to kindness so prone is,
Your looks shall soon rival the handsome Adonis."
Liston woke in a fright, and cried, "Heaven preserve me !
If my face you improve, zounds ! madam, you'll *starve me !*"

DCLXXVII.—A VOLUMINOUS SPEAKER.

A WELL-KNOWN lawyer, Mr. Marryatt, who declared he had never opened any book after he left school but a law book, once told a jury, when speaking of a chimney on fire :—"Gentlemen, the chimney took fire ; it poured forth *volumes* of smoke ! *Volumes*, did I say ? Whole *encyclo-pædias !*" Mr. Marryatt is said to have applied for two *mandami*.

DCLXXVIII.—A SUGGESTIVE QUESTION.

DOUGLAS JERROLD, discussing one day with Mr. Selby, the vexed question of adapting dramatic pieces from the French, that gentleman insisted upon claiming some of his characters as strictly original creations. "Do you remember my Baroness in *Ask no Questions ?*" said Mr. S. "Yes, indeed. I don't think I ever saw a piece of yours without being struck by your *barrenness*," was the retort.

DCLXXIX.—LOVE AND HYMEN.

HYMEN comes when he is called, and Love when he pleases.

DCLXXX.—PAR NOBILE FRATRUM.

A FORMER laird of Brotherton was on all occasions a man of few words. He had a favourite tame goose, and for hours together Brotherton and his silent companion sat by the fire-side opposite to each other. On one occasion a candidate for the representation of the county in Parliament called upon him to solicit his vote, and urged his request with much eloquence; to all which the laird replied only by nods and smiles, without saying a word. When, however, the candidate was gone, he looked across to his goose, and emphatically remarked, "I'm thinkin' yon windy chiel 'll no *tell muckle* that you and I *said* till him."

DCLXXXI.—PLAIN LANGUAGE.

MR. JOHN CLERK, in pleading before the House of Lords one day, happened to say, in his broadest Scotch accent, "In plain English, ma Lords;" upon which Lord Eldon jocosely remarked, "In plain Scotch, you mean, Mr. Clerk." The prompt advocate instantly rejoined, "Na matter! in plain *common sense*, ma Lords, and that's the same in a' languages, ye'll ken."

DCLXXXII.—A SETTLER.

A FARMER, in a stage-coach with Charles Lamb, kept boring him to death with questions in the jargon of agriculturists about crops. At length he put a poser—"And pray, sir, how are turnips t'year?"—"Why that, sir," stammered out Lamb, "will *depend* upon the boiled legs of mutton."

DCLXXXIII.—CASH PAYMENTS.

PETERSON the comedian lent a brother actor two shillings, and when he made a demand for the sum, the debtor, turning peevishly from him, said, "Hang it! I'll pay you to-day in some shape or other." Peterson good-humouredly replied, "I shall be much obliged to you, Tom, to let it be as like *two shillings* as you can."

DCLXXXIV.—LAWYER'S HOUSE.

THE lawyer's house, if I have rightly read,
Is built upon the fool or madman's head.

DCLXXXV.—A REASONABLE DEMAND.

COLONEL B—— was remarkably fat, and coming one night out of the playhouse, called a chair; but while he was preparing to squeeze into it, a friend, who was stepping into his chariot, called out to him, "B——, I go by your door, and will set you down." B—— gave the chairmen a shilling, and was going; when one of them scratched his head, and hoped his honour would give him more than a shilling. "For what, you scoundrel! when I never got into your chair?"—"But consider the fright your honour put us into," replied Pat—"consider the fright!"

DCLXXXVI.—EBENEZER ADAMS.

THIS celebrated Quaker, on visiting a lady of rank, whom he found, six months after the death of her husband, sitting on a sofa covered with black cloth, and in all the dignity of woe, approached her with great solemnity and, gently taking her by the hand, thus accosted her:—"So friend, I see that thou hast not yet *forgiven* God Almighty." This seasonable reproof had such an effect upon the person to whom it was addressed, that she immediately laid aside her trappings of grief, and went about her necessary business and avocations.

DCLXXXVII.—ONE BITE AT A CHERRY.

A YOUNG fellow once offered to kiss a Quakeress. "Friend," said she, "thee must not do it."—"O, *by Jove*! but I must," said the youth. "Well, friend, as thee hast *sworn*, thee may do it, but thee must not make a practice of it."

DCLXXXVIII.—A FIG FOR THE GROCER!

WHEN Abernethy was canvassing for the office of surgeon to St. Bartholomew's Hospital, he called upon a rich grocer. The great man, addressing him, said—"I suppose, sir, you want my vote and interest at this momentous epoch of your life."—"No, I don't," said Abernethy. "I want a penny-worth of figs; come, look sharp and wrap them up; I want to be off!"

DCLXXXIX.—STEAM-BOAT RACING.

SIR CHARLES LYELL, when in the United States, received the following advice from a friend :—" When you are racing with an opposition steam-boat, or chasing her, and the other passengers are cheering the captain, who is sitting on the safety-valve to keep it down with his weight, go as far as you can from the engine, and lose no time, especially if you hear the captain exclaim, ' Fire up, boys ! put on the resin ! ' Should a servant call out, ' Those gentlemen who have not paid their passage will please to go to the ladies' cabin,' obey the summons without a moment's delay, for then an explosion may be apprehended. ' Why to the ladies' cabin ? ' said I. Because it is the safe end of the boat, and they are getting anxious for the personal security of those who have not yet paid their dollars, being, of course, indifferent about the rest. Therefore never pay in advance ; for should you fall overboard during a race, and the watch cries out to the captain, ' A passenger overboard,' he will ask, ' Has he paid his passage ? ' and if he receives an answer in the affirmative, he will call out ' *Go ahead !* '"

DCXC.—GENTLY, JEMMY.

SIR JAMES MACKINTOSH invited Dr. Parr to take a drive in his gig. The horse became restive. " Gently, Jemmy," says the doctor, " don't irritate him ; always soothe your horse, Jemmy. You'll do better without me. Let me down, Jemmy." Once on *terra-firma*, the doctor's view of the case was changed. " Now, Jemmy, touch him up. Never let a horse get the better of you. Touch him up, conquer him, don't spare him ; and now, I'll leave you to manage him—*I'll walk back.*"

DCXCI.—WHAT'S IN A SYLLABLE ?

LONGFELLOW, the poet, was introduced to one Longworth, and some one noticed the similarity of the first syllable of the names. " Yes," said the poet, " but in this case I fear Pope's line will apply—' *Worth* makes the man, the want of it the *fellow.*' "

DCXCII.—QUIET THEFT.

A SADDLE being missing at a funeral, it was observed, no wonder that nothing was heard of it, for it is believed to have been stolen by a *mute*.

DCXCIII.—GOOD ADVICE.

A YOUNG man (placed by his friends as student at a Veterinary College) being in company with some of his colleagues, was asked, "If a broken-winded horse were brought to him for cure, what he would advise?" After considering for a moment, "Advise," said he, "I should advise the owner *to sell* as soon as possible."

DCXCIV.—CRITICISING A STATUE.

SOON after Canning's statue was put up in Palace Yard, in all its verdant freshness, the carbonate of copper not yet blackened by the smoke of London, Mr. Justice Gazelee was walking away from Westminster Hall with a friend, when the judge, looking at the statue (which is colossal), said, "I don't think this is very like Canning; he was not so *large* a man."—"No, my lord," replied his companion, "nor so *green*."

DCXCV.—A COMPARISON.

DURING the assizes, in a case of assault and battery, where a stone had been thrown by the defendant, the following clear and conclusive evidence was drawn out of a Yorkshireman:—

"Did you see the defendant throw the stone?"—"I saw a stone, and I'ze pretty sure the defendant throwed it."

"Was it a large stone?"—"I should say it wur a largish stone."

"What was its size?"—"I should say a sizeable stone."

"Can't you answer definitely how big it was?"—"I should say it wur a stone of some bigness."

"Can't you give the jury some idea of the stone?"—"Why, as near as I recollect, it wur something of a stone."

"Can't you compare it to some other object?"—"Why, if I wur to compare it, so as to give some notion of the stone, I should say it wur as large as a lump o' chalk!"

DCXCVI.—FATIGUE DUTY.

A CERTAIN reverend gentleman in the country was complaining to another that it was a great fatigue to preach twice a-day. "Oh!" said the other, "I preach twice every Sunday, and *make nothing* of it."

DCXCVII.—GLUTTONS AND EPICURES.

STEPHEN KEMBLE (who was very fat) and Mrs. Esten were crossing the Frith, when a gale sprang up, which alarmed the passengers. "Suppose, Mr. Kemble," said Mrs. Esten; "suppose we become food for fishes, which of us two do you think they will eat first?"—"Those that are *gluttons*," replied the comedian, "will undoubtedly fall foul of *me*, but the *epicures* will attack you!"

DCXCVIII.—A BAD END.

It was told of Jekyll, that one of his friends, a brewer, had been drowned in his own vat. "Ah!" he exclaimed, "floating in his own *watery bier*."

DCXCIX. — ON THE NAME OF KEOPALANI (QUEEN OF THE SANDWICH ISLANDS), WHICH SIGNIFIES "THE DROPPING OF THE CLOUDS FROM HEAVEN."

THIS name's the best that could be given,
As will by proof be quickly seen;
For "dropping from the clouds from Heaven,"
She was, of course, the *raining Queen*.

DCC.—ACCOMMODATING PRINCIPLES.

IN one of Sir Robert Walpole's letters, he gives a very instructive picture of a skillful minister and a condescending Parliament. "My dear friend," writes Sir Robert, "there is scarcely a member whose purse I do not know to a sixpence, and whose very soul almost I could not purchase at the offer. The reason former ministers have been deceived in this matter is evident—they never considered the temper of the people they had to deal with. I have known a minister so weak as to offer an avaricious old rascal a star and garter, and attempt to bribe a young rogue, who set no value upon money, with a lucrative employment. I pursue methods as opposite as the poles, and therefore my administration has been attended with a different effect."

"Patriots," says Walpole, "spring up like mushrooms. I could raise fifty of them within four-and-twenty hours. I have raised many of them in one night. It is but refusing to gratify an unreasonable or insolent demand, and *up starts a patriot*."

DCCI.—BOSWELL'S "LIFE OF JOHNSON."

WHEN Boswell's "Life of Johnson" first made its appearance, Boswell was so full of it that he could neither think nor talk of anything else: so much so, that meeting Lord Thurlow hurrying through Parliament Street to get to the House of Lords, where an important debate was expected, and for which he was already too late, Boswell had the temerity to stop and accost him with "Have you read my book?"—"Yes, — you!" replied Lord Thurlow, "every word of it; I could not *help myself*."

DCCII.—VERY LIKE A WHALE.

THE first of all the royal infant males
Should take the title of the Prince of *Wales*;
Because 'tis clear to seamen and to lubber,
Babies and *whales* are both inclined to *blubber*.

DCCIII.—A NEW SIGN.

A DRUNKEN fellow coming by a shop, asked an apprentice boy what the sign was. He answered, that it was a *sign* he was drunk.

DCCIV.—FALSE QUANTITIES.

A YOUNG man who, on a public occasion, makes a false quantity at the outset of life, can seldom or never get over it.

DCCV.—NOT TRUE.

A LADY was asked by her friends if she really intended to marry Mr. —, who was a good kind of a man, but so very singular. "Well," replied the lady, "if he is very much *unlike* other men, he is more likely to make a good husband."

DCCVI.—BETTING.

THE folly of *betting* is well satirised in one of Walpole's Letters:—"Sept. 1st, 1750,—They have put in the papers a good story made at White's. A man dropped down dead at the door, and was carried in; the club immediately made bets whether he was dead or not, and when they were going to bleed him the wagers for his death interposed, and said it would affect the fairness of the bet."

DCCVII.—FIRE AND WATER.

PADDY being asked if he thought of doing something, which, for his own part, he deemed very unlikely, he said he should "as soon think of attempting to light a cigar at a pump."

DCCVIII.—THE RAILROAD ENGINEER.

THOUGH a railroad, learned Rector,
 Passes near your parish spire ;
 Think not, sir, your Sunday lecture
 E'er will overwhelm'd expire.
 Put not then your hopes in weepers,
 Solid work my road secures ;
 Preach whate'er you will—*my* sleepers
 Never will awaken *yours*.

These lines will be read with a deep interest, as being literally *the last ever written* by their highly-gifted and deeply-lamented author—James Smith.

DCCIX.—THE SPECIFIC GRAVITY OF FOLLY.

COLERIDGE once dined in company with a grave-looking person, an admirable listener, who said nothing, but smiled and nodded, and thus impressed the poet with an idea of his intelligence. "That man is a philosopher," thought Coleridge. At length, towards the end of the dinner, some apple dumplings were placed on the table, and the listener no sooner saw them than, almost jumping from his chair, he exclaimed, "*Them's the jockeys for me!*"

DCCX.—EQUALITY.

A HIGHWAYMAN and a chimney-sweeper were condemned to be hanged the same time at Tyburn—the first for an exploit on the highway, the latter for a more ignoble robbery. "Keep farther off, can't you?" said the highwayman, with some disdain. "Sir," replied the sweep, "I *won't* keep off; I have as much *right* to be *here* as you!"

DCCXI.—A CANDID COUNSEL.

AN Irish counsel being asked by the judge for whom was he concerned, replied, "I am *concerned* for the plaintiff, but I'm *retained* by the defendant."

DCCXII.—TRADE AGAINST LAND.

WHEN the late Mr. Whitbread's father, the brewer, first opposed the Duke of Bedford's interest at Bedford, the Duke informed him that he would spend £50,000 rather than he should *come in*. Whitbread, with true English spirit, replied, that was nothing; the sale of his grains would pay for that.

DCCXIII.—TRUE EVIDENCE.

A JEW called on to justify bail in the Court of Common Pleas, the opposing counsel thus examined him: "What is your name?"—"Jacob." "What are you?"—"General dealer." "Do you keep a shop?"—"No." "How then do you dispose of your goods?"—"To the *best advantage*, my good fellow."

DCCXIV.—DR. YOUNG.

DR. YOUNG was walking in his garden at Welwyn, in company with two ladies (one of whom he afterwards married), when the servant came to acquaint him a gentleman wished to speak with him. As he refused to go, one lady took him by the right arm, the other by the left, and led him to the garden-gate; when, finding resistance in vain, he bowed, laid his hand upon his heart, and spoke the following lines:—

"Thus Adam look'd, when from the garden driv'n,
And thus disputed orders sent from heav'n.
Like him I go, but yet to go am loth;
Like him I go, for angels drove us both.
Hard was his fate, but mine is more unkind;
His Eve went with him, but mine stays behind."

DCCXV.—A YANKEE YARN.

MR. DICKENS tells an American story of a young lady, who, being intensely loved by five young men, was advised to "jump overboard, and marry the man who jumped in after her." Accordingly, next morning, the five lovers being on deck, and looking very devotedly at the young lady, she plunged into the sea head-foremost. Four of the lovers immediately jumped in after her. When the young lady and four lovers were out again, she says to the captain, "What am I to do with them now, they are so wet?"—"Take the *dry one*." And the young lady did, and married him."

DCCXVI.—SAVE US FROM OUR FRIENDS.

THE old Scottish hearers were very particular on the subject of their ministers preaching old sermons; and to repeat a discourse which they could recollect was always made a subject of animadversion by those who heard it. A beadle who was a good deal of a wit in his way, gave a sly hit in his pretended defence of his minister on the question. As they were proceeding from church, the minister observed the beadle had been laughing as if he had triumphed over some of his parishioners with whom he had been in conversation. On asking the cause of this, he received for answer, "Indeed, sir, they were saying ye had preached an auld sermon to-day, but I tackled them, for I tauld them it was no' an auld sermon, for the minister had preached it no' *sax months* syne."

DCCXVII.—LOVE OF THE SEA.

LOVE the sea? I dote upon it—from the beach.—D. J.

DCCXVIII.—UNWELCOME AGREEMENT.

A POMPOUS parish clergyman felt his dignity mightily offended by a chubby-faced lad who was passing him without moving his hat. "Do you know who I am, sir, that you pass me in that unmannerly way? You are better fed than taught, I think, sir." "Whew, may be it is so, measter, for you *teaches* me, but I *feeds* myself."

DCCXIX.—COOKE'S EXPLANATION OF THE FAMILY PLATE.

AN American braggart told Cooke that his family was amongst the oldest in Maryland. Cooke inquired if he had carefully examined the family plate—the *jetters and hand-cuffs*!

DCCXX.—A SPECIMEN OF UNIVERSITY ETIQUETTE.

A POOR youth, brought up in one of the colleges, could not afford the price of a pair of shoes, but when his old ones were worn out at the toes, had them capped with leather: whereupon his companions began to jeer him for so doing: "Why," said he, "don't you see they must be *capped*? Are they not *fellows*?"

DCCXXI.—A MEDICAL OPINION.

AN unfortunate man, who had never drank water enough to warrant the disease, was reduced to such a state by dropsy, that a consultation of physicians was held upon his case. They agreed that tapping was necessary, and the poor patient was invited to submit to the operation, which he seemed inclined to do in spite of the entreaties of his son. "Oh, father, father, do not let them *tap* you," screamed the boy, in an agony of tears; "do anything, but do not let them tap you!" "Why, my dear?" inquired the afflicted parent, "it will do me good, and I shall live long in health to make you happy." "No, father, no, you will not: there never was anything *tapped* in our house that lasted longer than a week."

DCCXXII.—THE CAUSE.

LISETTE has lost her wanton wiles—
What secret care consumes her youth,
And circumscribes her smiles?
A speck on a front tooth.

DCCXXIII.—WHAT'S GOING ON?

A VERY prosy gentleman, who was in the habit of waylaying Jerrold, met his victim, and, planting himself in the way, said, "Well, Jerrold, what is going on to-day?"
Jerrold said, darting past the inquirer, "I am!"

DCCXXIV.—SNORING.

A CERTAIN deacon being accustomed to snore while asleep in church, he received the following polite note:—"Deacon — is requested not to commence snoring to-morrow until the sermon is begun, as some persons in the neighbourhood of his pew would like to hear the *text*."

DCCXXV.—TWO MAKE A PAIR.

SOON after the attack of Margaret Nicholson on the life of George III., the following bill was stuck up in the window of an obscure alehouse: "Here is to be seen the *fork* belonging to the *knife* with which Margaret Nicholson attempted to stab the King."

DCCXXVI.—ALMANAC-MAKERS.

TWO women scolding each other, one said, "Thou liest like a thief and a witch." The other replies, "But thou liest like an *almanac-maker*; for thou liest every day and all the year long."

DCCXXVII.—A BLACK JOKE.

A GENTLEMAN at Limehouse observed the labourers at work in a tier of colliers, and wanting to learn the price of coals, hailed one of the men with, "Well, Paddy, how are coals?" "*Black as ever*," was the reply.

DCCXXVIII.—EPIGRAM.

"HE that will never look upon an ass,
Must lock his door and break his looking-glass."

DCCXXIX.—EXAGGERATION.

A MAN was boasting before a companion of his very strong sight. "I can discern from here a mouse on the top of that very high tower."—"I don't see it," answered his comrade; "but I hear it *running*."

DCCXXX.—WINNING A LOSS.

A SWELL clerk from London, who was spending an evening in a country inn full of company, and feeling secure in the possession of most money, made the following offer. "I will drop money into a hat with any man in the room. The man who holds out the longest to have the whole and treat the company."—"I'll do it," said a farmer. The swell dropped in half a sovereign. The countryman followed with a sixpence. "Go on," said the swell. "I won't," said the farmer; "take the whole, and *treat* the company."

DCCXXXI.—ADVICE GRATIS.

ON the trial of a cause in the Court of Common Pleas, Mr. Serjeant Vaughan having asked a witness a question rather of *law* than of *fact*, Lord Chief Justice Eldon observed, "Brother Vaughan, this is not quite fair; you wish the witness to give you, *for nothing*, what you would not give him under *two guineas*."

DCCXXXII.—SHORT COMMONS.

AT a shop-window in the Strand there appeared the following notice :—"Wanted, *two* apprentices, who will be treated as *one* of the family."

DCCXXXIII.—LICENSED TO KILL.

WHEN an inferior actor at the Haymarket once took off David Garrick, Foote limped from the boxes to the green-room, and severely rated him for his impudence. "Why, sir," said the fellow, "you take him off every day, and why may not I?" "Because," replied the satirist, "*you are not qualified to kill game, and I am.*"

DCCXXXIV.—WILKES AND LIBERTY.

WHEN Wilkes was in France, and at Court, Madame Pompadour addressed him thus : "You Englishmen are fine fellows ; pray how far may a man go in his abuse of the Royal family among you?"—"I do not at present know," replied he, drily, "but I *am trying.*"

DCCXXXV.—A PAT REPLY.

LORD J. RUSSELL endeavoured to persuade Lord Langdale to resign the permanent Mastership of the Rolls for the uncertain position of Lord Chancellor, and paid the learned lord very high compliments on his talent and acquisitions. "It is useless talking, my lord," said Langdale. "So long as I enjoy the *Rolls*, I care nothing for your *butter.*"

DCCXXXVI.—LORD NORTH ASLEEP.

HIS Lordship was accustomed to sleep during the Parliamentary harangues of his adversaries, leaving Sir Grey Cooper to note down anything remarkable. During a debate on ship-building, some tedious speaker entered on a historical detail, in which, commencing with Noah's Ark, he traced the progress of the art regularly downwards. When he came to build the Spanish Armada, Sir Grey inadvertently awoke the slumbering premier, who inquired at what era the honourable gentleman had arrived. Being answered, "We are now in the reign of Queen Elizabeth," "Dear Sir Grey," said he, "why not let me sleep a *century or two* more?"

DCCXXXVII.—RATHER SAUCY.

"YOU had better ask for manners than money," said a finely-dressed gentleman to a beggar who asked for alms. "I asked for what I thought you had *the most of*," was the cutting reply.

DCCXXXVIII.—LONG STORY.

A LOQUACIOUS lady, ill of a complaint of forty years' standing, applied to Mr. Abernethy for advice, and had begun to describe its progress from the first, when Mr. A. interrupted her, saying he wanted to go into the next street, to see a patient; he begged the lady to inform him how long it would take her to tell her story. The answer was, twenty minutes. He asked her to proceed, and hoped she would endeavour to *finish* by the time he *returned*.

DCCXXXIX.—EUCLID REFUTED.

(A part is not equal to the whole—Axiom.)
This is a vulgar error, as I'll prove,
Or freely forfeit half a pipe of sherry;
'Tis plain *one sixteenth part* of Brougham's sense,
Equals the *whole* possessed by L—d—d—y.

DCCXL.—BRED ON THE BOARDS.

WHEN Morris had the Haymarket Theatre, Jerrold, on a certain occasion, had reason to find fault with the strength, or, rather, the want of strength, of the company. Morris expostulated, and said, "Why, there's V——, he was bred on these boards!" "He looks as though he'd been cut out of them," replied Jerrold.

DCCXLI.—ON THE DULNESS OF A DEBATE IN THE HOUSE OF COMMONS, AND THE LITTLE INTEREST FELT IN IT.

No wonder the debate fell dead
'Neath such a constant fire of lead.

DCCXLII.—PAINTING.

A NOBLEMAN who was a great amateur painter showed one of his performances to Turner. That great artist said to him, "My lord, you want nothing but *poverty* to become a very excellent painter."

DCCXLIII.—OLD AGE.

A VERY old man, who was commonly very dull and heavy, had now and then intervals of gaiety : some person observed, "*He resembles an old castle which is sometimes visited by spirits.*"

DCCXLIV.—AN EFFORT OF MEMORY.

"WOULD you think it?" said A. to B. "Mr. Roscius has taken a week to study a Prologue which I wrote in a day."
"His *memory* is evidently not so good as yours," replied B.

DCCXLV.—A READY RECKONER.

A MAN entered a shop, saying he should like a twopenny loaf, which was accordingly placed before him. As if suddenly changing his mind, he declared he should prefer two pen'orth of whisky instead. This he drank off, and pushing the loaf towards the shopkeeper, was departing, when demand of payment was made for the whisky.

"Sure, and haven't I *given* ye the loaf for the whisky?"

"Well, but you did not *pay* for the loaf, you know."

"Thru, and why should I? don't you see, I *didn't take* the loaf, man alive!" And away he quietly walked, leaving the worthy dealer lost in a brown study.

DCCXLVI.—A ROWLAND FOR AN OLIVER.

MR. HAWKINS, Q.C., engaged in a cause before the late Lord Campbell, had frequently to mention the damage done to a carriage called a Brougham, and this word he pronounced, according to its orthography, *Brough-am*.

"If my learned friend will adopt the usual designation, and call the carriage a *Bro'am*, it will save the time of the court," said Lord Campbell, with a smile.

Mr. Hawkins bowed and accepted his Lordship's pronunciation of the word during the remainder of his speech. When Lord Campbell proceeded to sum up the evidence, he had to refer to the Omnibus which had damaged the Bro'am, and in doing so pronounced the word also, according to its orthography. "I beg your Lordship's pardon," said Mr. Hawkins, very respectfully; "but if your Lordship will use the common designation for such a vehicle, and call it a '*Buss*—" The loud laughter which ensued, and in which his Lordship joined, prevented the conclusion of the sentence.

DCCXLVII.—TRUE POLITENESS.

SIR W. G., when governor of Williamsburgh, returned the salute of a negro who was passing. "Sir," said a gentleman present, "do you descend to salute a slave?" "Why, yes," replied the governor; "I cannot suffer a man of his condition to *exceed* me in *good manners*."

DCCXLVIII.—A RAKE'S ECONOMY.

WITH cards and dice, and dress and friends,
My savings are complete;
I light the candle at both ends,
And thus make both ends meet.

DCCXLIX.—EASILY SATISFIED.

A COWARDLY fellow having spoken impertinently to a gentleman, received a violent box of the ear. He demanded whether that was meant in *earnest*. "Yes, sir," replied the other, without hesitation. The coward turned away, saying, "I am glad of it, sir, for I do not like such *jest*s."

DCCL.—PERT.

MACKLIN was once annoyed at Foote laughing and talking just as the former was about to begin a lecture. "Well, sir, you seem to be very merry there; but do you know what I am going to say now?" asked Macklin. "No, sir," said Foote, "pray *do you*?"

DCCLI.—A ROYAL MUFF.

THE following anecdote was told with great glee at a dinner, by William IV., then Duke of Clarence:—"I was riding in the Park the other day, on the road between Teddington and Hampton-wick, when I was overtaken by a butcher's boy, on horseback, with a tray of meat under his arm.—'Nice pony that of yours, old gentleman,' said he.—'Pretty fair,' was my reply.—'Mine's a good 'un too,' rejoined he; 'and I'll trot you to Hampton-wick for a pot o' beer.' I declined the match; and the butcher's boy, as he stuck his single spur into his horse's side, exclaimed, with a look of contempt, 'I thought you were only a *muff*!'"

DCCLII.—A BROAD HINT.

AN eminent barrister having a case sent to him for an opinion—the case being outrageously preposterous—replied, in answer to the question, “Would an action lie?” “Yes, if the witnesses would *lie* too, but not otherwise.”

DCCLIII.—A TASTE OF MARRIAGE.

A GENTLEMAN described to Jerrold the bride of a mutual friend. “Why, he is six foot high, and she is the shortest woman I ever saw. What taste, eh?”

“Ay,” Jerrold replied, “and only a taste!”

DCCLIV.—“THE LAST WAR.”

MR. PITT, speaking in the House of Commons of the glorious war which preceded the disastrous one in which we lost the colonies, called it “the last war.” Several members cried out, “The last war but one.” He took no notice; and soon after, repeating the mistake, he was interrupted by a general cry of “The last war but one—the last war but one.” “I mean, sir,” said Mr. Pitt, turning to the speaker, and raising his sonorous voice—“I mean, sir, the last war that Britons would wish *to remember*.” Whereupon the cry was instantly changed into an universal cheering, long and loud.

DCCLV.—THE PHILANTHROPIST.

JERROLD hated the cant of philanthropy, and writhed whenever he was called a philanthropist in print. On one occasion, when he found himself so described, he exclaimed, “Zounds, it tempts a man to kill a child, to get rid of the reputation.”

DCCLVI.—TOO MUCH OF A BAD THING.

ENGLISH tourists in Ireland soon discover that the length of Irish miles constantly recurs to their observation; eleven Irish miles being equal to about fourteen English. A stranger one day complained of the barbarous condition of the road in a particular district; “True,” said a native, “but if the quality of it be rather *infairior*, we give *good measure* of it, anyhow.”

DCCLVII.—BAD COMPANY.

AT the time that the bubble schemes were *flourishing*, in 1825, Mr. Abernethy met some friends who had risked large sums of money in one of those fraudulent speculations; they informed him that they were going to partake of a most sumptuous dinner, the expenses of which would be defrayed by the company. "If I am not very much deceived," replied he, "you will have nothing but *bubble and squeak* in a short time."

DCCLVIII.—EPIGRAM.

(On the King's double dealing.)

OF such a paradox as this,
Before I never dream't;
The King of England has become,
A *subject* of contempt!!!

DCCLIX.—PAINTING.

A GENTLEMAN seeing a fine painting representing a man playing on the lute, paid this high compliment to the artist. "When I look on that painting I think myself *deaf*."

DCCLX.—NIL NISI, ETC.

A GENTLEMAN calling for beer at another gentleman's table, finding it very bad, declined drinking it. "What!" said the master of the house, "don't you like the beer?"—"It is not to be found fault with," answered the other; "for one should never speak ill of the *dead*."

DCCLXI.—ODD FORESIGHT.

LADY MARGARET HERBERT asked somebody for a *pretty* pattern for a nightcap. "Well," said the person, "what signifies the pattern of a nightcap?" "Oh! child," said she, "you know, in *case of fire*!"

DCCLXII.—"THEREBY HANGS, ETC."

A CERTAIN Irish judge, called the Hanging Judge, and who had never been known to shed a tear except when *Macheath*, in the "Beggar's Opera," got his reprieve, once said to Curran, "Pray, Mr. Curran, is that hung beef beside you? If it is, I will try it." "If you try it, my lord," replied Curran, "it's sure *to be hung*."

DCCLXIII.—GENERAL WOLFE.

GENERAL WOLFE invited a Scotch officer to dine with him: the same day he was also invited by some brother officers. "You must excuse me," said he to them; "I am already engaged to Wolfe." A smart young ensign observed, he might as well have expressed himself with more respect, and said *General Wolfe*. "Sir," said the Scotch officer, with great promptitude, "we never say *General Alexander*, or *General Cæsar*." Wolfe, who was within hearing, by a low bow to the Scotch officer, acknowledged the pleasure he felt at the high compliment.

DCCLXIV.—A QUESTION FOR THE PEERAGE.

As the late Trades Unions, by way of a show,
Over Westminster-bridge strutted five in a row,
"I feel for the bridge," whispered Dick, with a shiver;
"Thus tried by the mob, it may sink in the river."
Quoth Tom, a crown lawyer: "Abandon your fears:
As a bridge it can only be tried *by its piers*."

DCCLXV.—A NOISE FOR NOTHING.

WHEN Thomas Sheridan was in a nervous, debilitated state, and dining with his father at Peter Moore's, the servant, in passing by the fire-place, knocked down the plate-warmer, and made such a clatter as caused the invalid to start and tremble. Moore, provoked by the accident, rebuked the man, and added, "I suppose you have broken all the plates?" "No, sir," said the servant, "not one!" "Not one!" exclaimed Sheridan, "then, hang it, sir, you have made all that noise *for nothing*!"

DCCLXVI.—SHORT MEASURE.

SOME one wrote in an hotel visitors' book his initials, "A. S." A wag wrote underneath, "*Two-thirds* of the truth."

DCCLXVII.—DECANTING EXTRAORDINARY.

THEODORE HOOK once said to a man at whose table a publisher got very drunk, "Why, you appear to have emptied your *wine-cellar* into your *book-seller*."

DCCLXVIII.—A DILEMMA.

WHILST a country parson was preaching, the chief of his parishioners sitting near the pulpit was fast asleep: whereupon he said, "Now, beloved friends, I am in a great strait; for if I speak too softly, those at the further end of the church cannot hear me; and if I talk too loud, I shall *wake* the chief man in the parish."

DCCLXIX.—HOW TO MAKE A MAN OF CONSEQUENCE.

A BROW austere, a circumspective eye,
A frequent shrug of the *os humeri*.
A nod significant, a stately gait,
A blustering manner, and a tone of weight,
A smile sarcastic, an expressive stare,—
Adopt all these, as time and place will bear:
Then rest assur'd, that those of little sense
Will deem you, sure, a *man of consequence*.

DCCLXX.—A CHEAP WATCH.

A SAILOR went to a watchmaker, and presenting a small French watch to him, demanded to know how much the repair of it would come to. The watchmaker, after examining it, said, "It will be more expense repairing than its original cost." "I don't mind that," said the tar; "I will even give you double the original cost, for I gave a fellow a blow on the head for it, and if you repair it, I will give you *two*."

DCCLXXI.—SCOTCH WUT.

A LAIRD riding past a high, steep bank, stopped opposite a hole in it, and said, "John, I saw a brock gang in there." "Did ye," said John; "wull ye haud my horse, sir?" "Certainly," said the laird, and away rushed John for a spade. After digging for half an hour, he came back, nigh speechless, to the laird, who had regarded him musingly. "I canna find him, sir," said John. "'Deed," said the laird very coolly, "I wad ha' wondered if ye had, for it's *ten years* sin' I saw him gang in there."

DCCLXXII.—ATTENDING TO A WISH.

"I WISH you would pay a little attention, sir!" exclaimed a stage manager to a careless actor. "Well, sir, so I am paying *as little* as I can!" was the calm reply.

DCCLXXIII.—A MECHANICAL SURGEON.

A VALIANT sailor, that had lost his leg formerly in the wars, was nevertheless, for his great prudence and courage, made captain of a ship; and being in the midst of an engagement, a cannon bullet took off his wooden supporter, so that he fell down. The seamen immediately called out for a surgeon. "Confound you all," said he, "no surgeon, no surgeon,—a carpenter! a carpenter!"

DCCLXXIV.—CANINE POETRY.

A PRETTY little dog had written on its collar the following distich:—

"This collar don't belong to you, sir,
Pass on—or you may have one too, sir."

The same person might have been the proprietor of another dog, upon whose collar was inscribed:—

"I am Tom Draper's dog. Whose dog are you?"

DCCLXXV.—FOOTIANA.

FOOTE praising the hospitality of the Irish, after one of his trips to the sister kingdom, a gentleman asked him whether he had ever been at *Cork*. "No, sir," replied Foote; "but I have seen many *drawings* of it."

DCCLXXVI.—NIGHT AND MORNING.

AN industrious tradesman having taken a new apprentice, awoke him at a very early hour on the first morning, by calling out that the family were sitting down to table. "Thank you," said the boy, as he turned over in the bed to adjust himself for a new nap; "thank you, I never eat anything during *the night*!"

DCCLXXVII.—FULL INSIDE.

CHARLES LAMB, one afternoon, in returning from a dinner-party, took his seat in a crowded omnibus, when a stout gentleman subsequently looked in, and politely asked, "All full inside?" "I don't know how it may be, sir, with the *other* passengers," answered Lamb, "but that last piece of oyster-pie did the business for *me*."

DCCLXXVIII.—A SHORT JOURNEY.

AN old clergyman one Sunday, at the close of the sermon, gave notice to the congregation that in the course of the week he expected to go on a mission to the heathen. One of his parishioners, in great agitation, exclaimed, "Why, my dear sir, you have never told us one word of this before; what shall we do?" "Oh, brother," said the parson, "I don't expect to *go out* of this town."

DCCLXXIX.—A POSER BY LORD ELLENBOROUGH.

DURING the Chief-Justiceship of the late Lord Ellenborough there was a horse-cause, to which a certain Privy Councillor was a party, and who, as of right, took his seat upon the bench at the hearing, and there (while his adversary's counsel told his tale) ventured a whisper of remark to the Chief Justice. "If you again *address me*, Sir W——, I shall give you in custody of the Marshal." It was a settler for him, and, as it turned out, of his cause; for he lost it, and most justly too.

DCCLXXX.—EPIGRAM.

CRIES Sylvia to a Reverend Dean,
"What reason can be given,
Since marriage is a holy thing,
That there are none in Heaven?"
"There are no women," he reply'd.
She quick returns the jest,—
"Women there are, but I'm afraid
They cannot find a Priest."

DCCLXXXI.—AN ARTISTIC TOUCH.

WHEN Moore was getting his portrait painted by Newton, Sydney Smith, who accompanied the poet, said to the artist, "Couldn't you contrive to throw into his face somewhat of a stronger expression of *hostility* to the Church Establishment?"

DCCLXXXII.—VALUE OF APPLAUSE.

SOME one remarked to Mrs. Siddons that applause was necessary to actors, as it gave them confidence. "More," replied the actress; "it gives us *breath*."

DCCLXXXIII.—LITTLE TO GIVE.

A STINGY husband threw off the blame of the rudeness of his children in company, by saying that his wife always "Gives them their own way." "Poor things!" was the prompt response, "it's *all* I have to *give* them."

DCCLXXXIV.—A GOOD SWIMMER.

A FOOLISH scholar having almost been drowned in his first attempt at swimming, vowed that he would never *enter* the water again until he was a complete master of the art.

[A similar story is told of a pedant by Hierocles.]

DCCLXXXV.—NO PRIDE.

A DENIZEN of the good city of St. Andrews, long desirous of being elected deacon of his craft, after many years of scheming and bowing, at last attained the acme of his ambition, and while the oaths of office were being administered to him, a number of waggish friends waited outside to "trot him out," but the sequel convinced them this was unnecessary. On emerging from the City Hall, with thumbs stuck in the armlets of his vest, with head erect, and solemn step, he approached his friends, lifting up his voice and saying, "Now, billies, *supposing* I'm a deacon, mind, I can be *spoken* to at any time."

DCCLXXXVI.—LORD CLONMEL.

THE late Lord Clonmel, who never thought of demanding more than a shilling for an affidavit, used to be well satisfied, provided it was a *good one*. In his time the Birmingham shillings were current, and he used the following extraordinary precautions to avoid being imposed upon by taking a bad one: "You shall true answer make to such questions as shall be demanded of you touching this affidavit, so help you, &c. *Is this a good shilling?* Are the contents of this affidavit true? Is this *your* name and handwriting?"

DCCLXXXVII.—QUEER PARTNERS.

JERROLD, at a party, noticed a doctor in solemn black waltzing with a young lady who was dressed in a silk of brilliant blue. "As I live! there's a blue pill dancing with a black draught!" said Jerrold.

DCCLXXXVIII.—CORRUPTLY INCORRUPTIBLE.

CHARLES THE SECOND once said to Sidney, "Look me out a man that can't be corrupted: I have sent three Treasurers to the North, and they have all turned thieves." "Well, sire, I will recommend Mivert." "Mivert!" exclaimed the king, "why, Mivert is a thief already." "Therefore *he cannot be corrupted*, your majesty," answered Sidney.

DCCLXXXIX.—EPIGRAM ON THE MARRIAGE OF A VERY THIN COUPLE.

ST. PAUL has declared that, when persons, though twain,
Are in wedlock united, one flesh they remain.
But had he been by, when, like Pharaoh's kine pairing,
Dr. Douglas, of Benet, espous'd Miss Mainwaring,
St. Peter, no doubt, would have alter'd his tone,
And have said, "These two splinters shall now make one bone."

DCCXC.—GOOD AUTHORITY.

HORNE TOOKE, during his contest for Westminster, was thus addressed by a partisan of his opponent, of not a very reputable character. "Well, Mr. Tooke, you will have all the *blackguards* with you to-day."—"I am delighted to hear it, sir, and from such *good* authority."

DCCXCI.—LUXURIOUS SMOKING.

"THE most luxurious smoker I ever knew," says Mr. Paget, "was a young Transylvanian, who told me that his servant always inserted a lighted pipe into his mouth the first thing in the morning, and that he smoked it out before he awoke. 'It is so pleasant,' he observed, 'to have the proper *taste* restored to one's mouth before one is sensible even of its wants.'"

DCCXCII.—NO JUDGE.

A CERTAIN Judge having somewhat hastily delivered judgment in a particular case, a King's Counsel observed, in a tone loud enough to reach the bench, "Good Heavens! every judgment of this court is a mere *toss-up*." "But *heads* seldom win," observed a learned barrister, sitting behind him.

DCCXCIII.—RELATIONS OF MANKIND.

By what curious links, and fantastical relations, are mankind connected together ! At the distance of half the globe, a Hindoo gains his support by groping at the bottom of the sea for the morbid concretion of a shell-fish, to decorate the throat of a London alderman's wife.—S. S.

DCCXCIV.—VERY TRUE.

SERJEANT MAYNARD, a famous lawyer in the days of the Stuarts, called law an "*ars bablativa*."

DCCXCV.—EPIGRAM.

(Accounting for the apostacy of ministers.)

THE Whigs, because they rat and change
To Toryism, all must spurn ;
Yet in the fact there's nothing strange,
That Wigs should twist, or curl, or turn.

DCCXCVI.—DRINKING ALONE.

THE author of the "Parson's Daughter," when surprised one evening in his arm-chair, two or three hours after dinner, is reported to have apologised, by saying, "When one is alone, the bottle *does* come round *so* often." On a similar occasion, Sir Hercules Langreish, on being asked, "Have you finished all that port (three bottles) without assistance?" answered, "No—not quite that—I had the *assistance* of a bottle of Madeira."

DCCXCVII.—A MUSICAL BLOW-UP.

THE Rev. Mr. B——, when residing at Canterbury some years ago, was reckoned a good violoncello-player. His sight being dim obliged him very often to snuff the candles, and in lieu of snuffers he generally employed his fingers in that office, thrusting the *spoils* into the *sound-holes* of his violoncello. A waggish friend of his popped a quantity of gunpowder into B——'s instrument. The tea equipage being removed, music became the order of the evening, and B—— dashed away at Vanhall's 47th. B—— came to a bar's rest, the candles were snuffed, and he thrust the ignited wick into the usual place—*fit fragor*, and bang went the fiddle to pieces.

DCCXCVIII.—READY-MADE WOOD PAVEMENT.

WHEN the Marylebone vestrymen were discussing the propriety of laying down wood pavement within their parish, and were raising difficulties on the subject, Jerrold, as he read the report of the discussion, said:—

"Difficulties in the way! Absurd. They have only to put their heads together, and there *is* the wood pavement."

This joke has been erroneously given to Sydney Smith.

DCCXCIX.—PROPER DISTINCTION.

AN under-graduate had unconsciously strayed into the garden of a certain D.D., then master of the college adjoining. He had not been there many minutes, when Dr. — entered himself, and, perceiving the student, in no very courteous manner desired the young gentleman to walk out; which the under-graduate not doing (in the opinion of the doctor) in sufficient haste, Domine demanded, rather peremptorily, "whether he knew who he was?" at the same time informing the intruder he was Dr. —. "That," replied the under-graduate, "is impossible; for Dr. — is a *gentleman*, and you are a *blackg—d!*"

DCCC.—GRACEFUL EXCUSE.

WILLIAM IV. seemed in a momentary dilemma one day, when, at table with several officers, he ordered one of the waiters to "take away that marine there," pointing to an empty bottle. "Your majesty!" inquired a colonel of marines, "do you compare an empty bottle to a member of our branch of the service?" "Yes," replied the monarch, as if a sudden thought had struck him; "I mean to say it has *done its duty* once, and is ready to do it again."

DCCCI.—SLACK PAYMENT.

EXAMINING a country squire who disputed a collier's bill, Curran asked, "Did he not give you the coals, friend?" "He did, sir, but—" "But what? On your oath, witness, was'n't your payment *slack?*"

DCCCII.—WAY OF USING BOOKS.

STERNE used to say, "The most accomplished way of using books is to serve them as some people do lords, learn their *titles* and then *brag* of their acquaintance."

DCCCIII.—PATRICK HENRY.

WHEN Patrick Henry, who gave the first impulse to the ball of the American Revolution, introduced his celebrated resolution on the Stamp Act into the House of Burgesses of Virginia (May, 1765), he exclaimed, when descanting on the tyranny of the obnoxious Act, "Cæsar had his Brutus; Charles I. his Cromwell; and George III. . . ." "Treason!" cried the speaker; "treason, treason!" echoed from every part of the house. It was one of those trying moments which are decisive of character. Henry faltered not for an instant; but rising to a loftier attitude, and fixing on the speaker an eye flashing with fire, continued, "*may profit by their example.* If this be treason, make the most of it."

DCCCIV.—ROGERS—POET AND SKIPPER.

ROGERS used to say that a man who attempts to read a the new publications must often do as the flea does—*skip*.

DCCCV.—OUR ENGLISH LOVE OF DINNERS.

"IF an earthquake were to engulf England to-morrow," said Jerrold, "the English would manage to meet and dine somewhere among the rubbish, just to celebrate the event."

DCCCVI.—EPIGRAM.

WHEN by a jury one is tried,
Twelve of *his equals* are implied;
Then W—— might attempt in vain,
This sacred privilege to obtain,
Since human nature ne'er on earth
Gave to *twelve equal* scoundrels birth.

DCCCVII.—REFORMATION.

JUDGE BURNET, son of the famous Bishop of Salisbury, when young, is said to have been of a wild and dissipated turn. Being one day found by the bishop in a very serious humour, "What is the matter with you, Tom?" said he, "what are you ruminating on?" "A greater work than your lordship's History of the Reformation," answered the son. "Ay! what is that?" said the bishop. "The *reformation of myself*, my lord," answered the son.

DCCCVIII.—THE JEST OF ANCESTRY.

LORD CHESTERFIELD placed among the portraits of his ancestors two old heads, inscribed Adam de Stanhope, and Eve de Stanhope: the ridicule is admirable. Old Peter Leneve, the herald, who thought ridicule consisted in not being of an old family, made this epitaph for young Craggs, whose father had been a footman: *Here lies the last who died before the first of his family!* Old Craggs was one day getting into a coach with Arthur Moore, who had worn a livery too, when he turned about, and said, "Why, Arthur, I am always going to get up behind; are not you?"

The Gordons trace their name no farther back than the days of Alexander the Great, from Gordonia, a city of Macedon, which, they say, once formed part of Alexander's dominions, and, from thence, no doubt, the clan must have come!

DCCCIX.—EQUAL TO NOTHING.

ON being informed that the judges in the Court of Common Pleas had little or nothing to do, Bushe remarked, "Well, well, they're *equal to it!*"

DCCCX.—FAMILIARITY.

A WAITER named Samuel Spring having occasion to write to his late Majesty, George IV., when Prince of Wales, commenced his letter as follows:—"Sam, the waiter at the Cocoa Tree, presents his compliments to the Prince of Wales," &c. His Royal Highness next day saw Sam, and after noticing the receiving of his note, and the freedom of the style, said, "Sam, this may be very well between *you and me*, but it will not do with the Norfolks and Arundels."

DCCCXI.—EXTRAORDINARY COMPROMISE.

AT Durham assize a deaf old lady, who had brought an action for damages against a neighbour, was being examined, when the judge suggested a compromise, and instructed counsel to ask what she would take to settle the matter. "His lordship wants to know what you will take?" asked the learned counsel, bawling as loud as ever he could in the old lady's ear. "I thank his lordship kindly," answered the ancient dame; "and if it's no illconvenience to him, I'll take a little *warm ale!*"

DCCCXII.—MAC READY TO CALL.

IN the time of Sir John Macpherson's Indian government, most of his staff consisted of Scotch gentlemen, whose names began with Mac. One of the aides-de-camp used to call the government-house *Almack's*, "For," said he, "if you stand in the middle of the court, and call *Mac*, you will have a head popped out of every window."

DCCCXIII.—EPIGRAM.

(On the oiled and perfumed ringlets of a certain Lord.)

OF miracles this is *sans doute* the most rare,
I ever perceived, heard reported, or read;
A man with abundance of *scents* in his *hair*,
Without the least atom of *sense* in his *head*.

DCCCXIV.—LOOK A-HEAD.

A TORY member declared the extent of the Reform Bill positively made the hair of members on his side the house to stand on end. On the ensuing elections, they will find the Bill to have a still greater effect on the *state of the poll*.

G. A'B.

DCCCXV.—THE BIRTH OF A PRINCE.

JERROLD was at a party when the Park guns announced the birth of a prince "How they do powder these babies!" Jerrold exclaimed.

DCCCXVI.—SETTING HIM UP TO KNOCK HIM DOWN.

TOM MOORE, observing himself to be eyed by two handsome young ladies, inquired of a friend, who was near enough to hear their remarks, what it was they said of him. "Why, the taller one observed that she was delighted to have had the pleasure of seeing so famous a personage." "Indeed!" said the gratified poet, "anything more?" "Yes: she said she was the more pleased because she had taken in *your* celebrated '*Almanac*' for the last five or six years!"

DCCCXVII.—BRIEF CORRESPONDENCE.

MRS. FOOTE, mother of Aristophanes, experienced the caprice of fortune nearly as much as her son. The following laconic letters passed between them: "Dear Sam, I am in prison."—Answer: "Dear mother, so am I."

¹DCCCXVIII.—MAN-TRAPS.

IT being unlawful to set man-traps and spring-guns, a gentleman once hit upon a happy device. He was a scholar, and being often asked the meaning of mysterious words compounded from the Greek, that appear in every day's newspaper, and finding they always excited wonder by their length and sound, he had painted on a board, and put up on his premises, in very large letters, the following:—"Tondapamubomenos set up in these grounds." It was perfectly a "patent safety."

DCCCXIX.—A COLOURABLE EXCUSE.

A LADY, who painted her face, asked Parsons how he thought she looked. "I can't tell, madam," he replied, "except you *uncover* your face."

DCCCXX.—CONSISTENCY.

No wonder Tory landlords flout
 "Fix'd Duty," for 'tis plain
 With them the Anti-Corn-Law Bill
 Must go against the grain.

DCCCXXI.—A WONDERFUL CURE.

DOCTOR HILL, a notorious wit, physician, and man of letters, having quarrelled with the members of the Royal Society, who had refused to admit him as an associate, resolved to avenge himself. At the time that Bishop Berkeley had issued his work on the marvellous virtues of tar-water, Hill addressed to their secretary a letter purporting to be from a country-surgeon, and reciting the particulars of a cure which he had effected. "A sailor," he wrote, "*broke* his leg, and applied to me for help. I bound together the broken portions, and washed them with the celebrated *tar-water*. Almost immediately the sailor felt the beneficial effects of this remedy, and it was not long before his leg was completely *healed*!" The letter was read, and discussed at the meetings of the Royal Society, and caused considerable difference of opinion. Papers were written for and against the tar-water and the restored leg, when a second letter arrived from the (pretended) country practitioner:—"In my last I omitted to mention that the broken limb of the sailor was a *wooden leg*!"

DCCCXXII.—AN ACCOMMODATING PHYSICIAN.

"Is there anything the matter with you?" said a physician to a person who had sent for him. "Oh dear, yes, I am ill all over, but I don't know what it is, and I have no particular pain nowhere," was the reply. "Very well," said the doctor, "I'll give you something to *take away all that*."

DCCCXXIII.—CHOICE SPIRITS.

AN eminent spirit-merchant in Dublin announced, in one of the Irish papers, that he has still a small quantity of the whisky on sale *which was drunk by his late Majesty while in Dublin*.

DCCCXXIV.—AN EXPLANATION.

YOUNG, the author of "Night Thoughts," paid a visit to Potter, son of Archbishop Potter, who lived in a deep and dirty part of Kent, through which Young had scrambled with some difficulty and danger. "Whose field was that I crossed?" asked Young, on reaching his friend. "Mine," said Potter. "True," replied the poet; "Potter's field to bury strangers in."

DCCCXXV.—IMPROMPTU BY R. B. SHERIDAN.

LORD ERSKINE having once asserted, in the presence of Lady Erskine and Mr. Sheridan, that a wife was only a tin canister tied to one's tail, Sheridan at once presented her these lines—

Lord Erskine at woman presuming to rail,
Calls a wife "a tin canister tied to one's tail;"
And fair Lady Anne, while the subject he carries on,
Seems hurt at his lordship's degrading comparison.
But wherefore "degrading?" Considered aright,
A canister's useful, and polish'd, and bright;
And should dirt its original purity hide,
'Tis the fault of the puppy to whom it is tied.

DCCCXXVI.—LAW AND PHYSIC.

A LEARNED judge being asked the difference between law and equity courts, replied, "At common law you are done for at once; at equity, you are not so easily disposed of. One is *prussic acid*, and the other *laudanum*."

DCCCXXVII.—IMPROMPTU.

COUNSELLOR (afterwards Chief Justice) BUSHE, being on one occasion asked which of a company of actors he most admired, maliciously replied, "The *prompter*, sir, for I have heard the most and seen the least of *him*."

DCCCXXVIII.—NOTIONS OF HAPPINESS.

"WERE I but a *king*," said a country boy, "I would *eat* my fill of fat bacon, and *swing* upon a gate all day long."

DCCCXXIX.—A FORGETFUL MAN.

WHEN Jack was poor, the lad was frank and free.
Of late he's grown brimful of pride and pelf;
No wonder that he don't remember *me*;
Why so? you see he has forgot *himself*.

DCCCXXX.—REPUTATION.

REPUTATION is to notoriety what real turtle is to mock.

DCCCXXXI.—AN UNFORTUNATE LOVER.

IT was asked by a scholar why Master Thomas Hawkins did not marry Miss Blagrove; he was answered, "He couldn't *master* her, so he *missed* her."

DCCCXXXII.—EPIGRAM.

THE jolly members of a toping club
Like pipe-staves are, but hoop'd into a tub;
And in a close confederacy link
For nothing else, but only to hold drink.

DCCCXXXIII.—A BAD LOT.

THE household furniture of an English barrister, then recently deceased, was being sold, in a country town, when one neighbour remarked to another that the stock of goods and chattels appeared to be extremely scanty, considering the rank of the lawyer, their late owner. "It is so," was the reply; "but the fact is, he had very few *causes*, and, therefore, could not have many *effects*."

DCCCXXXIV.—FILIAL AFFECTION.

TWO ladies who inhabit Wapping were having some words together on the pavement, when the daughter of one of them popped her head out of the door, and exclaimed, "Hurry, mother, and call *her a thief* before she calls you one."

DCCCXXXV.—LEG WIT.

ONE night Erskine was hastening out of the House of Commons, when he was stopped by a member going in, who accosted him, "Who's up, Erskine?" "Windham," was the reply. "What's he on?" "*His legs*," answered the wit.

DCCCXXXVI.—EPIGRAM ON DR. GLYNN'S BEAUTY.

"THIS morning, quite dead, Tom was found in his bed,
Although he was hearty last night;
'Tis thought having seen Dr. Glynn in a dream,
The poor fellow died of affright."

DCCCXXXVII.—A SINECURE.

ONE Patrick Maguire had been appointed to a situation the reverse of a place of all work; and his friends, who called to congratulate him, were very much astonished to see his face lengthen on the receipt of the news. "A sinecure is it?" exclaimed Pat. "Sure I know what a *sinecure* is: it's a place where there's *nothing to do*, and they *pay you by the piece*."

DCCCXXXVIII.—A GOOD JAIL DELIVERY.

BROTHER DAVID DEWAR was a plain, honest, straightforward man, who never hesitated to express his convictions, however unpalatable they might be to others. Being elected a member of the Prison Board, he was called upon to give his vote in the choice of a chaplain from the licentiates of the Established Kirk. The party who had gained the confidence of the Board had proved rather an indifferent preacher in a charge to which he had previously been appointed; and on David being asked to signify his assent to the choice of the Board, he said, "Weel, I've no objections to the man, for I understand he has preached a *kirk toom* (empty) already, and if he be as successful *in the jail*, he'll maybe preach it vawcant as weel."

DCCCXXXIX.—WHERE IS THE AUDIENCE?

THE manager of a country theatre looked into the house between the acts, and turned with a face of dismay to the prompter, with the question of, "Why, good gracious, where's the audience?" "Sir," replied the prompter, without moving a muscle, "he is just now gone to get some beer." The manager wiped the perspiration from his brow, and said, "Will he *return*, do you think?" "Most certainly; he expresses himself highly satisfied with the play, and applauded as one man." "*Then let business proceed*," exclaimed the manager, proudly; and it did proceed.

DCCCXL.—KNOWING BEST.

"I WISH, reverend father," said Curran to Father O'Leary, "that you were St. Peter, and had the keys of heaven, because then you could let me in." "By my honour and conscience," replied O'Leary, "it would be better for you that I had the keys of the *other* place, for then I could let *you out*."

DCCCXLI.—AGRICULTURAL EXPERIENCES.

THE late Bishop Blomfield, when a Suffolk clergyman, asked a school-boy what was meant in the Catechism by *succouring* his father and mother. "*Giving 'em milk*," was the prompt reply.

DCCCXLII.—PARLIAMENTARY REPRIMAND.

IN the reign of George II., Mr. Crowle, a counsel of some eminence, was summoned to the bar of the House of Commons to receive a reprimand from the Speaker, on his knees. As he rose from the ground, with the utmost *nonchalance* he took out his handkerchief, and, wiping his knees, coolly observed, "that it was the *dirtiest* house he had ever been in in his life."

DCCCXLIII.—A STOP-WATCH.

A GENTLEMAN missing his watch in a crowd at the theatre, observed, with great coolness, that he should certainly recover it, having bought it of a friend who had *introduced it to the particular acquaintance of every Pawnbroker within the Bills of Mortality*.

DCCCXLIV.—SIR ANTHONY MALONE.

LORD MANSFIELD used to remark that a lawyer could do nothing without his fee. This is proved by the following fact :—Sir Anthony Malone, some years ago Attorney General of Ireland, was a man of abilities in his profession, and so well skilled in the practice of conveyancing that no person ever entertained the least doubt of the validity of a title that had undergone his inspection ; on which account he was generally applied to by men of property in transactions of this nature. It is, however, no less singular than true, that such was the carelessness and inattention of this great lawyer in matters of this sort that related to himself, that he made two bad bargains, for want only of the same attentive examination of the writings for which he was celebrated, in one of which he lost property to the amount of three thousand pounds a year. Disturbed by these losses, whenever for the future he had a mind to purchase an estate for himself, he gave the original writings to his principal clerk, who made a correct transcript of them ; this transcript was then handed to Sir Anthony, and five guineas (his fee) along with it, which was regularly *charged to him by the clerk*. Sir Anthony then went over the deeds with his accustomed accuracy and discernment, and never after that was possessed of a bad title.

DCCCXLV.—THE ORATORS.

To wonder now at Balaam's ass, is weak ;
Is there a day that asses do not speak ?

DCCCXLVI.—MODERN ACTING.

JERROLD was told that a certain well-puffed tragedian, who has a husky voice, was going to act Cardinal Wolsey.

Jerrold.—"Cardinal Wolsey !—Linsey Wolsey !"

DCCCXLVII.—FEW FRIENDS.

A NOBLEMAN, extremely rich but a miser, stopping to change horses at Athlone, the carriage was surrounded by paupers, imploring alms, to whom he turned a deaf ear, and drew up the glass. A ragged old woman, going round to the other side of the carriage, bawled out, in the old peer's hearing, "Please you, my lord, just chuck *one* tinpenny out of your coach, and I'll answer it will trait *all your friends* in Athlone."

DCCCXLVIII.—DIFFIDENCE.

AN Irishman charged with an assault, was asked by the judge whether he was guilty or not. "How can I tell," was the reply, "till I have *heard the evidence?*"

DCCCXLIX.—"ESSAY ON MAN."

AT ten, a child ; at twenty, wild ;
At thirty, tame, if ever ;
At forty, wise ; at fifty, rich ;
At sixty, good, or never !

DCCCL.—IN-DOOR RELIEF.

A MELTING sermon being preached in a country church, all fell a-weeping but one man, who being asked why he did not weep with the rest, said, "O no, I belong to *another* parish."

DCCCLI.—HIGHLAND POLITENESS.

SIR WALTER SCOTT had marked in his diary a territorial greeting of two proprietors which had amused him much. The laird of Kilspindie had met the laird of Tannachy-Tulloch, and the following compliments passed between them :—"Ye're maist obedient hummil servant, Tannachy-Tulloch." To which the reply was, "Your nain man, Kilspindie."

DCCCLII.—AN ODD QUESTION.

COUNCILLOR RUDD, of the Irish bar, was equally remarkable for his love of whist, and the dingy colour of his linen. "My dear Dick," said Curran to him one day; "you can't think how puzzled we are to know where *you buy* all your *dirty* shirts."

DCCCLIII.—NOT INSURED AGAINST FIRE.

FOOTE went to spend his Christmas with Mr. B—, when, the weather being very cold, and but bad fires, occasioned by a scarcity of wood in the house, Foote, on the third day after he went there, ordered his chaise, and was preparing to depart. Mr. B— pressed him to stay. "No, no," says Foote; "was I to stay any longer, you would not let me *have a leg to stand on*; for there is so *little wood* in your house, that I am afraid one of your servants may light the fire with *my right leg*," which was his wooden one.

DCCCLIV.—NATURAL GRIEF.

ONE hiring a lodging said to the landlady, "I assure you, madam, I am so much liked that I never left a lodging but my landlady shed tears." "Perhaps," said she, "you always went away without *paying!*"

DCCCLV.—A PROVERB REVERSED.

EXAMPLE is better than precept they say,
With our parson the maxim should run t'other way ;
For so badly he acts, and so wisely he teaches,
We should shun what he does, and should do what he preaches.

DCCCLVI.—A CLOSE ESCAPE.

ONE of James Smith's favourite anecdotes related to Colonel Greville. The Colonel requested young James to call at his lodgings, and in the course of their first interview related the particulars of the most curious circumstance in his life. He was taken prisoner during the American war, along with three other officers of the same rank ; one evening they were summoned into the presence of Washington, who announced to them that the conduct of their Government, in condemning one of his officers to death, as a rebel, compelled him to make reprisals ; and that, much to his regret, he was under the necessity of requiring them to cast lots, without delay, to decide which of them should be hanged. They were then bowed out, and returned to their quarters. Four slips of paper were put into a hat, and the shortest was drawn by Captain Asgill, who exclaimed, "I knew how it would be ; I never won so much as a hit at backgammon in my life." As Greville was selected to sit up with Captain Asgill, "And what," inquired Smith, "did you say to comfort him ?" "Why, I remember saying to him, when they left us, '*D— it, old fellow, never mind!*'" But it may be doubted (added Smith) whether he drew much comfort from the exhortation. Lady Asgill persuaded the French Minister to interpose, and the Captain was permitted to escape.

DCCCLVII.—A HARD HIT.

MAJOR B——, a great gambler, said to Foote, "Since I last saw you, I have *lost* an eye." "I am sorry for it," said Foote, "pray *at what game?*"

DCCCLVIII.—THE TIME OUT OF JOINT.

SOME one who had been down in Lord Kenyon's kitchen, remarked that he saw the spit shining as bright as if it had never been used. "Why do you mention his spit?" said Jekyll; "you must know that nothing *turns upon that*." In reference to the same noble lord, Jekyll observed, "It was Lent all the year round in the kitchen, and *Passion week* in the parlour."

DCCCLIX.—MONEY'S WORK.

A SOLDIER, having retired from service, thought to raise a few pounds by writing his adventures. Having completed the manuscript, he offered it to a bookseller for forty pounds. It was a very small volume, and the bookseller was much surprised at his demand. "My good sir," replied the author, "as a soldier I have always resolved to *sell my life as dearly as possible*."

DCCCLX.—HIS WAY.—OUT.

SIR RICHARD JEBB, the famous physician, who was very rough and harsh in his manner, once observed to a patient to whom he had been extremely rude, "Sir, *it is my way*." "Then," returned his indignant patient, pointing to the door, "I beg you will *make that your way!*"

DCCCLXI.—A GROWL.

HE that's married once may be
Pardoned his infirmity.
He that marries twice is mad:
But, if you can find a fool
Marrying thrice, don't spare the lad,—
Flog him, flog him back to school.

DCCCLXII.—A MODERN SCULPTOR.

BROWN and Smith were met by an overdressed individual, "Do you know that chap, Smith?" said Brown.—"Yes, I know him; that is, I know of him—he's a sculptor." "Such a fellow as that a *sculptor!* surely you must be mistaken." "He may not be the kind of one you mean, but I know that he *chiselled* a tailor—out of a suit of clothes last week."

DCCCLXIII.—A DIFFICULT TASK.

"You have only yourself to please," said a married friend to an old bachelor. "True," replied he, "but you cannot tell what a *difficult* task I find it."

DCCCLXIV.—THE GOUTY SHOE.

JAMES SMITH used to tell, with great glee, a story showing the general conviction of his dislike to ruralities. He was sitting in the library at a country-house, when a gentleman proposed a quiet stroll in the pleasure-grounds:—

"Stroll! why don't you see my gouty shoe?"

"Yes, I see that plain enough, and I wish I'd brought one too; but they are all out now."

"Well, and what then?"

"What then? why, my dear fellow, you don't mean to say that you have really got the gout? I thought you had only put on that shoe to get off being shown over the improvements."

DCCCLXV.—A LUSUS NATURÆ.

AN agricultural society offered premiums to farmers' daughters, "girls under twenty-one years of age," who should exhibit the best lots of butter, not less than 10 lbs. "That is all right," said an old maid, "save the insinuation that some girls are *over* twenty-one years of age."

DCCCLXVI.—A CASE OF NECESSITY.

A SHOPKEEPER, who had stuck up a notice in glaring capitals, "Selling off! Must close on Saturday!" was asked by a friend, "What! are you selling off?" "Yes, all the shopkeepers are selling off, ain't they?" "But you say, 'Must close on Saturday.'" "To be sure; would you have me *keep open* on Sunday?"

DCCCLXVII.—SPECIES AND SPECIE.

In preaching a charity sermon, Sydney Smith frequently repeated the assertion that, of all nations, Englishmen were most distinguished for their generosity, and the love of their *species*. The collection happened to be inferior to his expectation, and he said that he had evidently made a great mistake; for that his expression should have been, that they were distinguished for the love of their *specie*.

DCCCLXVIII.—DR. JOHNSON.

WHEN Dr. Johnson courted Mrs. Potter, whom he afterwards married, he told her that he was of mean extraction ; that he had no money ; and that he had had an uncle hanged ! The lady, by way of reducing herself to an equality with the Doctor, replied, that she had no more money than himself ; and that, though she had not had a relation hanged, she had fifty who *deserved hanging*.

DCCCLXIX.—THE POET FOILED.

To win the maid the poet tries,
And sonnets writes to Julia's eyes,
She likes a *verse*, but, cruel whim,
She still appears *a-verse* to him.

DCCCLXX.—A COMEDIAN AND A LAWYER

A FEW years ago, when Billy Burton, the American actor, was in his "trouble," a young lawyer was examining him as to how he had spent his money. There was about three thousand pounds unaccounted for, when the attorney put on a severe scrutinising face, and exclaimed, with much self-complacency—"Now, sir, I want you to tell this court and jury how you used those three thousand pounds." Burton put on one of his serio-comic faces, winked at the audience, and exclaimed, "*The lawyers got that!*" The judge and audience were convulsed with laughter. The counsellor was glad to let the comedian go.

DCCCLXXI.—VICE VERSA.

It is asserted that the bad Ministers have contracted the National Debt. This cannot be ; for instead of *contracting* it at all, bad Ministers have most materially extended it.

DCCCLXXII.—NOTHING PERSONAL.

At a dinner-party one day a certain knight, whose character was considered to be not altogether unexceptionable, said he would give them a toast ; and looking hard in the face of Mrs. M——, who was more celebrated for wit than beauty, gave "Honest men an' bonny lasses !" With all my heart, Sir John," said Mrs. M——, "for it neither *applies* to you nor me."

DCCCLXXIII.—A HINT FOR GENEALOGISTS.

MR. MOORE, who derived his pedigree from Noah, explained it in this manner:—"Noah had three sons, Shem, Ham, and one *more*."

DCCCLXXIV.—A MISTAKE.

OLD Dick Baldwin stoutly maintained that no man ever died of drinking. "Some puny things," he said, "have died of *learning* to drink, but no man ever died of drinking." Mr. Baldwin was no mean authority; for he spoke from great practical experience, and was, moreover, many years treasurer of St. Bartholomew's Hospital.

DCCCLXXV.—AN IMPOSSIBLE RENUNCIATION.

THE late Dr. Risk, of Dalserf, being one of the moderators, did not satisfy, by his preaching, the Calvinistic portion of his flock. "Why, sir," said they, "we think you dinna tell us enough about renouncing our ain righteousness." "Renouncing your ain righteousness!" vociferated the astonished doctor, "I never *saw any ye had to renounce!*"

DCCCLXXVI.—THE HUMANE SOCIETY AT AN EVENING PARTY.

AT an evening party, a very elderly lady was dancing with a young partner. A stranger approached Jerrold, who was looking on, and said—

"Pray, sir, can you tell me who is the young gentleman dancing with that very elderly lady?"

"One of the Humane Society, I should think," replied Jerrold.

DCCCLXXVII.—A PROUD HEART.

MATHEWS, whose powers in conversation and whose flow of anecdote in private life transcended even his public efforts, told a variety of tales of the Kingswood colliers (Kingswood is near Bristol), in one of which he represented an old collier, looking for some of the implements of his trade, exclaiming, "Jan, what's the mother done with the new coal-sacks?" "Made *pillows* on 'em," replied the son. "Confound her proud heart!" rejoins the collier, "why could she not take th' *ould* ones?"

DCCCLXXVIII.—SENT HOME FREE.

A VERY considerate hotelkeeper, advertising his "Burton XXXX," concludes the advertisement:—"N.B. Parties drinking more than four glasses of this potent beverage at one sitting, carefully sent *home gratis* in a wheelbarrow, if required."

DCCCLXXIX.—CHARLES II. AND MILTON.

CHARLES II. and his brother James went to see Milton, to reproach him, and finished a profusion of insults with saying, "You old villain! your blindness is the visitation of Providence for your sins." "If Providence," replied the venerable bard, "has punished my sins with *blindness*, what must have been the crimes of your father which it punished with *death*!"

DCCCLXXX.—WHOSE?

SYDNEY SMITH being ill, his physician advised him to "take a walk upon an empty stomach." "*Upon whose?*" said he.

DCCCLXXXI.—"PUPPIES NEVER SEE TILL THEY ARE NINE DAYS OLD."

It is related, that when a former Bishop of Bristol held the office of Vice-Chancellor of the University of Cambridge, he one day met a couple of undergraduates, who neglected to pay the accustomed compliment of *capping*. The bishop inquired the reason of the neglect. The two men begged his lordship's pardon, observing they were *freshmen*, and did not know him. "How long have you been in Cambridge?" asked his lordship. "Only *eight* days," was the reply. "Very good," said the bishop, "*puppies* never see till they are *nine* days old."

DCCCLXXXII.—EPIGRAM.

(ON Lord W——'s saying the independence of the House of Lords is gone.)

"The independence of the Lords is gone,"
Says W——, to truth for once inclined;
And to believe his lordship I am prone,
Seeing that he himself is left behind.

DCCCLXXXIII.—CONFIDENCE—TAKEN FROM THE FRENCH.

ON the first night of the representation of one of Jerrold's pieces, a successful adaptor from the French rallied him on his nervousness. "I," said the adaptor, "never feel nervous on the first night of my pieces."—"Ah, my boy," Jerrold replied, "*you* are always certain of success. Your pieces have all been tried before."

DCCCLXXXIV.—BETTER KNOWN THAN TRUSTED.

A WELL-KNOWN borrower stopped a gentleman whom he did not know, and requested the loan of a sovereign. "Sir," said the gentleman, "I am surprised that you should ask me such a favour, who do not know you."—"O dear sir," replied the borrower, "that's the very reason; for *those who do*, will not lend me a farthing."

DCCCLXXXV.—WILL AND THE WAY.

AT a provincial Law Society's dinner the president called upon the senior attorney to give as a toast the person whom he considered the best friend of the profession. "Certainly," was the response. "The man who *makes his own will*."

DCCCLXXXVI.—A REASONABLE EXCUSE.

A PERSON lamented the difficulty he found in persuading his friends to return the volumes which he had lent them. "Sir," replied a friend, "your acquaintances find it is much more easy to *retain* the books themselves, than what is *contained* in them."

DCCCLXXXVII.—BEWICK, THE ENGRAVER.

WHEN the Duke of Northumberland first called to see Mr. Bewick's workshops at Newcastle, he was not personally known to the engraver. On discovering the high rank of his visitor, Bewick exclaimed, "I beg pardon, my lord, I did not know your grace, and was unaware I had the honour of talking to so great a man." To which the Duke good-humouredly replied, "You are a much greater man than I am, Mr. Bewick." To this Bewick answered, "No, my lord; but were *I* Duke of Northumberland, perhaps I could be."

DCCCLXXXVIII.—SUMMARY DECISION.

MR. BROUGHAM, when at the bar, opened before Lord Chief Justice Tenterden an action for the amount of a wager laid upon the event of a dog-fight, which, through some unwillingness of dogs or men, had not been brought to an issue. "We, my lord," said the advocate, "were minded that the dogs should fight."—"Then I," replied the Judge, "am *minded* to hear no more of it;" and he called another cause.

DCCCLXXXIX.—A DISAPPOINTING SUBSCRIBER.

To all letters soliciting "subscriptions," Lord Erskine had a regular form of reply, namely: "Sir, I feel much honoured by your application to me, and beg to *subscribe*" (here the reader had to turn over leaf) "myself, *your very obedient servant*," etc.

DCCCXC.—HABEAS CORPUS ACT.

BISHOP BURNET relates a curious circumstance respecting the origin of that important statute, the Habeas Corpus Act. "It was carried," says he, "by an odd artifice in the House of Lords. Lord Grey and Lord Norris were named to be the tellers. Lord Norris was not at all times attentive to what he was doing; so a very fat lord coming in, Lord Grey counted him for ten, as a jest at first; but seeing Lord Norris had not observed it, he went on with this misreckoning of *ten*; so it was reported to the House, and declared that they who were for the bill were the majority, and by this means the bill passed."

DCCCXCI.—A RUNAWAY KNOCK.

DOUGLAS JERROLD describing a very dangerous illness from which he had just recovered, said—"Ay, sir, it was a runaway knock at Death's door, I can assure you."

DCCCXCII.—COMMON POLITENESS.

Two gentlemen having a difference, one went to the other's door and wrote "Scoundrel!" upon it. The other called upon his neighbour, and was answered by a servant that his master was not at home. "No matter," was the reply; "I only wished to return his visit, as he *left his name* at my door in the morning."

DCCCXCIII.—THE WHEEL OF FORTUNE.

JEKYLL saw in Colman's chambers a squirrel in the usual round cage. "Ah! poor devil," said Jekyll, "he's going the *Home Circuit*."

DCCCXCIV.—A SOPORIFIC.

A SPENDTHRIFT being sold up, Foote, who attended every day, bought nothing but a pillow; on which a gentleman asked him, "What particular use he could have for a single pillow?"—"Why," said Foote, "I do not sleep very well at night, and I am sure this must give me many a good nap, when the proprietor of it (though he *owed so much*) could sleep upon it."

DCCCXCV.—CHARITABLE WIT.

WIT in an influential form was displayed by the Quaker gentleman soliciting subscriptions for a distressed widow, for whom everybody expressed the greatest sympathy. "Well," said he, "everybody declares he is sorry for her; I am truly sorry—I am sorry five pounds. How much art thou sorry, friend? and thou? and thou?" He was very successful, as may be supposed. One of those to whom the case was described said he *felt* very much, indeed, for the poor widow. "But hast thou felt in thy pocket?" inquired the "Friend."

DCCCXCVI.—USE IS SECOND NATURE.

A TAILOR that was ever accustomed to steal some of the cloth his customer brought, when he came one day to make himself a suit, stole half-a-yard. His wife perceiving it, asked the reason: "Oh," said he, "it is to *keep* my hands in use, lest at any time I should *forget it*."

DCCCXCVII.—EPIGRAM.

(On a certain M.P.'s indisposition.)

HASTE son of Celsus, P—rc—v—I is ill;
Dissect an ass before you try your skill.

DCCCXCVIII.—LIQUID REMEDY FOR BALDNESS.

Use brandy externally until the hair grows, and then take it internally to *clinch the roots*.

DCCCXCIX.—AN INGENIOUS DEVICE.

THE Irish girl told her forbidden lover she was longing to possess his portrait, and intended to obtain it.

"But how if your friends see it?" inquired he.

"Ah, but I'll tell the artist *not* to make it *like you*, so they won't know it."

CM.—THE REBEL LORDS.

AT the trial of the rebel lords, George Selwyn, seeing Bethel's sharp visage looking wistfully at the prisoners, said, "What a shame it is to turn her face to the prisoners until they are condemned!"

Some women were scolding Selwyn for going to see the execution, and asked him how he could be such a barbarian to see the head cut off? "Nay," replied he, "if that was such a crime, I am sure I have made amends; for I went to see it sewed on again."

Walpole relates: "You know Selwyn never thinks but *à la tête tranchée*." On having a tooth drawn, he told the man that he would drop his handkerchief for the signal.

CMI.—A CHANGE FOR THE BETTER.

"How are you this morning?" said Fawcett to Cooke.—
"Not at all myself," says the tragedian. "Then I congratulate you," replied Fawcett; "for, be whoever *else* you will, *you* will be a gainer by the bargain."

CMII.—THE DIRECT ROAD.

WALKING to his club one evening with a friend, some intoxicated young gentleman reeled up to Douglas Jerrold, and said: "Can you tell us the way to the 'Judge and Jury?'" (a place of low entertainment). "*Keep on as you are*, young gentleman," was the reply, "*you're sure to overtake them*."

CMIII.—A SUGGESTIVE PAIR OF GREYS.

JERROLD was enjoying a drive one day with a well-known—a jovial spendthrift.

"Well, Jerrold," said the driver of a very fine pair of greys, "what do you think of my greys?"

"To tell you the truth," Jerrold replied, "I was just thinking of your duns!"

CMIV.—DR. JOHNSON'S OPINION OF MRS. SIDDONS.

WHEN Dr. Johnson visited Mrs. Siddons, he paid her two or three very elegant compliments. When she retired, he said to Dr. Glover, "Sir, she is a prodigiously fine woman."—"Yes," replied Dr. Glover; "but don't you think she is much finer upon the stage, when she is adorned by art?" "Sir," said Dr. Johnson, "on the stage *art* does not adorn her: *nature* adorns her there, and *art* glorifies her."

CMV.—A GOOD NEIGHBOUR.

THE Duke of L.'s reply, when it was observed to him, that the gentlemen bordering on his estates were continually hunting upon them, and that he ought not to suffer it, is worthy of imitation: "I had much rather," said he, "have *friends* than *hares*."

CMVI.—AN EQUIVOCATION.

A DIMINUTIVE attorney, named Else, once asked Jekyll: "Sir, I hear you have called me a pettifogging scoundrel. Have you done so, sir?"—"No, sir," said Jekyll, with a look of contempt. "I never said you were a pettifogger, or a scoundrel; but I did say you were *little Else*."

CMVII.—A WISE FOOL.

A PERSON wishing to test whether a daft individual, about whom a variety of opinions were entertained—some people thinking him not so foolish as he seemed—knew the value of money, held out a sixpence and a penny, and offered him his choice. "I'll tak' the *wee* ane," he says, giving as his modest reason, "I'se no' be greedy." At another time, a miller, laughing at him for his witlessness, he said, "Some things I ken, and some I dinna ken." On being asked what he knew, he said, "I ken a miller has *aye a gey fat sou*." "An' what d'ye no ken?" said the miller. "Ou," he returned, "I dinna ken at wha's *expense* she's fed."

CMVIII.—ON A BALD HEAD.

My hair and I are quits, d'ye sec;
I first cut *him*, he now cuts *me*.

CMIX.—LIE FOR LIE.

TWO gentlemen standing together, as a young lady passed by them, one said, "There goes the handsomest woman you ever saw." She turned back and, seeing him very ugly, said, "I wish I could, in return, say as much of you."—"So you may, madam," said he, "and *lie* as I *did*."

CMX.—A MAN WITHOUT A RIVAL.

GENERAL LEE one day found Dr. Cutting, the army surgeon, who was a handsome and dressy man, arranging his cravat complacently before a glass. "Cutting," said Lee, "you must be the happiest man in creation."—"Why, general?" "Because," replied Lee, "you are in love with *yourself*, and you have not a *rival* upon earth."

CMXI.—ADVICE TO A DRAMATIST.

Your Comedy I've read, my friend,
And like the *half* you've pilfered best;
But, sure, the Drama you might mend;
Take courage, man, and *steal the rest!*

CMXII.—GARRICK AND FOOTE.

"THE Lying Valet" being one hot night annexed as an afterpiece to the comedy of "The Devil upon Two Sticks," Garrick, coming into the Green Room, with exultation called out to Foote, "Well, Sam, I see, after all, you are glad to take up with one of *my* farces."—"Why, yes, David," rejoined the wit; "what could I do better? I must have some ventilator for this hot weather."

CMXIII.—NOTHING TO LAUGH AT.

WHEN Lord Lauderdale intimated his intention to repeat some good thing Sheridan had mentioned to him, "Pray, don't, my dear Lauderdale," said the wit; "a joke in *your* mouth is no laughing matter!"

CMXIV.—QUITE AGROUND.

IT is said that poor H—— T—— has been living on his wits. He certainly must be content with very *limited premises*.

CMXV.—A JUDGE IN A FOG.

ONE of the judges of the King's Bench, in an argument on the construction of a will, sagely declared, "It appeared to him that the testator meant to keep a *life-interest* in the estate to himself." "Very true, my lord," said Curran gravely; "but in this case I rather think your lordship *takes the will for the deed.*"

CMXVI.—THE LETTER H.

IN a dispute, whether the letter H was really a letter or a simple aspiration, Rowland Hill contended that it was the former; adding that, if it were not a letter, it must have been a very serious affair to him, by making him *ill* (*Hill* without *H*) all the days of his life.

CMXVII.—ONLY ENOUGH FOR ONE.

SHERIDAN was once staying at the house of an elderly maiden lady in the country, who wanted more of his company than he was willing to give. Proposing one day to take a stroll with him, he excused himself on account of the badness of the weather. Shortly afterwards she met him sneaking out alone. "So, Mr. Sheridan," said she, "it has cleared up."—"Just a *little*, ma'am—enough for one, but not enough for two."

CMXVIII.—"THE RULING PASSION STRONG IN DEATH."

CURRAN'S ruling passion was his joke. In his last illness, his physician observing in the morning that he seemed to cough with more difficulty, he answered, "That is rather surprising, as I have been *practising* all night."

CMXIX.—EPIGRAM.

(On the charge of illegally pawning brought against Captain B——, M.P.

If it's true, a newly made M.P.
Has coolly pawned his landlord's property,
As the said landlord certainly alleges,
No more will Radicals and Whigs divide
Upon one point, which thus we may decide,
"Some members are too much disposed for pledges."

CMXX.—CUP AND SAUCER.

A GENTLEMAN, who was remarkable at once for Bacchanalian devotion and remarkably large and starting eyes, was one evening the subject of conversation. The question appeared to be, whether the gentleman in question wore upon his face any signs of his excesses.—“I think so,” said Jerrold; “I always know when he has been in his cups by the state of his saucers.”

CMXXI.—A NEW READING.

KEMBLE playing *Hamlet* in the country, the gentleman who acted *Guildestern* was, or imagined himself to be, a capital musician. *Hamlet* asks him, “Will you play upon this pipe?”—“My lord, I cannot.” “I pray you.”—“Believe me, I cannot.” “I do beseech you.”—“Well, if your lordship insists on it, I shall do as well as I can;” and to the confusion of *Hamlet*, and the great amusement of the audience, he played “God save the King!”

CMXXII.—CONCEITED, BUT NOT SEATED.

SEVERAL ex-members are announced as about to *stand* at the ensuing elections, and indeed it is probable many will have to do so after them, for there are very few who can reasonably expect to *sit*.—G. A'B.

CMXXIII.—STRANGE VESPERS.

A MAN who had a brother a priest was asked, “Has your brother a living?”—“No.” “How does he employ himself?”—“He says mass in the morning.” “And in the evening?”—“In the evening he *don't know what* he says.”

CMXXIV.—A TRANSFORMATION SCENE.

SIR B—R—, in one of the debates on the question of the Union, made a speech in favour of it, which he concluded by saying, “That it would change the *barren hills* into *fruitful valleys*.”

CMXXV.—AN ACCEPTABLE DEPRIVATION.

THE Duke of C—mb—l—d has taken from this country a thing which not one person in it will grudge: of course we are understood at once to mean *his departure*.—G. A'B.

CMXXVI.—ACCURATE DESCRIPTION.

A CERTAIN lawyer received a severe injury from something in the shape of a horsewhip. "Where were you hurt?" said a medical friend. "Was it near the *vertebra*?"—"No, no," said the other; "it was near the *racecourse*."

CMXXVII.—SOLOMON'S TEMPLE.

WHEN Reginald Heber read his prize poem of "Palestine" to Sir Walter Scott, the latter observed that, in the verses on Solomon's Temple, one striking circumstance had escaped him; namely, that no tools were used in its erection. Reginald retired for a few minutes to the corner of the room, and returned with the beautiful lines:—

"No hammer fell, no ponderous axes rung;
Like some tall palm, the mystic fabric sprung.
Majestic silence," &c.

CMXXVIII.—THE STAFFORDSHIRE COLLIERIES.

MANY anecdotes might be collected to show the great difficulty of discovering a person in the collieries without being in possession of his nickname. The following was received from a respectable attorney:—During his clerkship he was sent to serve some legal process on a man whose name and address were given to him with legacy accuracy. He traversed the village to which he had been directed from end to end without success; and after spending many hours in the search was about to abandon it in despair, when a young woman who had witnessed his labours kindly undertook to make inquiries for him, and began to hail her friends for that purpose. "Oi say, Bullyed, does thee know a man named Adam Green?" The bull-head was shaken in sign of ignorance. "Loy-a-bed, does thee?" Lie-a-bed's opportunities of making acquaintance had been rather limited, and she could not resolve the difficulty. Stumpy (a man with a wooden leg), Cowskin, Spindleshanks, Corkeye, Pigtail, and Yellowbelly were severally invoked, but in vain; and the querist fell into a *brown study*, in which she remained for some time. At length, however, her eyes suddenly brightened, and, slapping one of her companions on the shoulder, she exclaimed, triumphantly, "Dash my wig! whoy he means my feyther!" and then, turning to the gentleman, she added, "You should ha' ax'd for *Ould Blackbird*!"

CMXXIX.—A POSER.

FOOTE was once met by a friend in town with a young man who was flashing away very brilliantly, while Foote seemed grave: "Why, Foote," said his friend, "you are flat to-day; you don't seem to relish a joke!"—"You have not *tried me* yet, sir," said Foote.

CMXXX.—MINDING HIS CUE.

MR. ELLISTON was enacting the part of *Richmond*; and having, during the evening, disobeyed the injunction which the King of Denmark lays down to the Queen, "Gertrude, do not drink," he accosted Mr. Powell, who was personating *Lord Stanley* (for the safety of whose son *Richmond* is naturally anxious), THUS, on his entry, after the issue of the battle:—

Elliston (as *Richmond*). Your son, George Stanley, is he dead?

Powell (as *Lord Stanley*). He is, my Lord, and *safe in Leicester town!*

Elliston (as *Richmond*). I mean—ah!—is he missing?

Powell (as *Lord Stanley*). He is, my Lord, and *safe in Leicester town!!*

And it is but justice to the memory of this punctilious veteran, to say that he would have made the same reply to any question which could, at that particular moment, have been put to him.

CMXXXI.—EPIGRAM.

(On a little member's versatility.)

WHY little Neddy — years
To *rat*, there is a reason strong,
He needs be *everything by turns*,
Who is by nature *nothing long*.

CMXXXII.—LATE AND EARLY.

THE regular routine of clerky business ill suited the literary tastes and the wayward habits of Charles Lamb. Once, at the India House, a superior said to him, "I have remarked, Mr. Lamb, that you come very *late* to the office."—"Yes, sir," replied the wit, "but you must remember that I go away *early*." The oddness of the excuse silenced the reprover,

CMXXXIII.—FAIR PLAY.

CURRAN, who was a very small man, having a dispute with a brother counsel, (who was a very stout man,) in which words ran high on both sides, called him out. The other, however, objected. "You are so little," said he, "that I might fire at you a dozen times without hitting, whereas, the chance is that you may shoot me at the first fire."—"To convince you," cried Curran, "I don't wish to take any advantage, you shall *chalk* my size upon *your body*, and all hits out of the ring shall go for nothing."

CMXXXIV.—SOMETHING LACKING.

HOOK was walking one day with a friend, when the latter, pointing out on a dead wall an incomplete inscription, running, "WARREN'S B——," was puzzled at the moment for the want of the context. "'Tis *lacking* that should follow," observed Hook, in explanation.

CMXXXV.—THE HONEST MAN'S LITANY.

FROM a wife of small fortune, but yet very proud,
Who values herself on her family's blood :
Who seldom talks sense, but for ever is loud,
Libera me !

From living i' th' parish that has an old kirk,
Where the parson would rule like a Jew or a Turk,
And keep a poor curate to do all his work,
Libera me !

From a justice of peace who forgives no offence,
But construes the law in its most rigid sense,
And still to bind over will find some pretence,
Libera me !

From dealing with great men and taking their word,
From waiting whole mornings to speak with my lord,
Who puts off his payments, and puts on his sword,
Libera me !

From Black-coats, who never the gospel yet taught,
From Red-coats, who never a battle yet fought,
From Turn-coats, whose inside and outside are naught,
Libera me !

CMXXXVI.—THREE DEGREES OF COMPARISON.

A LADY, proud of her rank and title, once compared the three classes of people, nobility, gentry, and commonalty, to china, delf, and crockery. A few minutes elapsed, when one of the company expressed a wish to see the lady's little girl, who, it was mentioned, was in the nursery. "John," said she to the footman, "tell the maid to bring the little dear." The footman, wishing to expose his mistress's ridiculous pride, cried, loud enough to be heard by everyone,—*"Crockery! bring down little China."*

CMXXXVII.—MEN OF LETTERS.

A CORRESPONDENT, something new
Transmitting, sign'd himself X. Q.
The editor his letter read,
And begg'd he might be X. Q. Z.

CMXXXVIII.—ELEGANT RETORT.

It is a common occurrence in the University of Cambridge for the undergraduates to express their approbation or disapprobation of the Vice-Chancellor, on the resignation of his office. Upon an occasion of this kind, a certain gentleman had enacted some regulations which had given great offence; and, when the senate had assembled in order that he might resign his office to another, a great *hissing* was raised in disapprobation of his conduct; upon which, bowing courteously, he made the following elegant retort:—

"Laudatur ab his."

CMXXXIX.—SNUG LYING.

A VISITOR at Churchtown, North Meols, thought people must like to be buried in the churchyard *there*, because it was so healthy.

CMXL.—A PROPER ANSWER.

A KNAVISH attorney asking a very worthy gentleman what was honesty, "What is that to you?" said he; "meddle with those things that *concern you*."

CMXLL.—GOOD HEARING.

I HEARD last week, friend Edward, thou wast dead,
I'm very glad to *hear it*, too, cries Ned.

CMXLII.—AN UNCONSCIOUS POSTSCRIPT.

GEORGE SELWYN once affirmed, in company, that no woman ever wrote a letter without a postscript. "My next letter shall refute you!" said Lady G——. Selwyn soon after received a letter from her ladyship, where, after her signature, stood: "P.S. Who was right; you or I?"

CMXLIII.—HOA XING AN AUDIENCE.

COOKE was announced one evening to play the *Stranger* at the Dublin Theatre. When he made his appearance, evident marks of agitation were visible in his countenance and gestures; this, by the generality of the audience, was called fine acting; but those who were acquainted with his failing, classed it very properly under the head of intoxication. When the applause had ceased, with difficulty he pronounced "Yonder hut—yonder hut," pointing to the cottage; then beating his breast, and striking his forehead, he paced the stage in much apparent agitation of mind. Still this was taken as the *chef d'œuvre* of fine acting, and was followed by loud plaudits, and "Bravo! bravo!" At length, having cast many a menacing look at the prompter, who repeatedly, though in vain, gave him the word, he came forward, and, with overacted feeling, thus addressed the audience:—"You are a mercantile people—you know the value of money—a thousand pounds, my all, lent to serve a friend, is lost for ever. My son, too—pardon the feelings of a parent—my only son—as brave a youth as ever fought his country's battles, is slain—not many hours ago I received the intelligence; but he died in the defence of his King!" Here his feelings became so powerful that they choked his utterance, and, with his handkerchief to his eyes, he staggered off the stage, amidst the applause of those who, not knowing the man, pitied his situation. Now, the fact is, Cooke never possessed £1000 in his life, nor had he ever the honour of being a father; but, too much intoxicated to recollect his part, he invented this story, as the only way by which he could decently retire; and the sequel of the business was, that he was sent home in a chair, whilst another actor played the part.

CMXLIV.—THE SEASON-INGS.

"COME here, Johnny, and tell me what the four *seasons* are."—Young Prodigy: "Pepper, salt, mustard, and vinegar."

CMXLV.—NOT AT HOME.

A WEAVER, after enjoying his potations, pursued his way home through the churchyard, his vision and walking somewhat impaired. As he proceeded, he diverged from the path, and unexpectedly stumbled into a partially made grave. Stunned for a while, he lay in wonder at his descent, and after some time he got out, but he had not proceeded much farther when a similar calamity befell him. At this second fall, he was heard, in a tone of wonder and surprise, to utter the following exclamation, referring to what he considered the untenanted graves, "*Ay! ir yc a' up an' awa?*"

CMXLVI.—LINCOLN'S-INN DINNERS.

ON the evening of the coronation-day of our gracious Queen, the Benchers of Lincoln's Inn gave the students a feed; when a certain profane wag, in giving out a verse of the National Anthem, which he was solicited to lead in a solo, took that opportunity of stating a grievance as to the modicum of port allowed, in manner and form following:—

"Happy and glorious"—
Three half-pints 'mong four of us,
Heaven send no more of us,
 God save the Queen!

which ridiculous perversion of the author's meaning was received with a full chorus, amid tremendous shouts of laughter and applause.

CMXLVII.—WHY ARE WOMEN BEARDLESS?

How wisely Nature, ordering all below,
 Forbade a beard on woman's *chin* to grow,
 For how could she be shaved (whate'er the skill)
 Whose *tongue* would never let her *chin* be still?

CMXLVIII.—COOL RETORT.

HENDERSON, the actor, was seldom known to be in a passion. When at Oxford, he was one day debating with a fellow student, who, not keeping his temper, threw a glass of wine in the actor's face; when Henderson took out his handkerchief, wiped his face, and coolly said, "That, sir, was a *digression*: now for the argument."

CMXLIX.—LYING.

DON'T give your mind to lying. A lie may do very well for a time, but, like a bad shilling, it's found out at last.—D. J.

CML.—PERTINENT INQUIRY.

A PERSON addicted to lying, relating a story to another, which made him stare, "Did you never hear that before?" said the narrator.—"No," says the other: "Pray, sir, *did you?*"

CMLI.—A POLITE REBUKE.

CHARLES MATHEWS, seated on a coach-box on a frosty day, waiting for the driver, said to him when at length he appeared: "If you stand here much longer, Mr. Coachman, your horses will be like Captain Parry's ships."—"How's that, sir?" "Why, *frozen at the pole!*"

CMLII.—A CERTAIN CROP.

UNDER the improved system of agriculture and of draining, great preparations had been made for securing a good crop in a certain field, where Lord Fife, his factor, and others interested in the subject were collected together. There was much discussion, and some difference of opinion as to the crop with which the field had best be sown. The idiot retainer, who had been listening unnoticed to all that was said, at last cried out, "*Saw't wi' factors, ma lord; they are sure to thrive everywhere.*"

CMLIII.—GOOD ADVICE.

NEVER confide in a young man—new pails leak. Never tell your secret to the age—old doors seldom shut closely.

CMLIV.—MR. THELWALL.

WHEN Citizen Thelwall was on his trial at the Old Bailey for high treason, during the evidence for the prosecution he wrote the following note, and sent it to his counsel, Mr. Erskine: "I am determined to plead my cause myself." Mr. Erskine wrote under it: "If you do, you'll be hang'd:" to which Thelwall immediately returned this reply: "*I'll be hang'd, then, if I do.*"

CMLV.—CHEAP AT THE MONEY.

A SHILLING subscription having been set on foot to bury an attorney who had died very poor, Lord Chief Justice Norbury exclaimed, "Only a shilling to bury an attorney! Here's a guinea; go and bury *one-and-twenty of them*."

CMLVI.—A QUERY FOR MR. BABBAGE.

A PERSON, hearing that "Time is Money," became desirous of learning how many years it would take "to pay a little debt of a hundred pounds!"

CMLVII.—A BACK-HANDED HIT.

LORD DERBY once said that Ireland was positively worse than it is *represented*. "That's intended," said A'Beckett, "as a sinister insult to the members who represent that wretched country."

CMLVIII.—THINGS BY THEIR RIGHT NAMES.

If by their names we things should call,
It surely would be *properer*,
To term a singing piece a bawl,
A dancing piece a *hopperer*!

CMLIX.—A FAVOURITE AIR.

ONE of a party of friends, referring to an exquisite musical composition, said: "That song always carries me away when I hear it."—"Can anybody whistle it?" asked Jerrold, laughing.

CMLX.—A GOOD JOKE.

A FIRE-EATING Irishman challenged a barrister, who gratified him by an acceptance. The duellist, being very lame, requested that he might have a prop. "Suppose," said he, "I lean against this milestone?" "With pleasure," replied the lawyer, "on condition that I may lean against *the next*." The joke settled the quarrel.

CMLXI.—ONE THING AT A TIME.

A VERY dull play was talked of, and one attempted a defence by saying, "It was not hissed." "True," said another; "no one can *hiss* and *gape* at the same time."

CMLXII.—TROPHIES.

A FRENCH nobleman once showing Matthew Prior the palace of his master at Versailles, and desiring him to observe the many *trophies* of Louis the Fourteenth's victories, asked Prior if King William, his master, had many such trophies in his palace. "No," said Prior, "the monuments of my master's victories are to be seen *everywhere* but in his *own house*."

CMLXIII.—"BRIEF LET IT BE."

WHEN Baron Martin was at the Bar and addressing the Court of Exchequer in an insurance case, he was interrupted by Mr. Baron Alderson observing: "Mr. Martin, do you think any office would insure your life? Remember, yours is a *brief* existence."

CMLXIV.—GOOD ADVICE.

A PHILOSOPHER being asked of whom he had acquired so much knowledge, replied, "Of the blind, who do not lift their feet until they have first sounded, with their stick, the ground on which they are going to tread."

CMLXV.—EXPECTORATION.

WE are terribly afraid that some Americans spit upon the floor, even when that floor is covered by good carpets. Now all claims to civilisation are suspended till this secretion is otherwise disposed of. No English gentleman has spit upon the floor since the Heptarchy.—S. S.

CMLXVI.—A COAT-OF-ARMS.

A GREAT pretender to gentility
Came to a herald for his pedigree:
The herald, knowing what he was, begun
To rumble o'er his heraldry; which done,
Told him he was a gentleman of note,
And that he had a very glorious coat.
"Prithee, what is't?" quoth he, "and take your fees."
"Sir," says the herald, "'tis two rampant trees,
One couchant; and, to give it further scope,
A ladder passant, and a pendent rope.
And, for a grace unto your blue-coat sleeves,
There is a bird i' th' crest that strangles thieves."

CMLXVII.—DR. SIMS.

A GLORIOUS bull is related, in the life of Dr. Sims, of a countryman of his, an Irishman, for whom he had prescribed an emetic, who said with great naiveté: "My dear doctor, it is of no use your giving me an *emetic*! I tried it twice in Dublin, and it would *not stay* on my stomach either time."

CMLXVIII.—MARRIAGE.

IN marriage, as in war, it is permitted to take every advantage of the enemy.

CMLXIX.—BENEFIT OF COMPETITION.

POPE, when he first saw Garrick act, observed, "I am afraid that the young man will be spoiled, for he will have no competitor!"

CMLXX.—INDUSTRY AND PERSEVERANCE.

A SPENDTHRIFT said, "Five years ago I was not worth a farthing in the world; now see where I am through my own exertions."—"Well, where are you?" inquired a neighbour. "Why, I now *owe more* than a thousand pounds!"

CMLXXI.—QUANTUM SUFF.

IN former days, when roads were bad, and wheeled vehicles almost unknown, an old laird was returning from a supper party, with his lady mounted behind him on horse-back. On crossing the river Urr, the old lady dropped off, but was not missed till her husband reached his door. The party who were despatched in quest of her, arrived just in time to find her remonstrating with the advancing tide, which trickled into her mouth, in these words, "No anither drap; neither *het nor could*."

CMLXXII.—LAMB AND SHARP SAUCE.

A RETIRED cheesemonger, who hated any allusions to the business that had enriched him, said to Charles Lamb, in course of discussion on the Poor-Laws, "You must bear in mind, sir, that I have got rid of that sort of stuff which you poets call the 'milk of human kindness.'" Lamb looked at him steadily, and replied, "Yes, I am aware of that—you turned it all into *cheese* several years ago!"

CMLXXIII.—AN IRISHMAN'S PLEA.

"Are you guilty, or not guilty?" asked the clerk of arraigns of a prisoner the other day. "An' sure now," said Pat, "what are *you* put there for but to find that out?"

CMLXXIV.—ACCOMMODATING.

A MAN in a passion spoke many scurrilous words; a friend being by, said, "You speak foolishly." He answered, "*It is that you may understand me.*"

CMLXXV.—GENEROSITY AND PRUDENCE.

FRANK, who will any friend supply,
Lent me ten guineas—"Come," said I,
"Give me a pen, it is but fair
You take my note."—Quoth he, "Hold there;
Jack! to the cash I've bid adieu;—
No need to waste my paper too."

CMLXXVI.—ODD REASON.

A CELEBRATED wit was asked why he did not marry a young lady to whom he was much attached. "I know not," he replied, "except the *great regard* we have for each other."

CMLXXVII.—VERY EVIDENT.

GARRICK and Rigby, once walking together in Norfolk, observed upon a board at a house by the roadside, the following strange inscription: "A GOES KOORED HEAR." "How is it possible," said Rigby, "that such people as these can cure agues?"—"I do not know," replied Garrick, "what their prescription is—but *it is not by a spell.*"

CMLXXVIII.—OMINOUS, VERY!

A JOLLY good fellow had an office next to a doctor's. One day an elderly gentleman of the foggy school blundered into the wrong shop. "Dr. X—in?"—"Don't live here," says P—, who was in full scribble over some important papers, without looking up. "Oh, I thought this was his office."—"Next door." "Pray, sir, can you tell me, has the doctor many patients?"—"Not living!" The old gentleman was never more heard of in the vicinity.

CMLXXIX.—A REVERSE.

AN Irishman, who lived in an attic, being asked what part of the house he occupied, answered, "If the house were turned *tobsy-turvy*, I'd be livin' on the first flure."

CMLXXX.—ON AN M.P. WHO RECENTLY GOT HIS ELECTION AT THE SACRIFICE OF HIS POLITICAL CHARACTER.

His degradation is complete,
His name with loss of honour branding :
When he resolved to win his seat
He literally lost his standing.

CMLXXXI.—MUSICAL TASTE.

A LATE noble statesman, more famous for his wit than his love of music, being asked why he did not subscribe to the Ancient Concerts, and it being urged as a reason for it that his brother, the Bishop of W——, did: "Oh," replied his lordship, "if I was as *deaf* as my brother, I would subscribe too."

CMLXXXII.—LINGUAL INFECTION.

A FASHIONABLE Irish gentleman, driving a good deal about Cheltenham, was observed to have the not very graceful habit of lolling his tongue out as he went along. Curran, who was there, was asked what he thought could be his countryman's motive for giving the instrument of eloquence such an airing. "Oh!" said he, "he's trying to *catch* the English accent."

CMLXXXIII.—PORSON *versus* DR. JOWETT.

DR. JOWETT, who was a *small* man, was permitted by the head of his college to cultivate a strip of vacant ground. This gave rise to some *jeux d'esprit* among the wags of the university, which induced him to alter it into a plot of gravel, and Porson burst forth with the following extemporaneous lines:—

A *little* garden *little* Jowett made,
And fenced it with a *little* palisade;
Because this garden made a *little* talk,
He changed it to a *little* gravel walk;
And now, if more you'd know of *little* Jowett,
A *little* time, it will a *little*-show it.

CMLXXXIV.—BREVITY OF CHARITY.

BREVITY is in writing what charity is to all other virtues. Righteousness is worth nothing without the one, nor authorship without the other.

CMLXXXV.—HIGH GAMING.

BARON N., once playing at cards, was guilty of an *odd trick*; on which his opponent threw him out of the window of a one-pair-of-stairs room. The baron meeting Foote complained of this usage, and asked what he should do? "Do," says the wit, "never play *so high* again as long as you live."

CMLXXXVI.—HARD OF DIGESTION.

QUIN had been dining, and his host expressed his regret that he could offer no more wine, as he had lost the key of his wine-cellar. While the coffee was getting ready the host showed his guest some natural curiosities, and among the rest an ostrich. "Do you know, sir, that this bird has one very remarkable property—he will swallow iron?" "Then, very likely," said Quin, "he has swallowed the *key* of your *wine-cellar*!"

CMLXXXVII.—A MONSTER.

SYDNEY SMITH said that "the Court of Chancery was like a boa-constrictor, which swallowed up the estates of English gentlemen in haste, and digested them at leisure."

CMLXXXVIII.—SAILOR'S WEDDING.

A JACK-TAR just returned from sea, determined to commit matrimony; but at the altar the parson demurred, as there was not cash enough between them to pay the fees: on which Jack, thrusting a few shillings into the sleeve of his cassock, exclaimed, "Never mind, brother, marry us *as far as it will go*."

CMLXXXIX.—QUID PRO QUO.

SMITH and Brown, running opposite ways round a corner, struck each other. "Oh dear!" says Smith, "how you made my head ring!" "That's a sign it's hollow," said Brown. "Didn't yours *ring*?" said Smith. "No," said Brown, "That's a sign it's *cracked*," replied his friend,

CMXC.—THE TRUTH BY ACCIDENT.

ONE communion Sabbath, the precentor observed the noble family of — approaching the tables, and likely to be kept out by those pressing in before them. Being very zealous for their accommodation, he called out to an individual whom he considered the principal obstacle in clearing the passage, "Come back, Jock, and let in the noble family of —," and then turning to his psalm-book, took up his duty, and went on to read the line, "Nor stand *in sinners' way.*"

CMXCI.—ENCOURAGEMENT.

A YOUNG counsel commenced his stammering speech with the remark, "The unfortunate client who appears by me—" and then he came to a full stop; beginning again, after an embarrassed pause, with a repetition of the remark, "My unfortunate client—." He did not find his fluency of speech quickened by the calm raillery of the judge, who interposed, in his softest tone, "Pray go on, so far the court is quite *with you.*"

CMXCII.—FALSE ESTIMATE.

KEAN once played *Young Norval* to Mrs. Siddons's *Lady Randolph*: after the play, as Kean used to relate, Mrs. Siddons came to him, and patting him on the head, said, "You have played very well, sir, very well. It's a pity,—but there's *too little* of you to do anything."

Coleridge said of this "little" actor:—"Kean is original; but he copies from himself. His rapid descents from the hyper-tragic to the infra-colloquial, though sometimes productive of great effect, are often unreasonable. To see him act, is like reading 'Shakspeare' by flashes of lightning. I do not think him thorough-bred gentleman enough to play *Othello.*"

CMXCIII.—AMERICAN PENANCE.

As for me, as soon as I hear that the last farthing is paid to the last creditor, I will appear on my knees at the bar of the Pennsylvanian Senate in the plumeopicean robe of American controversy. Each Conscript Jonathan shall trickle over me a few drops of tar, and help to decorate me with those penal plumes in which the vanquished reasoner of the transatlantic world does homage to the physical superiority of his opponents.—S. S.

CMXCIV.—A MONEY-LENDER.

THE best fellow in the world, sir, to get money of ; for as he sends you half cash, half wine, why, if you can't take up his bill, you've always poison at hand for a remedy.—D. J.

CMXCV.—A BAD MEDIUM.

A MAN, who pretended to have seen a ghost, was asked what the ghost said to him ? "How should I understand," replied the narrator, "what he said ? I am not skilled in any of the *dead* languages."

CMXCVI.—TAKING A HINT.

THE Bishop preached : "My friends," said he,
 "How sweet a thing is charity,
 The choicest gem in virtue's casket !"
 "It is, indeed," sighed miser B.,
 And instantly I'll go and—ask it."

CMXCVII.—SWEARING THE PEACE.

AN Irishman, swearing the peace against his three sons, thus concluded his affidavit : "And this deponent further saith, that the only one of his children who showed him any real filial affection was his youngest son Larry, for he *never struck him when he was down !*"

CMXCVIII.—THE RULING PASSION.

THE death of Mr. Holland, of Drury Lane Theatre, who was the son of a *baker* at Chiswick, had a very great effect upon the spirits of Foote, who had a very warm friendship for him : being a legatee, as well as appointed by the will of the deceased one of his bearers, he attended the corpse to the family vault at Chiswick, and there very sincerely paid a plentiful tribute of tears to his memory. On his return to town, Harry Woodward asked him if he had not been paying the last compliment to his friend Holland ? "Yes, poor fellow," says Foote, almost weeping at the same time, "I have just seen him *shoved* into the *family oven*."

CMXCIX.—A SANITARY AIR.

THE air of France ! nothing to the air of England. That goes ten times as far—it must, for it's ten times as thick.—D. J.

M.—GRAFTING.

VERY dry and pithy too was a legal *opinion* given to a claimant of the Annandale peerage, who, when pressing the employment of some obvious forgeries, was warned, that if he persevered, nae doot he might be a peer, but it would be a peer o' anither tree!

MI.—A SHORT CREED.

A SCEPTICAL man, conversing with Dr. Parr, observed that he would believe nothing that he did not understand. Dr. Parr replied, "Then, young man, *your creed* will be the shortest of any man's I know."

MIL.—IN THE DARK.

A SCOTCH lady, who was discomposed by the introduction of gas, asked with much earnestness, "What's to become o' the *puir whales*?" deeming their interests materially affected by this superseding of their oil.

MIH.—NOT TO BE TEMPTED.

"Come down, this instant," said the boatswain to a mischievous son of Erin, who had been idling in the round-top; "come down, I say, and I'll give you a good dozen, you rascal!"—"Troth, sur, and I wouldn't come down if you'd give me *two dozen*!"

MIV.—QUITE POETICAL.

HARRY ERSKINE made a neat remark to Walter Scott after he got his Clerkship of Session. The scheme to bestow it on him had been begun by the Tories, but (most honourably) was completed by the Whigs, and after the fall of the latter, Harry met the new Clerk, and congratulated him on his appointment, which he liked all the better, as it was a "*Lay of the Last Ministry*!"

MV.—CORPORATION POLITENESS.

As a west-country mayor, with formal address, Was making his speech to the haughty Queen Bess,
"The Spaniard," quoth he, "with inveterate spleen,
Has presum'd to attack you, a poor virgin queen,
But your majesty's courage soon made it appear
That his Donship had ta'en the wrong sow by the ear."

MVI.—A COMMON WANT.

IN the midst of a stormy discussion, a gentleman rose to settle the matter in dispute. Waving his hands majestically over the excited disputants, he began:—

"Gentlemen, all I want is common sense—"

"Exactly," Jerrold interrupted, "that is precisely what you *do* want!"

The discussion was lost in a burst of laughter.

MVII.—LARGE, BUT NOT LARGE ENOUGH.

THE Rev. William Cole, of Cambridge, nicknamed the Cardinal, was remarkable for what is called a "comfortable assurance." Dining in a party at the University, he took up from the table a gold snuff-box, belonging to the gentleman seated next to him, and bluntly remarked that "It was big enough to hold the freedom of a corporation." "Yes, Mr. Cole," replied the owner; "it would hold any *freedom* but yours."

MVIII.—HENRY ERSKINE.

MR. HENRY ERSKINE (brother of Lord Buchan and Lord Erskine), after being presented to Dr. Johnson by Mr. Boswell, and having made his bow, slipped a shilling into Boswell's hand, whispering that it was for the sight of his *bear*.

MIX.—EPITAPH ON A MISER.

READER, beware immoderate love of pelf,
Here lies the worst of thieves—who robbed himself.

MX.—SMART REPLY.

SOME schoolboys meeting a poor woman driving asses, one of them said to her, "Good morning, mother of asses." "Good morning, my child," was the reply.

MXI.—CALUMNY.

GEORGE THE THIRD once said to Sir J. Irwin, a famous *bon-vivant*, "They tell me, Sir John, you love a *glass* of wine." "Those, sire, who have so reported me to your Majesty," answered he, bowing profoundly, "do me great *injustice*; they should have said—a *bottle*!"

MXII.—LOVE.

THEY say love's like the measles—all the worse when it comes late in life.—D. J.

MXIII.—ANY CHANGE FOR THE BETTER.

A VERY plain actor being addressed on the stage, "My lord, you *change* countenance;" a young fellow in the pit cried, "For heaven's sake, *let him!*"

MXIV.—TOO FAST.

TWO travellers were robbed in a wood, and tied to trees. One of them in despair exclaimed, "Oh, I am undone!" "Are you?" said the other joyfully; "then I wish you'd come and *undo me.*"

MXV.—A REVERSE JOKE.

A SOLDIER passing through a meadow, a large mastiff ran at him, and he stabbed the dog with a bayonet. The master of the dog asked him why he had not rather struck the dog with the butt-end of his weapon? "So I should," said the soldier, "if he had run at me with his *tail!*"

MXVI.—A TRANSPORTING SUBJECT.

THE subject for the Chancellor's English Prize Poem, for the year 1823, was *Australasia* (New Holland). This happened to be the subject of conversation at a party of Johnians, when, some observing that they thought it a bad subject, one of the party remarked, "It was at least a *transporting* one."

MXVII.—HARD-WARE.

A FEW years ago, when Handel's *L'Allegro* and *Il Penseroso* were performed at Birmingham, the passage most admired was—

Such notes, as warbled to the string,
Drew *iron tears* down Pluto's cheek.

The great manufacturers and mechanics of the place were inconceivably delighted with this idea, because they had never heard of anything *in iron* before that could not be made at Birmingham.

MXVIII.—PAINTING AND MEDICINE.

A PAINTER of very middling abilities turned doctor : on being questioned respecting this change, he answered, "In painting all faults are *exposed* to view ; but in medicine, they are *buried* with the patient."

MXIX.—DOGMATISM

Is puppyism come to its full growth.—D. J.

MXX.—SALAD.

To make this condiment your poet begs
The pounded yellow of two hard-boil'd eggs ;
Two boil'd potatoes, pass'd through kitchen-sieve,
Smoothness and softness to the salad give ;
Let onion atoms lurk within the bowl,
And, half-suspected, animate the whole.
Of mordant mustard add a single spoon,
Distrust the condiment that bites too soon ;
But deem it not, thou man of herbs, a fault,
To add a double quantity of salt.
And, lastly, o'er the flavour'd compound toss
A magic soup-spoon of anchovy sauce.
Oh, green and glorious !—oh, herbaceous treat !
'Twould tempt the dying anchorite to eat ;
Back to the world he'd turn his fleeting soul,
And plunge his fingers in the salad-bowl !
Serenely full, the epicure would say,
" Fate cannot harm me, I have dined to-day ! "

MXXI.—ACTOR.

A MEMBER of one of the dramatic funds was complaining of being obliged to retire from the stage with an income of only one hundred and fifty pounds a year, upon which an old officer, on half-pay, said to him : "A comedian has no reason to complain, whilst a man like me, crippled with wounds, is content with half that sum." "What !" replied the actor ; "and do you reckon as nothing the honour of being able to *say so* ? "

MXXII.—EPIGRAM.

THAT Lord — owes nothing, one safely may say,
For his creditors find he has nothing to pay.

MXIII.—CANDID ON BOTH SIDES.

"I RISE for information," said a member of the legislative body. "I am very glad to hear it," said a bystander, "for no man *wants* it more."

MXIV.—CARROTS CLASSICALLY CONSIDERED.

WHY scorn red hair? The Greeks, we know
(I note it here in charity),
Had taste in beauty, and with them
The Graces were all *Χαίρου*!

MXV.—DOING HOMAGE.

RETURNING from hunting one day, George III. entered affably into conversation with his wine merchant, Mr. Carbonel, and rode with him side by side a considerable way. Lord Walsingham was in attendance; and watching an opportunity, took Mr. Carbonel aside, and whispered something to him. "What's that? what's that Walsingham has been saying to you?" inquired the good-humoured monarch. "I find, sir, I have been unintentionally guilty of disrespect; my lord informed me that I ought to have taken off my hat whenever I addressed your Majesty; but your Majesty will please to observe, that whenever I hunt, my hat is fastened to my wig, and my wig is fastened to my head, and I am on the back of a very high-spirited horse, so that if anything *goes off* we must *all go off together!*" The king laughed heartily at this apology.

MXVI.—SYDNEY SMITH SOPORIFIC.

A LADY complaining to Sydney Smith that she could not sleep—"I can furnish you," he said, "with a perfect soporific. I have published two volumes of Sermons; take them up to bed with you. I recommended them once to Blanco White, and before the third page—*he was fast asleep!*"

MXVII.—EPIGRAM.

(On ——'s ponderous speeches.)

THOUGH Sir Edward has made many speeches of late,
The House would most willingly spare them;
For it finds they possess such remarkable *weight*,
That it's really a trouble to *bear them*.

MXXVIII.—GOOD AT A PINCH.

A SEVERE snow-storm in the Highlands, which lasted for several weeks, having stopped all communication betwixt neighbouring hamlets, snuff-takers were reduced to their last pinch. Borrowing and begging from all the neighbours within reach were resorted to, but this soon failed, and all were alike reduced to the extremity which unwillingly abstinent snuffers alone know. The minister of the parish was amongst the unhappy number; the craving was so intense, that study was out of the question. As a last resort, the beadle was despatched, through the snow, to a neighbouring glen in the hope of getting a supply; but he came back as unsuccessful as he went. "What's to be dune, John?" was the minister's pathetic inquiry. John shook his head, as much as to say that he could not tell; but immediately thereafter started up, as if a new idea had occurred to him. He came back in a few minutes, crying, "Hae." The minister, too eager to be scrutinising, took a long, deep pinch, and then said, "Whaur did you get it?" "*I soupit* the poupit*," was John's expressive reply. The minister's accumulated superfluous Sabbath snuff now came into good use.

MXXIX.—EPIGRAM.

(On Alderman Wood's being afraid to pledge himself even to the principles he has always professed.)

SURE in the House he'll do but little good
Who lets "*I dare not, wait upon* I WOOD (I would)."

MXXX.—WILKES'S READY REPLY.

LUTTRELL and Wilkes were standing on the Brentford hustings, when Wilkes asked his adversary, privately, whether he thought there were more fools or rogues among the multitude of Wilkites spread out before them. "I'll tell them what you say, and put an end to you," said the Colonel. But, perceiving the threat gave Wilkes no alarm, he added, "Surely you don't mean to say you could stand here one hour after I did so?" "Why (the answer was), you would not be alive one instant after." "How so?" "I should merely say it was a *fabrication*, and they would *destroy you* in the twinkling of an eye!"

* Swept.

MXXXI.—TOO GRATEFUL.

AFTER O'Connell had obtained the acquittal of a horse-stealer, the thief, in the ecstasy of his gratitude, cried out, "Och, counsellor, I've no way *here* to thank your honour ; but I wish't I saw you *knocked down in me own parish*—wouldn't I bring a faction to the rescue ?"

MXXXII.—THE POETS TO CERTAIN CRITICS.

SAY, why erroneous vent your spite ?
Your censure, friends, will *raise* us ;
If you do wish to damn us quite,
Only begin to *praise* us !

MXXXIII.—ODD HOUSEKEEPING.

MRS. MONTGOMERY was the only—the motherless—daughter of the stern General Campbell, who early installed her into the duties of housekeeper, and it sometimes happened that, in setting down the articles purchased, and their prices, she put the "*cart before the horse*." Her gruff papa never lectured her verbally, but wrote his remarks on the margin of the paper, and returned it for correction. One such instance was as follows:—"General Campbell thinks five-and-sixpence exceedingly dear for parsley." Henrietta instantly saw her mistake ; but, instead of formally rectifying it, wrote against the next item—"Miss Campbell thinks *twopence-halfpenny* excessively *cheap* for *fowls* ;" and sent it back to her father.

MXXXIV.—TELLING ONE'S AGE.

A LADY, complaining how rapidly time stole away, said : "Alas ! I am near thirty." A doctor, who was present, and knew her age, said : "Do not fret at it, madam ; for you will get *further* from that frightful epoch every day."

MXXXV.—POT VALIANT.

PROVISIONS have a greater influence on the valour of troops than is generally supposed ; and there is great truth in the remark of an English physician, who said, that with a six weeks' diet he could make a man a coward. A distinguished general was so convinced of this principle, that he said he always employed his troops *before their dinner had digested*.

MXXXVI.—CAUSE AND EFFECT.

SIR WILLIAM DAWES, Archbishop of York, was very fond of a pun. His clergy dining with him, for the first time, after he had lost his lady, he told them he feared they did not find things in so good order as they used to be in the time of poor Mary; and, looking extremely sorrowful, added, with a deep sigh, "She was, indeed, *Mare Pacificum*." A curate, who pretty well knew what she had been, said, "Ay, my lord, but she was *Mare Mortuum* first."

MXXXVII.—A BAD PREACHER.

A CLERGYMAN, meeting a particular friend, asked him why he never came to hear him preach.—He answered, "I am afraid of *disturbing your solitude*."

MXXXVIII.—ON ROGERS THE POET, WHO WAS EGOTISTICAL.

So well deserved is Rogers' fame,
That friends, who hear him most, advise
The egotist to change his name
To "Argus," with his hundred I's!

MXXXIX.—A POSER.

In a Chancery suit one of the counsel, describing the boundaries of his client's land, said, in showing the plan of it, "We lie on this side, my lord." The opposite counsel then said, "And we lie on that side." The Chancellor, with a good-humoured grin, observed, "If you *lie* on both sides, whom will you have me believe?"

MXL.—A QUIET DOSE.

A MEAN fellow, thinking to get an opinion of his health *gratis*, asked a medical acquaintance what he should take for such a complaint? "I'll tell you," said the doctor, sarcastically; "you should take *advice*."

MXLI.—THE DANCING PRELATES.

SCALIGER doth the curious fact advance,
The early Bishops used to join the dance,
And winding, turning ———s shows us yet,
That Bishops still know how to pirouette.

MXLII.—AURICULAR CONFESSION.

A CUNNING jurymen, addressing the clerk of the court when administering the oath, saying, "Speak up; I cannot hear what you say." "Stop; are you deaf?" asked Baron Alderson. "Yes, of one ear." "Then you may leave the box, for it is necessary that jurymen should hear *both sides*."

MXLIII.—A DRY FELLOW.

"WELL, Will," said an Earl one day to Will Speir, seeing the latter finishing his dinner, "have you had a good dinner to-day?" (Will had been grumbling some time before.) "Ou, vera gude," answered Will; "but gin onybody asks if I got a dram *after't*, what will I say?"

MXLIV.—GOOD EVIDENCE.

"DID you ever see Mr. Murdock return oats?" inquired the counsel.

"Yes, your honour," was the reply.

"On what *ground* did he refuse them?" was next asked by the learned counsel.

"*In the back-yard*," said Teddy, amidst the laughter of the court.

MXLV.—EPITAPH UPON PETER STAGGS.

POOR Peter Staggs now rests beneath this rail,
Who loved his joke, his pipe, and mug of ale;
For twenty years he did the duties well,
Of ostler, boots, and waiter at the Bell.
But death stepp'd in, and order'd Peter Staggs
To feed the worms, and leave the farmers' nags.
The church clock struck *one*—alas! 'twas Peter's knell,
Who sigh'd, "I'm coming—that's the ostler's bell!"

MXLVI.—QUIN AND THE PARSON.

A WELL-beneficed old parson having a large company to dinner, entertained them with nothing else but the situation and profits of his parochial livings, which he said he kept entirely to himself. Quin, being one of the party, and observing that the parson displayed a pair of very dirty yellow hands, immediately called out—"So, so, doctor, I think you do keep your *glebe* in your own hands with a witness!"

MXLVII.—NATURAL ANTIPATHY.

Foote having satirised the Scotch pretty severely, a gentleman asked, "Why he hated that nation so much." "You are mistaken," said Foote, "I don't hate the Scotch, neither do I hate frogs, but I would have everything keep to its *native element*."

MXLVIII.—NOT NECESSARY.

"You flatter me," said a thin exquisite the other day to a young lady who was praising the beauties of his moustache. "For heaven's sake, ma'am," interposed an old skipper, "don't make that *monkey any flatter* than he is!"

MXLIX.—ASSURANCE AND INSURANCE.

STERNE, the author of the "Sentimental Journey," who had the credit of treating his wife very ill, was one day talking to Garrick in a fine sentimental manner in praise of conjugal love and fidelity: "The husband," said he, with amazing assurance, "who behaves unkindly to his wife, deserves to have his house burnt over his head." "If you think so," replied Garrick, "I hope *your* house is insured."

ML.—CROMWELL.

ONE being asked whom it was that he judged to be the chiefest actor in the murder of the king, he answered in this short enigma or riddle:—

"The heart of the loaf, and the head of the spring,
Is the name of the man that murdered the king."

MLI.—BILL PAID IN FULL.

AT Wimpole there was to be seen a portrait of Mr. Harley, the speaker, in his robes of office. The active part he took to forward the bill to settle the crown on the house of Hanover induced him to have a *scroll* painted in his hand, bearing the title of that bill. Soon after George the First arrived in England, Harley was sent to the *Tower*, and this circumstance being told to Prior whilst he was viewing the portrait, he wrote on the white part of the scroll the date of the day on which Harley was committed to the Tower, and under it:—"THIS BILL PAID IN FULL."

MLII.—WOMEN.

AT no time of life should a man give up the thoughts of enjoying the society of women. "In youth," says Lord Bacon, "women are our mistresses, at a riper age our companions, in old age our nurses, and in all ages our friends."

A gentleman being asked what difference there was between a clock and a woman, instantly replied, "A clock serves to *point* out the hours, and a woman to make us *forget* them."

MLIII.—THE DEVIL'S OWN.

AT a review of the volunteers, when the half-drowned heroes were defiling by all the best ways, the Devil's Own walked straight through. This being reported to Lord B——, he remarked, "that the lawyers always went through *thick* and *thin*."

MLIV.—WHIST-PLAYING.

CHARLES LAMB said once to a brother whist-player, who was a hand more clever than clean, and who had enough in him to afford the joke: "M., if *dirt* were trumps, what *hands* you would hold!"

MLV.—A CRUEL CASE.

POPE the actor, well known for his devotion to the culinary art, received an invitation to dinner, accompanied by an apology for the simplicity of the intended fare—a small turbot and a boiled edgebone of beef. "The very thing of all others that I like," exclaimed Pope; "I will come with the greatest pleasure:" and come he did, and eat he did, till he could literally eat no longer; when the word was given, and a haunch of venison was brought in. Poor Pope, after a puny effort at trifling with a slice of fat, laid down his knife and fork, and gave way to an hysterical burst of tears, exclaiming—"A friend of twenty years' standing, and to be *served in this manner!*"

MLVI.—ON SHELLEY'S POEM, "PROMETHEUS UNBOUND."

SHELLEY styles his new poem, "*Prometheus Unbound*,"
And 'tis like to remain so while time circles round;
For surely an age would be spent in the finding
A reader so weak as to *pay for the binding*.

MLVII.—WRITING TREASON.

HORNE TOOKE, on being asked by a foreigner of distinction how much treason an Englishman might venture to write without being hanged, replied, that "he could not inform him just yet, but that he was *trying*."

MLVIII.—A GRACEFUL ILLUSTRATION.

THE resemblance between the sandal tree imparting (while it falls) its aromatic flavour to the edge of the axe, and the benevolent man rewarding evil with good, would be witty, did it not excite virtuous emotions.—S. S.

MLIX.—IMPROMPTU,

*On an apple being thrown at Mr. Cooke, whilst playing
Sir Pertinax Mac Sycophant.*

SOME envious Scot, you say, the apple threw,
Because the character was drawn too true;
It can't be so, for all must know "right weel"
That a true Scot had only thrown the peel.

MLX.—IN THE BACKGROUND.

AN Irishman once ordered a painter to draw his picture, and to represent him *standing behind a tree*.

MLXI.—IN WANT OF A HUSBAND.

A YOUNG lady was told by a married lady, that she had better precipitate herself from off the rocks of the Passaic falls into the basin beneath than *marry*. The young lady replied, "I would, if I thought I should find a *husband* at the bottom."

MLXII.—THREE ENDS TO A ROPE.

A LAD applied to the captain of a vessel for a berth; the captain, wishing to intimidate him, handed him a piece of rope, and said—"If you want to make a good sailor, you must make three ends to the rope."—"I can do it," he readily replied; "here is one, and here is another—that makes two. Now, here's *the third*," and he threw it over-board.

MLXIII.—THE REASON WHY.

FOOTE was once asked, why learned men are to be found in rich men's houses, and rich men never to be seen in those of the learned. "Why," said he, "the *first* know what they want, but the *latter* do not."

MLXIV.—PERSONALITIES OF GARRICK AND QUIN.

WHEN Quin and Garrick performed at the same theatre, and in the same play, one night, being very stormy, each ordered a chair. To the mortification of Quin, Garrick's chair came up first. "Let me get into the chair," cried the surly veteran, "let me get into the chair, and put little Davy into the lantern." "By all means," rejoined Garrick, "I shall ever be happy to *enlighten* Mr. Quin in anything."

MLXV.—BARK AND BITE.

LORD CLARE, who was much opposed to Curran, one day brought a Newfoundland dog upon the bench, and during Curran's speech turned himself aside and caressed the animal. Curran stopped. "Go on, go on, Mr. Curran," said Lord Clare. "O, I beg a thousand pardons," was the rejoinder; "I really thought your lordship was employed *in consultation*."

MLXVI.—A PRESSING REASON.

A TAILOR sent his bill to a lawyer for money; the lawyer bid the boy tell his master that he was not running away, but very busy at that time. The boy comes again, and tells him he must have the money. "Did you tell your master," said the lawyer, "that I was not running away?" "Yes, sir," answered the boy; "but he bade me tell you that *he was*."

MLXVII.—SMALL WIT.

SIR GEORGE BEAUMONT once met Quin at a small dinner-party. There was a delicious pudding, which the master of the house, pushing the dish towards Quin, begged him to taste. A gentleman had just before helped himself to an immense piece of it. "Pray," said Quin, looking first at the gentleman's plate and then at the dish, "*which* is the pudding?"

MLXVIII.—EPIGRAM ON A STUDENT BEING PUT OUT OF COMMONS FOR MISSING CHAPEL.

To fast and pray we are by Scripture taught:
 Oh could I do but either as I ought!
 In both, alas! I err; my frailty such—
 I pray too little, and I fast too much.

MLXIX.—MAKING PROGRESS.

A STUDENT, being asked what progress he had made in the study of medicine, modestly replied: "I hope I shall soon be fully qualified as physician, for I think I am now able to *cure a child*."

MLXX.—THE WOOLSACK.

COLMAN and Banister dining one day with Lord Erskine, the ex-Chancellor, amongst other things, observed that he had then about three thousand head of sheep. "I perceive," interrupted Colman, "your lordship has still an eye to the woolsack."

MLXXI.—SIR THOMAS COULSON.

SIR THOMAS COULSON being present with a friend at the burning of Drury Lane Theatre, and observing several engines hastening to the spot where the fire had been extinguished, remarked that they were "*ingens cui lumen adeptum*."

MLXXII.—THROW PHYSIC TO THE DOGS!

WHEN the celebrated Beau Nash was ill, Dr. Cheyne wrote a prescription for him. The next day the doctor, coming to see his patient, inquired if he had followed his prescription.—"No, truly, doctor," said Nash; "if I had I should have broken my neck, for I *threw it* out of a two-pair-of-stairs window"

MLXXIII.—MOTHERLY REMARK.

SIR DAVID BAIRD, with great gallantry and humanity, had a queer temper. When news came to England that he was one of those poor prisoners in India who were tied back to back to fetter them, his mother exclaimed, "Heaven pity the man *that's tied* to my Davy!"

MLXXIV.—TOO GOOD.

A PHYSICIAN, much attached to his profession, during his attendance on a man of letters, observing that the patient was very punctual in taking all his medicines, exclaimed in the pride of his heart: "Ah! my dear sir, you *deserve* to be ill."

MLXXV.—A BALANCE.

"PAY me that six-and-eightpence you owe me, Mr. Malrooney," said a village attorney. "For what?" "For the opinion you had of me." "Faith, I *never* had any *opinion* of you in all my life."

MLXXVI.—MONEY'S WORTH.

WHILST inspecting a farm in a pauperised district, an enterprising agriculturist could not help noticing the slow, drawing motions of one of the labourers there, and said, "My man, you do not sweat at that work." "Why, no, master," was the reply, "*seven shillings* a week isn't *sweating* wages."

MLXXVII.—ON MR. GULLY BEING RETURNED M.P. FOR PONTEFRACT.

STRANGE is it, proud Pontefract's borough should sully
Its fame by returning to parliament Gully.
The etymological cause, I suppose, is
His breaking the bridges of so many noses.

MLXXVIII.—WRITING FOR THE STAGE.

PEOPLE would be astonished if they were aware of the cart-loads of trash which are annually offered to the director of a London theatre. The very first manuscript (says George Colman) which was proposed to me for representation, on my undertaking theatrical management, was from a nautical gentleman, on a nautical subject; the piece was of a tragic description, and in five acts; during the principal scenes of which the hero of the drama declaimed from the *main-mast* of a man-of-war, without once descending from his position!

A tragedy was offered to Mr. Macready, or Mr. Webster, in *thirty* acts. The subject was the history of Poland, and the author proposed to have five acts played a night, so that the whole could be gone through in a week.

MLXXIX.—A COMPARISON.

"AN attorney," says Sterne, "is the same thing to a barrister that an apothecary is to a physician, with this difference, that your lawyer does not deal in *scruples*."

MLXXX.—GAMBLING.

I NEVER by chance hear the rattling of dice that it doesn't sound to me like the funeral bell of a whole family.—D. J.

MLXXXI.—SWEEPS.

WE feel for climbing boys as much as anybody can do; but what is a climbing boy in a chimney to a full-grown suitor in the Master's office!

MLXXXII.—SELF-CONCEIT.

HAIL, charming pow'r of self-opinion!
For none are slaves in thy dominion;
Secure in thee, the mind's at ease,
The *vain* have only *one* to please.

MLXXXIII.—JAMES SMITH AND JUSTICE HOLROYD.

FORMERLY, it was customary, on emergencies, for the Judges to swear affidavits at their dwelling-houses. Smith was desired by his father to attend a Judge's chambers for that purpose; but being engaged to dine in Russell Square, at the next house to Mr. Justice Holroyd's, he thought he might as well save himself the disagreeable necessity of leaving the party at eight, by despatching his business at once, so, a few minutes before six, he boldly knocked at the Judge's, and requested to speak to him on particular business. The Judge was at dinner, but came down without delay, swore the affidavit, and then gravely asked what was the pressing necessity that induced our friend to disturb him at that hour. As Smith told his story, he raked his invention for a lie, but finding none fit for the purpose, he blurted out the truth:—"The fact is, my Lord, I am engaged to *dine* at the next house—and—and——" "And, sir, you thought you might as well *save* your own dinner by *spoiling* mine?" "Exactly so, my Lord; but——" "Sir, I wish you a good evening." Though Smith brazened the matter out, he said he never was more frightened.

MLXXXIV.—A GOOD INVESTMENT.

AN English journal lately contained the following announcement:—"To be sold, one hundred and thirty lawsuits, the property of an attorney retiring from business. N.B. The clients are rich and obstinate."

MLXXXV.—THE AGED YOUNG LADY.

AN old lady, being desirous to be thought younger than she was, said that she was but *forty* years old. A student who sat near observed, that it must be quite true, for he had heard her repeat the same for the last *ten* years.

MLXXXVI.—KEEPING TIME.

A GENTLEMAN at a musical party asked a friend, in a whisper, "How he should stir the fire without interrupting the music." "*Between the bars,*" replied the friend.

MLXXXVII.—ENTERING THE LISTS.

THE Duke of B—, who was to have been one of the knights of the Eglinton tournament, was lamenting that he was obliged to excuse himself, on the ground of an attack of the gout. "How," said he, "could I ever get my poor puffed legs into those abominable iron boots?" "It will be quite as appropriate," replied Hook, "if your grace goes in your *last* shoes."

MLXXXVIII.—NOT IMPORTUNATE.

MRS. ROBISON (widow of the eminent professor of natural philosophy) having invited a gentleman to dinner on a particular day, he had accepted, with the reservation, "If I am spared."—"Weel, weel," said Mrs. Robison, "if ye're *dead*, I'll no' expect ye."

MLXXXIX.—WITTY COWARD.

A FRENCH *marquis* having received several blows with a stick, which he never thought of resenting, a friend asked him "How he could reconcile it with his honour to suffer them to pass without notice?" "Pooh!" replied the *marquis*, "I never trouble my head with anything that passes behind my back."

MXC.—PRIORITY.

AN old Scotch domestic gave a capital reason to his *young* master for his being allowed to do as he liked:—"Ye needna find faut wi' me, Maister Jeems, *I hae been langer about the place than yersel.*"

MXCI.—SHOULD NOT SILENCE GIVE CONSENT?

A LAIRD OF LOGAN was at a meeting of the heritors of Cumnock, where a proposal was made to erect a new churchyard wall. He met the proposition with the dry remark, "I never big dykes till the *tenants* complain."

MXCII.—CHARACTERISTICS.

THE late Dr. Brand was remarkable for his spirit of contradiction. One extremely cold morning, in the month of January, he was addressed by a friend with—"It is a very cold morning, doctor."—"I don't know that," was the doctor's observation, though he was at the instant covered with *snow*. At another time he happened to dine with some gentlemen. The doctor engrossed the conversation almost entirely to himself, and interlarded his observations with Greek and Latin quotations, to the annoyance of the company. A gentleman, of no slight erudition, seated next the doctor, remarked to him, "that he ought not to quote so much, as many of the party did not understand it."—"And *you are one* of them," observed the learned bear.

MXCIII.—AN ERROR CORRECTED.

JERROLD was seriously disappointed with a certain book written by one of his friends. This friend heard that Jerrold had expressed his disappointment.

Friend (to Jerrold).—I hear you said — was the worst book I ever wrote.

Jerrold.—No, I didn't. I said it was the worst book anybody ever wrote.

MXCIV.—A MYSTERY CLEARED UP.

W—, they say, is bright! yet to discover
The fact you vainly in St. Stephen's sit.
But hold! *Extremes will meet*: the marvel's over;
His very *dulness* is the *extreme* of wit.

MXCV.—BRAHAM AND KENNEY.

THE pride of some people differs from that of others. Mr. Bunn was passing through Jermyn Street, late one evening, and seeing Kenney at the corner of St. James's Church, swinging about in a nervous sort of manner, he inquired the cause of his being there at such an hour. He replied, "I have been to the St. James's Theatre, and, do you know, I really thought Braham was a much prouder man than I find him to be." On asking why, he answered, "I was in the green-room, and hearing Braham say, as he entered, 'I am really *proud* of my pit to-night,' I went and counted it, and there were but *seventeen* people in it."

MXCVI.—HOW TO ESCAPE TAXATION.

"I WOULD," says Fox, "a tax devise
That shall not fall on me."
"Then tax *receipts*," Lord North replies,
"For those you *never* see."

MXCVII.—A BED OF—WHERE?

A SCOTCH country minister had been invited, with his wife, to dine and spend the night at the house of one of his lairds. Their host was very proud of one of the very large beds which had just come into fashion, and in the morning asked the lady how she had slept in it. "O vary well, sir; but, indeed, I thought *I'd lost* the minister a' thegither."

MXCVIII.—ENVY.

A DRUNKEN man was found in the suburbs of Dublin, lying on his face, by the roadside, apparently in a state of physical unconsciousness. "He is dead," said a countryman of his, who was looking at him. "Dead!" replied another, who had turned him with his face uppermost; "by the powers, *I wish I had just half his disase!*"—in other words, a moiety of the whisky he had drunk.

MXCIX.—A SLIGHT DIFFERENCE.

"I KEEP an excellent table," said a lady, disputing with one of her boarders. "That may be true, ma'am," says he, "but you put very little *upon it*."

MC.—MORE HONOURED IN THE BREACH.

A LAIRD OF LOGAN sold a horse to an Englishman, saying, "You buy him as you see him; but he's an *honest* beast." The purchaser took him home. In a few days he stumbled and fell, to the damage of his own knees and his rider's head. On this the angry purchaser remonstrated with the laird, whose reply was, "Well, sir, I told you he was an honest beast; many a time has he *threatened* to come down with me, and I kenned he would *keep his word* some day."

MCI.—"YOU'LL GET THERE BEFORE I CAN TELL YOU."

MR. NEVILLE, formerly a fellow of Jesus College, was distinguished by many innocent singularities, uncommon shyness, and stammering of speech, but when he used *bad* words he could talk fluently. In one of his solitary rambles a countryman met him and inquired the road. "Tu—u—rn," says Neville, "to—to—to—" and so on for a minute or two; at last he burst out, "*Confound it, man! you'll get there before I can tell you!*"

MCII.—ON MR. MILTON, THE LIVERY STABLE-KEEPER.

Two Miltons, in separate ages were born,
The cleverer Milton 'tis clear we have got;
Though the other had talents the world to adorn,
This lives by his *mews*, which the other could not!

MCIII.—A LONG RESIDENCE.

THE following complacent Scottish remark upon Bannockburn was made to a splenetic Englishman, who had said to a Scottish countryman that no man of taste would think of remaining any time in such a country as Scotland. To which the canny Scot replied, "Tastes differ; I'se tak' ye to a place no far frae Stirling, whaur thretty thousand o' yer countrymen ha' been for five hunder years, an' they've nae thocht o' *leavin' yet*."

MCIV.—SPARE THE ROD.

A SCHOOLBOY being asked by the teacher how he should flog him, replied, "If you please, sir, I should like to have it upon the *Italian system*—the heavy strokes upwards, and the down ones light!"

MCV.—POLITICAL SINECURE.

CURRAN, after a debate which gave rise to high words, put his hand to his heart, and declared that he was the trusty *guardian* of his own honour. Upon which Sir Boyle Roche congratulated his honourable friend on the snug little *sinecure* he had discovered for himself.

MCVL.—EPIGRAM ON A PETIT-MAÎTRE PHYSICIAN.

WHEN Pennington for female ills indites,
Studying alone not what, but how he writes,
The ladies, as his graceful form they scan,
Cry, with ill-omen'd rapture—" *Killing man!*"

MCVII.—DAMPED ARDOUR.

JERROLD and Laman Blanchard were strolling together about London, discussing passionately a plan for joining Byron in Greece, when a heavy shower of rain wetted them through. Jerrold, telling the story many years after, said, "That shower of rain washed all the Greece out of us."

MCVIII.—ELLISTON AND GEORGE IV.

IN 1824, when the question of erecting a monument to Shakspeare, in his native town, was agitated by Mr. Mathews and Mr. Bunn, the King (George IV.) took a lively interest in the matter, and, considering that the leading people of both the patent theatres should be consulted, directed Sir Charles Long, Sir George Beaumont, and Sir Francis Freeling to ascertain Mr. Elliston's sentiments on the subject. As soon as these distinguished individuals (who had come direct from, and were going direct back to, the Palace) had delivered themselves of their mission, Elliston replied, "Very well, gentlemen, leave the papers with me, and *I will talk over the business with HIS MAJESTY.*"

MCIX.—TRUTH AND FICTION.

A TRAVELLER relating his adventures, told the company that he and his servants had made fifty wild Arabs run; which startling them, he observed, that there was no great matter in it—"For," says he, "we ran, and they *ran after us.*"

MCX.—A REASONABLE REFUSAL.

AT the time of expected invasion at the beginning of the century, some of the town magistrates called upon an old maiden lady of Montrose, and solicited her subscription to raise men for the service of the King—"Indeed," she answered right sturdily, "I'll do nae sic thing; I never could raise a man *for mysel*, and I'm no gaun to raise men for King George."

MCXI.—LORD NORTH'S DROLLERY.

A VEHEMENT political declaimer, calling aloud for the head of Lord North, turned round and perceived his victim unconsciously indulging in a quiet slumber, and, becoming still more exasperated, denounced the Minister as capable of sleeping while he ruined his country, the latter only complained how cruel it was to be denied a solace which other criminals so often enjoyed, that of having a night's rest before their fate. On Mr. Martin's proposal to have a starling placed near the chair, and taught to repeat the cry of "*Infamous coalition!*" Lord North coolly suggested, that, as long as the worthy member was preserved to them, it would be a needless waste of the public money, since the starling might well perform his office *by deputy*.

MCXII.—INCAPACITY.

A YOUNG ecclesiastic asked his bishop permission to preach. "*I* would permit you," answered the prelate; "*but nature* will not."

MCXIII.—EPIGRAM.

(Suggested by hearing a debate in the House of Commons.)

To wonder now at Balaam's ass were weak;
Is there a night that asses do not speak?

MCXIV.—VALUE OF NOTHING.

PORSON one day sent his gyp with a note to a certain Cantab, requesting him to find the value of nothing. Next day he met his friend walking, and stopping him, desired to know, "Whether he had succeeded?" His friend answered—"Yes!" "And what may it be?" asked Porson. "*Sixpence!*" replied the Cantab, "which I gave the man for bringing the note."

MCXV.—THE RIGHT ORGAN.

SPURZHEIM was lecturing on phrenology. "What is to be conceived the organ of drunkenness?" said the professor. "The *barrel-organ*," interrupted an auditor.

MCXVI.—MIND YOUR POINTS.

A WRITER, in describing the last scene of "Othello," had this exquisite passage:—"Upon which the Moor, seizing a *bolster full of rage and jealousy*, smothers her."

MCXVII.—REASONS FOR DRINKING.

DR. ALDRICH, of convivial memory, said there were five reasons for drinking:

"Good wine, a friend, or being dry,
Or lest you should be by-and-by,
Or any other reason why."

MCXVIII.—NO MATTER WHAT COLOUR.

AN eminent Scottish divine met two of his own parishioners at the house of a lawyer, whom he considered too sharp a practitioner. The lawyer ungraciously put the question, "Doctor, these are members of your flock; may I ask, do you look upon them as white sheep or as black sheep?" "I don't know," answered the divine drily, "whether they are black or white sheep; but I know, if they are long here, they are pretty sure to be *fleeced*."

MCXIX.—AN ODD OCCURRENCE.

AT a wedding the other day one of the guests, who often is a little absent-minded, observed gravely, "I have often remarked that there have been *more* women than men married this year."

MCXX.—A DANGEROUS GENERALISATION.

A TUTOR bidding one of his pupils, whose name was Charles Howl, to make some English verses, and seeing he put *teeth* to rhyme with *feet*, told him he was wrong there, as that was no proper rhyme. Charles answered, "You have often told me that H was no letter, and therefore this is good rhyme." His tutor said, "Take heed, Charles, of that evasion, for that will make you an *owl*."

MCXXI.—NOSCE TE IPSUM.

SHERIDAN was one day much annoyed by a fellow-member of the House of Commons, who kept crying out every few minutes, "Hear! hear!" During the debate he took occasion to describe a political contemporary that wished to play rogue, but had only sense enough to act fool. "Where," exclaimed he, with great emphasis—"where shall we find a more foolish knave or a more *knavish fool* than he?" "*Hear! hear!*" was shouted by the troublesome member. Sheridan turned round, and, thanking him for the prompt information, sat down amid a general roar of laughter.

MCXXII.—VERA CANNIE.

A YOUNG lady, pressed by friends to marry a decent but poor man, on the plea, "*Marry* for love, and *work* for siller," replied, "It's a' vera true, but a kiss and a tinniefu* o' could water maks a gey wersht breakfast."

MCXXIII.—TIMELY AID.

A LADY was followed by a beggar, who very importunately asked her for alms. She refused him; when he quitted her, saying, with a profound sigh, "Yet the alms I asked you for would have prevented me executing my present resolution!" The lady was alarmed lest the man should commit some rash attempt on his own life. She called him back, and gave him a shilling, and asked him the meaning of what he had just said. "Madam," said the fellow, laying hold of the money, "I have been *begging* all day in vain, and but for this shilling I should have been obliged to *work*!"

MCXXIV.—WHIST.

MRS. BRAY relates the following of a Devonshire physician, happily named Vial, who was a desperate lover of whist. One evening, in the midst of a deal, the doctor fell off his chair in a fit. Consternation seized on the company. Was he alive or dead? At length he showed signs of life, and, retaining the last fond idea which had possessed him at the moment he fell into the fit, exclaimed, "*What is trumps?*"

* Tinnie, the small porringer of children.

† Insipid.

MCXXV.—HENRY ERSKINE.

THE late Hon. Henry Erskine met his acquaintance Jemmy Ba—four, a barrister, who dealt in hard words and circumlocutious sentences. Perceiving that his ankle was tied up with a silk handkerchief, the former asked the cause. "Why, my dear sir," answered the wordy lawyer, "I was taking a romantic ramble in my brother's grounds, when, coming to a gate, I had to climb over it, by which I came in contact with the first bar, and have grazed the epidermis on my skin, attended with a slight extravasation of blood." "You may thank your lucky stars," replied Mr. Erskine, "that your brother's *gate* was not as *lofty* as your *style*, or you must have broken your neck."

MCXXVI.—THE ABBEY CHURCH AT BATH.

THESE walls, so full of monuments and bust,
Show how Bath-waters serve to lay the dust.

MCXXVII.—TOO MUCH AND TOO LITTLE.

TWO friends meeting after an absence of some years, during which time the one had increased considerably in bulk, and the other still resembled only the "effigy of a man,"—said the stout gentleman, "Why, Dick, you look as if you had not had a dinner since I saw you last." "And you," replied the other, "look as if you *had been at dinner ever since*."

MCXXVIII.—SHARP, IF NOT PLEASANT.

AN arch boy was feeding a magpie when a gentleman in the neighbourhood, who had an impediment in his speech, coming up, said, "T—T—T—Tom, can your mag t—t—talk yet?" "Ay, sir," says the boy, "better than *you*, or I'd *wring his head off*."

MCXXIX.—AN EAST INDIAN CHAPLAINCY.

THE best history of a serpent we ever remember to have read, was of one killed near one of our settlements in the East Indies; in whose body they *found the chaplain* of the garrison, all in black, the Rev. Mr. —, and who, after having been missing for above a week, was discovered in this very inconvenient situation.

MCXXX.—CONSTANCY.

CURRAN, hearing that a stingy and slovenly barrister had started for the Continent with a shirt and a guinea, observed, "He'll not *change* either till he comes back."

MCXXXI.—EPIGRAM.

(On hearing a prosing harangue from a certain Bishop.)

WHEN he holds forth, his reverence doth appear
So lengthily his subject to pursue,
That listeners (out of patience) often fear
He has indeed *eternity in view*.

MCXXXII.—SPEAKING OF SAUSAGES.

MR. SMITH passed a pork-shop the other day—Mr. Smith whistled. The moment he did this, every sausage "wagged its tail." As a note to this, we would mention that the day before he *lost a Newfoundland dog*, that weighed sixty-eight pounds.

MCXXXIII.—BRINGING HIS MAN DOWN.

ROGERS used to relate this story: An Englishman and a Frenchman fought a duel in a *darkened room*. The Englishman, unwilling to take his antagonist's life, generously fired up the chimney, and—*brought down the Frenchman*. "When I tell this story in France," pleasantly added the relator, "I make the *Englishman* go up the chimney."

MCXXXIV.—A PERFECT BORE.

SOMEONE being asked if a certain authoress, whom he had long known, was not "a *little tiresome*?" "Not at all," said he, "she was *perfectly tiresome*."

MCXXXV.—TOO CIVIL BY HALF.

AN Irish judge had a habit of begging pardon on every occasion. At the close of the assize, as he was about to leave the bench, the officer of the Court reminded him that he had not passed sentence of death on one of the criminals, as he had intended. "Dear me!" said his lordship, "*I really beg his pardon—bring him in.*"

MCXXXVI.—“OUR LANDLADY.”

A LANDLADY, who exhibited an inordinate love for the vulgar fluid gin, would order her servant to get the supplies after the following fashion: “Betty, go and get a quatern loaf, and half a quatern of gin.” Off started Betty. She was speedily recalled: “Betty, make it *half* a quatern loaf, and a quatern of gin.” But Betty had never fairly got across the threshold on the mission ere the voice was again heard: “Betty, on second thoughts, you may as well make it *all gin*.”

MCXXXVII.—THE CHURCH IN THE WAY.

DR. JOHNSON censured Gwyn, the architect, for taking down a church, which might have stood for many years, and building a new one in a more convenient place, for no other reason but that there might be a direct road to a new bridge. “You are taking,” said the doctor, “a church out of the way, that the people may go in a straight line to the bridge.” “No, sir,” replied Gwyn; “I am putting the church *in* the way, that the people may not go *out of the way*.”

MCXXXVIII.—SAVING TIME.

A CANDIDATE at an election, who wanted eloquence, when another had, in a long and brilliant speech, promised great things, got up and said, “Electors of G—, all that he has said I will *do*.”

MCXXXIX.—THE YOUNG IDEA.

SCHOOLMISTRESS (pointing to the first letter of the alphabet): “Come, now, what is that?” Scholar: “I shan’t tell you.” Schoolmistress: “You won’t! But you must. Come, now, what is it?” Scholar: “I shan’t tell you. I didn’t come here to *teach you*—but for you to *teach me*.”

MCXL.—EPIGRAM.

Two Harveys had a mutual wish
To please in different stations;
For one excell’d in *Sauce for Fish*,
And one in *Meditations*.
Each had its pungent power applied
To aid the dead and dying;
This relishes a *sole* when *fried*,
That saves a *soul* from *frying*.

MCXLI.—EPITAPHS.

IF truth, perspicuity, wit, gravity, and every property pertaining to the ancient or modern epitaph, may be expected united in one single epitaph, it is in one made for Burbadge, the tragedian, in the days of Shakespeare—the following being the whole—*Exit Burbadge*.

Jerrold, perhaps, trumped this by his anticipatory epitaph on that excellent man and distinguished historian Charles Knight—"Good Knight."

MCXLII.—NATIONAL PREJUDICE.

FOOTE being told of the appointment of a Scotch nobleman, said, "The Irish, sir, take us *all in*, and the Scotch turn us *all out*."

MCXLIII.—GRANDILOQUENCE.

A BOASTING fellow was asked, "Pray, sir, what may your business be?" "Oh," replied the boaster, "I am but a cork-cutter: but then it is in a *very* large way!" "Indeed!" replied the other; "then I presume you are a cutter of *bungs*?"

MCXLIV.—THE LETTER C.

CURIOUS coincidences respecting the letter C, as connected with the Princess Charlotte, daughter of George IV. :—Her mother's name was Caroline, her own name was Charlotte; that of her consort Cobourg; she was married at Carlton House; her town residence was at Camelford House, the late owner of which, Lord Camelford, was untimely killed in a duel; her country residence Claremont, not long ago the property of Lord Clive, who ended his days by suicide; she died in Childbed, the name of her accoucheur being Croft.

MCXLV.—PRACTICAL RETORT.

IN a country theatre there were only seven persons in the house one night. The pit took offence at the miserable acting of a performer, and hissed him energetically; whereupon the manager brought his company on the stage, and *out-hissed* the visitors.

MCXLVI.—AN AGREEABLE PRACTICE.

DR. GARTH (so he is called in the manuscript), who was one of the Kit-Kat Club, coming there one night, declared he must soon be gone, having many patients to attend; but some good wine being produced he forgot them. When Sir Richard Steele reminded him of his patients, Garth immediately said, "It's no great matter whether I see them to-night or not; for nine of them have such *bad* constitutions that all the physicians in the world can't save them, and the other six have so *good* constitutions that all the physicians in the world can't kill them."

MCXLVII.—A REASON FOR RUNNING AWAY.

OWEN MOORE has run away,
Owing more than he can pay.

MCXLVIII.—LEGAL EXTRAVAGANCE.

"HURRAH! Hurrah!" cried a young lawyer, who had succeeded to his father's practice, "I've settled that old Chancery suit at last." "*Settled it!*" cried the astonished parent, "why I gave you that as *an annuity* for your life."

MCXLIX.—A CLAIM ON THE COUNTRY.

"As you do not belong to my parish," said a clergyman to a begging sailor, with a wooden leg, "you cannot expect that I should relieve you." "Sir," said the sailor, with a noble air, "I lost my leg fighting for *all parishes*."

MCL.—PLAIN SPEAKING.

GEORGE II., who was fond of Whiston the philosopher, one day, during his persecution, said to him, that, however right he might be in his opinions, he had better suppress them. "Had Martin Luther *done so*," replied the philosopher, "your majesty would not have been on the throne of England."

MCLI.—THE PLURAL NUMBER.

A BOY being asked what was the plural of "Penny," replied, with great promptness and simplicity, "*Twopence*."

MCLII.—MAULE-PRACTICE.

A MAN having broken open a young lady's jewel-case (the offence was differently described in the indictment), pleaded that he had done so with consent. "In the future," said Mr. Justice Maule, "when you receive a lady's consent under similar circumstances, get it, if possible, *in writing*."

MCLIII.—VERY LIKELY.

AN English officer lost his leg at the battle of Vittoria, and after suffering amputation with the greatest courage, thus addressed his servant who was crying, or pretending to cry, in one corner of the room, "None of your hypocritical tears, you idle dog; you know you are very glad, for now you will have only *one boot* to clean instead of *two*."

MCLIV.—MUCH ALIKE.

A SAILOR was asked, "Where did your father die?" "In a storm," answered the sailor. "And your grandfather?" "He was drowned." "And your great-grandfather?" "He perished at sea." "How, then," said the questioner, "dare you go to sea, since all your ancestors perished there? you needs must be very rash." "Master," replied the sailor, "do me the favour of telling me where your father died?" "Very comfortably in a bed." "And your forefathers?" "In the same manner—very quietly in their beds." "Ah! master," replied the sailor, "how, then, dare you *go to bed*, since all your ancestors died in it?"

MCLV.—A GOOD WIFE.

A VERY excellent lady was desired by another to teach her what secrets she had to preserve her husband's favour. "It is," replied she, "by doing all that *pleases* him, and by enduring patiently all that *displeases* me."

MCLVI.—WELLINGTON SURPRISED.

A NOBLEMAN ventured, in a moment of conviviality at his Grace's table, to put this question to him:—"Allow me to ask, as we are all here titled, if you were not SURPRISED at Waterloo?" To which the Duke responded, "No; but I *am now*."

MCLVII.—TOO CLEVER.

A COUNTRY boy endeavoured, to the utmost of his power, to make himself useful, and avoid being frequently told of many trifling things, as country lads generally are. His master having sent him down stairs for two bottles of wine, he said to him, "Well, John, have you *shook them*?" "No, sir; but I will," he replied, suiting the action to the word.

MCLVIII.—A LIGHT JOKE.

AN eminent tallow-chandler was told that after his candles were burned down to the middle, not one of them would burn any longer. He was at first greatly enraged at what he deemed a gross falsehood; but the same evening he tried the experiment at home, and found it to be a fact, "that when burned to the middle, neither candle would burn *any longer*."

MCLIX.—A REBUKE.

A BRAGGART, whose face had been mauled in a pot-house brawl, asserted that he had received his scars in battle. "Then," said an old soldier, "be careful the next time you run away, and don't *look back*."

MCLX.—A MODEL PHILANTHROPIST.

"BOBBY, what does your father do for a living?" "He's a *philanthropist*, sir." "A what?" "A phi-lan-thro-pist, sir,—he collects money for Central America, and *builds houses* out of the proceeds."

MCLXI.—GREAT CABBAGE.

A FOREIGNER asked an English tailor how much cloth was necessary for a suit of clothes. He replied, *twelve* yards. Astonished at the quantity, he went to another, who said *seven* would be quite sufficient. Not thinking of the exorbitancy even of this demand, all his rage was against the first tailor; so to him he went. "How did you dare, sir, ask twelve yards of cloth, to make me what your neighbour says he can do for seven?" "Lord, sir!" replied the man, "my neighbour can easily do it, he has but *three* children to clothe, I have *six*."

MCLXII.—TRUE AND FALSE.

A BEGGAR asking alms under the name of a poor scholar, a gentleman, to whom he applied himself, asked him a question in *Latin*. The fellow, shaking his head, said he did not understand him. "Why," said the gentleman, "did you not say you were a poor scholar?" "Yes," replied the other, "a *poor one* indeed, sir, for I do not understand one word of *Latin*."

MCLXIII.—NOT QUITE CORRECT.

A HUNTSMAN, reported to have lived with Mr. Beckford, was not so correct in his conversation as he was in his professional employments. One day when he had been out with the young hounds, Mr. B. sent for him, and asked what sport he had had, and how the hounds behaved. "Very great sport, sir, and no hounds could behave better." "Did you run him long?" "They run him upwards of five hours *successfully*." "So then you *did* kill him?" "Oh! no, sir; we lost him at last."

MCLXIV.—A FOOL CONFIRMED.

DR. PARR, who was neither very choice nor delicate in his epithets, once called a clergyman a *fool*, and there was probably some truth in his application of the word. The clergyman, however, being of a different opinion, declared he would complain to the bishop of the usage. "Do so," added the learned Grecian, "and my Lord Bishop will *confirm* you."

MCLXV.—PLEASANT.

A COUNTRY dentist advertises that "he spares no pains" to render his operations satisfactory.

MCLXVI.—ALERE FLAMAM.

MRS. B—— desired Dr. Johnson to give his opinion of a new work she had just written, adding, that if it would not do, she begged him to tell her, for she had other *irons in the fire*, and in case of its not being likely to succeed, she could bring out something else. "Then," said the doctor, after having turned over a few of the leaves, "I advise you, *madam*, to put it where your *other irons* are."

MCLXVII.—ORATORY.

AT the time when Sir Richard Steele was preparing his great room in York Buildings for public orations, he was behindhand in his payments to the workmen; and coming one day among them, to see what progress they made, he ordered the carpenter to get into the rostrum, and speak anything that came uppermost, that he might observe how it could be heard. "Why then, Sir Richard," says the fellow, "here have we been working for you these six months, and cannot get one penny of money. Pray, sir, when do you mean to pay us?" "Very well, very well," said Sir Richard; "pray come down; I have *heard* quite enough; I cannot but own you speak very distinctly, though I don't much *admire your subject*."

MCLXVIII.—SOLDIERS' WIVES.*

THE late Duchess of York having desired her house-keeper to seek out a new laundress, a decent-looking woman was recommended to the situation. "But," said the house-keeper, "I am afraid she will not suit your royal highness, as she is a *soldier's wife*, and these people are generally *loose characters*!" "What is it you say?" said the duke, who had just entered the room, "*a soldier's wife*! Pray, madam, *what is your mistress?* I desire that the woman may be immediately engaged."

MCLXIX.—NO JOKE.

A GENTLEMAN, finding his grounds trespassed on and robbed, set up a board in a most conspicuous situation, to scare offenders, by the notification that—"Steel-traps and Spring-guns are set in these Grounds:" but finding that even this was treated with contempt, he caused to be painted in very prominent letters underneath—"NO JOKE, BY THE LORD HARRY!" which had the desired effect.

MCLXX.—A GOOD LIKENESS.

A PERSON who had often teased another ineffectually for subscriptions to charitable undertakings, was one day telling him that he had just seen his picture. "And did you ask it for a subscription?" said the non-giver. "No, I saw no chance," replied the other; "it was *so like me*."

MCLXXI.—CUTTING AN ACQUAINTANCE.

GEORGE SELWYN, happening to be at Bath when it was nearly empty, was induced, for the mere purpose of killing time, to cultivate the acquaintance of an elderly gentleman he was in the habit of meeting at the Rooms. In the height of the following season, Selwyn encountered his old associate in St. James's-street. He endeavoured to pass unnoticed, but in vain. "What! don't you recollect me?" exclaimed the *culte*. "I recollect you perfectly," replied Selwyn; "and when I next go to Bath, I shall be most happy to become acquainted *with you again*."

MCLXXII.—VERY SHOCKING, IF TRUE.

At a dinner-party, one of the guests used his knife improperly in eating. At length a wag asked aloud: "Have you heard of poor L——'s sad affair? I met him at a party yesterday, when to our great horror, he suddenly took up the knife, and ——" "Good heavens!" interposed one of the ladies; "and did he cut his throat?" "Why no," answered the relator, "he did not cut his throat with his knife; but we all expected he would, for he actually *put it up to his mouth*."

MCLXXIII.—IMPOSSIBLE IN THE EVENING.

THEODORE HOOK, about to be proposed a member of the Phoenix Club, inquired when they met. "Every Saturday evening during the winter," was the answer. "Evening? Oh! then," said he, "I shall never make a Phoenix, *for I can't rise from the fire*."

MCLXXIV.—A GOOD APPETITE.

A NOBLEMAN had a house-porter who was an enormous eater. "Frank," said he, one day, "tell me how many loins you could eat?" Ah, my lord, as for loins, not many; five or six at most." "And how many legs of mutton?" "Ah, as for legs of mutton, not many; seven or eight, perhaps." "And fatted pullets?" "Ah, as for pullets, my lord, not many; not more than a dozen." "And pigeons?" "Ah, as for pigeons, not many; perhaps forty—fifty at most—according to appetite." "And larks?"—"Ah, as for that, my lord—little larks—*for ever*, my lord—*for ever*!"

MCLXXV.—SHORT SIGHTED.

DEAN COWPER, of Durham, who was very economical of his wine, descanting one day on the extraordinary performance of a man who was blind, remarked, that the poor fellow could see no more than "that bottle." "I do not wonder at it at all, sir," replied a minor canon, "for *we* have seen no more than 'that bottle' all the afternoon."

MCLXXVI.—AN ADVANTAGEOUS TITHE.

A'BECKETT once said, "It seems that anything likely to have an *annual increase* is liable to be tithed. Could not Lord S——, by virtue of this liability, contrive to get rid of a part of his stupidity?"

MCLXXVII.—TRUTH *versus* POLITENESS.

AT a tea-party, where some Cantabs were present, the lady who was presiding "Hoped the tea was good." "Very good indeed, madam," was the general reply, till it came to the turn of one of the Cantabs who, between truth and politeness observed, "That the *tea* was *excellent*, but the *water* was *smoky*!"

MCLXXVIII.—A NEW VIEW.

SOME people have a notion that villany ought to be *exposed*, though we must confess we think it a thing that deserves a *hiding*.

MCLXXIX.—THE ONE-SPUR HORSEMAN.

A STUDENT riding being jeered on the way for wearing but one spur, said that if *one* side of his horse went on, it was not likely that the *other* would stay behind.

[This is, no doubt, the original of the well-known passage in Hudibras—

"For Hudibras wore but one spur;
As wisely knowing, could he stir
To active trot one side of 's horse," &c.]

MCLXXX.—A PHILOSOPHICAL REASON.

A SCHOLAR was asked why a black hen laid a white egg. He answered, "*Unum contrarium expellit alterum.*"

MCLXXXI.—A PLAY UPON WORDS.

A POACHER was carried before a magistrate upon a charge of killing game unlawfully in a nobleman's park, where he was caught in the fact. Being asked what he had to say in his defence, and what proof he could bring to support it, he replied, "May it please your worship, I know and confess that I was found in his lordship's park, as the witness has told you, but I can bring the whole parish to prove that, for the last thirty years, it has been my *manner*."

MCLXXXII.—JEMMY GORDON.

JEMMY GORDON, the well-known writer of many a *theme* and *declamation* for *varmint-men*, alias *non-reading* Cantabs, having been complimented by an acquaintance on the result of one of his *themes*, to which the prize of a certain college was awarded, quaintly enough replied, "It is no great credit to be first in an *ass-race*."

MCLXXXIII.—SETTING UP AND SITTING DOWN.

SWIFT was one day in company with a young coxcomb, who, rising from his chair, said, with a conceited and confident air, "I would have you to know, Mr. Dean, I set up for a wit." "Do you, indeed," replied the dean; "then take my advice, and *sit down again*."

MCLXXXIV.—A SETTLED POINT.

"A REFORMED Parliament," exclaimed a Conservative the other day, "will never do for this country." "No! but an *unreformed* would, and that quickly," replied a bystander.

MCLXXXV.—JOLLY COMPANIONS.

A MINISTER in Aberdeenshire, sacrificed so often and so freely to the jolly god, that the presbytery could no longer overlook his proceedings, and summoned him before them to answer for his conduct. One of his elders, and constant companion in his social hours, was cited as a witness against him. "Well, John, did you ever see the Rev. Mr. C—the worse of drink?" "Weel, a wat no; I've monyatime seen him the better o't, but I ne'er saw him the waur o't." "But did you never see him drunk?" "That's what I'll ne'er see; for before he be *half slocken'd*, I'm ay' *blind fu'*."

MCLXXXVI.—PAYING IN KIND.

A CERTAIN Quaker slept at a hotel in a certain town. He was supplied with two wax candles. He retired early, and, as he had burned but a small part of the candles, he took them with him into his bedroom. In the morning, finding he was charged 2s. in his bill for wax candles, instead of fees to the waiter and chambermaid, he *gave to each a wax candle.*

MCLXXXVII.—A FULL HOUSE.

"WHAT plan," said an actor to another, "shall I adopt to fill the house at my benefit?" "*Invite your creditors,*" was the surly reply.

MCLXXXVIII.—RATHER THE WORST HALF.

ON one occasion a lad, while at home for the holidays, complained to his mother that a schoolfellow who slept with him took up half the bed. "And why not?" said the mother; "he's entitled to half, isn't he!" "Yes, mother," rejoined her son; "but how would you like to have him take out all the soft for his half? He will have *his* half out of the middle, and I have to sleep *both* sides of him!"

MCLXXXIX.—FORCE OF HABIT.

A SERVANT of an old maiden lady, a patient of Dr. Poole, formerly of Edinburgh, was under orders to go to the doctor every morning to report the state of her health, how *she* had slept, &c., with strict injunctions *always* to add, "with her compliments." At length, one morning the girl brought this extraordinary message:—"Miss S——'s *compliments*, and she de'ed last night at aicht o'clock!"

MCXC.—A WONDERFUL SIGHT.

A JOLLY Jack-tar having strayed into Atkins's show at Bartholomew Fair, to have a look at the wild beasts, was much struck with the sight of a lion and a tiger in the same den. "Why, Jack," said he to a messmate, who was chewing a quid in silent amazement, "I shouldn't wonder if next year they were to carry about a *sailor and a marine living peaceably together!*" "Aye," said his married companion, "or a *man and wife.*"

MCXCI.—BURKE AND FOX.

MR. BURKE, in speaking of the indisposition of Mr. Fox, which prevented his making a motion for an investigation into the conduct of Lord Sandwich, said, "No one laments Mr. Fox's illness more than I do; and I declare that if he should continue ill, the inquiry into the conduct of the first Lord of the Admiralty should not be proceeded upon; and, should the country suffer so serious a calamity as his death, it ought to be followed up earnestly and solemnly; nay, of so much consequence is the inquiry to the public, that no bad use would be made of the skin of my departed friend, (should such, alas! be his fate!) if, like that of John Zisca, it should be converted *into a drum*, and used for the purpose of sounding an alarm to the people of England."

MCXCII.—TRYING TO THE TEMPER.

LORD ALLEN, in conversation with Rogers, the poet, observed: "I never put my razor into hot water, as I find it injures the temper of the blade." "No doubt of it," replied Rogers; "show me the blade that is *not out of temper* when plunged into *hot water*."

MCXCIII.—HAVING A CALL.

MR. DUNLOP, while making his pastoral visitations among some of the country members of his flock, came to a farmhouse where he was expected; and the mistress, thinking that he would be in need of refreshment, proposed that he should take his tea before engaging in *exercises*, and said she would soon have it ready. Mr. Dunlop replied, "I aye tak' my tea better when my wark's dune. I'll just be gaun on. Ye can hing the pan on, an' lea' the door ajar, an' I'll draw to a close in the prayer when I hear the *haam fizin'*."

MCXCIV.—A WILL AND AWAY.

It was a strange instance of alleged obedience to orders in the case of a father's will, which a brute of a fellow displayed in turning his younger brother out-of-doors. He was vociferously remonstrated with by the neighbours on the gross impropriety of such conduct. "Sure," said he, "it's the will; I'm ordered to *divide* the house betune myself and my brother, so I've taken the *inside* and given him the *outside*."

MCXCV.—A WINDY MINISTER.

IN one of our northern counties, a rural district had its harvest operations seriously affected by continuous rains. The crops being much laid, wind was desired in order to restore them to a condition fit for the sickle. A minister, in his Sabbath services, expressed their wants in prayer as follows:—"Send us wind, no a rantin', tantin', tearin' wind, but a noohin' (noughin'), soughin', winnin' wind." More expressive words than these could not be found in any language.

MCXCVI.—READY RECKONER.

THE Duke of Wellington, when Premier, was the terror of the idlers in Downing Street. On one occasion when the Treasury clerks told him that some required mode of making up the accounts was impracticable, they were met with the curt reply: "Never mind, if you can't do it, I'll send you half-a-dozen *pay-sergeants* that will"—a hint that they did not fail to take.

MCXCVII.—A "DISTANT" FRIEND.

MEETING a negro on the road, a traveller said, "You have lost some of your friends, I see?" "Yes, massa." "Was it a *near* or a *distant* relative?" "Well, purty distant—'bout *twenty-four mile*," was the reply.

MCXCVIII.—TYPOGRAPHICAL WIT.

"Ho! Tommy," bawls Type, to a brother in trade,
"The ministry are to be *changed*, it is said."
"That's good," replied Tom, "but it better would be
With a trifling erratum." "What?" "Dele the *c*."

MCXCIX.—A NAMELESS MAN.

A GENTLEMAN, thinking he was charged too much by a porter for the delivery of a parcel, asked him what his name was. "My name," replied the man, "is the same as my father's." "And what is his name?" said the gentleman. "It is the same as mine." "Then what are both your names?" "Why, they are *both alike*," answered the man again, and very deliberately walked off.

MCC.—AN INSURMOUNTABLE DIFFICULTY.

BOOTH, the tragedian, had a broken nose. A lady once remarked to him, "I like your acting, Mr. Booth; but, to be frank with you—I *can't get over your nose!*" "No wonder, madam," replied he, "the bridge is gone!"

MCCI.—NON COMPOS.

It is remarkable that — is of an exceedingly cheerful disposition, though the *very little piece* of mind he possesses is proverbial.

MCCII.—TOO LIBERAL.

A WRITER in one of the Reviews was boasting that he was in the habit of distributing literary reputation. "Yes," replied his friend, "and you have done it so profusely that you have *left none* for yourself."

MCCIII.—A LITTLE RAIN.

How monarchs die is easily explained,
For thus upon their tombs it might be chiselled;
As long as George the Fourth could reign, he reigned,
And then he *mizzled!*

MCCIV.—TRUE DIGNITY.

P—— had a high respect for the literary character. At a great man's house a stranger stopped that P—— might enter the room before him. "Pass, sir," said the master of the house, "it is only Mr. P——, the author." "As my rank is mentioned," cried P., "I shall claim the preference;" and accordingly took the lead.

MCCV.—HOW TO GET RID OF AN ENEMY.

DR. MEAD, calling one day on a gentleman who had been severely afflicted with the gout, found, to his surprise, the disease gone, and the patient rejoicing on his recovery over a bottle of wine. "Ah!" said the doctor, shaking his head, "this Madeira will never do; it is the cause of all your suffering." "Well, then," rejoined the gay incurable, "fill your glass, for now we have found out *the cause*, the sooner *we get rid of it* the better."

MCCVI.—SEVERE.

A LADY asked a sailor whom she met, why a ship was called "*she*." The son of Neptune replied that it was "because the *rigging* cost more than the hull."

MCCVII.—NO SACRIFICE.

A LINENDRAPER having advertised his stock to be sold under *prime cost*, a neighbour observed that "It was impossible, as he had never *paid a farthing for it himself*."

MCCVIII.—SHARP BOY.

A MOTHER admonishing her son (a lad about seven years of age), told him he should never *defer* till to-morrow what he could do to-day. The little urchin replied, "Then, mother, let's eat the remainder of the plum-pudding *to-night*."

MCCIX.—EARLY BIRDS OF PREY.

A MERCHANT having been attacked by some thieves at five in the afternoon, said: "Gentlemen, you *open shop early* to-day."

MCCX.—JUDGMENT.

JAMES THE SECOND, when Duke of York, made a visit to Milton the poet, and asked him, amongst other things, if he did not think the loss of his sight a *judgment* upon him for what he had written against his father, Charles the First. Milton answered,—“If your Highness think my loss of sight a *judgment* upon me, what do you think of your father's losing his head?”

MCCXI.—ON A LADY WHO WAS PAINTED.

It sounds like paradox—and yet 'tis true,
You're like your picture, though it's not like you.

MCCXII.—RATHER A-CURATE.

It is strange that the Church dignitaries, the further they advance in their profession, become the more incorrigible; at least, before they have gone many steps, they may be said to be *past a CURE*.

MCCXIII.—MONEY'S WORTH.

A RICH upstart once asked a poor person if he had any idea of the advantages arising from riches. "I believe they give a rogue *an advantage* over an honest man," was the reply.

MCCXIV.—THE RICHMOND HOAX.

ONE of the best practical jokes in Theodore Hook's clever "Gilbert Gurney," is Daly's hoax upon the lady who had never been at Richmond before, or, at least, knew none of the peculiarities of the place. Daly desired the waiter, after dinner, to bring some "maids of honour"—those cheesecakes for which the place has, time out of mind, been celebrated. The lady stared, then laughed, and asked, "What do you mean by 'maids of honour?'" "Dear me!" said Daly, "don't you know that this is so courtly a place, and so completely under the influence of state etiquette, that everything in Richmond is called after the functionaries of the palace? What are called cheesecakes elsewhere, are here called maids of honour; a capon is called a lord chamberlain; a goose is a lord steward; a roast pig is a master of the horse; a pair of ducks, grooms of the bedchamber; a gooseberry tart, a gentleman usher of the black rod; and so on." The unsophisticated lady was taken in, when she actually saw the maids of honour make their appearance in the shape of cheesecakes; she convulsed the whole party by turning to the waiter, and desiring him, in a sweet but decided tone, to bring her a *gentleman usher of the black rod*, if they had one in the house quite cold!

MCCXV.—LORD CHATHAM.

LORD CHATHAM had settled a plan for some sea expedition he had in view, and sent orders to Lord Anson to see the necessary arrangements taken immediately. Mr. Cleveland was sent from the Admiralty to remonstrate on the impossibility of obeying them. He found his lordship in the most excruciating pain, from one of the most severe fits of the gout he had ever experienced. "Impossible, sir," said he, "don't talk to me of impossibilities:" and then raising himself upon his legs, while the sweat stood in large drops upon his forehead, and every fibre of his body was convulsed with agony, "Go, sir, and tell his lordship, that he has to do with a minister who actually *treads* on impossibilities."

MCCXVI.—"I CAN GET THROUGH."

IN the cloisters of Trinity College, beneath the library, are grated windows, through which many of the students have occasionally, after the gates were locked, taken the liberty of passing, without an *exeat*, in rather a novel style. A certain Cantab was in the act of drawing himself through the bars, and being more than an ordinary mortal's bulk, he stuck fast. One of the fellows of the college passing, stepped up to the student and asked him ironically, "if he should assist him?" "Thank you," was the reply, "*I can get through!*" at the same instant he drew himself back on the outside.

MCCXVII.—MAKING FREE.

FORMERLY, members of Parliament had the privilege of franking letters sent by post. When this was so, a sender on one occasion applied to the post-office to know why some of his franked letters had been *charged*. He was told that the name on the letter did not appear to be in his hand-writing. "It was not," he replied, "*precisely* the same; but the truth is, I happened to be a *little tipsy* when I franked them." "Then, sir, will you be so good in future as to write *drunk* when you make *free*?"

MCCXVIII.—FICTION AND TRUTH.

WALLER, the poet, who was bred at King's College, wrote a fine panegyric on Cromwell, when he assumed the protectorship. Upon the restoration of Charles, Waller wrote another in praise of him, and presented it to the king in person. After his majesty had read the poem, he told Waller that he wrote a better on Cromwell. "Please your majesty," said Waller, like a true courtier, "we poets are always more happy in *fiction* than in *truth*."

MCCXIX.—A TAVERN DINNER.

A PARTY of *bon-vivants*, having drunk an immense quantity of wine, rang for the bill. The bill was accordingly brought, but the amount appeared so enormous to one of the company (not quite so far gone as the rest) that he stammered out, it was impossible so many bottles could have been drunk by seven persons. "True, sir," said the waiter, "but your honour forgets the three gentlemen *under the table*."

MCCXX.—A FULL STOP.

A GENTLEMAN was speaking of the kindness of his friends in visiting him. One old aunt, in particular, visited him *twice* a year, and stayed *six months* each time.

MCCXXI.—FAT AND LEAN.

A MAN, praising porter, said it was so excellent a beverage, that, though taken in great quantities, it always made him fat. "I have seen the time," said another, "when it made you lean." "When? I should be glad to know," inquired the eulogist. "Why, no longer ago than last night—*against a wall.*"

MCCXXII.—SELF-CONDEMNATION.

JOSEPH II., emperor of Germany, travelling in his usual way, without his retinue, attended by only a single aide-de-camp, arrived very late at the house of an Englishman, who kept an inn in the Netherlands. After eating a few slices of ham and biscuit, the emperor and his attendant retired to rest, and in the morning paid their bill, which amounted to only three shillings and sixpence English, and rode off. A few hours afterwards, several of his suite arrived, and the publican, understanding the rank of his guest, appeared very uneasy. "Psha! psha! man," said one of the attendants, "Joseph is accustomed to such adventures, and will think no more of it." "But I *shall*," replied the landlord; "and never forgive myself for having had an emperor in my house, and letting him off for *three and sixpence.*"

MCCXXIII.—NICKNAMES.

JOHN MAGEE, formerly the printer of the *Dublin Evening Post*, was full of shrewdness and eccentricity. Several prosecutions were instituted against him by the Government, and many "keen encounters of the tongue" took place on these occasions between him and John Scott, Lord Clonmel, who was at that period Chief Justice of the King's Bench. In addressing the Court in his own defence, Magee had occasion to allude to some public character, who was better known by a familiar designation. The official gravity of Clonmel was disturbed; and he, with bilious asperity, reproved the printer, by saying, "Mr. Magee, we allow no nicknames in *this court.*" "Very well, *John Scott*," was the reply.

MCCXXIV.—A CALCULATION.

AFTER the death of the poet Chatterton, there was found among his papers, indorsed on a letter intended for publication, addressed to Beckford, then Lord Mayor, dated May 26, 1770, the following memorandum :—" Accepted by Bingley, set for, and thrown out of, the *North Brillon*, 21st June, on account of the Lord Mayor's death :—

Lost by his death on this essay . . .	£	1	11	6
Gained in elegies		2	2	0
Gained in essays		3	3	0
Am glad he is dead by		3	13	6."

Yet the evident heartlessness of this calculation has been ingeniously vindicated by Southey, in the *Quarterly Review*.

MCCXXV.—ON THE PRICE OF ADMISSION TO SEE THE
MAMMOTH HORSE.

I WOULD not pay a coin to see
An animal much larger ;
Surely the mammoth horse must be
Rather an *overcharger*.

MCCXXVI.—NOTHING BUT HEBREW.

A CANTAB chanced to enter a strange church, and after he had been seated some little time, another person was ushered into the same pew with him. The stranger pulled out of his pocket a prayer-book, and offered to share it with the Cantab, though he perceived he had one in his hand. This courtesy proceeded from a mere ostentatious display of his learning, as it proved to be in *Latin*. The Cantab immediately declined the offer by saying, "Sir, I read nothing but *Hebrew* !"

MCCXXVII.—A GOOD RECOMMENDATION.

WHEN Captain Grose, who was very fat, first went over to Ireland, he one evening strolled into the principal meat market of Dublin, where the butchers, as usual, set up their usual cry of "What d'ye buy? What d'ye buy?" Grose parried this for some time by saying he did not want anything. At last, a butcher starts from his stall, and eyeing Grose's figure, exclaimed, "Only *say* you buy your meat of me, sir, and you will make my fortune."

MCCXXVIII.—QUID PRO QUO.

AN Irish lawyer, famed for cross-examining, was, on one occasion, completely silenced by a horse-dealer. "Pray, Mr.—, you belong to a very honest profession?" "I can't say so," replied the witness; "for, saving you *lawyers*, I think it the *most dishonest going*."

MCCXXIX.—SERVANTS.

It was an observation of Elwes, the noted miser, that if you keep *one* servant your work will be done; if you keep *two*, it will be half done; and if you keep *three*, you will have to do it yourself.

MCCXXX.—PLAIN ENOUGH.

A GENTLEMAN, praising the personal charms of a very plain woman in the presence of Foote, the latter said: "And why don't you lay claim to such an accomplished beauty?" "What right have I to her?" exclaimed the gentleman. "Every right, by the law of nations," replied Foote; "every right, as the *first discoverer*."

MCCXXXI.—A POSER.

AT Plymouth there is, or was, a small green opposite the Government House, over which no one was permitted to pass. Not a creature was allowed to approach, save the General's cow. One day old Lady D—, having called at the General's, in order to make a short cut, bent her steps across the lawn, when she was arrested by the sentry calling out, and desiring her to return. "But," said Lady D—, with a stately air, "do you know who I am?" "I don't know who you be, ma'am," replied the immovable sentry, "but I knows you b'aint—you b'aint the *General's cow*." So Lady D— wisely gave up the argument, and went the other way.

MCCXXXII.—TRUE CRITICISM.

A GENTLEMAN being prevailed upon to taste a lady's home-made wine, was asked for an opinion of what he had tasted. "I always give a candid one," said her guest, "where eating and drinking are concerned. *It is admirable stuff to catch flies.*"

MCCXXXIII.—ORIGIN OF THE TERM GROG.

THE British sailors had always been accustomed to drink their allowance of brandy or rum clear, till Admiral Vernon ordered those under his command to mix it with water. The innovation gave great offence to the sailors, and for a time rendered the commander very unpopular among them. The admiral at that time wore a program coat, for which reason they nicknamed him "Old Grog," &c. Hence, by degrees, the mixed liquor he constrained them to drink universally obtained among them the name of *grog*.

MCCXXXIV.—WELL SAID.

A GENTLEMAN, speaking of the happiness of the married state before his daughter, disparagingly said, "She who marries, does well; but she who does not marry, does better." "Well then," said the young lady, "I will *do well*; let those who choose *do better*."

MCCXXXV.—SLEEPING AT CHURCH.

DR. SOUTH, when once preaching before Charles II., observed that the monarch and his attendants began to nod, and some of them soon after snored, on which he broke off in his sermon, and said: "Lord Lauderdale, let me entreat you to rouse yourself; you snore so loud that you will *awake the king!*"

MCCXXXVI.—SHERIDAN CONVIVIAL.

LORD BYRON notes:—"What a wreck is Sheridan! and all from bad pilotage; for no one had ever better gales, though now and then a little squally. Poor dear Sherry! I shall never forget the day he, and Rogers, and Moore, and I passed together, when *he* talked and we listened, without one yawn, from six to one in the morning."

One night, Sheridan was found in the street by a watchman, bereft of that "divine particle of air" called reason, and fuddled, and bewildered, and almost insensible. He, the watchman, asked, "Who are you, sir?" No answer. "What's your name?" A hiccup. "What's your name?" Answer, in a slow, deliberate, and impassive tone, "Wilberforce!" Byron notes:—"Is not that Sherry all over?—and, to my mind, excellent. Poor fellow! *his* very dregs are better than the first sprightly runnings of others."

MCCXXXVII.—THE WORST OF TWO EVILS.

VILLIERS, Duke of Buckingham, in King Charles II.'s time, was saying one day to Sir Robert Viner in a melancholy humour: "I am afraid, Sir Robert, I shall die a beggar at last, which is the most terrible thing in the world." "Upon my word, my lord," said Sir Robert, "there is another thing more terrible which you have to apprehend, and that is that you will *live* a beggar, at the rate you go on."

MCCXXXVIII.—QUID PRO QUO.

A WORTHY Roman Catholic clergyman, well known as "Priest Matheson," and universally respected in the district, had charge of a mission in Aberdeenshire, and for a long time made his journeys on a piebald pony, the priest and his "Pyet Shelly" sharing an affectionate recognition wherever they came. On one occasion, however, he made his appearance on a steed of a different description, and passing near a Seceding meeting-house, he forgathered with the minister, who, after the usual kindly greetings, missing the familiar pony, said, "Ou, priest! fat's come o' the auld Pyet?" "He's deid, minister." "Weel, he was an auld faithfu' servant, and ye wad nae doot gie him the offices o' the Church?" "Na, minister," said his friend, not quite liking this allusion to his priestly offices, "I didna dee that, for ye see he *turned Seceder afore he deed, an' I buried him like a beast.*" He then rode quietly away.

MCCXXXIX.—CREDIT.

AMONG the witty aphorisms upon this unsafe topic, are Lord Alvanley's description of a man who "muddled away his fortune in paying his tradesmen's bills;" Lord Orford's definition of timber, "an excrescence on the face of the earth, placed there by Providence for the payment of debts;" and Pelham's argument, that it is *respectable to be arrested*, because it shows that the party once had credit.

MCCXL.—SEEING NOT BELIEVING.

A LADY'S-MAID told her mistress that she once swallowed several pins together. "Dear me!" said the lady, "didn't they *kill you*?"

MCCXXLI.—SPIRIT OF A GAMBLER.

A BON VIVANT brought to his death-bed by an immoderate use of wine, after having been told that he could not in all human probability survive many hours, and would die by eight o'clock next morning, exerted the small remains of his strength to call the doctor back, and said, with the true spirit of a gambler, "Doctor, I'll bet you a bottle I *live till nine!*"

MCCXXLII.—BURKE'S TEDIOUSNESS.

THOUGH upon great occasions Burke was one of the most eloquent of men that ever sat in the British senate, he had in ordinary matters as much as any man the faculty of tiring his auditors. During the latter years of his life the failing gained so much upon him, that he more than once dispersed the house, a circumstance which procured him the nick-name of the Dinner-bell. A gentleman was one day going into the House, when he was surprised to meet a great number of people coming out in a body. "Is the House up?" said he; "No," answered one of the fugitives, "but Mr. Burke *is up.*"

MCCXXLIII.—VERY LIKE EACH OTHER.

It appears that there were two persons of the name of Dr. John Thomas, not easily to be distinguished; for somebody (says Bishop Newton) was speaking of Dr. Thomas, when it was asked, "which Dr. Thomas do you mean?" "Dr. John Thomas." "They are both named John." "Dr. Thomas who has a living in the city." "They have both livings in the city." "Dr. Thomas who is chaplain to the King." "They are both chaplains to the King." "Dr. Thomas who is a very good preacher." "They are both good preachers." "Dr. Thomas who squints." "They both squint." They were afterwards both Bishops.

MCCXXLIV.—FORTUNATE STARS.

"My stars!" cried a courtier, with stars and lace twirl'd,
 "What homage we nobles command in the world!"
 "True, my lord," said a wag, "though the world has its jars,
 "Some people owe much to their *fortunate stars!*"

MCCXLV.—A NEW READING.

TOWARDS the close of the administration of Sir Robert Walpole, he was talking very freely to some of his friends of the vanity and vexations of office, and, alluding to his intended retirement, quoted from Horace the following passage :—

“Lusisti satis, edisti satis, atque bibisti :
Tempus abire tibi est.”

“Pray, Sir Robert,” said one of his friends, “is that good Latin?” “I think so,” answered Sir Robert; “what objection have you to it?” “Why,” said the other drily, “I did not know but the word might be *bribe-isti* in your Horace.”

MCCXLVI.—QUITE AT EASE.

FOOTE, the actor, was one day taken into White’s Club House by a friend who wanted to write a note. Lord Carmarthen approached to speak to him; but feeling rather shy, he merely said, “Mr. Foote, your handkerchief is hanging out of your pocket.” Foote looking suspiciously round, and hurriedly thrusting the handkerchief back into his pocket, replied, “Thank you, my lord: you know *the company* better than I do.”

MCCXLVII.—CHARLES, DUKE OF NORFOLK.

IN cleanliness the Duke was negligent to so great a degree, that he rarely made use of water for purposes of bodily refreshment and comfort. Nor did he change his linen more frequently than he washed himself. Complaining, one day, to Dudley North, that he was a martyr to rheumatism, and had ineffectually tried every remedy for its relief, “Pray, my lord,” said he, “did you ever *try a clean shirt?*”

MCCXLVIII.—CLEARING EMIGRANTS.

AN Irish gentleman, resident in Canada, was desirous to persuade his sons to work as backwoodsmen, instead of drinking champagne at something more than a dollar a bottle. Whenever this old gentleman saw his sons so engaged he used to exclaim, “Ah, my boys! there goes an acre of land, *trees and all.*”

MCCXLIX.—PARLIAMENTARY CASE.

BISHOP ANDREWS, who was master and a great benefactor of Pembroke Hall, was one day at court with Waller the poet, and others. While King James was at dinner, attended by Andrews, Bishop of Winchester, and Neale, Bishop of Durham, his Majesty said to the prelates :—" My lords, cannot I take my subjects' *money* when I want it, without all this formality in Parliament ?" Bishop Neale quickly replied,—" God forbid, sir, but you should : you are the breath of our nostrils." On which the king said to the Bishop of Winchester,—" Well, my lord, and what say you ?" " Sir," replied Andrews, " I have no skill to judge of Parliamentary cases." " Come, come," answered his Majesty, " no put-offs, my lord ; answer me presently." " Then, sir," said Andrews, " I think it lawful for you to take my brother *Neale's money*, for he offers it."

MCCL.—OUTLINE OF AN AMBASSADOR.

WHEN the Duke de Choiseul, who was a remarkably meagre-looking man, came to London to negotiate a peace, Charles Townsend, being asked whether the French government had sent the *preliminaries* of a treaty, answered, " he did not know, but they had sent *the outline of an ambassador*."

MCCLI.—NATURE AND ART.

A WORTHY English agriculturist visited the great dinner-table of the Astor House Hotel, in New York, and took up the bill of fare. His eye caught up the names of its—to him—unknown dishes : " Soupe à la flamande"—" Soupe à la Creci"—" Langue de Bœuf piquée"—" Pieds de Cochon à la Ste. Ménéould"—" Patés de sanglier"—" Patés à la gelée de volailles"—" Les cannelons de crème glacée." It was too much for his simple heart. Laying down the scarlet-bound volume in disgust, he cried to the waiter, " Here, my good man, I shall go back to *first principles* ! Give us some beans and bacon !"

MCCLII.—A COMPARISON.

IT is with narrow-souled people as with narrow-necked bottles—the less they have in them, the *more noise* they make in pouring it out.

MCCLIII.—THE SNUFF-BOX.

AT a party in Portman Square, Brummell's snuff-box was particularly admired: it was handed round, and a gentleman, finding it rather difficult to open, incautiously applied a dessert-knife to the lid. Poor Brummell was on thorns; at last he could not contain himself any longer, and, addressing the host, said, with his characteristic quaintness, "Will you be good enough to tell your friend that my snuff-box is *not an oyster*."

MCCLIV.—NOT SICK ENOUGH FOR THAT.

LORD PLUNKET is said to have acutely felt his forced resignation of the Irish Chancellorship, and his *supersedeas* by Lord Campbell. A violent tempest arose on the day of the latter's expected arrival, and a friend remarking to Plunket how sick of his promotion the passage must have made the new comer; "Yes," replied the ex-chancellor, ruefully, "but it won't make him *throw up the seals*."

MCCLV.—A SEASONABLE JOKE.

ADMIRAL DUNCAN's address to the officers who came on board his ship for instructions previous to the engagement with Admiral de Winter, was both laconic and humorous: "Gentlemen, you see a severe *winter* approaching; I have only to advise you to keep up a *good fire*."

MCCLVI.—GETTING A LIVING.

THE late Duke of Grafton, when hunting, was thrown into a ditch; at the same time a young curate, calling out "Lie still, your Grace;" leaped over him, and pursued his sport. On being assisted to remount by his attendants, the duke said, "That young man shall have the first good living that falls to my disposal; had he *stopped* to have taken care of me, I never would have patronised him," being delighted with an ardour similar to his own, or with a spirit that would *not stoop to flatter*.

MCCLVII.—GOOD EYES.

A MAN of wit being asked what pleasure he could have in the company of a pretty woman who was a loquacious simoleon, replied, "I love to *see* her talk."

MCCLVIII.—INDIFFERENCE TO LIFE.

A SOLDIER, who was being led to the gallows, saw a crowd of people running on before. "Don't be in such a hurry," said he to them. "I can assure you nothing will be done *without me*."

MCCLIX.—A LAST RESOURCE.

VILLIERS, Duke of Buckingham, was making his complaint to Sir John Cutler, a rich miser, of the disorder of his affairs, and asked him what he should do to avoid the ruin. "Live as I do, my lord," said Sir John. "That I can do," answered the duke, "when *I am ruined*."

MCCLX.—A DULL MAN.

LORD BYRON knew a dull man who lived on a *bon mot* of Moore's for a week; and his lordship once offered a wager of a considerable sum that the reciter was *guiltless* of understanding its point; but he could get no one to accept the bet.

MCCLXI.—WHITE TEETH.

PROFESSOR SAUNDERSON, who occupied so distinguished a situation in the University of Cambridge as that of Lucasian Professor of Mathematics, was *quite blind*. Happening to make one in a large party, he remarked of a lady, who had just left the room, that she had very *white teeth*. The company were anxious to learn how he had discovered this, which was very true. "I have reason," observed the professor, "to believe that the lady is not a *fool*, and I can think of no other motive for her laughing incessantly, as she did for a whole hour together."

MCCLXII.—A PLEASANT PARTNER.

A FARMER having bought a barn in partnership with a neighbour who neglected to make use of it, plentifully stored his own part with corn, and expostulated with his partner on having laid out his money in so useless a way, adding, "You had better do *something* with it, as you see I have done." "As to that, neighbour," replied the other, "every man has a right to do what he will with his own, and *you* have done so; but I have made up my mind about my part of the property—I shall set it on fire."

MCCLXIII.—TWO CARRIAGES.

TWO ladies disputed for precedence, one the daughter of a wealthy brewer, the other the daughter of a gentleman of small fortune. "You are to consider, miss," said the brewer's daughter, "that my papa keeps a coach." "Very true, miss," said the other, "and *you* are to consider that he likewise keeps a *dray*."

MCCLXIV.—EXCUSABLE FEAR.

A HUSBAND, who only opposed his wife's ill humour by silence, was told by a friend that he "was afraid of his wife." "It is not *she* I am afraid of," replied the husband, "it is *the noise*."

MCCLXV.—COLERIDGE AND THELWALL.

THELWALL and Coleridge were sitting once in a beautiful recess in the Quantock Hills, when the latter said, "Citizen John, this is a fine place to *talk* treason in!" "Nay, Citizen Samuel," replied he; "it is rather a place to make a man *forget* that there is any necessity for treason!"

MCCLXVI.—A FLASH OF WIT.

SYDNEY SMITH, after Macaulay's return from the East, remarked to a friend who had been speaking of the distinguished conversationalist: "Yes, he is certainly more agreeable since his return from India. His enemies might perhaps have said before (though I never did so) that he talked rather too much; but now he has *occasional flashes of silence that make his conversation perfectly delightful!*"

MCCLXVII.—LOST AND FOUND.

THE ferryman, whilst plying over a water which was only slightly agitated, was asked by a timid lady in his boat, whether any persons were ever lost in that river. "Oh, no," said he, "we always *finds 'em agin*, the next day."

MCCLXVIII.—A MILITARY AXIOM.

AN old soldier having been brought up to vote at an election at the expense of one of the candidates, voted for his opponent, and when reproached for his conduct, replied, "Always *quarter* upon the enemy, my lads; always *quarter* upon the enemy."

MCCLXIX.—A FORCIBLE ARGUMENT.

THAT crudite Cantab, Bishop Burnett, preaching before Charles II., being much warmed with his subject, uttered some religious truth with great vehemence, and at the same time, striking his fist on the desk with great violence, cried out, "Who dare deny this?" "Faith," said the king, in a tone more *piano* than that of the orator, "nobody that is within the reach of *that fist of yours*."

MCCLXX.—NOT TO BE DONE BROWN.

DR. THOMAS BROWN courted a lady for many years, but unsuccessfully, during which time it had been his custom to drink the lady's health before that of any other; but being observed one evening to omit it, a gentleman reminded him of it, and said, "Come, doctor, drink the lady, your toast." The doctor replied, "I have toasted her many years, and I cannot make her *Brown*, so I'll toast her no longer."

MCCLXXI.—AN ODD NOTION.

A LADY the other day meeting a girl who had lately left her service, inquired, "Well, Mary, where do you live now?" "Please, ma'am, I don't *live nowhere* now," rejoined the girl; "*I am married*!"

MCCLXXII.—A SURE TAKE.

AN old sportsman, who at the age of eighty-three, was met by a friend riding very fast, and was asked what he was in pursuit of? "Why, sir," replied the other, "I am riding *after my eighty-fourth year*."

MCCLXXIII.—MR. TIERNEY'S HUMOUR.

MR. TIERNEY, when alluding to the difficulty the Foxites and Pittites had in passing over to join each other in attacking the Addington Ministry (forgetting at the moment how easily he had himself overcome a like difficulty in joining that Ministry), alluded to the puzzle of the Fox and the Goose, and did not clearly expound his idea. Whereupon, Mr. Dudley North said, "It's himself he means—who left the *Fox* to go over to the *Goose*, and put the bag of oats in his pocket"

MCCLXXIV.—DIFFERENCE OF OPINION.

"If I were so unlucky," said an officer, "as to have a stupid son, I would certainly by all means make him a *parson*." A clergyman who was in company calmly replied, "You think differently, sir, from *your father*."

MCCLXXV.—ORTHOGRAPHY.

THE laird of M'N—b was writing a letter from an Edinburgh coffee-house, when a friend observed that he was setting at defiance the laws of orthography and grammar. "I ken that weel eno't!" exclaimed the Highland chieftain, "but how can a man *write grammar* with a pen like this?"

MCCLXXVI.—A SHORT JOURNEY.

"ZOUNDS, fellow!" exclaimed a choleric old gentleman to a very phlegmatic matter-of-fact person, "I shall go out of my wits." "Well, you won't have *far to go*," said the phlegmatic man.

MCCLXXVII.—LORD HOWE.

ADMIRAL LORD HOWE, when a captain, was once hastily awakened in the middle of the night by the lieutenant of the watch, who informed him with great agitation that the ship was on fire near the magazine. "If that be the case," said he, rising leisurely to put on his clothes, "we shall soon know it." The lieutenant flew back to the scene of danger, and almost instantly returning, exclaimed, "You need not, sir, be afraid, the fire is extinguished." "Afraid!" exclaimed Howe, "what do you mean by that, sir? I never was afraid in my life;" and looking the lieutenant full in the face, he added, "Pray, how does a man feel, sir, when he is afraid?—I need not ask how *he looks*."

MCCLXXVIII.—RATHER ETHEREAL.

DR. JOHN WILKINS wrote a work in the reign of Charles II., to show the possibility of making a voyage to the moon. The Duchess of Newcastle, who was likewise notorious for her vagrant speculations, said to him, "Doctor, where am I to bait at in the *upward* journey?" "My lady," replied the doctor, "of all the people in the world, I never expected that question from you; who have built so many *castles in the air* that you might lie every night at one of *your own*."

MCCLXXIX.—HENRY VIII.

THIS monarch, after the death of Jane Seymour, had some difficulty to get another wife. His first offer was to the Duchess Dowager of Milan; but her answer was, "She had but *one* head; if she had *two*, one should have been at his service."

MCCLXXX.—MELODRAMATIC HIT.

BURKE'S was a complete failure, when he flung the dagger on the floor of the House of Commons, and produced nothing but a smothered laugh, and a joke from Sheridan—"The gentleman has brought us the *knife*, but where is the *fork*?"

MCCLXXXI.—A LONG ILLNESS.

A CLERGYMAN in the country taking his text from the fourteenth verse of the third chapter of St. Matthew: "And Peter's wife's mother lay sick of a fever," preached three Sundays on the same subject. Soon after, two country fellows going across a churchyard, and, hearing the bell toll, one asked the other who it was for? "I can't exactly tell," replied he; "but it may be for Peter's wife's mother, for she has been sick of a fever *these three weeks*."

MCCLXXXII.—DIALOGUE IN THE WESTERN ISLANDS OF SCOTLAND.

"How long is this loch?"

"It will be about twanty mile."

"Twenty miles! surely it cannot be so much?"

"Maybe it will be twelve."

"It does not really seem more than four."

"Indeed, I'm thinking you're right."

"Really, you seem to know nothing about the matter."

"Troth, I *canna say I do*."

MCCLXXXIII.—WHAT'S IN A NAME?

SOON after Lord —'s elevation to the peerage, he remarked that authors were often very ridiculous in the *titles* they gave. "That," said a distinguished writer present, "is an error from which even sovereigns appear *not to be exempt*."

MCCLXXXIV.—TILLOTSON,

WHO was then Archbishop of Canterbury, on King William's complaining of the shortness of his sermon, answered, "Sire, could I have bestowed more time upon it, it would not have been *so long!*"

MCCLXXXV.—IMPORTANT TO BACHELORS.

SOME clever fellow has invented a new kind of ink, called "the love-letter ink." It is a sure preventive against all cases of "breach of promise," as the ink *fades away*, and leaves the sheet blank, in about four weeks after being written upon.

MCCLXXXVI.—CHIN-SURVEYING.

A PERSON not far from Torrington, Devon, whose face is somewhat above the ordinary dimensions, has been waited on and shaved by a certain barber every day for twenty-one years, without coming to any regular settlement; the tradesman, thinking it time to wind up the account, carried in his bill, charging one penny per day, which amounted to 31*l.* 9*s.* 2*d.* The gentleman, thinking this rather exorbitant, made some scruple about payment, when the tonsor proposed, if his customer thought proper, to charge by the acre, at the rate of 200*l.* This was readily agreed to, and on measuring the premises, 192 square inches proved to be the content, which, traversed over 7670 times, would measure 1,472,640 inches, the charge for which would be 46*l.* 19*s.* 1*d.*—being 15*l.* 9*s.* 11*d.* in favour of *chin-surveying*.

MCCLXXXVII.—CHANGING HATS.

BARRY the painter was with Nollekens at Rome in 1760, and they were extremely intimate. Barry took the liberty one night, when they were about to leave the English coffeehouse, to exchange hats with him. Barry's was edged with lace, and Nollekens's was a very shabby, plain one. Upon his returning the hat the next morning, he was asked by Nollekens why he left him his gold-laced hat. "Why, to tell you the truth, my dear Joey," answered Barry, "I fully expected assassination last night; and I was to have been known by *my laced hat*." Nollekens used to relate the story, adding, "It's wnat the Old-Bailey people would call a true bill against Jem."

MCCLXXXVIII.—POWDER WITHOUT BALL.

DR. GOODALL, of Eton, about the same time that he was made Provost of Eton, received also a Stall at Windsor. A young lady, whilst congratulating him on his elevation, and requesting him to give a ball during the vacation, happened to touch his wig with her fan, and caused the powder to fly about; upon which the doctor exclaimed, "My dear, you see you can get the powder out of the *canon*, but not the *ball*."

MCCLXXXIX.—POPE'S LAST ILLNESS.

DURING Pope's last illness, a squabble happened in his chamber, between his two physicians, Dr. Burton and Dr. Thomson, they mutually charging each other with hastening the death of the patient by improper prescriptions. Pope at length silenced them by saying, "Gentlemen, I only learn by your discourse that I am in a dangerous way; therefore, all I now ask is, that the following epigram may be added after my death to the next edition of the *Dunciad*, by way of postscript:—

'Dunces rejoice, forgive all censures past,
The *greatest dunce* has kill'd your foe at last.'

MCCXC.—OPPOSITE TEMPER.

GENERAL SUTTON was very passionate, and calling one morning on Sir Robert Walpole, who was quite the reverse, found his servant shaving him. During the conversation, Sir Robert said, "John, you cut me;" and continued the former subject of discourse. Presently he said again, "John, you cut me;" but as mildly as before: and soon after he had occasion to say it a third time; when Sutton, starting up in a rage, raid, swearing a great oath, and doubling his fist at the servant, "If Sir Robert can bear it, I cannot; and if you cut him once more, John, *I'll knock you down*."

MCCXCI.—A CONJUGAL CONCLUSION.

A WOMAN having fallen into a river, her husband went to look for her, proceeding up the stream from the place where she fell in. The bystanders asked him if he was mad—she could not have gone against the stream. The man answered, "She was *obstinate and contrary* in her life, and no doubt she was the *same at her death*."

MCCXCII.—A QUEER EXPRESSION.

A POOR but clever student in the University of Glasgow was met by one of the Professors, who noticing the scantiness of his academical toga, said, "Mr. —, your gown is very short." "It will be long enough, sir, before I get another," replied the student. The answer tickled the Professor greatly, and he went on quietly chuckling to himself, when he met a brother Professor who, noticing his hilarity, inquired what was amusing him so much. "Why, that fellow — said such a funny thing. I asked why his gown was so short, and he said, 'it will be a long time before I get another.'" "There's nothing very funny in that."—"Well, no," replied the other, "there is not, after all. But *it was the way he said it.*"

MCCXCIII.—AN IRISHMAN'S NOTION OF DISCOUNT.

It chanced, one gloomy day in the month of December, that a good-humoured Irishman applied to a merchant to discount a bill of exchange for him at rather a long though not an unusual date; and the merchant having casually remarked that the bill had a great many days to run, "That's true," replied the Irishman, "but consider how *short the days are* at this time of the year."

MCCXCIV.—A PARTICIPATION IN A PRACTICAL JOKE.

SOME unlucky lads in the University bearing a spite to the dean for his severity towards them, went secretly one night and daubed the rails of his staircase with tar. The dean coming down in the dark, dirtied his hands and coat very much with the tar: and, being greatly enraged, he sent for one most suspected to be the author. This the lad utterly denied; but said, "Truly, I did it not; but if you please, I can tell you who had a *hand in it.*" Here they thought to have found out the truth, and asked him who? The lad answered, "*Your worship, sir;*" which caused him to be dismissed with great applause for his ingenuity.

MCCXCV.—INGRATITUDE.

WHEN Lord B—— died, a person met an old man who was one of his most intimate friends. He was pale, confused, awe-stricken. Every one was trying to console him,

but in vain. "His loss," he exclaimed, "does not affect me so much as his horrible ingratitude. Would you believe it? he died without leaving me anything in his will—I, who have dined with him, at his own house, three times a week for thirty years!"

MCCXCVI.—A PREFIX.

WHEN Lord Melcombe's name was plain Bubb, he was intended by the administration to be sent ambassador to Spain. Lord Chesterfield met him, and told him he was not a fit person to be representative of the crown of England at the Spanish court, on account of the shortness of his name, as the Spaniards pride themselves on the length of their titles, unless, added his lordship, "you don't mind calling yourself *Silly-Bubb*?"

MCCXCVII.—A GOOD MIXTURE.

AN eminent painter was once asked what he mixed his colours with, in order to produce so extraordinary an effect. "I mix them with *brains*, sir!" was his answer.

MCCXCVIII.—SIR WALTER SCOTT'S PARRITCH-PAN.

IN the Museum at Abbotsford there is a small Roman *patera*, or goblet, in showing which Sir Walter Scott tells the following story:—"I purchased this (says he) at a nobleman's roup near by, at the enormous sum of twenty-five guineas. I would have got it for twenty-pence if an antiquary who knew its value had not been there and opposed me. However, I was almost consoled for the bitter price it cost by the amusement I derived from an old woman, who had evidently come from a distance to purchase some trifling culinary articles, and who had no taste for the antique. At every successive guinea which we bade for the *patera* this good old lady's mouth grew wider and wider with unsophisticated astonishment, until at last I heard her mutter to herself, in a tone which I shall never forget—'Five-an-twenty guineas! *If the parritch-pan gangs at that, what will the kail-pan gang for!*'"

MCCXCIX.—HORNE TOOKE AND WILKES.

HORNE TOOKE having challenged Wilkes, who was then Sheriff of London and Middlesex, received the following

laconic reply:—"Sir,—I do not think it my business to cut the throat of every desperado that may be tired of his life ; but, as I am at present High Sheriff of the city of London, it may happen that I shall shortly have an opportunity of attending you in my official capacity, in which case I will answer for it that *you shall have no ground* to complain of my endeavours to serve you."

MCCC.—A LITERARY RENDERING.

A SCOTCH lady gave her servant very particular instructions regarding visitors, explaining, that they were to be shown into the drawing-room, and no doubt used the Scotticism, "*Carry any ladies that call up stairs.*" On the arrival of the first visitors, Donald was eager to show his strict attention to the mistress's orders. Two ladies came together, and Donald, seizing one in his arms, said to the other, "*Bide ye there till I come for ye,*" and, in spite of her struggles and remonstrances, ushered the terrified visitor into his mistress's presence in this unwonted fashion.

MCCCI.—TEMPERANCE CRUETS.

THE late James Smith might often be seen at the Garrick Club, restricting himself at dinner to a half-pint of sherry ; whence he was designated an incorporated temperance society. The late Sir William Aylett, a grumbling member of the Union, and a two-bottle-man, observing Mr. Smith to be thus frugally furnished, eyed his cruet with contempt, and exclaimed: "So I see you have got one of those *life-preservers!*"

MCCCII.—DOCTOR GLYNN'S RECEIPT FOR DRESSING A CUCUMBER.

DR. GLYNN, whose name is still remembered in Cambridge, being one day in attendance on a lady, in the quality of her physician, took the liberty of lecturing her on the impropriety of eating *cucumber*, of which she was immoderately fond, and gave her the following humorous receipt for dressing them:—"Peel the cucumber," said the doctor, "with great care; then cut it into very thin slices, pepper it well, and then—*throw it away.*"

MCCCIII.—“WHAT’S A HAT WITHOUT A HEAD?”

CAPTAIN INNES of the Guards (usually called Jock Innes by his cotemporaries) was with others getting ready for Flushing or some of those expeditions of the beginning of the great war. His commanding officer remonstrated about the badness of his hat, and recommended a new one,—“Na! na! bide a wee,” said Jock; “whare we’re ga’in, faith there’ll soon be mair *hats* nor *heads*.”

MCCCIV.—SEVERE REBUKE.

SIR WILLIAM B. being at a parish meeting, made some proposals which were objected to by a farmer. Highly enraged, “Sir,” said he to the farmer, “do you know that I have been at two universities, and at two colleges in each university?” “Well, sir,” replied the farmer, “what of that? I had a calf that sucked two cows, and the observation I made was, the *more he sucked the greater calf* he grew.”

MCCCV.—HORSES TO GRASS.

IN an Irish paper was an advertisement for horses to stand at livery, on the following terms:—

Long-tailed horses at 3s. 6d. per week.

Short-tailed horses at 3s. per week.

On inquiry into the cause of the difference, it was answered, that the horses with long tails could brush the flies off their backs while eating, whereas the short-tailed horses were obliged to take their heads *from the manger*.

MCCCVI.—INADVERTENCE AND EPICURISM.

WHEN the Duke of Wellington was at Paris, as Commander of the Allied Armies, he was invited to dine with Cambacères, one of the most distinguished statesmen and *gourmets* of the time of Napoleon. In the course of dinner, his host having helped him to some particularly *recherché* dish, expressed a hope that he found it agreeable. “Very good,” said the Duke, who was probably reflecting on Wellington; “very good, but I really do not care what I eat.” “Care what you eat!” exclaimed Cambacères, “back, and dropped his fork; “what *did* you care then?”

MCCCVII.—VERY TRUE.

"ALL that is necessary for the enjoyment of sausages at breakfast is *confidence*."

MCCCVIII.—A JEW'S EYE TO BUSINESS.

A JEW, who was condemned to be hanged, was brought to the gallows, and was just on the point of being turned off, when a reprieve arrived. When informed of this, it was expected he would instantly have quitted the cart, but he stayed to see a fellow-prisoner hanged; and being asked why he did not get about his business, he said, "He waited to see if he could bargain with Mr. Ketch for the *other* gentleman's clothes."

MCCXCIX.—ST. PETER A BACHELOR.

IN the list of benefactors to Peter-House is Lady Mary Ramsay, who is reported to have offered a very large property, nearly equal to a new foundation to this college, on condition that the name should be changed to *Peter and Mary's*; but she was thwarted in her intention by Dr. Soame, then master. "Peter," said the crabbed humorist, "has been too long a *bachelor* to think of a female companion in his old days."

MCCCX.—TRUE OF BOTH.

I SWEAR," said a gentleman to his mistress, "you are very handsome." "Pooh!" said the lady, "so you would say if you did not think so." "And so you would *think*," answered he, "though I should not *say so*."

MCCCXI.—A POSER.

A LECTURFR, wishing to explain to a little girl the manner in which a lobster casts his shell when he has outgrown it, said, "What do you do when you have outgrown your clothes? You throw them aside, don't you?" "Oh, no?" replied the little one, "*we let out the tucks!*" The doctor confessed she had the advantage of him there.

MCCCXII.—VERY APPROPRIATE.

A FACETIOUS old gentleman, who thought his two sons consumed too much time in hunting and shooting, styled them *Nimrod* and *Ramrod*.

MCCCXIII.—A BAD JUDGE.

UPON the occasion of the birth of the Princess Royal, the Duke of Wellington was in the act of leaving Buckingham Palace, when he met Lord Hill; in answer to whose inquiries about Her Majesty and the little stranger, his grace replied, "Very fine child, and very red, very red; nearly as red as you, *Hill!*" a jocose allusion to Lord Hill's claret complexion.

MCCCXIV.—WHITE HANDS.

IN a country market a lady, laying her hand upon a joint of veal, said, "Mr. Smallbone, I think this veal is not quite so white as usual." "*Put on your gloves, madam,*" replied the butcher, "and you will think differently." The lady did so, and the veal was ordered home immediately.

MCCCXV.—TRUE TO THE LETTER.

IT may be all very well to say that the office of a tax-gatherer needs no great ability for the fulfilment of its duties, but there is no employment which requires such constant *application*.

MCCCXVI.—SIR WALTER SCOTT AND CONSTABLE.

SCOTT is known to have profited much by Constable's bibliographical knowledge, which was very extensive. The latter christened "*Kenilworth*," which Scott named "*Cumnor Hall*." John Ballantyne objected to the former title, and told Constable the result would be "*something worthy of the kennel*;" but the result proved the reverse. Mr. Cadell relates that Constable's vanity boiled over so much at this time, on having his suggestions gone into, that, in his high moods, he used to stalk up and down his room, and exclaim, "*By Jove, I am all but the author of the Waverley Novels!*"

MCCCXVII.—TRUE PHILOSOPHY.

LE SAGE, the author of *Gil Blas*, said, to console himself for his deafness, with his usual humour, "When I go into a company where I find a great number of blockheads and babblers, I replace my trumpet in my pocket, and cry, 'Now, gentlemen, *I defy* you all!'"

MCCCXVIII.—ANSWERED AT ONCE.

A SCOTCH clergyman preaching a drowsy sermon, asked, "What is *the price* of earthly pleasure?" The deacon, a fat grocer, woke up hastily from a sound sleep, and cried out, lustily, "Seven-and-sixpence a dozen!"

MCCCXIX.—A DEADLY WEAPON.

"WELL, sir," asked a noisy disputant, "don't you think that I have *mauled* my antagonist to some purpose?" "O yes," replied a listener, "you have,—and if ever I should happen to fight with the Philistines, I'll borrow *your jaw-bone!*"

MCCCXX.—EQUALITY OF THE LAW.

THE following cannot be omitted from a *Jest Book*, although somewhat lengthy:—

A man was convicted of bigamy, and the annexed conversation took place.—Clerk of Assize: "What have you to say why judgment should not be passed upon you according to law?" Prisoner: "Well, my Lord, my wife took up with a hawker, and run away five years ago, and I've never seen her since, and I married this other woman last winter." Mr. Justice Maule: "I will tell you what you ought to have done; and if you say you did not know, I must tell you the law conclusively presumes that you did. You ought to have instructed your attorney to bring an action against the hawker for criminal conversation with your wife. That would have cost you about £100. When you had recovered substantial damages against the hawker, you would have instructed your proctor to sue in the Ecclesiastical Courts for a divorce *à mensa atque thoro*. That would have cost you £200 or £300 more. When you had obtained a divorce *à mensa atque thoro*, you would have had to appear by counsel before the House of Lords for a divorce *à vinculo matrimonii*. The bill might have been opposed in all its stages in both Houses of Parliament; and altogether you would have had to spend about £1000 or £1200. You will probably tell me that you never had a thousand farthings of your own in the world; but, prisoner, that makes no difference. Sitting here as a British judge, it is my duty to tell you that *this is not a country in which there is one law for the rich and another for the poor.*"

MCCCXXI.—OPEN CONFESSION.

IN a cause tried in the Court of Queen's Bench, the plaintiff being a widow, and the defendants two medical men who had treated her for *delirium tremens*, and put her under restraint as a lunatic, witnesses were called on the part of the plaintiff to prove that she was not addicted to drinking. The last witness called by Mr. Montagu Chambers, the leading counsel on the part of the plaintiff, was Dr. Tunstal, who closed his evidence by describing a case of *delirium tremens* treated by him, in which the patient *recovered in a single night*. "It was," said the witness, "a case of gradual drinking, *sipping all day*, from morning till night." These words were scarcely uttered, than Mr. Chambers, turning to the Bench, said, "My lord, *that is my case*."

MCCCXXII.—QUITE PROFESSIONAL.

A COMEDIAN, who had been almost lifted from his feet by the pressure at the funeral of a celebrated tragedian, ultimately reached the church-door. Having recovered his breath, which had been suspended in the effort, he exclaimed—"And so this is the last we shall ever see of him. Poor fellow! he has *drawn a full house*, though, to the end."

MCCCXXIII.—ON DR. LETTSOM.

IF any body comes to I,
I physics, bleeds, and sweats 'em;
If, after that, they like to die,
Why, what care I, I Lettsom.

MCCCXXIV.—EQUITABLE LAW.

A RICH man made his will, leaving all he had to a company of fellow-citizens to dispose of, but reserving to his right heir "such a portion as pleased them." The heir having sued the company for his share of the property, the judge inquired whether they wished to carry out the will of the testator, and if so, what provision they proposed making for the heir? "He shall have a tenth part," said the company. "We will retain for ourselves the other nine." "Then," said the judge, "the tenth part to yourselves, and the rest to the heir; for by the will he is to have *'pleaseth you.'*"

MCCCXXV.—IRISH AND SCOTCH LOYALTY.

WHEN George the Fourth went to Ireland, one of the "pisintry" said to the toll-keeper as the king passed through, "Och, now! an' his majesty never paid the turnpike, an' how's that?" "Oh! kings never does; we lets 'em go free," was the answer. "Then there's the dirty money for ye," says Pat; "it shall never be said that the king came here, and found nobody to *pay the turnpike for him*." Tom Moore told this story to Sir Walter Scott, when they were comparing notes as to the two royal visits. "Now, Moore," replied Scott, "there ye have just the advantage of us; there was no want of enthusiasm here; the Scotch folk would have done anything in the world for his majesty, except *pay the turnpike*."

MCCCXXVI.—RUNNING ACCOUNTS.

THE valet of a man of fashion could get no money from him, and therefore told him that he should seek another master, and begged he would pay him the arrears of his wages. The gentleman, who liked his servant, and was desirous of keeping him, said, "True, I am in your debt, but your wages are *running on*." "That's the very thing," answered the valet; "I am afraid they are *running* so fast, that I shall never *catch* them."

MCCCXXVII.—ON BLOOMFIELD, THE POET.

BLOOMFIELD, thy happy omen'd name
Ensures continuance to thy fame;
Both sense and truth this verdict give,
While *fields* shall *bloom* thy name shall live!

MCCCXXVIII.—SCOTCHMAN AND HIGHWAYMEN.

A SCOTCH pedestrian, attacked by three highwaymen, defended himself with great courage, but was at last overpowered, and his pockets rifled. The robbers expected, from the extraordinary resistance they had experienced, to find a rich booty; but were surprised to discover that the whole treasure which the sturdy Caledonian had been defending at the hazard of his life, was only a crooked sixpence. "The deuce is in him," said one of the rogues: "if he had had *eighteen-pence* I suppose he would have *killed* the whole of us."

MCCCXXIX.—IRISH IMPRUDENCE.

IN the year 1797, when democratic notions ran high, the king's coach was attacked as his Majesty was going to the House of Peers. A gigantic Hibernian, who was conspicuously loyal in repelling the mob, attracted the attention of the king. Not long after, the Irishman received a message from Mr. Dundas to attend at his office. He went, and met with a gracious reception from the great man, who praised his loyalty and courage, and desired him to point out any way in which he would wish to be advanced, his Majesty being desirous to reward him. Pat hesitated a moment, and then smirkingly said, "I'll tell you what, mister, make a *Scotchman* of me, and, by St. Patrick, there'll be no fear of my gettin' on." The minister, dumb-founded for the moment by the *mal-apropos* hit, replied, "Make a *Scotchman* of you, Sir, that's impossible, for I can't give you *prudence*."

MCCCXXX.—THE PIGS AND THE SILVER SPOON.

THE Earl of P—— kept a number of swine at his seat in Wiltshire, and crossing the yard one day he was surprised to see the pigs gathered round one trough, and making a great noise. Curiosity prompted him to see what was the cause, and on looking into the trough he perceived a large silver spoon. A servant maid came out, and began to abuse the pigs for crying so. "Well they may," said his lordship, "when they have got but one *silver spoon* among them all."

MCCCXXXI.—A FALSE FACE TRUE.

THAT there is *falsehood* in his looks
I must and will deny;
They say their master is a knave;
And sure *they do not lie*.

MCCCXXXII.—A CONSIDERATE MAYOR.

A COUNTRY mayor being newly got into office, that he might be seen to do something in it, would persuade his brethren to have a new pair of gallows built: but one of the aldermen said, that they had an old pair which would serve well enough. "Yea," said the mayor, "the old ones shall be to hang strangers on, and the new pair for *us and our heirs* for ever."

MCCCXXXIII.—THE SAFE SIDE.

DURING the riots of 1780, most persons in London, in order to save their houses from being burnt or pulled down, wrote on their doors, "*No Popery!*" Old Grimaldi, the father of the celebrated "*Joey*," to avoid all mistakes, wrote on his, "*No Religion!*"

MCCCXXXIV.—VISIBLY LOSING.

IN an election for the borough of Tallagh, Councillor Egan, or "*bully Egan*," as he was familiarly called, being an unsuccessful candidate, appealed to a Committee of the House of Commons. It was in the heat of a very warm summer, and Egan (who was an immensely stout man) was struggling through the crowd, his handkerchief in one hand, his wig in the other, and his whole countenance raging like the dog-star, when he met Curran. "*I'm sorry for you, my dear fellow*," said Curran. "*Sorry! why so, Jack, why so? I'm perfectly at my ease.*" "*Alas! Egan, it is but too visible that you're losing tallow (Tallagh) fast!*"

MCCCXXXV.—REASON FOR THICK ANKLES.

"*HARRY, I cannot think*," says Dick,
 "*What makes my ankles grow so thick.*"
 "*You do not recollect*," says Harry,
 "*How great a calf they have to carry.*"

MCCCXXXVI.—ERASMUS VERSUS LUTHER.

ERASMUS, of whom Cambridge has a right to be not a little proud, was entreated by Lord Mountjoy to attack the errors of Luther. "*My lord*," answered Erasmus, "*nothing is more easy than to say Luther is mistaken, and nothing more difficult than to prove him so.*"

MCCCXXXVII.—SOMETHING TO BE PROUD OF.

SHERIDAN was once talking to a friend about the Prince Regent, who took great credit to himself for various public measures, as if they had been directed by his political skill, or foreseen by his political sagacity. "*But*," said Sheridan, "*what his Royal Highness more particularly prides himself in, is the late excellent harvest.*"

MCCCXXXVIII.—FAIRLY WON.

THE only practical joke in which Richard Harris Barham (better known by his *nom-de-plume* of Thomas Ingoldsby) ever personally engaged, was enacted when he was a boy at Canterbury. In company with a schoolfellow, D—, now a gallant major, he entered a Quakers' meeting-house; when, looking round at the grave assembly, the latter held up a penny tart, and said solemnly, "Whoever speaks first shall have this pie." "Go thy way, boy," said a drab-coloured gentleman, rising; "go thy way, and ——" "The pie's *yours*, sir!" exclaimed D—, placing it before the astounded speaker, and hastily effecting his escape.

MCCCXXXIX.—A FORTUNATE EXPEDIENT.

A GENTLEMAN of Trinity College, travelling through France, was annoyed at the slowness of the pace, and wishing to urge the postilion to greater speed, tried his bad French until he was out of patience. At last it occurred to him that, if he was not understood, he might at least frighten the fellow by using some high-sounding words, and he roared into the ear of the postilion: "*Westmoreland, Cumberland, Northumberland, Durham!*" which the fellow mistaking for some tremendous threat, had the desired effect, and induced him to increase his speed.

MCCCXL.—ON THE FOUR GEORGES.

GEORGE the First was always reckon'd
Vile—but viler George the Second;
And what mortal ever heard
Any good of George the Third?
When from earth the fourth descended,
God be praised, the Georges ended.

MCCCXLI.—WHAT EVERYBODY DOES.

HOPKINS once lent Simpson, his next door neighbour, an umbrella, and having an urgent call to make on a wet day, knocked at Simpson's door. "I want my umbrella." "Can't have it," said Simpson. "Why? I want to go to the East End, and it rains in torrents; what am I to do for an umbrella?" "Do," answered Simpson, passing through the door, "do as I did, *borrow one!*"

MCCCXLII.—WHAT IS AN ARCHDEACON?

LORD ALTHORP, when Chancellor of the Exchequer, having to propose to the House of Commons a vote of £400 a year for the salary of the Archdeacon of Bengal, was puzzled by a question from Mr. Hume, "What are the duties of an archdeacon?" So he sent one of the subordinate occupants of the Treasury Bench to the other House to obtain an answer to the question from one of the bishops. To Dr. Blomfield accordingly the messenger went, and repeated the question, "What is an archdeacon?" "An archdeacon," replied the bishop, in his quick way, "an archdeacon is an ecclesiastical officer, who performs archidiaconal functions;" and with this reply Lord Althorp and the House were perfectly satisfied. It ought to be added, however, that when the story was repeated to the bishop himself, he said that he had no recollection of having made any such answer; but that if he had, it must have been suggested to him by a saying of old John White, a dentist, whom he had known in early days, who used to recommend the use of lavender-water to his patients, and when pressed for a reason for his recommendation, replied, "On account *lavendric* properties."

MCCCXLIII.—ON MR. PITT'S BEING PELTED BY THE MOB,
ON LORD MAYOR'S-DAY, 1787.

THE City-feast inverted here we find,
For Pitt had his *dessert* before he dined.

MCCCXLIV.—LATIMER.

THE pious and learned martyr, and Bishop of Worcester, who was educated at Christ College, Cambridge, and was one of the first reformers of the Church of England, at a controversial conference, being out-talked by younger divines, and out-argued by those who were more studied in the *fathers*, said, "I cannot talk for my *religion*, but I am ready to die for it."

MCCCXLV.—EXCUSE FOR COWARDICE.

A BRAGGART ran away from battle, and gave as a reason, that a friend had written his epitaph, which had an excellent point in it, provided he attained the age of *one hundred*.

MCCCXLVI.—A NEW IDEA.

ONE of Mrs. Montague's blue-stocking ladies fastened upon Foote, at one of the routs in Portman Square with her views of Locke "On the Understanding," which she protested she admired above all things; only there was one particular word, very often repeated, which she could not distinctly make out, and that was the word (pronouncing it very long) *ide-a*. "But I suppose," said she, "it comes from a Greek derivation."—"You are perfectly right, madam," said Foote; "it comes from the word *ideaowski*." "And pray, sir, what does that mean?"—"It is the *feminine* of idiot, madam!"

MCCCXLVII.—THE POOR CURATE.

FOR the Rector in vain through the parish you'll search,
But the Curate you'll find *living hard* by the church.

MCCCXLVIII.—NEIGHBOURLY POLITENESS.

SIR GODFREY KNELLER and Dr. Ratcliffe lived next door to each other, and were extremely intimate. Kneller had a very fine garden, and as the doctor was fond of flowers, he permitted him to have a door into it. Ratcliffe's servants gathering and destroying the flowers, Kneller sent to inform him that he would nail up the door; to which Ratcliffe, in his rough manner, replied, "Tell him, he may do anything but *paint* it."—"Well," replied Kneller, "he may say what he will, for tell him, I will *take anything from him, except physic*."

MCCCXLIX.—A HEAVY WEIGHT.

MR. DOUGLAS, son of the Bishop of Salisbury, was six feet two inches in height, and of enormous bulk. The little boys of Oxford always gathered about him when he went into the streets, to look up at his towering bulk. "Get out of my way, you little scamps," he used to cry, "*or I will roll upon you*." It was upon this gentleman that Canning composed the following epigram:

That the stones of our chapel are both black and white,
Is most undeniably true;
But, as Douglas walks o'er them both morning and night,
It's a wonder they're not *black and blue*.

MCCCL.—A SYLLABIC DIFFERENCE.

GIBBON, the historian, was one day attending the trial of Warren Hastings in Westminster Hall, and Sheridan, having perceived him there, took occasion to mention "the luminous author of *The Decline and Fall*." After he had finished, one of his friends reproached him with flattering Gibbon. "Why, what did I say of him?" asked Sheridan.—"You called him the luminous author."—"Luminous! Oh, I meant voluminous!"

MCCCLL—"SINKING" THE WELL.

THEODORE HOOK once observed a party of labourers sinking a well. "What are you about?" he inquired.—"Boring for water, sir," was the answer. "Water's a bore at any time," responded Hook; "besides, you're quite wrong; remember the old proverb—'Let well alone.'"

MCCCLLII.—ON A GENTLEMAN NAMED HEDDY.

IN reading his name it may truly be said,
You will make that man *dy* if you cut off his *Head*.

MCCCLLIII.—THE WAY TO KEW.

HOOK, in the supposed character of Gower-street undergraduate, says: "One problem was given me to work which I did in a twinkling. Given *C A B* to find *Q*. Answer: Take your *C A B* through Hammersmith, turn to the left just before you come to Brentford, and Kew is right before you."

MCCCLIV.—ABOVE PROOF.

AN East-India Governor, having died abroad, his body was put in arrack, to preserve it for interment in England. A sailor on board the ship being frequently drunk, the captain forbade the purser, and indeed all in the ship, to let him have any liquor. Shortly after the fellow appeared very drunk. How he obtained the liquor, no one could guess. The captain resolved to find out, promising to forgive him if he would tell from whom he got the liquor. After some hesitation, he hiccupped out, "Why, please your honour, I *tapped the Governor*."

MCCCLV.—AWKWARD ORTHOGRAPHY.

MATHEWS once went to Wakefield, then, from commercial failures, in a dreadful state. In vain did he announce his inimitable "Youthful Days;" the Yorkshiremen came not. When he progressed to Edinburgh, a friend asked him if he made much money in Wakefield. "Not a shilling!" was the reply. "Not a shilling!" reiterated his astonished acquaintance. "Why, didn't you go there *to start?*"—"Yes," replied Mathews, with mirthful mournfulness; "but they spell it with a *ve* in Wakefield."

MCCCLVI.—MISS WILBERFORCE.

WHEN Mr. Wilberforce was a candidate for Hull, his sister, an amiable and witty young lady, offered the compliment of a new gown to each of the wives of those freemen who voted for her brother, on which she was saluted with a cry of "Miss Wilberforce *for ever!*" when she pleasantly observed, "I thank you, gentlemen, but I cannot agree with you; for really, I do not wish to be *Miss Wilberforce for ever!*"

MCCCLVII.—WRITTEN ON THE UNION, 1801, BY A
BARRISTER OF DUBLIN.

WHY should we explain, that the times are so bad,
Pursuing a querulous strain?
When Erin gives up all the rights that she had,
What *right* has she left to complain?

MCCCLVIII.—A COOL PROPOSITION.

AT the breaking up of a fashionable party at the west end of town, one of the company said he was about to "drop in" at Lady Blessington's; whereupon a young gentleman, a perfect stranger to the speaker, very modestly said, "Oh, then, you can take me with you; I want very much to know her, and you can introduce me." While the other was standing aghast at the impudence of the proposal, and muttering something about being but a slight acquaintance himself, etc., Sydney Smith observed, "Pray oblige our young friend; you can do it easily enough by introducing him in a capacity very desirable at this close season of the year—say you are bringing with you the *cool of the evening.*"

MCCCLIX.—A PROPER NAME.

WHEN Messrs. Abbot and Egerton took the old Coburg Theatre for the purpose of bringing forward the legitimate drama, the former gentleman asked Hook if he could suggest a new name, the old being too much identified with blue fire and broadswords to suit the proposed change of performance. "Why," said Hook, "as you will of course butcher everything you attempt, suppose you call it *Abba-toir*."

MCCCLX.—THE GRANDSON.

HORACE WALPOLE, on one occasion observed that there had existed the same indecision, irresolution, and want of system in the politics of Queen Anne, as at the time he spoke, under the reign of George the Third. "But," added he, "there is nothing new under the sun!"—"No," said George Selwyn, "nor under the *grand-son*!"

MCCCLXI.—AN UNANSWERABLE ARGUMENT.

A WELL-FED rector was advising a poor starving labourer to trust to Providence, and be satisfied with his *lot*. "Ah!" replied the needy man, "I should be satisfied with his *lot* if I had it, but I can't get even a *little*."

MCCCLXII.—TO LADY MOUNT E——, ON THE DEATH OF
A FAVOURITE FIG.

O DRY that tear so round and big,
Nor waste in sighs your precious wind;
Death only takes a *single pig*—
Your *lord and son* are still behind.

MCCCLXIII.—NATURAL.

MRS. SMITH, hearing strange sounds, inquired of her new servant if she snored in her sleep. "I don't know, marm," replied Becky, quite innocently; "I never *lay awake* long enough to *diskiver*."

MCCCLXIV.—BROTHERLY LOVE.

AN affectionate Irishman once enlisted in the 75th Regiment, in order to be near his brother, who was a corporal in the 76th.

MCCCLXV.—A DISTRESSFUL DENOUEMENT.

MR. MOORE having been long under a prosecution in Doctors' Commons, his proctor called on him one day whilst he was composing the tragedy of *The Gamester*. The proctor having sat down, he read him four acts of the piece, being all he had written; by which the man of law was so affected, that he exclaimed, "Good! good! can you add to this couple's distress in the last act?"—"Oh! very easily," said the poet, "I intend to *put them into the Ecclesiastical Court*."

MCCCLXVI.—CONSERVATIVE LOGIC.

"TAXES are equal is a dogma which
I'll prove at once," exclaimed a Tory boor;
"Taxation *hardly presses* on the rich,
And likewise *presses hardly* on the poor."

MCCCLXVII.—THE BEST WINE.

SHERIDAN being asked what wine he liked best, replied,
"The wine of *other people*."

MCCCLXVIII.—A VALUABLE BEAVER.

A GRAND entertainment taking place at Belvoir Castle, on the occasion of the coming of age of the Marquis of Granby, the company were going out to see the fire-works, when Theodore Hook came in great tribulation to the Duke of Rutland, who was standing near Sir Robert Peel, and said: "Now isn't this provoking? I've lost my hat. What can I do?"—"Why did you part with your hat? I never do," said his Grace. "Ay!" rejoined Theodore, "but you have especial good reasons for sticking to *your Beaver*" (Belvoir).

MCCCLXIX.—SOMETHING TO POCKET.

A DIMINUTIVE lawyer appearing as witness in one of the Courts, was asked by a gigantic counsellor what profession he was of; and having replied that he was an attorney—"You a lawyer!" said Brief; "why, I could put you in my pocket."—"Very likely you may," rejoined the other; "and if you do, you will have more law in your *pocket* than ever you had in your *head*."

MCCCLXX.—UP AND DOWN.

At the Irish bar, Moran Mahaffy, Esq., was as much above the middle size as Mr. Collis was below it. When Lord Redesdale was Lord Chancellor of Ireland, Messrs. Mahaffy and Collis happened to be retained in the same case a short time after his lordship's elevation, and before he was acquainted personally with the Irish bar. Mr. Collis was opening the motion, when Lord R. observed, "Mr. Collis, when a barrister addresses the court, he must stand."—"I am standing on the bench, my lord," said Collis. "I beg a thousand pardons," replied his lordship, somewhat confused; "sit down, Mr. Mahaffy."—"I *am sitting*, my lord," was the reply to the confounded Chancellor.

MCCCLXXI.—A POOR SUBSTITUTE.

THE Rev. Mr. Johnston was one of those rough but quaint preachers of the former generation who were fond of visiting and good living. While seated at the table of a good lady in a neighbouring parish, she asked him if he took milk in his tea. "Yes, ma'am, *when I can't get cream*," was the ready reply.

MCCCLXXII.—OUT OF SPIRITS.

"Is my wife out of spirits?" said John, with a sigh,

As her voice of a tempest gave warning.

"Quite out, sir, indeed," said her maid in reply,

"For she *finished* the bottle this morning."

MCCCLXXIII.—GOOD AT THE HALT.

PETER MACNALLY, an Irish attorney, was very lame, and, when walking, had an unfortunate limp, which he could not bear to be told of. At the time of the Rebellion he was seized with a military ardour, and when the different volunteer corps were forming in Dublin, that of the lawyers was organised. Meeting with Curran, Macnally said, "My dear friend, these are not times for a man to be idle; I am determined to enter the lawyers' corps, and follow the camp."—"You follow the camp, my little limb of the law!" said the wit; "tut, tut, renounce the idea; you never can be a disciplinarian." "And why not, Mr. Curran?" said Macnally. "For this reason," said Curran; "the moment you were ordered to march, you would *halt*!"

MCCCLXXIV.—AN EASY WAY.

A PERSON deeply in debt, was walking through the streets in a melancholy way, when a friend asked him the cause of his sadness. "I owe money and cannot pay it," said the man, in a tone of extreme dejection. "Can't you leave all the *uneasiness* to your creditors?" replied the other. "Is it not enough that one should be sorry for what *neither of you can help?*"

MCCCLXXV.—ERUDITE.

A LADY had a favourite lap-dog, which she called *Perchance*. "A singular name," said somebody, "for a beautiful pet, madam. Where did you find it?"—"Oh," drawled she, "it was named from Byron's dog. You remember where he says, '*Perchance* my dog will howl.'"

MCCCLXXVI.—VERY EASY.

ON the approach of Holy Week, a great lady said to her friend, "We must, however, mortify ourselves *a little*."—"Well," replied the other, "let us make our *servants fast*."

MCCCLXXVII.—A WINNER AT CARDS.

A GENTLEMAN riding one day near Richmond, observed a house delightfully situated, and asking his companion to whom it belonged, was answered, "To a *card-maker*."—"Upon my life," he replied, "one would imagine all that man's *cards* must have been *trumps*."

MCCCLXXVIII.—EPIGRAM.

THE charity of Closefist give to fame,
He has at last *subscribed*—how much?—*his name*.

MCCCLXXIX.—AN INCONVENIENT BREAK DOWN.

THE play of "King Lear" being performed at Reading, the representative of *Glo'ster* was, on one occasion, taken ill, and another actor was found to take the part at a short notice. He got on famously as far as the scene where *Glo'ster had his eyes put out*, when he came to a stand still, and was obliged to beg permission to *read* the rest of the part.

MCCCLXXX.—SMALL TALK.

FUSELI had a great dislike to common-place observations. After sitting perfectly quiet for a long time in his own room, during the "bald disjointed chat" of some idle visitors, who were gabbling with one another about the weather, and other topics of as interesting a nature, he suddenly exclaimed, "*We had pork for dinner to-day.*"—"Dear me! Mr. Fuseli, what an odd remark."—"Why, it is *as good* as anything you have been saying *for the last hour.*"

MCCCLXXXI.—RATHER FEROCIOUS.

As Burke was declaiming with great animation against Hastings, he was interrupted by little Major Scott. "Am I," said he, indignantly, "to be teased by the barking of this *jackal* while I am attacking the royal *tiger* of Bengal?"

MCCCLXXXII.—ONLY FOR LIFE.

A SPANISH Archbishop having a dispute with an opulent duke, who said with scorn, "What are you? your title and revenues are only for your life," answered by asking, "And for how *many lives* does your Grace hold yours?"

MCCCLXXXIII.—AN OUTLINE.

WHEN the Duke de Choiseul, who was a remarkably meagre-looking man, came to London to negotiate a peace, Charles Townshend, being asked whether the French government had sent the preliminaries of a treaty, answered, he did not know, but they had sent "*the outline of an ambassador.*"

MCCCLXXXIV.—ON SIR WALTER SCOTT'S POEM OF
WATERLOO.

ON Waterloo's ensanguined plain,
Full many a gallant man lies slain;
But none, by bullet or by shot,
Fell half so flat as Walter Scott.

MCCCLXXXV.—UGLY TRADES.

THE ugliest of trades have their moments of pleasure. Now, if I were a grave-digger, or even a hangman, there are some people I could work for with a great deal of enjoyment.—D. J.

MCCCLXXXVI.—A GOOD CHARACTER.

AN Irish gentleman, parting with a lazy servant-woman, was asked, with respect to her industry, whether she was what is termed afraid of work. "Oh! not at all," said he; "not at all; she'll frequently *lie down* and fall asleep by the very *side of it*."

MCCCLXXXVII.—SENSIBILITY.

A KEEN sportsman, who kept harriers, was so vexed when any noise was made while the hounds were at fault, that he rode up to a gentleman who accidentally coughed at such a time, and said, "I wish, with all my heart, sir, your *cough* was better."

MCCCLXXXVIII.—PATIENCE.

WHEN Lord Chesterfield was one day at Newcastle House, the Duke happening to be very particularly engaged, the Earl was requested to sit down in an ante-room. "Garnet upon Job," a book dedicated to the Duke, happened to lie in the window; and his Grace, on entering, found the Earl so busily engaged in reading, that he asked how he liked the commentary. "In any other place," replied Chesterfield, "I should not think much of it; but there is so much *propriety* in putting a volume upon *patience* in the room where every visitor is to wait for your Grace, that *here* it must be considered as one of the *best books in the world*."

MCCCLXXXIX.—WHAT'S MY THOUGHT LIKE.

Quest. WHY is a pump like Viscount Castlereagh?

Ans. Because it is a slender thing of wood,
That up and down its awkward arm doth sway,
And coolly shout, and spout, and spout away,
In one weak, washy, everlasting flood!

MCCCXC.—NOT GIVING HIMSELF "AIRS."

ARCHDEACON PALEY was in very high spirits when he was presented to his first preferment in the Church. He attended at a visitation dinner just after this event, and during the entertainment called out jocosely, "Waiter, shut down that window at the back of my chair, and open another behind some *curate*."

MCCCXCI.—BARBER SHAVED BY A LAWYER.

"SIR," said a barber to an attorney who was passing his door, "will you tell me if this is a good half-sovereign?" The lawyer, pronouncing the piece good, deposited it in his pocket, adding, with gravity, "If you'll send your lad to my office, I'll return the *three and fourpence*."

MCCCXCII.—A MAN OF METAL.

EDWIN JAMES, examining a witness, asked him what his business was. He answered, "A dealer in old iron."—"Then," said the counsel, "you must of course be a thief."—"I don't see," replied the witness, "why a dealer in *iron* must necessarily be a thief, more than a dealer in *brass*."

MCCCXCIII.—SPECIMEN OF THE LACONIC.

"Be less prolix," says Grill. I like advice.
"Grill, you're an ass!" Now, surely, that's concise.

MCCCXCIV.—A DROP.

DEAN SWIFT was one day in company, when the conversation fell upon the antiquity of the family. The lady of the house expatiated a little too freely on her descent, observing, that her ancestors' names began with De, and, of course, of antique French extraction. When she had finished:—"And now," said the dean, "will you be so kind as to help me to a piece of that *D—umpling*?"

MCCCXCV.—ERROR IN JUDGMENT.

AN author once praised another writer very heartily to a third person. "It is very strange," was the reply, "that you speak so well of him, for he says that you are a charlatan."—"Oh," replied the other, "I think it very likely that *both of us* may be mistaken."

MCCCXCVI.—THE SUPERIORITY OF MACHINERY.

A MECHANIC his labour will often discard,
If the rate of his pay he dislikes:
But a clock—and its case is uncommonly hard—
Will continue to work though it *strikes*!

MCCCXC VII.—THE MONEY-BORROWER DECEIVED.

A YOUTH had borrowed a hundred pounds of a very rich friend, who had concluded that he should never see them again. He was mistaken, for the youth returned him the money. Some time after, the youth came again to borrow, but was refused. "No, sir," said his friend, "you shall not deceive me twice."

MCCCXC VIII.—A SPEAKING CANVAS.

SOME of the friends of a famous painter, observed to him, that they never heard him bestow any praises but on his worst paintings. "True," answered he; "for the best will always praise themselves."

MCCCXC IX.—INDUSTRY OF THE ENGLISH PEOPLE.

SYDNEY SMITH, writing in the *Edinburgh Review*, says, "If the English were in a paradise of spontaneous productions, they would continue to dig and plough, though they were never a peach or a pine-apple the better for it."

MCD.—OCULAR.

TAYLOR says, "My best pun was that which I made to Sheridan, who married a Miss Ogle. We were supping together at the Shakspeare, when, the conversation turning on Garrick, I asked him which of his performances he thought the best. "Oh," said he, "the Lear, the Lear."—"No wonder," said I, "you were fond of a *Leer* when you married an *Ogle*."

MCDI.—ON THE DISAPPOINTMENT OF THE WHIG ASSOCIATES OF THE PRINCE REGENT AT NOT OBTAINING OFFICE.

YE politicians, tell me, pray,
Why thus with woe and care rent?
This is the worst that you can say,
Some wind has blown the wig away,
And left the *Hair Apparent*.

MCDII.—AN APT REPROOF.

MR. WESLEY, during his voyage to America, hearing an unusual noise in the cabin of General Oglethorpe (the

Governor of Georgia, with whom he sailed), stepped in to inquire the cause of it, on which the General immediately addressed him :—"Mr. Wesley, you must excuse me. I have met with a provocation too great for man to bear. You know the only wine I drink is Cyprus wine, as it agrees with me the best of any; and this villain Grimaldi (his foreign servant) has drunk up the whole I had on board. But I will be revenged of him. I have ordered him to be tied hand and foot, and to be carried to the man-of-war that sails with us. The rascal should have taken care how he used me, for *I never forgive.*"—"Then I hope, sir," said John Wesley, looking calmly at him, "*you never sin.*" The General was quite confounded at the reproof, and putting his hand into his pocket took out a bunch of keys, which he threw at Grimaldi, saying, "There, villain! Take my keys, and behave better for the future."

MCDIII.—THE LAME BEGGAR.

I AM unable, yonder beggar cries,
To stand or move. If he says true, he lies.

MCDIV.—HOLLAND'S FUNERAL.

HOLLAND, who was a great favourite with Foote, died. While the funeral ceremony was performing, G. Garrick remarked to Foote: "You see what a snug family vault we have made here."—"Family vault!" said Foote, with tears trickling down his cheeks, "I thought it had been a family oven."

MCDV.—PRETTY.

HOPE is the dream of those who are awake.

MCDVI.—NOT IMPROBABLE.

A CERTAIN young clergyman, modest almost to bashfulness, was once asked by a country apothecary, of a contrary character, in a public and crowded assembly, and in a tone of voice sufficient to catch the attention of the whole company, "How it happened that the patriarchs lived to such extreme old age?" To which question the clergyman replied, "*Perhaps they took no physic.*"

MCDVII.—SOUGHT AND FOUND.

THREE conceited young wits, as they thought themselves, passing along the road near Oxford, met a grave old gentleman, with whom they had a mind to be rudely merry. "Good-morrow, father Abraham," said one; "Good-morrow, father Isaac," said the next; "Good-morrow, father Jacob," cried the last. "I am neither Abraham, Isaac, nor Jacob," replied the old gentleman, "but Saul, the son of Kish, who went out to seek his father's asses, and lo! here I have found them."

MCDVIII.—NO REDEEMING VIRTUE.

"PRAY, does it always rain in this hang'd place,
Enough to drive one mad, heaven knows?"
"No, please your grace,"
Cried Boniface,
With some grimace,
"*Sometimes it snows.*"

MCDIX.—A REMARKABLE ECHO.

A CERTAIN Chief Justice, on hearing an ass bray, interrupted the late Mr. Curran, in his speech to the jury, by saying, "One at a time, Mr. Curran, if you please." The speech being finished, the judge began his charge, and during its progress the ass sent forth the full force of its lungs; whereupon the advocate said, "Does not your lordship hear a remarkable *echo in the court?*"

MCDX.—A DUTIFUL DAUGHTER.

THE father of Mrs. Siddons had always forbidden her to marry an actor, and of course she chose a member of the old gentleman's company, whom she secretly wedded. When Roger Kemble heard of it, he was furious. "Have I not," he exclaimed, "dared you to marry a player?" The lady replied, with downcast eyes, that she had not disobeyed. "What, madam! have you not allied yourself to about the worst performer in my company?"—"Exactly so," murmured the timid bride; "nobody can call *him* an actor."

MCDXI.—A PERTINENT QUESTION.

FRANKLIN was once asked, "What is the use of your discovery of atmospheric electricity?"—The philosopher answered the question by another, "What is the *use* of a new-born infant?"

MCDXII.—A SOPORIFIC.

A PROSY orator reproved Lord North for going to sleep during one of his speeches. "Pooh, pooh!" said the drowsy Premier; "the physician should never quarrel with the *effect* of his own medicine."

MCDXIII.—THE AMENDE HONORABLE.

QUOTH Will, "On that young servant-maid
My heart its life-string stakes."
"Quite safe!" cries Dick, "don't be afraid,
She pays for *all she breaks*."

MCDXIV.—ALLEGORICAL REPRESENTATION.

A PAINTER, who was well acquainted with the dire effects of law, had to represent two men—one who had gained a law-suit, and another who had lost one. He painted the former with a *shirt on*, and the latter *naked*.

MCDXV.—MILITARY ELOQUENCE.

AN officer, who commanded a regiment very ill-clothed, seeing a party of the enemy advancing, who appeared newly equipped, he said to his soldiers, in order to rally them on to glory, "There, my brave fellows, go and *clothe* yourselves."

MCDXVI.—CUTTING OFF THE SUPPLIES.

THE late Duke of York is reported to have once consulted Abernethy. During the time his highness was in the room, the doctor stood before him with his hands in his pockets, waiting to be addressed, and whistling with great coolness. The Duke, naturally astonished at his conduct, said, "I suppose you know who I am?"—"Suppose I do; what of that? If your Highness of York wishes to be well, let me tell you," added the surgeon, "you must do as the Duke of Wellington often did in his campaigns, *cut off the supplies*, and the enemy will quickly leave the citadel."

MCDXVII.—EPIGRAM.

THE proverb says, and no one e'er disputes,
"Nature the shoulder to the burden suits;"
Then nature gave to Saucemore with his head,
Shoulders to carry half a ton of lead.

MCDXVIII.—A FOWL JOKE.

A CITY policeman before Judge Maule said he was in the *hens* (N) division. "Do you mean in the *Poultry*?" asked the Judge.

MCDXIX.—AN EXPENSIVE TRIP.

IRISH Johnstone, the comedian, was known to be rather parsimonious. On one of his professional visits to Dublin, he billeted himself (as was his wont) upon all his acquaintances in town. Meeting Curran afterwards in London, and talking of his *great expenses*, he asked the ex-Master of the Rolls what he supposed he spent in the Irish capital during his last trip. "I don't know," replied Curran; "but probably *a fortnight*."

MCDXX.—OLD FRIENDS.

COLEMAN, the dramatist, was asked if he knew Theodore Hook. "Yes," replied the wit; "*Hook and Eye* are old associates."

MCDXXI.—A REASON.

"I WISH you at the devil!" said somebody to Wilkes. "I don't wish you there," was the answer. "Why?"—"Because I never wish to *see you again*!"

MCDXXII.—HONOUR.

DURING a siege the officer in command proposed to the grenadiers a large sum of money as a reward to him who should first drive a fascine into a ditch which was exposed to the enemy's fire. None of the grenadiers offered. The general, astonished, began to reproach them for it. "*We should have all offered*," said one of these brave soldiers, "if money had not been set as the *price of this action*."

MCDXXIII.—JUST AS WONDERFUL.

A GENTLEMAN asked a friend, in a very knowing manner, "Pray, did you ever see a *cat-fish*?"—"No," was the response, "but I've seen a *rope-walk*."

MCDXXIV.—CHARITY BEGINS AT HOME.

"WELL, neighbour, what's the news this morning?" said a gentleman to a friend. "I have just bought a sack of flour for a poor woman."—"Just like you! Whom have you made so happy by your charity this time?"—"My *wife*."

MCDXXV.—QUESTION ANSWERED.

THAT idiot W—— coming out of the Opera one night, called out, "Where is my fellow?"—"Not in England, I'll swear," said a bystander.

MCDXXVI.—VERY LIKELY.

AN officer of the navy being asked what Burke meant by the "*Cheap* defence of nations," replied, "A midshipman's *half-pay*—nothing a-day and find yourself."

MCDXXVII.—INQUEST EXTRAORDINARY.

DIED suddenly—surprised at such a rarity!
Verdict—Saw Eldon do a little bit of charity.

MCDXXVIII.—A GRUNT.

"DOCTOR, when we have sat together some time, you'll find my brother very entertaining."—"Sir," said Johnson, "*I can wait*."

MCDXXIX.—ONE FAULT.

"SHE is insupportable," said a wit with marked emphasis, of one well known; but, as if he had gone too far, he added, "It is her *only* defect."

MCDXXX.—TO THE "COMING" MAN.

SMART waiter, be contented with thy state,
The world is his who best knows how to wait.

MCDXXXI.—NOTHING TO BOAST OF.

"THE British Empire, sir," exclaimed an orator, "is one on which the sun never sets."—"And one," replied an auditor, "in which the *tax-gatherer* never goes to bed."

MCDXXXII.—COLONIAL BREWERIES.

WHAT two ideas are more inseparable than Beer and Britannia?—what event more awfully important to an English colony, than the erection of its *first brewhouse*?—S. S.

MCDXXXIII.—A CLOSER.

SOME person caused the following inscription to be placed over the door of a house, "Let *nothing* enter here but what is *good*."—"Then where will the *master* go in?" asked a cynic.

MCDXXXIV.—THE FOOL OR KNAVE.

THY praise or dispraise is to me alike;
One doth not *stroke* me, nor the other *strike*.

MCDXXXV.—KNOWING HIS MAN.

AN attorney, not celebrated for his probity, was robbed one night on his way from Wicklow to Dublin. His father meeting Baron O'Grady next day, said, "My lord, have you heard of my son's robbery?"—"No," replied the Baron; whom did *he rob*?"

MCDXXXVI.—A GOOD REASON FOR A BAD CAUSE.

AN eminent counsellor asked another why he so often undertook bad causes. "Sir," answered the lawyer, "I have lost so many *good* ones, that I am quite at a loss which to take."

MCDXXXVII.—SELF-APPLAUSE.

SOME persons can neither stir hand nor foot without making it clear they are thinking of themselves, and laying little traps for approbation.—S. S.

MCDXXXVIII.—A WOODEN JOKE.

BURKE said of Lord Thurlow, "He was a sturdy *oak* at Westminster, and a *willow* at St. James's."

MCDXXXIX.—AN OLD ADAGE REFUTED.

A SCHOLAR having fallen into the hands of robbers was fastened to a tree, and left so nearly a whole day, till one came and unloosed him. "Now," says he, "the old adage must be false, which saith that the *tide* tarrieth for no man."

MCDXL.—THEATRICAL PURGATIONS.

A DRAMATIC author once observed that he knew nothing so terrible as reading his piece before a critical audience. "I know but one more terrible," said Compton, the actor, "to be obliged to sit and *hear it*."

MCDXLI.—ALL THE SAME.

IN Edinburgh resided a gentleman, who is as huge, though not so witty, as Falstaff. It is his custom, when he travels, to book two places, and thus secure half the inside to himself. He once sent his servant to book him to Glasgow. The man returned with the following pleasing intelligence: "I've booked you, sir; there weren't two inside places left, so I booked you *one in* and *one out*."

MCDXLII.—THE PRINCIPLE OF GOVERNMENTS.

I SHALL not easily forget the sarcasm of Swift's simile as he told us of the Prince of Orange's harangue to the mob of Portsmouth. "We are come," said he, "for your good—for *all your goods*."—"A universal principle," added Swift, "of all governments; but, like most other truths, only *told by mistake*."

MCDXLIII.—DR. WALCOT'S APPLICATION FOR SHIELD'S
IVORY OPERA PASS.

SHIELD, while the supplicating poor
Ask thee for *meat* with piteous moans;
More humble I approach thy door,
And beg for nothing but thy *bones*.

MCDXLIV.—COOKING HIS GOOSE.

THE performers rallying Cooke one morning, in the green-room, on the awkward cut of a new coat, he apologised, by saying, "It was his tailor's *fault*."—"Yes, poor man," said Munden, "and his *misfortune* too!"

MCDXLV.—TAKE WARNING !

A BARRISTER who had retired from practice, said : " If any man was to claim the *coat* upon my back, and threaten my refusal with a lawsuit, he should certainly have it ; lest, in defending my *coat*, I should, too late, find that I was deprived of my *waistcoat* also."

MCDXLVI.—" THE WIDE, WIDE SEA."

HOOD says that, " A Quaker loves the ocean for its *broad brim*."

MCDXLVII.—CONDITIONAL AGREEMENT.

DR. A——, when dangerously ill at an hotel, was applied to by the landlord to pass his bill. The doctor, observing that all the charges were very high, wrote at the bottom of the account, " If I die, I *pass* this account ; if I live, I'll *examine it*."

MCDXLVIII.—ON A SQUINTING POETESS.

To no *one* muse does she her glance confine,
But has an *eye*, at once, to *all the nine*.

MCDXLIX.—A NEAT SUGGESTION.

A WELSH judge, celebrated as a suitor for all sorts of places and his neglect of personal cleanliness, was thus addressed by Mr. Jekyll : " As you have asked the Ministry for everything else, ask them for a piece of *soap* and a *nail-brush*."

MCDL.—SCOTCH "WUT."

IT requires, (says Sydney Smith) a surgical operation to get a joke well into a Scotch understanding. Their only idea of wit, or rather that inferior variety of the electric talent which prevails occasionally in the North, and which, under the name of *Wut*, is so infinitely distressing to people of good taste, is laughing immoderately at stated intervals. They are so imbued with metaphysics that they even make love metaphysically. I overheard a young lady of my acquaintance, at a dance in Edinburgh, exclaim in a sudden pause of the music, " What you say, my lord, is very true of love in the *abstract*, but——" Here the fiddlers began fiddling furiously, and the rest was lost."

MCDLII.—WHERE IT CAME FROM.

A LADY, whose fondness for generous living had given her a flushed face and rubicund nose, consulted Dr. Cheyne. Upon surveying herself in the glass, she exclaimed, "Where, in the name of wonder, doctor, did I get *such a nose* as this?" "Out of the *decanter*, madam," replied the doctor.

MCDLII.—QUIN AND CHARLES I.

QUIN sometimes said a wise thing. Disputing concerning the execution of Charles I.—"By what laws," said his opponent, "was he put to death?"—Quin replied, "By all the *laws* that he had *left them*."

MCDLIII.—TIMELY FLATTERY.

A GENTLEMAN was asked by Mrs. Woffington, what difference there was between her and her watch; to which he instantly replied, "Your watch, madam, makes us *remember* the hours, and you make us *forget* them."

MCDLIV.—EPIGRAM ON TWO CONTRACTORS.

To gull the public two contractors come,
One pilfers corn—the other cheats in rum.
Which is the greater knave, ye wits explain,
A rogue in *spirit*, or a rogue in *grain*?

MCDLV.—TRAVELLERS SEE STRANGE THINGS.

A TRAVELLER, when asked whether, in his youth, he had gone *through Euclid*, was not quite sure, but he thought it was a *small village* between Wigan and Preston.

MCDLVI.—AN UNCONSCIOUS INSULT.

A FRENCHMAN, who had learned English, wished to lose no opportunity of saying something pretty. One evening he observed to Lady R., whose dress was fawn-colour, and that of her daughter pink, "Milady, your daughter is *de pink* of beauty." "Ah, monsieur, you Frenchmen always flatter." "No, madam, I only do speak the truth, and what all de world will allow, that your daughter is *de pink*, and you are *de drab* of fashion."

MCDLVII.—A CLOSE TRANSLATION.

A COUNTRY gentleman, wishing to be civil to Dr. B—, a translator of Juvenal, said, "What particularly convinces me of the faithfulness of your translation is, that *in places where I do not understand Juvenal, I likewise do not understand you.*"

MCDLVIII.—NEW RELATIONSHIP.

A STRANGER to law courts hearing a judge call a serjeant "brother," expressed his surprise. "Oh," said one present, "they are brothers—*brothers-in-law.*"

MCDLIX.—ONLY A NINEPIN.

THE Earl of Lonsdale was so extensive a proprietor, and patron of boroughs, that he returned nine members to Parliament, who were facetiously called Lord Lonsdale's ninepins. One of the members thus designated, having made a very extravagant speech in the House of Commons, was answered by Mr. Burke in a vein of the happiest sarcasm, which elicited from the House loud and continued cheers. Mr. Fox, entering the House just as Mr. Burke was sitting down, inquired of Sheridan what the House was cheering. "Oh, nothing of consequence," replied Sheridan, "only Burke has knocked down one of *Lord Lonsdale's ninepins.*"

MCDLX.—DR. WALCOT'S REQUEST FOR IVORY TICKETS,
SENT TO SHIELD, THE COMPOSER.

SON of the string (I do not mean Jack Ketch,
Tho' Jack, like thee, produceth dying tones),
Oh, yield thy pity to a starving wretch,
And for to-morrow's *treat* pray send thy *bones*!

MCDLXI.—DIFFICULTIES IN EITHER CASE.

ONE evening, at a private party at Oxford, at which Dr. Johnson was present, a recently published essay on the future life of brutes was referred to, and a gentleman, disposed to support the author's opinion that the lower animals have an "immortal part," familiarly remarked to the doctor, "Really sir, when we see a very sensible dog, we don't know what to think of him." Johnson, turning quickly round, replied, "True, sir; and when we see a very foolish *fellow*, we don't know what to think of *him.*"

MCDLXII.—A PROFESSIONAL AIM.

IN a duel between two attorneys, one of them shot away the skirt of the other's coat. His second, observing the truth of his aim, declared that had his friend been engaged with a *client* he would very probably have *hit his pocket*.

MCDLXIII.—FLYING COLOURS.

SIR GODFREY KNELLER latterly painted more for profit than for praise, and is said to have used some whimsical preparations in his colours, which made them work fair and smoothly off, but not endure. A friend, noticing it to him, said, "What do you think posterity will say, Sir Godfrey Kneller, when they see these pictures some years hence?"—"Say!" replied the artist: "why, they'll say Sir Godfrey Kneller *never* painted them!"

MCDLXIV.—AN ENTERTAINING PROPOSITION.

A POMPOUS fellow made a very inadequate offer for a valuable property; and, calling the next day for an answer, inquired of the gentleman if he had *entertained his proposition*. "No," replied the other, "your proposition *entertained me*."

MCDLXV.—UNION OF OPPOSITES.

A PHRENOLOGIST remarking that some persons had the organ of murder and benevolence strongly and equally developed, his friend replied, "that doubtless those were the persons *who would kill one with kindness*."

MCDLXVI.—EPIGRAM.

(On —'s Veracity.)

HE boasts about the truth I've heard,
And vows he'd never break it;
Why, zounds, a man *must* keep his word
When nobody will take it.

MCDLXVII.—AN UNTAXED LUXURY.

A LADY having remarked in company that she thought there should be a tax on "*the single state*;" "Yes, madam," rejoined an obstinate old bachelor, "as on all other *luxuries*."

MCDLXVIII.—A DEAR SPEAKER.

SOON after the Irish members were admitted into the House of Commons, on the union of the kingdom in 1801, one of them, in the middle of his maiden speech, thus addressed the chair:—"And now, *my dear* Mr. Speaker," etc. This excited loud laughter. As soon as the mirth had subsided, Mr. Sheridan observed, "that the honourable member was perfectly in order; for, thanks to the ministers, now-a-days *everything is dear*."

MCDLXIX.—ABSURDLY LOGICAL.

A MAD quaker (wrote Sydney Smith) belongs to a small and rich sect; and is therefore of *greater* importance than any other *mad person* of the same degree in life.

MCDLXX.—PROOF POSITIVE.

A CHEMIST asserted that all bitter things were hot. "No," said a gentleman present, "there is a *bitter* cold day."

MCDLXXI.—PLAYER, OR LORD.

ONE day, at a party in Bath, Quin said something which caused a general murmur of delighted merriment. A nobleman present, who was not distinguished for the brilliancy of his ideas, exclaimed: "What a pity 'tis, Quin, my boy, that a clever fellow like you should *be a player!*" Quin, fixing and flashing his eyes upon the speaker, replied: "Why! what would your lordship have me be?—a lord?"

MCDLXXII.—IN MEMORIAM.

SOYER is gone! Then be it said,
At last, indeed, great PAN is dead.

MCDLXXIII.—PRIME'S PRESERVATIVE.

SERGEANT PRIME had a remarkably long nose, and being one day out riding, was flung from his horse, and fell upon his face in the middle of the road. A countryman, who saw the occurrence, ran hastily up, raised the serjeant from the mire, and asked him if he was much hurt. The serjeant replied in the negative. "I zee, zur," said the rustic, grinning, "yer *ploughshare* saved ye!"

MCDLXXIV.—A SHARP BRUSH.

SHERIDAN was down at Brighton one summer, when Fox, the manager, desirous of showing him some civility, took him all over the theatre, and exhibited its beauties. "There, Mr. Sheridan," said Fox, who combined twenty occupations, without being clever in any, "I built and painted all these boxes, and I painted all these scenes." "Did you?" said Sheridan, surveying them rapidly; "well, I should not, I am sure, have known you were a Fox by your *brush*."

MCDLXXV.—NOT SO "DAFT" AS REPUTED.

THERE was a certain "Daft Will," who was a privileged haunter of Eglington Castle and grounds. He was discovered by the noble owner one day taking a near cut, and crossing a fence in the demesne. The earl called out, "Come back, sir, that's not the road." "Do ye ken," said Will, "whaur I'm gaun?" "No," replied his lordship. "Weel, hoo the deil do ye ken *whether this be the road or no?*"

MCDLXXVI.—PICKING POCKETS.

"THESE beer-shops," quoth Barnabas, speaking in alt,
 "Are ruinous—down with the growers of malt!"
 "Too true," answers Ben, with a shake of the head,
 "Wherever they congregate, honesty's dead.
 That beer breeds dishonesty causes no wonder,
 'Tis nurtured in crime—'tis concocted in plunder;
 In Kent while surrounded by flourishing crops,
 I saw a rogue *picking a pocket* of hops."

MCDLXXVII.—HUSBANDING HIS RESOURCES.

A WAG, reading in one of Brigham Young's manifestoes, "that the great resources of Utah are her women," exclaimed, "It is very evident that the prophet is disposed to *husband his resources*."

MCDLXXVIII.—SMOOTHING IT DOWN.

A CLIENT remarked to his solicitor, "You are writing my bill on very rough paper, sir."—"Never mind," was the reply of the latter, "it has to be *filed* before it comes into court."

MCDLXXIX.—MAKING FREE WITH THE WAIST.

CURRAN, in cross-examining the chief witness of a plaintiff in an action for an assault, obliged him to acknowledge that the plaintiff had put his arm round the waist of Miss D——, which had provoked the defendant to strike him : “Then, sir, I presume,” said Curran, “he took that *waist* for *common* ?”

MCDLXXX.—A HOPELESS INVASION.

ADMIRAL BRIDPORT, speaking of the threatened invasion by the French in 1798, drily observed, “They might come as they could ; for his own part, he could only say that they should not *come by water*.”

MCDLXXXI.—DROLL TO ORDER.

ONE evening, a lady said to a small wit, “Come, Mr——, tell us a lively anecdote,” and the poor fellow was mute during the remainder of the evening. “Favour me with your company on Wednesday evening, you are such a lion,” said a weak party-giver to a young author. “I thank you,” replied the wit ; “but on that evening I am engaged to *eat fire* at the Countess of——, and *stand upon my head* at Mrs.——.”

MCDLXXXII.—MEN OF WEIGHT.

If fat men ride, they tire the horse,
And if they walk themselves—that’s worse :
Travel at all, they are at best,
Either oppressors or oppressed.

MCDLXXXIII.—CHEMICAL ODDITY.

WHILE an ignorant lecturer was describing the nature of gas, a blue-stocking lady inquired of a gentleman near her, what was the difference between oxygen and hydrogen ? “Very little, madam,” said he : “by oxygen we mean pure *gin* ; and by hydrogen, *gin and water*.”

MCDLXXXIV.—AN APISH RESEMBLANCE.

CHARLES LAMB used to say, that he had a great dislike to monkeys, on the principle that “it was not pleasant to look upon one’s *poor relations*.”

MCDLXXXV.—HE WHO SANG "THE LAYS OF ANCIENT ROME."

LORD MACAULAY, passing one day through the Seven Dials, bought a handful of ballads from some street-folks who were bawling out their contents to a gaping audience. Proceeding on his way home, he was astonished to find himself followed by half a score of urchins, their faces beaming with expectation. "Now then, my lads, what is it?" said he. "Oh, that's a good 'un," replied one of the boys, "after we've come all this way."—"But what are you waiting for?" said the historian, astonished at the lad's familiarity. "Waiting for! why ain't you going to sing *gaw'ner*?"

MCDLXXXVI.—DEATH-BED FORGIVENESS.

A VETERAN Highlander, between whose family and that of a neighbouring chieftain had existed a long hereditary feud, being on his death-bed, was reminded that this was the time to forgive all his enemies, even he who had most injured him. "Well, be it so," said the old Gael, after a short pause, "be it so; go tell Kinmare I forgive him—but my curses rest upon my son *if ever he does*."

MCDLXXXVII.—A REASONABLE PREFERENCE.

WHETHER tall men or short men are best,
Or bold men, or modest and shy men.
I can't say, but this I protest,
All the fair are in favour of *Hy-men*.

MCDLXXXVIII.—A DEAR BARGAIN.

QUIN was one day lamenting that he grew old, when a shallow impertinent young fellow said to him, "What would you give to be as young as I am?" "By the powers," replied Quin, "I would even submit to be *almost as foolish*!"

MCDLXXXIX.—SUGGESTIVE REPUDIATION.

LORD BYRON was once asked by a friend in the green-room of the Drury Lane Theatre, whether he did not think Miss Kelly's acting in the "*Maid and the Magpie*" exceedingly natural. "I really am no *judge*," answered his lordship, "I was never *innocent* of stealing a spoon."

MCDXC.—NO INTRUSION.

A LOQUACIOUS author, after babbling for some time about his piece to Sheridan, said, "Sir, I fear I have been intruding on your attention." "Not at all, I assure you," replied he, "I was thinking of *something else*."

MCDXCI.—EXPERIMENTUM CRUCIS.

A MERCHANT being asked to define the meaning of *experimental* and *natural* philosophy, said he considered the *first* to be asking a man to discount a bill at a long date, and the *second* his refusing to do it.

MCDXCII.—NOT AT ALL ANXIOUS.

A MAN very deeply in debt, being reprimanded by his friends for his disgraceful situation, and the *anxiety* of a debtor being urged by them in very strong expressions: "Ah!" said he, "that may be the case with a person who *thinks* of paying."

MCDXCIII.—ODD HUMOUR.

WHEN Lord Holland was on his death-bed, his friend George Selwyn called to inquire how his Lordship was, and left his card. This was taken to Lord Holland, who said: "If Mr. Selwyn calls again, show him into my room. If I am *alive*, I shall be glad to see him; if I am *dead*, I am sure that he will be delighted to see me."

MCDXCIV.—A TICKLISH OPENING.

HENRY ERSKINE happening to be retained for a client of the name of Tickle, began his speech in opening the case, thus: "Tickle, my client, the defendant, my lord"—and upon proceeding so far was interrupted by laughter in court, which was increased when the judge (Lord Kaines) exclaimed—"Tickle *him yourself*, Harry; you are as able to do so as I am."

MCDXCV.—THE REPUBLIC OF LETTERS.

HOOD suggests that the phrase "*republic* of letters" was hit upon to insinuate that, taking the whole lot of authors together, they had not got a *sovereign* amongst them.

MCDXCVI.—AN OFFENSIVE PREFERENCE.

A PERSON meeting with an acquaintance after a long absence, told him that he was surprised to see him, for he had heard that he was dead. "But," says the other, "you find the report false."—"Tis hard to determine," he replies, "for the man that told me was one whose word I would sooner take than yours."

MCDXCVII.—SELF-CONDEMNATION.

A COUNTRY gentleman, walking in his garden, saw his gardener asleep in an arbour. "What!" says the master, "asleep, you idle dog, you are not worthy that the sun should shine on you."—"I am truly sensible of my unworthiness," answered the man, "and therefore I laid myself down in the shade."

MCDXCVIII.—AN ILLEGAL INDORSEMENT.

CURRAN having one day a violent argument with a country schoolmaster on some classical subject, the pedagogue, who had the worst of it, said, in a towering passion, that he would lose no more time, and must go back to his scholars. "Do, my dear doctor," said Curran, "*but don't indorse my sins upon their backs.*"

MCDXCIX.—A PLUMPER.

A YOUNG gentleman, with a bad voice, preached a probation sermon for a very good lectureship in the city. A friend, when he came out of the pulpit, wished him joy, and said, "He would certainly carry the election, *for he had nobody's voice against him but his own.*"

MD.—A PAINFUL EXAMINATION.

IN the course of an examination for the degree of B.A. in the Senate House, Cambridge, under an examiner whose name was Payne, one of the questions was, "Give a definition of happiness." To which a candidate returned the following laconic answer: "An exemption from Payne."

MDI.—BUSINESS AND PLEASURE.

A QUAKER (says Hood) makes a pleasure of his business, and then, for relaxation, makes a *business* of his *pleasure*.

MDII.—INFORMATION EASILY ACQUIRED.

A FRIEND, crossing Putney Bridge with Theodore Hook, observed that he had been informed that it was a very good investment, and inquired "if such were the case?"—"I don't know," was the answer; but you ought, as you have just been *told*."

MDIIL.—A WALKING STICK.

AN old gentleman accused his servant of having stolen his stick. The man protested perfect innocence. "Why, you know," rejoined his master, "that the stick could never have walked off with itself."—"Certainly not, sir, unless it was a *walking-stick*."

MDIV.—CHARITY AND INCONVENIENCE.

It is objected, and we admit often with truth, that the wealthy are ready to bestow their money, but not to endure personal inconvenience. The following anecdote is told in illustration:—A late nobleman was walking in St. James' Street, in a hard frost, when he met an agent, who began to importune his Grace in behalf of some charity which had enjoyed his support. "Put me down for what you please," peevishly exclaimed the Duke; "but don't *keep me in the cold*."

MDV.—A REASON FOR BELIEF.

"Do you believe in the apostolical succession?" inquired one of Sydney Smith. "I do," he replied: "and my faith in that dogma dates from the moment I became acquainted with the Bishop of —, *who is so like Judas*."

MDVI.—OPENLY.

No, Varus hates a thing that's base;
I own, indeed, he's got a knack
Of flattering people to their face,
But scorns to do 't behind their back,

MDVII.—PAINTED CHARMS.

OF a celebrated actress who, in her declining days, bought charms of carmine and pearl-powder, Jerrold said, "Egad! she should have a hoop about her, with a notice upon it, '*Beware of the paint*.'"

MDVIII.—ON THE SPOT.

TWO Oxonians dining together, one of them noticing a spot of grease on the neck-cloth of his companion, said, "I see you are a *Grecian*."—"Pooh!" said the other, "that is *far-fetched*."—"No, indeed," said the punster, "I made it on the *spot*."

MDIX.—MR. ERSKINE'S FIRMNESS.

IN the famous trial of the Dean of Asaph, Mr. Erskine put a question to the jury, relative to the meaning of their verdict. Mr. Justice Buller objected to its propriety. The counsel reiterated his question, and demanded an answer. The judge again interposed his authority in these emphatic words: "Sit down, Mr. Erskine; know your duty, or I shall be obliged to make you know it." Mr. Erskine with equal warmth replied, "I know *my* duty as well as your lordship knows *your* duty. I stand here as the advocate of a fellow citizen, and *I will not sit down*." The judge was silent, and the advocate persisted in his question.

MDX.—A SHUFFLING ANSWER.

A FAIR devotee lamented to her confessor her love of gaming. "Ah! madam," replied the reverend gentleman, "it is a grievous sin;—in the first place consider the *loss of time*."—"That's just what I do," said she; "I always begrudge the time that is lost in *shuffling and dealing*."

MDXI.—THE DEBT PAID.

To *John* I owed great obligation;
But *John*, unhappily, thought fit
To publish it to all the nation:
Sure *John* and I are more than quit.

MDXII.—A UTILITARIAN INQUIRY.

JAMES SMITH one night took old Mr. Twiss to hear Mathews in his *At Home*, to the whole of which the mathematician gave devoted attention. At the close, Mr. Smith asked him whether he had not been surprised and pleased. "Both," replied Mr. Twiss, "but what *does it all go to prove*?"

MDXIII.—AN OBJECTIONABLE PROCESS.

GENERAL D—— was more distinguished for gallantry in the field than for the care he lavished upon his person. Complaining, on a certain occasion, to the late Chief-Justice Bushe, of Ireland, of the sufferings he endured from rheumatism, that learned and humourous judge undertook to prescribe a remedy. "You must desire your servant," he said to the general, "to place every morning by your bedside a tub three-parts filled with warm water. You will then get into the tub, and having previously provided yourself with a pound of yellow soap, you must rub your whole body with it, immersing yourself occasionally in the water, and at the end of a quarter of an hour, the process concludes by wiping yourself dry with towels, and scrubbing your person with a flesh-brush."—"Why," said the general, after reflecting for a minute or two, "this seems to be neither more nor less than washing one's self."—"Well, I must confess," rejoined the judge, "*it is open to that objection.*"

MDXIV.—EPIGRAM.

(Upon the late Duke of Buckingham's moderate reform.)

FOR Buckingham to hope to pit
His Bill against Lord Grey's, is idle ;
Reform, when offered *bit by bit*,
Is but intended for a *bridle*,

MDXV.—A DREADFUL SUSPICION.

A GENTLEMAN leaving the company, somebody who sat next to Dr. Johnson asked who he was. "I cannot exactly tell you, sir," replied the doctor, "and I should be loth to speak ill of any person whom I do not know deserves it, but I am afraid he is an *attorney.*"

MDXVI.—A FAMILIAR FRIEND.

SYDNEY SMITH was annoyed one evening by the familiarity of a young gentleman, who, though a comparative stranger, was encouraged by Smith's jocular reputation to address him by his surname alone. Hearing the young man say that he was going that evening to see the Archbishop of Canterbury for the first time, the reverend wit interposed, "Pray don't *clap him* on the back, and call him Howley."

MDXVII.—NO MUSIC IN HIS SOUL.

LORD NORTH, who had a great antipathy to music, being asked why he did not subscribe to the Ancient Concerts, and it being urged as a reason for it that his brother the Bishop of Winchester did, "Ay," replied his lordship, "if I was as *deaf* as my brother, I would *subscribe too*."

MDXVIII.—PROFESSIONAL CANDOUR.

A GENTLEMAN afflicted with rheumatism consulted a physician, who immediately wrote him a prescription. As the patient was going away the doctor called him back. "By the way, sir, should my prescription happen to afford you any relief, *please to let me know*, as I am myself suffering from a similar affection, and have tried *in vain to cure it*."

MDXIX.—TELL IT NOT IN ENGLAND.

LADY CARTERET, wife of the Lord-Lieutenant of Ireland, in Swift's time, one day said to the wit, "The air of this country is very good."—"Don't say so in England, my lady," quickly replied the dean, "for if you do they will certainly *tax it*."

MDXX.—FASHION AND VIRTUE.

"WHAT's fashionable, I'll maintain
 "Is always right," cries sprightly Jane;
 "Ah, would to Heaven!" cries graver Sue,
 "What's *right* were fashionable too."

MDXXI.—PROFESSIONAL COMPANIONS.

A GENTLEMAN, who was dining with another, praised the meat very much, and inquired who was his butcher. "His name is Addison." "Addison!" echoed the guest; "pray is he any relation to the poet?"—"I can't say: but this I know, he is seldom without his *Steel* by his side."

MDXXII.—WHY MASTER OF THE HOUSE.

A TRAVELLER coming up to an inn door, said: "Pray, friend, are you the master of this house?"—"Yes, sir," answered Boniface, "my wife has been *dead these three weeks*."

MDXXIII.—PRECAUTIONARY.

LORD JOHN RUSSELL, remarkable for the smallness of his person as Lord Nugent was for the reverse, was expected at a house where Sydney Smith was a guest. "Lord John comes here to-day," said Sydney Smith, "his corporeal anti-part, Lord Nugent, is already here. Heaven send he may not *swallow John*! There are, however, *stomach-pumps* in case of accident."

MDXXIV.—A LATE DISCOVERER.

A VERY dull man, after dinner, had been boring the company with a long discourse, in the course of which he had given utterance to ethical views as old as the hills, as though he had just discovered them. When he had done repeating his truisms, Charles Lamb gravely said: "Then, sir, you are actually prepared to maintain that a thief is not *altogether a moral man*."

MDXXV.—LINES TO O'KEEFE.

(Said to be written by Peter Pindar.)

THEY say, O'Keefe,
Thou art a thief,
That half thy works are stol'n or more;
I say, O'Keefe,
Thou art no thief,
Such stuff was never writ before!

MDXXVI.—PROFESSION AND PRACTICE.

A YOUNG lawyer, who had been "admitted" about a year, was asked by a friend, "How do you like your new profession?" The reply was accompanied by a brief sigh to suit the occasion: "My *profession* is much better than my *practice*."

MDXXVII.—A RISKFUL ADVENTURE.

MR. REYNOLDS, the dramatist, once met a *free* and *easy* actor, who told him that he had passed three festive days at the seat of the Marquis and Marchioness of —, *without any invitation*. He had gone there on the assumption that as my lord and lady were not on *speaking terms*, each would suppose the *other* had asked him, and so it turned out.

MDXXVIII.—WONDERFUL UNANIMITY.

JUDGE CLAYTON was an honest man, but not a profound lawyer. Soon after he was raised to the Irish bench, he happened to dine in company with Counsellor Harwood, celebrated for his fine brogue, his humour, and his legal knowledge. Clayton began to make some observations on the Laws of Ireland. "In my country" (England), said he, "the laws are numerous, but then one is always found to be a key to the other. In Ireland it is just the contrary; your laws so perpetually clash with one another, and are so very contradictory, that I protest *I don't understand them.*" "True, my lord," cried Harwood, "*that is what we all say.*"

MDXXIX.—A MICHAELMAS MEETING.

SAMUEL TAYLOR COLERIDGE was so bad a horseman, that when mounted he generally attracted unfavourable notice. On a certain occasion he was riding along a turn-pike-road, in the county of Durham, when he was met by a wag, who, mistaking his man, thought the rider a good subject for sport. "I say, young man," cried the rustic, "did you see a *tailor* on the road?" "Yes, I did; and he told me that, if I went a little further, I should meet a *goose.*"

MDXXX.—A TYPOGRAPHICAL TRANSFER.

THE editor of the *Evangelical Observer*, in reference to a certain person, took occasion to write that he was *rectus in ecclesia*, i.e., in good standing in the church. The compositor, in the editor's absence, converted it into *rectus in culina*, which although not very bad Latin, altered the sense very materially, giving the reverend gentleman a *good standing in the kitchen.*

MDXXXI.—EPIGRAM.

(Upon the Trustworthiness of — — —.)

HE'LL keep a secret well, or I'm deceived,
For what he says will never be believed.

MDXXXII.—GOING TO EXTREMES.

WHEN ladies wore their dresses very low and very short, a wit observed that "they began too late and ended too soon."

MDXXXIII.—SILENT APPRECIATION.

A GENTLEMAN gave a friend some first-rate wine, which he tasted and drank, making no remark upon it. The owner, disgusted at his guest's want of appreciation, next offered some strong but inferior wine, which the guest had no sooner tasted than he exclaimed that it was excellent wine. "But you said nothing of *the first*," remarked his host. "Oh!" replied the other, "the first required nothing being said of it. *It spoke for itself*. I thought the second wanted a *trumpeter*."

MDXXXIV.—JUSTICE MIDAS.

A JUDGE, joking a young barrister, said, "If you and I were turned into a horse and an ass, which would you prefer to be?" "The ass, to be sure," replied the barrister. "I've heard of an ass being made a judge, but a horse never."

MDXXXV.—A SIGNIFICANT DIFFERENCE.

AT an hotel at Brighton, Douglas Jerrold was dining with two friends, one of whom, after dinner, ordered "a bottle of *old* port." "Waiter," added Jerrold, with a significant twinkle of his eye, "mind now; a bottle of your *old* port, not your *elder* port."

MDXXXVI.—LAW AND PHYSIC.

WHEN Dr. H. and Serjeant A. were walking arm-in-arm, a wag said to a friend, "These two are just equal to one highwayman." "Why?" was the response. "Because it is a lawyer and a doctor—*your money or your life*!"

MDXXXVII.—EUCLID REFUTED.

"A PART," says Euclid, "one at once may see,
Unto the whole can never equal be;"
Yet W——'s speeches can this fact control,
Of them a part is equal to the whole.

MDXXXVIII.—KEEPING IT TO HIMSELF.

BURKE once mentioned to Fox that he had written a tragedy. "Did you let Garrick see it?" inquired his friend. "No," replied Burke; "though I had the folly to *write* it, I had the wit to keep it *to myself*."

MDXXXIX.—CLASSICAL WIT.

DR. MAGINN dining with a friend on ham and chicken, addressed Sukey Boyle, his friend's housekeeper, thus: "You know, Boyle, what old Ovid, in his 'Art of Love,' (book iii.), says; I give you the same wish:—

" 'Semper tibi *pendeat hamus*,'

May you always have a *ham* hanging in your kitchen." The doctor insisted that tea was well known to the Romans, "for," said he, even in the time of Plautus it was a favourite beverage with the ladies—

" 'Amant *te omnes mulieres*.' "

—*Miles Glor.*, Act i., sc. i., v. 58.

Observing Sukey Boyle, he said to his friend, "Ah! John, I see you follow the old advice we both learned at school, *χαρίζου τῇ Ψυχῇ* 'Indulge yourself with Sukey.'" There was some hock at dinner, which he thus eulogised:—

" 'Hoc tum *sævas paulatim mitigat iras*,
Hoc minuit luctus mœstaque corda levat.' "

—*Ov. Trist.*, lib. iv., *el. vi.*, v. 15, 16.

MDXL.—A PREFERABLE WAY.

ONE of the Kembles made his first appearance on the stage as an opera singer. His voice was, however, so bad, that at a rehearsal the conductor of the orchestra called out, "Mr. Kemble! Mr. Kemble! you are murdering the music!" "My dear sir," was the quiet rejoinder, "it is far better to murder it outright, than to keep on *beating it as you do*."

MDXLI.—A STOUT SWIMMER.

SOME one jocularly observed to the Marquis Wellesley, that, in his arrangements of the ministry, his brother, the Duke, had thrown him overboard. "Yes," said the Marquis; "but I trust I have strength enough to swim *to the other side*."

MDXLII.—A CHOICE OF EVILS.

ONE asked his friend, why he married so *little* a wife? "Why," said he, "I thought you knew, that of all evils we should choose the *least*."

MDXLIII.—RESTING HERSELF.

A LABOURER'S daughter, who had been in service from her childhood, would frequently wish to be married, that, as she expressed herself, she might *rest her bones*. Some time afterwards she got married, and her late mistress meeting her, asked her, "Well, Mary, have you rested your bones yet?" "Yes, indeed," replied she, with a sigh, "I have rested my *jaw-bones*."

MDXLIV.—A CHARTIST NOT A LEVELLER.

A CHARTIST at a public meeting, in the course of a speech about the "five points" of the charter, exclaimed, "Gentlemen, is not one man as good as another?" "Uv course he is," shouted an excited Irish chartist, "and a *great deal betther*."

MDXLV.—DEATH AND DR. BOLUS.

"My dart," cried Death, "I cannot find,
So now I'm quite at sea."
Quoth Dr. Bolus, "Never mind—
There, take this recipe."

MDXLVI.—AN EVASION.

A WELL-DRESSED fellow walked into a room where they were talking politics, and, stretching himself up to his full height, exclaimed, in a loud voice, "Where is a radical? Show me a radical, gentlemen, and I'll show you a liar!" In an instant a man exclaimed, "I am a radical, sir!" "You are?" "Yes, sir, I am!" "Well, just you step round the corner with me, and I'll *show you* a fellow who said I couldn't find a radical in the ward. Ain't *he* a liar, I should like to know?"

MDXLVII.—GOING FROM THE POINT.

CURRAN, in describing a speech made by Serjeant Hewitt, said: "My learned friend's speech put me exactly in mind of a familiar utensil in domestic use, commonly called an *extinguisher*. It began at a point, and on it went widening and widening, until at last it fairly put the question out altogether."

MDXLVIII.—DEFINING A CREED.

A FRIEND of Sydney Smith inquired, "What is Puseyism?" To which the witty canon replied: "Puseyism, sir, is inflexion and genuflexion; posture and imposture; bowing to the east, and curtsying to the west."

MDXLIX.—A BIT OF MOONSHINE.

BROUGHAM, speaking of the salary attached to a new judgeship, said it was all moonshine. Lyndhurst, in his dry and waggish way, remarked, "May be so, my Lord Harry; but I have a strong notion that, moonshine though it be, you would like to see the *first quarter* of it."

MDL.—EPIGRAM.

WHEN at the head of our most gracious king,
Disloyal Collins did his pebble fling,—
"Why choose," with tears the injured monarch said,
"So hard a stone to break so soft a head?"

MDLI.—A KIND HINT.

LORD GREY complains that he cannot succeed in pleasing any party. He should follow the example of duellists, and by *going out* he would certainly give *satisfaction*.

MDLII.—PRIEST'S ORDERS.

AN actor named Priest was playing at one of the principal theatres. Some one remarked at the Garrick Club that there were a great many men in the pit. "Probably clerks *who have taken Priest's orders*," said Mr. Poole, one of the best punsters as well as one of the cleverest comic satirists of the day.

MDLIII.—SHERIDAN AND BURKE.

AFTER a very violent speech from an opposition member Mr. Burke started suddenly from his seat, and rushed to the ministerial side of the house, exclaiming with much vehemence, "I quit the camp! I quit the camp!"—"I hope," said Mr. Sheridan, "as the honourable gentleman has *quitted* the camp as a *deserter*, he will not return as a *spy*."

MDLIV.—ALWAYS THE BETTER.

A CAMBRIDGE tutor said to his pupil, "If you go over to Newmarket, beware of betting, for in nine cases out of ten it brings a man to ruin." "Sir," said the youth, "I must really differ from you ; so far from ever being the worse for it, I have invariably been *the better*."

MDLV.—A PUNGENT PINCH.

WHEN Curran was cross-examining Lundy Foot, the celebrated Irish tobacconist, he put a question at which Lundy hesitated a great deal : "Lundy," exclaimed Curran, "that's a poser—a deuce of a *pinch*, Lundy !"

MDLVI.—"OFF WITH HIS HEAD."

AN eminent painter, who had suffered, under the common malady of his profession, namely, to paint portraits for persons who neither paid for them nor took them away, sent word to an ugly customer who refused to pay, that he was in treaty for the picture with the landlord of the "*Saracen's Head*." It was paid for immediately.

MDLVII.—ON A GREAT TALKER.

To hear Dash by the hour blunder forth his vile prose,
Job himself scarcely patience could keep
He's so dull that each moment we're ready to doze,
Yet so noisy we can't go to sleep.

MDLVIII.—DRY HUMOUR.

AN Irish post-boy having driven a gentleman a long stage during torrents of rain, was asked if he was not very wet ? "Arrah ! I wouldn't care about being *very wet*, if I wasn't so *very dry*, your honour."

MDLIX.—CHANGE FOR A GUINEA.

THE beautiful Lady Coventry was exhibiting to Selwyn a splendid new dress, covered with large silver spangles, the size of a shilling, and inquired of him whether he admired her taste. "Why," he said, "you will be *change for a guinea*."

MDLX.—AS BLACK AS HE COULD BE PAINTED.

A LITTLE boy one day came running home, and said, "O father! I've just seen the blackest man that ever was!" "How black was he, my son?" "Oh, he was as black as black can be! why, father, charcoal would make a *white* mark on him!"

MDLXL.—A MAN AND A BROTHER.

HARRY WOODWARD, walking with a friend, met a most miserable object, who earnestly solicited their charity. On Woodward giving a few pence, his friend said, "I believe that fellow is an impostor." "He is either the most distressed man, or the best actor, I ever saw in my life," replied the comedian: "and as *either one or the other, he has a brotherly claim upon me.*"

MDLXII.—PULLING UP A POET.

A POET was once walking with T—, in the street, reciting some of his verses. T— perceiving, at a short distance, a man yawning, pointed him out to the poet, saying, "Not so loud, *he hears you.*"

MDLXIII.—AN HONOUR TO TIPPERARY.

A GENTLEMAN from Ireland, on entering a London tavern, saw a countryman of his, a Tipperary squire, sitting over his pint of wine in the coffee-room. "My dear fellow," said he, "what are you about? For the honour of Tipperary, don't be after sitting over a pint of wine in a house like this!" "Make yourself aisy, countryman," was the reply, "it's the *seventh* I have had, and every one in the room *knows it.*"

MDLXIV.—WITTY THANKSGIVING.

BARHAM having sent his friend, Sydney Smith, a brace of pheasants, the present was acknowledged in the following characteristic epistle: "Many thanks, my dear sir, for your kind present of game. If there is a pure and elevated pleasure in this world, it is that of roast pheasant and bread sauce; barn-door fowls for dissenters, but for the real churchman, the thirty-nine times articulated clerk, the pheasant, the pheasant.—Ever yours, S. S."

MDLXV.—A REASON FOR NOT MOVING.

THOMSON, the author of the "Seasons," was wonderfully indolent. A friend entered his room, and finding him in bed, although the day was far spent, asked him why he did not get up. "Man, I hae *nae motive*," replied the poet.

MDLXVI.—KILLED BY HIS OWN REMEDY.

THE surgeon of an English ship of war used to prescribe salt water for his patients in all disorders. Having sailed one evening on a party of pleasure, he happened by some mischance to be drowned. The captain, who had not heard of the disaster, asked one of the tars next day if he had heard anything of the doctor. "Yes," answered Jack: "he was drowned last night in his *own medicine chest*."

MDLXVII.—NOTHING SURPRISING.

ADMIRAL LEE, when only a post captain, being on board his ship one very rainy and stormy night, the officer of the watch came down to his cabin and cried, "Sir, the sheet-anchor is coming home." "Indeed," says the captain, "I think the sheet-anchor is perfectly in the *right* of it. I don't know what would *stay out* such a stormy night as this."

MDLXVIII.—RUNNING NO RISK.

"I'm very much surprised," quoth Harry,
"That Jane a gambler should marry."
"I'm not at all," her sister says,
"You know he has such *winning ways*!"

MDLXIX.—A HUMOURIST PIQUED.

THEODORE HOOK was relating to his friend, Charles Mathews, how, on one occasion, when supping in the company of Peake, the latter surreptitiously removed from his plate several slices of tongue; and, affecting to be very much annoyed by such practical joking, Hook concluded with the question, "Now, Charles, what would *you* do to anybody who treated you in such a manner?" "Do?" exclaimed Mathews, "if any man meddled with *my* tongue, I'd *lick* him!"

MDLXX.—NOT ROOM FOR A NEIGHBOUR.

A LANDED proprietor in the small county of Rutland became very intimate with the Duke of Argyle, to whom, in the plenitude of his friendship, he said: "How I wish your estate were in my county!" Upon which the duke replied: "I'm thinking, if it were, there would be no room for yours."

MDLXXI.—AN UNEXPECTED CANNONADE.

AT one of the annual dinners of the members of the Chapel Royal, a gentleman had been plaguing Edward Cannon with a somewhat dry disquisition on the noble art of fencing. Cannon for some time endured it with patience; but at length, on the man remarking that Sir George D— was a great fencer, Cannon, who disliked him, replied, "I don't know, sir, whether Sir George is a great fencer, but Sir George is a great fool!" A little startled, the other rejoined, "Possibly he is; but then, you know, a man may be both." "So I see, sir," said Cannon, turning away.

MDLXXII.—ON BUTLER'S MONUMENT.

WHILE Butler, needy wretch, was yet alive,
No generous patron would a dinner give.
See him, when starved to death and turn'd to dust,
Presented with a monumental bust.
The poet's fate is here in emblem shown—
He ask'd for bread, and he received a stone.

MDLXXIII.—A WORD IN SEASON.

MRS. POWELL the actress was at a court of assize when a young barrister, who rose to make his maiden speech, suddenly stopped short and could not proceed. The lady, feeling for his situation, cried out, as though he had been a young actor on his first appearance, "Somebody give him the word—somebody give him the word!"

MDLXXIV.—"GETTING THE WORST OF IT."

PORSON was once disputing with an acquaintance, who, getting the worst of it, said, "Professor, *my opinion* of you is most contemptible." "Sir," returned the great Grecian, "I never knew an *opinion* of yours that was *not contemptible*."

MDLXXV.—A SATISFACTORY EXPLANATION.

ONE of the curiosities some time since shown at a public exhibition, professed to be a skull of Oliver Cromwell. A gentleman present observed that it could not be Cromwell's, as he had a very large head, and this was a small skull. "Oh, I know all that," said the exhibitor, undisturbed, "but, you see, this was his skull when *he was a boy*."

MDLXXVI.—"I TAKES 'EM AS THEY COME."

A CANTAB, one day observing a *ragamuffin-looking* boy scratching his head at the door of Alderman Purchase, in Cambridge, where he was begging, and thinking to pass a joke upon him, said, "So, Jack, you are picking them out, are you?" "*Nah, sar*," retorted the urchin; "*I takes 'em as they come!*"

MDLXXVII.—A CLIMAX.

THE late Earl Dudley wound up an eloquent tribute to the virtues of a deceased Baron of the Exchequer with this pithy peroration:—"He was a good man, an excellent man. He had the best *melted butter* I ever tasted in my life."

MDLXXVIII.—BLANK CARTRIDGE.

EPIGRAM on the occasion of the duel between Tom Moore, the poet, and Francis Jeffrey:—

When Anacreon would fight, as the poets have said,
A reverse he displayed in his vapour,
For while all his poems were loaded with lead,
His pistols were loaded with paper.
For excuses, Anacreon old custom may thank,
Such a *salvo* he should not abuse;
For the cartridge, by rule, is always made blank,
Which is fired away at *Reviews*.

MDLXXIX.—SERMONS IN STONES.

THE Duke of Wellington having had his windows broken by the mob, continued to have boards before the windows of his house in Piccadilly. "Strange that the Duke will not renounce his political errors," said A'Beckett, "seeing that *no pains have been spared* to convince him of them."

MDLXXX.—EARLY HABITS.

THERE was in Wilkes' time a worthy person, who had risen from the condition of a bricklayer to be an alderman of London. Among other of his early habits, the civic dignity retained that of eating everything with his fingers. One day a choice bit of turbot having repeatedly escaped from his grasp, Wilkes, who witnessed the dilemma, whispered, "My lord, you had better take your *trowel* to it."

MDLXXXI.—LAW AND THE SCOTTISH THANE.

DURING the representation of "Macbeth," an eminent special pleader graced the boxes of Drury Lane Theatre, to see it performed. When the hero questions the *Witches*, as to what they are doing; they answer, "a deed without a name." Our counsellor, whose attention was at that moment directed more to Coke upon Littleton than to Shakspeare, catching, however, the words in the play, repeated, "A deed without a name! why, 'tis *void*."

MDLXXXII.—NOT TO BE BELIEVED.

THE following lines were addressed to a gentleman notoriously addicted to the vice which has been euphemistically described as "the postponement of the truth for the purposes of the moment:"

Whoe'er would learn a fact from you,
Must take you by contraries:
What you deny, *perhaps* is true;
But nothing that you *s wear* is.

MDLXXXIII.—A REASON FOR POLYGAMY.

AN Irishman was once brought up before a magistrate, charged with marrying six wives. The magistrate asked him how he could be so hardened a villain? "Please your worship," says Paddy, "I was just trying to *get a good one*."

MDLXXXIV.—BYRON LIBELLOUS.

THE conversation at Holland House turning on first love, Thomas Moore compared it to a potatoe, because "it shoots from the eyes." "Or rather," exclaimed Lord Byron, "because it becomes less by *pairing*."

MDLXXXV.—A TERRIBLE POSSIBILITY.

AN acquaintance remarked to Dr. Robert South, the celebrated preacher at the court of Charles the Second, "Ah! doctor, you are such a wit!" The doctor replied, "Don't make game of people's infirmities: *you*, sir, might have been born a wit!"

MDLXXXVI.—ATTIRED TO TIRE.

SIR JOSEPH JEKYLL wrote the following impromptu, on observing a certain serjeant, well known for his prosiness, bustling into the Court of King's Bench, where he was engaged in a case:

Behold the serjeant full of fire,
Long shall his hearers rue it;
His purple garments *came from Tyre*,
His arguments *go to it*.

MDLXXXVII.—A SMALL JOKE.

MR. DALE, who it would appear was a short stout man, had a person in his employment named Matthew, who was permitted that familiarity with his master which was so characteristic of the former generation. One winter day, Mr. Dale came into the counting-house, and complained that he had fallen on the ice. Matthew, who saw that his master was not much hurt, grinned a sarcastic smile. "I fell all my length," said Mr. Dale. "*Nae great length*, sir," said Matthew. "Indeed, Matthew, ye need not laugh," said Mr. Dale, "I have hurt the sma' of my back." "I wunner whaur *that* is," said Matthew.

MDLXXXVIII.—A VAIN THREAT.

"MR. BROWN, I owe you a grudge, remember that!"—"I shall not be frightened then, for I never knew you to *pay* anything that you owe."

MDLXXXIX.—POOR LAW.

"PRAY, my lord," asked a fashionable lady of Lord Kenyon, "what do you think my son had better do in order to succeed in the law?" "Let him spend all his money; marry a rich wife, and spend all hers; and when he has *not got a shilling* in the world, let him attack the law." Such was the advice of an old Chief Justice.

MDXC.—CAUSE AND EFFECT.

IT is too true that there are many patriots, who, while they bleat about the "*cause of liberty*," act in so interested a manner that they are evidently looking more after the *effects*.

MDXCL.—A FAIR DISTRIBUTION.

WHEN the British ships under Lord Nelson were bearing down to attack the combined fleet off Trafalgar, the first lieutenant of the "*Revenge*," on going round to see that all hands were at quarters, observed one of the men—an Irishman—devoutly kneeling at the side of his gun. So very unusual an attitude exciting his surprise and curiosity, he asked the man if he was afraid. "*Afraid*," answered the tar, "no, your honour; I was only praying that the enemy's shot may be distributed in the same proportion as the *prize-money*—the greatest part *among the officers*."

MDXCII.—SOMETHING SHARP.

WHEN we heard —— say a thing of some acidity the other night in the House of Commons, the hon. member reminded us of a calf's head with a lemon in it.—G. A'B.

MDXCIII.—AN AFFECTIONATE HINT.

A NAMESAKE of Charles Fox having been hung at Tyburn, the latter inquired of George Selwyn whether he had attended the execution? "No," was his reply, "I make a point of never attending *rehearsals*!"

MDXCIV.—A SIMILE.

VANE's speeches to an hour-glass,
Do some resemblance show;
Because the longer time they run
The shallower they grow!

MDXCV.—A WIDE DIFFERENCE.

ROWLAND HILL rode a great deal, and exercise preserved him in vigorous health. On one occasion, when asked by a medical friend what physician and apothecary he employed, to be always so well, he replied, "My physician has always been a *horse*, and my apothecary an *ass*!"

MDXCVI.—ASPIRING POVERTY.

A ROMAN Catholic prelate requested Pugin, the architect, to furnish designs, etc., for a new church. It was to be "*very large, very handsome, and very cheap*;" the parties purposing to erect being "very poor; in fact, having only £——." "Say *thirty shillings* more," replied the astonished architect, "and have a tower and spire at once!"

MDXCVII.—A TENDER SUGGESTION.

A BEGGAR in Dublin had been long besieging an old, gouty, testy gentleman, who roughly refused to relieve him. The mendicant civilly replied, "I wish your honour's *heart was as tender as your toes*."

MDXCVIII.—SUDDEN FREEDOM.

A NATION grown free in a single day is a child born with the limbs and the vigour of a man, who would take a drawn sword for his rattle, and set the house in a blaze, that he might chuckle over the splendour.—S.S.

MDXCIX.—EPIGRAM.

THY flattering picture, Phryne, 's like to thee
Only in this, that you both painted be.

MDC.—ANSWERING HER ACCORDING TO HER FOLLY.

A LADY having put to Canning the silly question, "Why have they made the spaces in the iron gate at Spring Gardens so narrow?" he replied, "Oh, ma'am, because such *very fat people used to go through*" (a reply concerning which Tom Moore remarked that "the person who does not relish it can have no perception of real wit").

MDCI.—THE SUN IN HIS EYE.

LORD PLUNKETT had a son in the Church at the time the Tithe Corporation Act was passed, and warmly supported the measure. Some one observed, "I wonder how it is that so sensible a man as Plunkett *cannot see* the imperfections in the Tithe Corporation Act!" "Pooh! pooh!" said Norbury, "the reason's plain enough; he has *the sun (son) in his eye*."

MDCII.—A BRIGHT REJOINER.

AN Englishman paying an Irish shoeblack with rudeness, the "dirty urchin" said, "My honey, all the *polish* you have is upon your boots, and I gave you that."

MDCIII.—WELL TURNED.

ON the formation of the Grenville administration, Bushe, who had the reputation of a waverer, apologised one day for his absence from court, on the ground that he was *cabinet-making*. The chancellor maliciously disclosed the excuse on his return. "Oh! indeed, my lord, that is an occupation in which my friend would distance me, as I was never a *turner* or a *joiner*."

MDCIV.—A QUICK LIE.

A CONCEITED coxcomb, with a very patronising air, called out to an Irish labourer,—“Here, you bogtrotter, come and tell me the greatest lie you can, and I’ll treat you to a jug of whisky - punch.” “By my word,” said Pat, “an’ ye honour’s a *gentleman*!”

MDCV.—A MERRY THOUGHT.

THEY cannot be complete in aught
Who are not humourously prone;
A man without a merry thought
Can hardly have a funny bone.

MDCVI.—AN IMPUDENT WIT.

HOOKE one day walking in the Strand with a friend, had his attention directed to a very pompous gentleman, who strutted along as if the street were his own. Instantly leaving his companion, Hook went up to the stranger and said, “I beg your pardon, sir, but pray may I ask—*are you anybody in particular?*” Before the astonished magnifico could collect himself so as to reply practically or otherwise to the query, Hook had passed on.

MDCVII.—WEARING AWAY.

A SCHOOLMASTER said of himself: “I am like a *hone*, I sharpen a number of *blades*, but I wear myself in doing it.”

MDCVIII.—A PERTINENT QUESTION.

JUDGE JEFFREYS, of notorious memory (pointing with his cane to a man who was about to be tried), said, "There is a great rogue at the end of my cane." The man pointed at, inquired, "*At which end, my lord?*"

MDCIX.—A BASE JOKE.

A GENTLEMAN one day observed to Henry Erskine, that punning was the *lowest* of wit. "It is," answered Erskine, "and therefore the *foundation* of all wit."

MDCX.—A WIDE-AWAKE MINISTER.

LORD NORTH'S good humour and readiness were of admirable service to him when the invectives of his opponents would have discomfited a graver minister. He frequently indulged in a real or seeming slumber. On one occasion, an opposition debater, supposing him to be napping, exclaimed, "Even now, in these perils, the noble lord is asleep!" "I wish *I was*," suddenly interposed the weary minister.

MDCXI.—ON CARDINAL WOLSEY.

BEGOT by butchers, but by bishops bred,
How high his honour holds his haughty head!

MDCXII.—NOT FINDING HIMSELF.

"How do you find yourself to-day," said an old friend to Jack Reeve, as he met him going in dinner costume to the city. "Thank you," he replied, "the Lord Mayor *finds me* to-day."

MDCXIII.—A WITTY PROPOSITION.

SHERIDAN, being on a parliamentary committee, one day entered the room as all the members were seated and ready to commence business. Perceiving no empty seat, he bowed, and looking round the table with a droll expression of countenance, said:—"Will any gentleman *move* that I may take the *chair?*"

MDCXIV.—A WARM MAN.

A MAN with a scolding wife, being asked what his occupation was, replied that he kept a *hot-house*.

MDCXV.—LONG AGO.

A LADY, who was very submissive and modest before marriage, was observed by a friend to use her tongue pretty freely after. "There was a time," he remarked, "when I almost imagined she had *no tongue*." "Yes," said the husband, with a sigh, "but it's very *very long* since!"

MDCXVI.—AN UNLIKELY RESULT.

WHEN Sir Thomas More was brought a prisoner to the Tower, the lieutenant, who had formerly received many favours from him, offered him "*suche poore cheere*" as he had; to which the ex-chancellor replied, "Assure yourself, master lieutenant, I do not mislike my cheer; but whensoever so I do, *then thrust me out of your doors*."

MDCXVII.—POLITICAL LOGIC.

IF two decided negatives will make
Together one affirmative, let's take
P—t's and L—t's, each a rogue *per se*,
Who by this rule an honest pair will be.

MDCXVIII.—A WISE DECISION.

A GENTLEMAN going to take water at Whitehall stairs, cried out, as he came near the place, "Who can swim?" "I, master," said forty bawling mouths; when the gentleman observing one slinking away, called after him; but the fellow turning about, said, "Sir, I cannot swim." "Then you are my man," said the gentleman, "for you will at least *take care of me for your own sake*."

MDCXIX.—A POINT NEEDING TO BE SETTLED.

A SCOTTISH minister being one day engaged in visiting some members of his flock, came to the door of a house where his gentle tapping could not be heard for the noise of contention within. After waiting a little he opened the door and walked in, saying, with an authoritative voice, "I should like to know who is the head of this house?" "Weel, sir," said the husband and father, "if ye sit doon a wee, we'll maybe be able to tell ye, for we're *just trying to settle that point*."

MDCXX.—A POOR LAUGH.

CURRAN was just rising to cross-examine a witness before a judge who was familiar with the dry-as-dust black-letter law books, but could never comprehend a jest, when the witness began to laugh before the learned counsel had asked him a question. "What are you laughing at, friend," said Curran, "what are you laughing at? Let me tell you that a laugh without a joke is like—is like—" "Like what? Mr. Curran," asked the judge, imagining he was at fault. "Just exactly, my lord, like a *contingent remainder* without any particular *estate* to support it."

MDCXXI.—AN ANTICIPATED CALAMITY.

ON the departure of Bishop Selwyn for his diocese, New Zealand, Sydney Smith, when taking his leave of him, said: "Good-bye, my dear Selwyn; I hope you will not *disagree* with the man who eats you!"

MDCXXII.—MATRIMONY.

"My dear, what makes you always yawn?"
The wife exclaimed, her temper gone,
"Is home so dull and dreary?"
"Not so, my love," he said, "not so;
But man and wife are *one*, you know;
And when *alone* I'm weary!"

MDCXXIII.—DRY, BUT NOT THIRSTY.

CURRAN, conversing with Sir Thomas Turton, happened to remark that he could never speak in public for a quarter of an hour without moistening his lips; to which Sir Thomas replied that, in that respect, he had the advantage of him: "I spoke," said he, "the other night in the House of Commons for five hours, on the Nabob of Oude, and never felt in the least thirsty." "It is very remarkable indeed," rejoined Curran, "for every one agrees that was the *driest* speech of the session."

MDCXXIV.—SHAKSPERIAN GROG.

As for the brandy, "nothing extenuate,"—and the water, "put nought in, in malice,"

MDCXXV.—A JURY CASE.

CURRAN, speaking of his loss of business in the Court of Chancery caused by Lord Clare's hostility to him, and of the consequent necessity of resuming *nisi prius* business, said: "I had been under full sail to fortune; but the tempest came, and nearly wrecked me, and ever since I have been only bearing up under *jury-masts*."

MDCXXVI.—SOMETHING TO BE GRATEFUL FOR.

LORD ALVANLEY, after his duel with young O'Connell, gave a guinea to the hackney-coachman who had driven him to and from the scene of the encounter. The man, surprised at the largeness of the sum, said, "My lord, I only took you to—" Alvanley interrupted him with, "My friend, the guinea is for *bringing me back*, not for taking me out."

MDCXXVII.—"THE RULING PASSION STRONG IN DEATH."

A DYING miser sent for his solicitor, and said, "Now begin, and I will dictate particulars." "I give and I bequeath," commenced the man of law. "No, no," interrupted the testator; "I do nothing of the kind; I will never give or bequeath anything; I cannot do it." "Well, then," suggested the attorney, after some consideration, "suppose you say, 'I *lend*, until the last day?'" "Yes, yes, *that will do*," eagerly rejoined the miser.

MDCXXVIII.—AN ENDLESS TASK.

Who seeks to please all men each way,
And not himself offend,
He may begin his work to-day,
But who knows when he'll end?

MDCXXIX.—PROFESSIONAL RECOGNITION.

MISS KELLY standing one day in the street, enjoying the vagaries of Punch with the rest of the crowd, the showman came up to her and solicited a contribution. She was not very ready in answering the demand, when the fellow, taking care to make her understand that he knew who she was, exclaimed, "Ah! it's all over with the *drama*, if we don't encourage one another."

MDCXXX.—A CELESTIAL VISION.

QUIN, being asked by a lady why there were more women in the world than men, replied, "It is in conformity with the other arrangements of Nature, madam ; we always see more of *heaven than earth*."

MDCXXXI.—DESTITUTION OF THE SMITH FAMILY.

ONE morning a pompous little man called upon Sydney Smith, saying that, being about to compile a history of distinguished families in Somersetshire, he had called to obtain the Smith *arms*. "I regret, sir," said the reverend wit, "not to be able to contribute to so valuable a work ; but *the Smiths* never had any *arms*, and have invariably sealed their letters with their *thumbs*."

MDCXXXII.—UNCIVIL WARNING.

A CELEBRATED professor, dining in company with a gaudy, discordant, and silly chatterer, was asked to help her to the usual concomitant of boiled fowl. As he did so, he abstractedly murmured, "Parsley—*fatal to parrots*."

MDCXXXIII.—AN INEVITABLE MISFORTUNE.

WHEN Boswell was first introduced to Dr. Johnson, he apologised to him for being a Scotchman. "I find," said he, "that I am come to London at a bad time, when great popular prejudice has gone forth against us North Britons ; but when I am talking to you, I am talking to a large and liberal mind, and you know that I cannot *help coming from Scotland*." "Sir," replied the doctor, archly, "*no more* can the rest of your countrymen."

MDCXXXIV.—DONE FOR.

TWO gentlemen were lately examining the breast of a plough on a stall in a market-place. "I'll bet you a crown," said one, "you don't know what it's for." "Done," said the other. "*It is for sale*." The bet was paid.

MDCXXXV.—A PROBLEM FOR TOTAL ABSTAINERS.

THOMAS HOOD says: "Puny draughts can hardly be called drinking. *Pints* cannot be deemed *potations*."

MDCXXXVI.—THE DOG TAX.

BROWN drops in. Brown is said to be the toady of Jones. When Jones has the influenza, Brown dutifully catches cold in the head. Douglas Jerrold remarked to Brown, "Have you heard the rumour that's flying about town?" "No." "Well, they say that Jones *pays the dog-tax for you.*"

MDCXXXVII.—A PUN WITH AN IRISH ACCENT.

HODD described a good church minister as "*piety parsonified.*"

MDCXXXVIII.—A NEW WAY WITH ATTORNEYS.

ONE day a simple farmer, who had just buried a rich relation, an attorney, was complaining of the great expense of a funeral cavalcade in the country. "Why, do you bury your attorneys here?" asked Foote. "Yes, to be sure we do: how else?" "Oh, we never do that in London." "No!" said the other, much surprised; "how do you manage, then?" "Why, when the patient happens to die, we lay him out in a room overnight by himself, lock the door, throw open the window, and in the morning he is gone." "Indeed!" exclaimed the farmer, with amazement; "what becomes of him?" "Why, that we cannot exactly tell; all we know is, there's a *strong smell of brimstone in the room the next morning.*"

MDCXXXIX.—THE DOUBT EXPLAINED.

A MAN with a very short nose was continually ridiculing another, whose nose was remarkably long. The latter said to him one day, "You are always making observations upon my nose; perhaps you think it was made at the *expense* of yours."

MDCXL.—A YORKSHIRE BULL.

A YORKSHIRE clergyman, preaching for the Blind Asylum, began by gravely remarking: "If all the world were blind, what a melancholy *sight* it would be!"

MDCXLI.—A ONE-SIDED JOKE.

A LADY requested her husband's permission to wear *rouge*. "I can give you permission, my dear," he replied, "only for *one* cheek."

MDCXLII.—TWO CURES FOR AGUE.

BISHOP BLOMFIELD, when presiding over the diocese of London, had occasion to call the attention of the Essex incumbents to the necessity of residing in their parishes; and he reminded them that curates were, after all, of the same flesh and blood as rectors, and that the residence which was possible for the one, could not be quite impossible for the other. "Besides," added he, "there are two well-known preservatives against ague: the one is, a *good deal of care* and a *little port wine*; the other, a *little care* and a *good deal of port wine*. I prefer the former; but if any of the clergy prefer the *latter*, it is at all events a remedy which incumbents can afford better than curates."

MDCXLIII.—A QUESTION OF DESCENT.

A YORKSHIRE nobleman, who was fond of boasting of his Norman descent, said to one of his tenants, whom he thought was not addressing him with proper respect: "Do you know, fellow, that my ancestors came over with William the Conqueror." "And, perhaps," retorted the sturdy Saxon, "they *found mine here* when they *comed*."

MDCXLIV.—PLEASANT FOR A FATHER.

A LAIRD'S eldest son was rather a simpleton. Laird says, "I am going to send the young laird abroad." "What for?" asks the tenant. Laird answered, "To see the world." Tenant replied, "But lordsake, laird, will no the world see *him*?"

MDCXLV.—A RULE OF PRACTICE.

IT was said of a Bath physician, that he could not prescribe even for himself without a *fee*, and therefore, when unwell, he took a guinea out of one pocket and put it *into the other*.

MDCXLVI.—WITS AGREEING.

WHEN Foote was one day lamenting his growing old, a *pert* young fellow asked him what he would give to be as *young* as he. "I would be content," cried Foote, "to be as *foolish*."—Jerrold made a similar reply to an empty-headed fellow who boasted of never being seasick. "Never!" said Douglas; "then I'd almost have your head with your stomach."

MDCXLVII.—LITERARY PASTIME.

ONCE a gentleman, who had the marvellous gift of shaping a great many things out of orange-peel, was displaying his abilities at a dinner party before Theodore Hook and Mr. Thomas Hill, and succeeded in counterfeiting a pig. Mr. Hill tried the same feat; and, after destroying and strewing the table with the peel of a dozen oranges, gave it up, with the exclamation, "Hang the pig! I *can't* make him." "Nay, Hill," exclaimed Hook, glancing at the mess on the table, "you have done more; instead of one pig, you have made a *litter*."

MDCXLVIII.—A FREE TRANSLATION.

MANNERS, who had himself but lately been made Earl of Rutland, told Sir Thomas More "he was too much elated with his preferment; that he verified the old proverb, 'Honores mutant mores.'"—"No, my lord," said Sir Thomas, "the pun will do much better in English, 'Honours *change* Manners.'"

MDCXLIX.—AN EQUIVOCAL PREFERENCE.

A GENTLEMAN was describing to Douglas Jerrold the story of his courtship and marriage—how his wife had been brought up in a convent, and was on the point of taking the veil, when his presence burst upon her enraptured sight, and she accepted him as her husband. Jerrold listened to the end of the story, and then quietly remarked, "Ah! she evidently thought you better than *nun*."

MDCL.—RECIPROCAL ACTION.

A VERY fat man, for the purpose of quizzing his doctor, asked him to prescribe for a complaint, which he declared was sleeping with his mouth open. "Sir," said the doctor, "your disease is incurable. Your skin is *too short*, so that when you shut your eyes your mouth opens."

MDCLI.—ACRES AND WISEACRES.

A WEALTHY but weak-headed barrister once remarked to Curran, that "No one should be admitted to the Bar who had not an independent landed property." "May I ask, sir," replied Curran, "how many acres make a *wise-acre*?"

MDCLII.—AN UNEQUAL ARRANGEMENT.

TWO young Irishmen, wishing to live cheaply, and to divide their expenses, agreed the one to *board*, and the other to *lodge*.

MDCLIII.—A REASON FOR BEING TOO LATE.

CANNING and another gentleman were looking at a picture of the Deluge: the ark was in the middle distance; in the fore-sea an elephant was seen struggling with his fate. "I wonder," said the gentleman, "that the elephant did not secure an *inside* place." "He was too late, my friend," replied Canning; "he was detained *packing up his trunk*."

MDCLIV.—COOL AS A CUCUMBER.

SOME one was mentioning in Lamb's presence the cold-heartedness of the Duke of Cumberland, in restraining the duchess from rushing up to the embrace of her son, whom she had not seen for a considerable time, and insisting on her receiving him in state. "How horribly *cold* it was," said the narrator. "Yes," replied Lamb, in his stuttering way; "but you know he is the Duke of *Cu-cum-ber-land*."

MDCLV.—AN AMPLE APOLOGY.

A CLERGYMAN at Cambridge preached a sermon which one of his auditors commended. "Yes," said the gentleman to whom it was mentioned, "it was a good sermon, but he stole it." This was repeated to the preacher, who resented it, and called on the gentleman to retract. "I will," replied the aggressor. "I said you had stolen the sermon. I find I was wrong, for on referring to the book whence I thought it was taken, *I found it there*."

MDCLVI.—FUNERAL INVITATION.

SIR BOYLE ROACH had a servant who was as great an original as his master. Two days after the death of the baronet, this man waited upon a gentleman, who had been a most intimate friend of Sir Boyle, for the purpose of telling him that the time at which the funeral was to have taken place had been changed. "Sir," says he, "my master *sends his compliments* to you, and he won't be buried till to-morrow evening."

MDCLVII.—A SUPERFLUOUS SCRAPER.

FOOTE, being annoyed by a poor fiddler straining harsh discord under his window, sent him out a shilling, with a request that he would play elsewhere, as *one scraper at the door* was sufficient.

MDCLVIII.—COMPARATIVE VIRTUE.

A SHOPKEEPER at Doncaster had for his virtues obtained the name of the *little rascal*. A stranger asked him why this appellation had been given to him. "To distinguish me from the rest of my trade," quoth he, "who are all *great rascals*."

MDCLIX.—GARTH AND ROWE.

DOCTOR GARTH, who used frequently to go to the Wit's Coffee House, the Cocoa-Tree, in St. James's Street, was sitting there one morning conversing with two persons of rank, when Rowe, the poet, who was seldom very attentive to his dress and appearance, but still insufferably vain of being noticed by persons of consequence, entered. Placing himself in a box nearly opposite to that in which the doctor sat, he looked constantly round with a view of catching his eye; but not succeeding, he desired the waiter to ask him for his snuff-box, which he knew to be a valuable one, set with diamonds, and the present of some foreign prince. After taking a pinch, he returned the box, but asked for it again so repeatedly, that Garth, who knew him well, perceived the drift, and taking from his pocket a pencil, wrote on the lid the two Greek characters, ϕ ρ (phi, rho) *Fie! Rowe!* The poet was so mortified, that he quitted the room immediately.

MDCLX.—A SECRET DISCOVERED.

'Tis clear why Twister, wretched rat,
Always abuses in his chatter:
He's truly such a thorough *flat*,
We can't expect to see him *flatter*.

MDCLXI.—INTERESTED INQUIRY.

AN attorney-general politely inquired after the health of a distinguished judge. "Mr. Attorney," was the reply, "*I am in horrible good health at present.*"

MDCLXII.—A BEARABLE PUN.

AN illiterate vendor of beer wrote over his door at Harrogate, "*Bear* sold here." "He spells the word quite correctly," said Theodore Hook, "if he means to apprise us that the article is his own *Bruin*."

MDCLXIII.—CITY GLUTTON.

THE celebrated John Wilkes attended a City dinner not long after his promotion to city honours. Among the guests was a noisy vulgar deputy, a great glutton, who, on his entering the dinner-room, always with great deliberation took off his wig, suspended it on a pin, and with due solemnity put on a white cotton nightcap. Wilkes, who certainly was a high-bred man, and never accustomed to similar exhibitions, could not take his eyes from so strange and novel a picture. At length the deputy, with unblushing familiarity, walked up to Wilkes, and asked him whether he did not think that his nightcap became him. "Oh, yes, sir," replied Wilkes, "but it would look much better if it was pulled quite *over* your face."

MDCLXIV.—A PRETTY REPLY.

LORD MELBOURNE, inspecting the kitchen of the Reform Club, jocosely remarked to Alexis Soyer, *chef de cuisine*, that his female assistants were all very pretty. "Yes, my lord," replied Soyer; "*plain* cooks will not do here."

MDCLXV.—A CONVENIENT THEORY.

AT charity meetings, one Mould always volunteered to go round with the hat, but was suspected of sparing his own pocket. Overhearing one day a hint to that effect, he made the following speech: "Other gentlemen puts down what they thinks proper, and so does I. Charity's a private concern, and what I gives is *nothing to nobody*."

MDCLXVI.—BUT ONE GOOD TRANSLATION.

DRYDEN's translation of Virgil being commended by a right reverend bishop, Lord Chesterfield said, "The original is indeed excellent; but everything suffers by a *translation*—except a *bishop*!"

MDCLXVII.—PHILIP, EARL OF STANHOPE.

PHILIP, Earl of Stanhope, whose dress always corresponded with the simplicity of his manners, was once prevented from going into the House of Peers by a doorkeeper who was unacquainted with his person. Lord Stanhope was resolved to get into the House without explaining who he was; and the doorkeeper, equally determined on his part, said to him, "Honest man, you have no business here. *Honest man, you can have no business in this place.*" "I believe," rejoined his lordship, "you are right; *honest men* can have no business here."

MDCLXVIII.—RIGID IMPARTIALITY.

SYDNEY SMITH, calling one day upon a fellow contributor to the *Edinburgh Review*, found him reading a book preparatory to writing an account of it, and expostulated with him. "Why, how do you manage?" asked his friend. "I never," said the wit, "read a book *before* reviewing it; *it prejudices one so.*"

MDCLXIX.—WHITBREAD'S ENTIRE.

ON the approach of the election at Westminster, when Earl Percy was returned, Mr. Denis O'Brien, the agent of Mr. Sheridan, said, that "there were thousands in Westminster who would sooner vote for the Duke of Northumberland's porter, than give their support to a man of talent and probity, like Mr. Sheridan." Mr. Whitbread, alarmed for the interests of Mr. S. by the intemperate language of his agent, wished him to take some public notice of it in the way of censure; but Sheridan only observed, "that to be sure his friend O'Brien was wrong and intemperate, as far as related to the Duke of Northumberland's porter; though he had no doubt there were thousands in Westminster who would give the preference to Mr. Whitbread's *entire.*"

MDCLXX.—A FOOL AND HIS MONEY.

A YOUNG spendthrift being apprised that he had given a shilling when sixpence would have been enough, remarked that "He knew no difference between a *shilling* and *sixpence.*" "But you will, young gentleman," an old economist replied, "when you come to be *worth eighteen-pence.*"

MDCLXXI.—A GRIM JOKE.

DANIEL DEFOE said there was only this difference between the fates of Charles the First and his son James the Second—that the former's was a *wet* martyrdom, and the other's a *dry one*.

MDCLXXII.—INSURANCE ASSURANCE.

THE collector in a country church, where a brief was read for a sufferer from fire, flattered himself that he had been unusually successful in the collection, as he fancied he saw an agent to one of the fire-offices put a note into the box. On examining the contents, however, he found that the note had not issued from any bank, but merely bore these admonitory words, "Let them *insure*, as they wish to be saved."

MDCLXXIII.—GENUINE LAZINESS.

A YOUNG farmer, inspecting his father's concerns in the time of hay-harvest, found a body of the mowers asleep, when they should have been at work. "What is this?" cried the youth; "why, me, you are so indolent, that I would give a crown to know which is the most lazy of you." "I am he," cried the one nearest to him, still stretching himself at his ease. "Here, then," said the youth, holding out the money. "Oh, Master George," said the fellow, folding his arms, "do pray take the trouble of *putting it into my pocket* for me."

MDCLXXIV.—CUTTING.

A COUNTRY editor thinks that Richelieu, who declared that "The pen was mightier than the sword," ought to have spoken a good word for the "scissors." Jerrold called scissors "an editor's steel-pen."

MDCLXXV.—GONE OUT.

A PERSON calling one day on a gentleman at the west end of the town, where his visits were more frequent than welcome, was told by the servant that her master had gone out. "Oh, well, never mind, I'll speak to your mistress." "She's also gone out, sir." The gentleman, not willing to be denied admission, said, as it was a cold day, he would step in, and sit down by the fire a few minutes." "Ah! sir, but it is *gone out* too," replied the girl.

MDCLXXVI.—A GOOD JUDGE.

"HONESTY is the best policy," said a Scotchman.—"I know it, my friend, for *I have tried baith.*"

MDCLXXVII.—MR. CHARLES YORKE.

WHEN Mr. Charles Yorke was returned a member for the University of Cambridge, about the year 1770, he went round the Senate to thank those who had voted for him. Among the number was a Mr. P., who was proverbial for having the largest and most hideous face that ever was seen. Mr. Yorke, in thanking him, said, "Sir, I have great reason to be thankful to my friends in general, but confess myself under a particular obligation to *you* for the *very remarkable countenance* you have *shown* me upon this occasion."

MDCLXXVIII.—THE SALIC LAW

Is a most sensible and valuable law, banishing gallantry and chivalry from Cabinets, and preventing the amiable antics of grave statesmen.

MDCLXXIX.—CHARLES JAMES FOX.

AFTER Byron's engagement in the West Indies, there was a great clamour about the badness of the ammunition. Soon after this, Mr. Fox had a duel with Mr. Adam. On receiving that gentleman's ball, and finding that it had made but little impression, he exclaimed, "Egad, Adam, it had been all over with me, if you had not charged with *government powder!*"

MDLXXX.—PREFERMENT,

AMONG the daily inquirers after the health of an aged Bishop of D——m, during his indisposition, no one was more sedulously punctual than the Bishop of E——r; and the invalid seemed to think that other motives than those of anxious kindness might contribute to this solicitude. One morning he ordered the messenger to be shown into his room, and thus addressed him: "Be so good as present my compliments to my Lord Bishop, and tell him that I am better, much better; but that the Bishop of W——r has got a sore throat, arising from a bad cold, *if that will do.*"

MDCLXXXI.—COMPLIMENTARY.

A GENTLEMAN, dining at an hotel, was annoyed by a stupid waiter continually coming hovering round the table, and desired him to retire. "Excuse me, sir," said Napkin, drawing himself up, "but I'm *responsible* for the silver."

MDCLXXXII.—DR. DONNE.

DR. DONNE, the Dean of St. Paul's, having married a lady of a rich and noble family without the consent of the parents, was treated with great asperity. Having been told by the father that he was to expect no money from him, the doctor went home and wrote the following note to him: "John Donne, Anne Donne, *undone*." This quibble had the desired effect, and the distressed couple were restored to favour.

MDCLXXXIII.—VULGARITY.

SIR WALTER SCOTT once happening to hear his daughter Anne say of something, that it was *vulgar*, gave the young lady the following temperate rebuke: "My love, you speak like a very young lady; do you know, after all, the meaning of this word *vulgar*? 'Tis only *common*; nothing that is common, except wickedness, can deserve to be spoken of in a tone of contempt; and when you have lived to my years, you will be disposed to agree with me in thanking God that nothing really worth having or caring about in this world is *uncommon*."

MDCLXXXIV.—AN EXPENSIVE JOB.

A GENTLEMAN passing a country church while under repair, observed to one of the workmen, that he thought it would be an expensive job. "Why, yes," replied he; "but in my opinion we shall accomplish what our reverend divine has endeavoured to do, for the last thirty years, in vain." "What is that?" said the gentleman. "Why, bring all the parish to *repentance*."

MDCLXXXV.—PROSINESS,

A PROSY old gentleman meeting Jerrold, related a long, limp account of a stupid practical joke, concluding with the information that "he really thought he should have *died* with laughter." "I wish to heaven you had," was Jerrold's reply.

MDCLXXXVI.—A PLEASANT MESSAGE.

MR. BARTLEMAN, a celebrated bass-singer, was taken ill, just before the commencement of the musical festival at Gloucester; another basso was applied to, at a short notice, who attended, and acquitted himself to the satisfaction of everybody. When he called on the organist to be paid, the latter thanked him most cordially for the noble manner in which he had sung; and concluded with the following very complimentary and pleasant message:—"When you see poor Bartleman, give my best regards to him; and tell him how much we missed him during the festival!"

MDCLXXXVII.—EXISTENCE OF MATTER.

AS Berkeley, the celebrated author of the Immaterial Theory, was one morning musing in the cloisters of Dublin College, an acquaintance came up to him, and, seeing him rapt in contemplation, hit him a smart rap on the shoulder with his cane. The dean starting, called out, "*What's the matter?*" His acquaintance, looking him steadily in the face, replied, "*No matter, Berkeley.*"

MDCLXXXVIII.—A SAUCY ANSWER.

A BARRISTER, attempting to browbeat a female witness, told her she had *brass* enough to make a saucepan. The woman retorted, "And you have *sauce* enough to fill it."

MDCLXXXIX.—QUAINT EPITAPH.

DOCTOR FULLER having requested one of his companions to make an epitaph for him, received the following:—

"*Here lies Fuller's earth!*"

MDCXC.—AN INHOSPITABLE IRISHMAN.

SIR BOYLE ROACH, the droll of the Irish bar, sent an amusingly equivocal invitation to an Irish nobleman of his acquaintance: "I hope, my lord, if ever you come within a mile of my house, that you'll *stay there all night.*" When he was suffering from an attack of gout, he thus rebuked his shoemaker: "Oh! you're a precious blockhead to do directly the reverse of what I desired you. I told you to make one of the shoes *larger* than the other, and instead of that you have made one of them *smaller* than the other!"

MDCXCI.—GOOD ENOUGH FOR A PIG.

AN Irish peasant being asked why he permitted his pig to take up its quarters with his family, made an answer, abounding with satirical *naïveté*: "Why not? Doesn't the place afford every convenience that *a pig can require?*"

MDCXCII.—FARCICAL.

IN Bannister's time, a farce was performed under the title of "*Fire and Water.*" "I predict its fate," said he. "What fate?" whispered the anxious author at his side. "What fate!" said Bannister; "why, what can fire and water produce but *a hiss?*"

MDCXCIII.—TOO MUCH AT ONCE.

LORD CHESTERFIELD one day, at an inn where he dined, complained very much that the plates and dishes were very dirty. The waiter, with a degree of pertness, observed, "It is said every one must *eat a peck of dirt* before he dies."—"That may be true," said Chesterfield, "but no one is obliged to eat it all *at one meal*, you dirty dog."

MDCXCIV.—EPIGRAM.

(On Bishop ——'s Religion.)

THOUGH not a Catholic, his lordship has,
'Tis plain, strong disposition to a-mass (a mass).

MDCXCV.—POSSIBLE CENSORS.

DR. CADOGAN was boasting of the eminence of his profession, and spoke loudly against the injustice of the world, which was so satirical against it; "but," he added, "I have escaped, for no one complains of me."—"That is more than you can tell, doctor," said a lady who was present, "unless you know what people *say in 'he other world.'*"

MDCXCVI.—A CONNUBIAL COMPLIMENT.

A LADY, walking with her husband at the sea-side, inquired of him the difference between *exportation* and *transportation*. "Why, my dear," he replied, "if you were on board yonder vessel, leaving England, you would be *exported*, and I should be *transported!*"

MDCXCVII.—DOUBLE SIGHT.

A MAN with one eye laid a wager with another man, that he (the one-eyed person) saw more than the other. The wager was accepted. "You have lost," says the first; "I can see the *two* eyes in your face, and you can see only *one* in mine."

MDCXCVIII.—WITTY AT HIS OWN EXPENSE.

SHERIDAN was once asked by a gentleman: "How is it that your name has not an O prefixed to it? Your family is Irish, and no doubt illustrious."—"No family," replied Sheridan, "has a better right to an O than our family; for, in truth, we *owe* everybody."

MDCXCIX.—A CONVERSATIONAL EPIGRAM.

SAID Bluster to Whimple, "You juvenile fool,
Get out of my way, do you hear?"

Said Whimple, "A fool did you say? by that rule
I'm much *in your way* as I fear."

MDCC.—A PREVIOUS ENGAGEMENT.

THE late Lord Dudley and Ward was one of the most absent of men. Meeting Sydney Smith one day in the street, he invited him to meet himself! "Dine with me to-day—dine with me to-day—I will get Sydney Smith to meet you." The witty canon admitted the temptation held out to him, but said, "*he was engaged with him elsewhere.*"

MDCCI.—A ROYAL JEST.

A CAPTAIN, remarkable for his uncommon height, being one day at the rooms at Bath, the late Princess Amelia was struck with his appearance; and being told that he had been originally intended for the Church, "Rather for the *steeple*," replied the royal humourist.

MDCCII.—EXTREMELY SULPHUROUS.

LORD CHESTERFIELD, being told that a certain termagant and scold was married to a gamester, replied, "that *cards and brimstone* made the best matches."

MDCCIII.—A JOKE FROM THE NORTH.

THE reigning bore at one time in Edinburgh was Professor L—; his favourite subject the *North Pole*. One day the arch tormentor met Jeffrey in a narrow lane, and began instantly on the North Pole. Jeffrey, in despair, and out of all patience, darted past him, exclaiming, "Hang the North Pole!" Sydney Smith met Mr. L— shortly after, boiling over with indignation at Jeffrey's contempt of the North Pole "Oh! my dear fellow," said Sydney, "never mind; no one minds what Jeffrey says, you know: he is a privileged person,—he respects nothing, absolutely nothing. Why, you will scarcely credit it, but it is not more than a week ago that I heard him speak disrespectfully of the *Equator*."

MDCCIV.—MULTIPLYING ONE.

SYDNEY SMITH once said: "I remember entering a room with glass all round it at the French embassy, and saw myself reflected on every side. I took it for a *meeting of the clergy*, and was delighted, of course."

MDCCV.—AN AFFIRMATIVE EPIGRAM.

WHEN Julia was ask'd, if to church she would go,
The fair one replied to me, "No, Richard, no."
At her meaning I ventur'd a pretty good guess,
For from grammar I learn'd *No* and *No* stood for *Yes*.

MDCCVI.—THE RULING PASSION.

A LADY'S beauty is dear to her at all times. A very lovely woman, worn out with a long and painful sickness, begged her attendants to desist rubbing her temples with Hungary water, *as it would make her hair grey!*

MDCCVII.—INDIFFERENCE TO DEATH.

A PRISONER, who had received notice that he was to die the next morning, was asked by some of his unfortunate companions, to share their repast with them. He answered, "I never eat anything that I expect will *not digest*."

MDCCVIII.—SELF-INTEREST.

THOSE who wish to tax anything containing *intelligence*, must be actuated by selfish views, seeing that it is an imposition of which they are not likely to feel *the burden*.

MDCCIX.—ALL THE DIFFERENCE.

A GLASGOW professor met a poor student passing along one of the courts, and remarked to him that his gown was very short. "*It will be long enough before I get another.*," answered the student. The reply tickled the professor's fancy so much that he continued in a state of suppressed laughter after passing on. Meeting a brother professor, who asked him what was amusing him so much, he told the story with a slightly varied reading. "I asked that fellow why he had so short a gown, and he answered, *it will be a long time before I get another.*"—"Well, there's nothing very funny in that."—"Neither there is," said the professor, "I don't understand how it amused me so much. It must have been something in *the way he said it.*"

MDCCX.—FOOTE'S LAST JOKE.

WHEN Foote was on his way to France, for change of air, he went into the kitchen at the inn at Dover, to order a particular dish for dinner. The true English cook boasted that she had never set foot out of her country. On this, the invalid gravely observed, "Why, cookey, that's very extraordinary, as they tell me upstairs that you have been several times *all over grease!*"—"They may tell you what they please above or below stairs," replied the cook, "but I was never ten miles from Dover in my life!"—"Nay, now, that must be a *fib*," says Foote, "for I have myself seen you at *Spithead!*" The next day (October 21, 1777) the exhausted wit "shuffled off this mortal coil."

MDCCXI.—*L'Envoy.*

THERE is so much genuine humour in the following jocular DINNER CODE, that we cannot do better than close our little volume with it.

DINNER CODE.

Of the Amphitryon.—His Rights.

Art. 1.—The Amphitryon is the king of the table: his empire lasts as long as the meal, and ends with it.

Art. 2.—It is lawful for his glass to exceed in capacity those of his guests.

Art. 3.—He may be lively with his male guests, and gallant towards the females ; to such of them as are pretty he may risk a compliment or two, which is sure to be received from *him* with an approving smile.

His Duties.

Art. 1.—Fulfilling to the utmost the laws of hospitality, he watches with paternal solicitude over the welfare of the stomachs committed to his care ; reassures the timid, encourages the modest, and incites the vigorous, appetite.

Art. 2.—He must abstain from praising either his dishes or his wines.

Art. 3.—He is not to take advantage of his situation to utter stale jests or vulgar puns. A careful perusal of “The Jest Book” will be his best security against a violation of this *article*.

Art. 4.—The police of the table belongs of right to him ; he should never permit a plate or a glass to be either full or empty.

Art. 5.—On rising from table, he should cast a scrutinising glance over the glasses. If he sees them not quite emptied, let him take warning by it to choose either his guests or his wine better for the future.

Of the Guests.

Art. 1.—The first duty of a guest is to arrive at the time named, at whatever inconvenience to himself.

Art. 2.—When the Amphitryon offers any dish to a guest, his only civil way of declining it is by requesting to be helped a second time to that of which he has just partaken.

Art. 3.—A guest who is a man of the world will never begin a conversation until the first course is over ; up to that point, dinner is a serious affair, from which the attention of the party ought not to be inconsiderately distracted.

Art. 4.—Whatever conversation is going on ought to be suspended, even in the middle of a sentence, upon the entrance of a *dinde aux truffes*.

Art. 5.—An applauding laugh is indispensable to every joke of the Amphitryon.

Art. 6.—A guest is culpable who speaks ill of his entertainer during the first three hours after dinner. Gratitude should last at least as long as digestion.

Art. 7.—To leave anything on your plate is to insult your host in the person of his cook.

Art. 8.—A guest who leaves the table deserves the fate of a soldier who deserts.

On Vicinity to Ladies.

Art. 1.—He who sits next to a lady becomes at once her *savaliere servente*. He is bound to watch over her glass with as much interest as over his own.

Art. 2.—The gentleman owes aid and protection to his fair neighbour in the selection of food ; the lady on her part is bound to respect and obey the recommendations of her knight on this subject.

Art. 3.—It is bad taste for the gentleman to advance beyond politeness during the first course ; in the second, however, he is bound to be complimentary ; and he is at liberty to glide into tenderness with the dessert.

On Vicinity to Men.

Art. 1.—When two gentlemen sit together, they owe no duties to each other beyond politeness and reciprocal offers of wine and water—the *last* offer becomes an error after one refusal.

Art. 2.—On being helped to a dish, you should at once accept any precedence offered you by your neighbour ; ceremony serves only to cool the plate in question for both parties.

Art. 3.—If you sit near the Amphitryon, your criticisms on the repast must be conveyed in a whisper ; aloud you can do nothing but approve.

Art. 4.—Under no pretext can two neighbours at table be permitted to converse together on their private affairs, unless indeed one of them is inviting the other to dinner.

Art. 5.—Two neighbours who understand each other may always get more wine than the rest of the guests ; they have

only to say by turns to each other, with an air of courtesy,
“ Shall we take some wine ? ”

On Vicinity to Children.

Single Article.—The only course to be pursued, if you have the misfortune to be placed next a child at table, is to make him tipsy as quick as you can, that he may be sent out of the room by Mamma.

On the Means of reconciling Politeness with Egotism.

Art. 1.—The epicure's serious attention should be fixed upon the articles on the table ; he may lavish his politeness, his wit, and his gaiety upon the people who sit round it.

Art. 2.—By helping the dish next yourself (should you not dine *à la Russe*) you acquire a right to be helped to any other dish on the table.

Art. 3.—A carver must be very unskilful who cannot, by a little sleight-of-hand, smuggle aside the best morsel of a dish, and thus, when serving himself *last*, serve himself also the *best*.

Art. 4.—Your host's offers are sometimes insincere when they refer to some magnificent dish yet uncut. In such cases you should refuse feebly for yourself, but accept on behalf of the lady next you—merely out of politeness to her.

Art. 5.—The thigh of all birds, boiled, is preferable to the wing : never lose sight of this in helping ignoramuses or ladies.



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